



The Journal OF THE House of Representatives

Number 22

Wednesday, February 25, 2026

The House was called to order by the Speaker at 10:00 a.m.

Prayer

The following prayer was offered by Pastor Larry Mouton Jr. of No Greater Love Baptist Church of Tampa, upon the invitation of Rep. Driskell:

Eternal God, thank You for who You are. You are the creator and sustainer and preserver of life. You are the God of holiness, justice, righteousness, grace, and mercy. Thank You for being the source, substance, and sustenance of life. Thank You for Your selfless, saving, and sacrificial love for all humanity. Thank You for all these elected officials who diligently serve as members of the Florida House of Representatives.

As we gather to commence this session, I pray for Your perpetual divine favor, abundant blessings—granting all temporal, spiritual, and eternal provisions upon each member, their respective families, and all their constituents of this great state of Florida.

I pray that You grant them godly wisdom to navigate through all the complex affairs of our state. As they deliberate on various concerns and diverse issues of the people and state, give them insight as they deliberate on measures to overcome educational disparities, health dilemmas, economic deficits, and overall infrastructure matters.

When storms of differing perspectives flash, may You graciously bring a calm to their hearts that leads to civil discourse. Grant them harmony over discord. Grant them hearts of compassion over partisan strife. Grant them strength, courage, and dignity when confronted with weakness, timidity, and dishonor. Grant them all victory over every battle.

May You direct and lead them as lawmakers who construct laws which influence and affect the people of our great state. May they resemble what honors You. And God, may they demonstrate unbiased, impartial, and indiscriminatory care to every citizen of each district of our Sunshine State. May their arduous labor and laborious service result in economic justice, prosperity, peace, racial reconciliation, and human dignity for all Floridians.

In Your matchless, marvelous, magnificent name of Jesus, we pray. Amen.

Moment of Silence

The Speaker recognized Speaker *pro tempore* Duggan to offer a moment of silence in memory of the following:

On behalf of Rep. Grow, the House remembered the Honorable Charles S. "Charlie" Dean Sr., who passed away on February 23, 2026. Charlie Dean served in the Florida House of Representatives from 2002 to 2007, proudly representing District 43. As a member of the Florida House, he was widely respected for his steadfast commitment to public safety, the protection of

Florida's natural resources, and the advancement of healthcare and education. A lifelong public servant, he also served in the United States Marine Corps, as Sheriff of Citrus County, and in the Florida Senate from 2007 to 2016. He leaves behind a legacy of service and will be missed by his family, friends, and all who knew him.

The House honored Florida Highway Patrol Trooper Michael Diego, who was tragically lost in the line of duty while participating in training at the FHP Academy in Gadsden County on February 18, 2026. Trooper Diego served with FHP since 2021 in Fort Pierce and Fort Myers, where he lived his life in service and protection of others. Upon his passing, his brothers and sisters in blue escorted him from Tallahassee all the way home to his family.

The following members were recorded present:

Session Vote Sequence: 541

Speaker Perez in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

(A list of absent members appears at the end of the *Journal*.)

A quorum was present.

Pledge

The members, led by the following, pledged allegiance to the Flag: Julie Anderson of Palm Harbor at the invitation of Rep. Anderson; Peyton L. Bailey of Tallahassee at the invitation of Rep. Persons-Mulicka; Gunther Grall Bielecki of Vero Beach at the invitation of Speaker *pro tempore* Duggan; Beau N. Boyles of Holt at the invitation of Rep. Boyles; Emilia M. Cantens of Pinecrest at the invitation of the Speaker; Lucas C. Guettler of Port St. Lucie at the invitation of Rep. Trabulsy; James D. Oliver of Punta Gorda at the invitation of Rep. Oliver; and Danielle R. Voran of Tallahassee at the invitation of the Speaker.

Law Enforcement Officer of the Day

The Speaker introduced Chief Charles Broadway of the Kissimmee Police Department as the Law Enforcement Officer of the Day at the invitation of Rep. J. Alvarez.

Correction of the Journal

The *Journals* of February 19 and February 24, 2026, were corrected and approved as corrected.

Conference Committee Assignments

The Speaker has advised that he had made the following Conference Committee Assignments:

Membership of the Conference Committee on HB 5001 to serve with Rep. McClure, Chair; Managers At-Large: Reps. Brannan, Buchanan, Canady, Chambliss, Driskell, Duggan, Eskamani, Franklin, Garrison, Hunschofsky, Koster, Melo, Mooney, Overdorf, Rayner, F. Robinson, W. Robinson, Salzman, Sirois, Tant, Tomkow, Tuck, Valdés, and Woodson; House Agriculture & Natural Resources/Senate Agriculture, Environment, and General Government—Rep. Snyder, Chair; Reps. Albert, J. Alvarez, Barnaby, Bartleman, Benarroch, Black, Botana, Borrero, Boyles, Dunkley, Hinson, and Weinberger; House Health Care/Senate Health and Human Services—Rep. Andrade, Chair; Reps. McFarland (Co-chair for IT Budget), Anderson, Berfield, Cassel, Gonzalez Pittman, Kincart Jonsson, Nixon, Redondo, Rosenwald, Tendrich, Trabulsy, and Tramont; House Higher Education/Senate Higher Education—Rep. Busatta, Chair; Reps. Aristide, Blanco, Booth, Campbell, Giallombardo, Gossett-Seidman, Holcomb, Jacques, Kendall, Rizo, Sapp, Smith, and Young; House Justice/Senate Criminal and Civil Justice—Rep. Maney, Chair; Reps. McFarland (Co-chair for IT Budget), D. Alvarez, Baker, Borrero, Chamberlin, Cobb, Daniels, Gottlieb, Jacques, Johnson, Joseph, Porras, Skidmore, and Smith; House PreK-12/Senate PreK - 12 Education—Rep. Persons-Mulicka, Chair; Reps. Basabe, Brackett, Daniels, Edmonds, Esposito, Gantt, Gerwig, J. López, Michael, Nix, Steele, Trabulsy, and Yeager; House State Administration/Senate Agriculture, Environment, and General Government—Rep. Maggard, Chair; Reps. Abbott, Antone, Bankson, Chaney, Edmonds, Grow, Harris, Hodggers, Long, Miller, Partington, Plakon, Plasencia, and Yarkosky; House Transportation & Economic Development/Senate Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development—Rep. Shoaf, Chair; Reps. McFarland (Co-chair for IT Budget), D. Alvarez, Conerly, Cross, Daley, Fabricio, Gentry, Greco, Griffiths, Hart-Lowman, LaMarca, Oliver, Owen, Spencer, and Stark.

Reports of Standing Committees and Subcommittees

Reports of the Rules & Ethics Committee

The Honorable Daniel Perez
Speaker, House of Representatives

February 19, 2026

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Your Rules & Ethics Committee herewith submits the Special Order for Wednesday, February 25, 2026. Consideration of the House bills on Special Orders shall include the Senate Companion measures on the House Calendar. *The published Special Order Letter will reflect these bills as they appear on Second Reading. Any bills that are not available for Special Order at the time the letter is published will not be reflected on the published Special Order Letter.*

A. BILLS ON SPECIAL ORDER:

I. Consideration of the following bills:

- CS/HB 401 - State Affairs Committee, Sirois
Security for Nominees and Officers-elect to the Offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor
- CS/HB 1063 - State Affairs Committee, Overdorf
Gubernatorial Transition
- HB 593 - Andrade, Chaney, Valdés
Governmental Agencies and Personnel
- CS/CS/HB 655 - Government Operations Subcommittee, Civil Justice & Claims Subcommittee, Duggan, Daley, Valdés
Pub. Rec. and Pub. Meetings/Attorney Meetings to Discuss Private Property Rights Claims
- HB 6011 - Benarroch, Duggan
Reporting the Receipt of Gifts or Honoraria
- CS/HB 125 - Government Operations Subcommittee, Benarroch, Weinberger, Barnaby, Black, Blanco, Boyles, Chamberlin, Cobb, Conerly, Gentry, Greco, Grow, Hodggers, Holcomb, Jacques, Kendall, Lopez, V., Melo, Michael, Miller, Nix, Oliver, Owen, Plasencia, Porras, Redondo, Salzman, Sapp, Trabulsy, Tramont, Yeager
Charlie Kirk Day of Remembrance
- CS/HB 885 - Commerce Committee, Brannan, McFarland
Transportation Facility Designations
- SB 628 - Gaetz
Transportation Facility Designations/Warrior Sacrifice Way
- CS/HB 33 - Economic Infrastructure Subcommittee, Porras, Weinberger, Benarroch, Miller, Steele, Yeager
Transportation Facility Designations
- CS/HB 35 - Criminal Justice Subcommittee, Barnaby
Habitual Traffic Offender Designation
- CS/HB 841 - State Affairs Committee, Fabricio, Rizo, Alvarez, J., Daley, Holcomb, Valdés
Motor Vehicle Registration Renewal
- CS/CS/HB 105 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Civil Justice & Claims Subcommittee, Brackett, Barnaby
Local Government Enforcement Actions
- CS/HB 4013 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Botana, Barnaby
Lee County
- HB 4037 - Maggard
Pasco County Mosquito Control District, Pasco County
- HB 4039 - Daley
Solid Waste Disposal Facility in Broward County
- CS/HB 4047 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Giallombardo
Lee County Tourist Development Council, Lee County

CS/HB 4051 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Boyles
Pace Fire Rescue District, Santa Rosa County

CS/HB 4053 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Boyles
Avalon Beach-Mulat Fire Protection District, Santa Rosa County

CS/CS/HB 4057 - State Affairs Committee, Intergovernmental Affairs
Subcommittee, Abbott
City of DeFuniak Springs, Walton County

CS/HB 4061 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Owen
Hillsborough County

HB 4063 - Tendrich
West Palm Beach Police Pension Fund - Special Act Amendment

HB 4065 - Tendrich
West Palm Beach Firefighters Pension Fund, Palm Beach County

HB 4067 - Gottlieb
Plantation Acres Improvement District, Broward County

CS/HB 4071 - State Affairs Committee, Snyder, Long
Palm Beach County

CS/HB 4075 - State Affairs Committee, Gottlieb
Town of Davie, Broward County

CS/HB 4079 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Grow
Marion County

HB 4085 - Tuck
Okeechobee Utility Authority, Okeechobee County

CS/HB 4087 - State Affairs Committee, Tuck
Highlands County Hospital District

HB 4089 - Johnson
City of Trenton, Gilchrist County

CS/HB 1175 - Health Professions & Programs Subcommittee, Redondo
Safety Design Standards for Office Surgery Suites

HB 1347 - Gerwig
Clinical Laboratory Personnel

HB 1309 - Booth
Patient Access to Records

CS/CS/HB 439 - Health & Human Services Committee, Health
Professions & Programs Subcommittee, Cobb
Practice of Chiropractic Medicine

CS/HB 867 - Health & Human Services Committee, Anderson
Dry Needling by Occupational Therapists

CS/HB 683 - Health Professions & Programs Subcommittee, Partington,
Rizo, Salzman
Performance of Physician Assistants and Advanced Practice
Registered Nurses

CS/HB 1013 - Health Care Facilities & Systems Subcommittee,
Franklin
Nurse Registries

CS/CS/CS/HB 1443 - Health & Human Services Committee, Health
Care Budget Subcommittee, Health Professions & Programs
Subcommittee, Busatta
Parkinson's Disease Registry

CS/HB 1445 - Health Professions & Programs Subcommittee, Busatta
Pub. Rec./Parkinson's Disease Registry

CS/HB 915 - Human Services Subcommittee, Tant, Antone, Bartleman,
Campbell, Driskell, Harris, Spencer, Woodson
Medical Assistance Eligibility for Working Persons with Disabilities

CS/HB 287 - Human Services Subcommittee, McFarland, Conerly,
Chaney, Robinson, W.
Pub. Rec./Applicants, Owners, and Operators of Family Foster
Homes and References of Such Persons

CS/CS/HB 737 - Judiciary Committee, Human Services Subcommittee,
Botana, Gottlieb, Rizo
Persons Disqualified from Being Appointed as a Guardian

HB 13 - Hunschofsky, Campbell, Driskell, Franklin, Rosenwald, Tant,
Tendrich, Woodson
Social Work Licensure Interstate Compact

HB 15 - Hunschofsky, Campbell, Rosenwald, Tendrich, Woodson
Pub. Rec. and Meetings/Social Work Licensure Interstate Compact

CS/HB 395 - Human Services Subcommittee, Rizo, Woodson,
Alvarez, J., Bartleman, Basabe, Berfield, Driskell, Eskamani,
Franklin, Gantt, Rosenwald, Stark
Dependent Children

CS/HB 1121 - Human Services Subcommittee, Rizo, Basabe
Aging and Disability Services

CS/HB 517 - Health Care Facilities & Systems Subcommittee, Tramont,
Tendrich, Bartleman
Medicaid Dental Provider Networks

CS/HB 253 - Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee, Edmonds
Veterans Dental Care Grant Program

CS/HB 1137 - Ways & Means Committee, Robinson, W., Overdorf,
Barnaby, Plakon
Deductions for Certain Losses of Alcoholic Beverages

CS/CS/HB 803 - Commerce Committee, Industries & Professional
Activities Subcommittee, Trabulsky, Overdorf, López, J., Valdés
Building Permits and Inspection

CS/CS/HB 405 - Commerce Committee, Industries & Professional
Activities Subcommittee, Griffiths, Salzman
Commercial Construction Projects

CS/CS/HB 797 - Commerce Committee, Civil Justice & Claims
Subcommittee, Tuck
Nonprofit Corporations

HB 431 - Albert
Air-conditioning and Mechanical Contractors

CS/HB 767 - Commerce Committee, Benarroch, Blanco,
Gossett-Seidman
Residential Property Insurance

CS/HB 1343 - Insurance & Banking Subcommittee, Rodgers, Boyles,
Plasencia, Valdés
Insurance Customer Representative Licensing Qualifications

CS/CS/HB 679 - Commerce Committee, Industries & Professional
Activities Subcommittee, Greco
Registration of Trademarks

CS/CS/HB 445 - Judiciary Committee, Criminal Justice Subcommittee,
Greco, Benarroch, Jacques, Kincart Jonsson, López, J.
Dangerous Crimes

CS/HB 477 - Criminal Justice Subcommittee, Salzman
Drug Paraphernalia

CS/HB 359 - Judiciary Committee, Anderson, Gottlieb, Steele
Search Warrants

CS/CS/HB 931 - Judiciary Committee, Criminal Justice Subcommittee,
Baker, López, J.
Career Offender Registration

CS/CS/HB 625 - Judiciary Committee, Criminal Justice Subcommittee,
Baker
Justice Administrative Commission

CS/CS/HB 177 - Judiciary Committee, Criminal Justice Subcommittee,
Maney, Barnaby, Partington
Offices of Criminal Conflict and Civil Regional Counsel

CS/HB 559 - Criminal Justice Subcommittee, Chaney, López, J.,
Bartleman, Weinberger
Animal Welfare

CS/HB 759 - Justice Budget Subcommittee, Smith, Alvarez, D., Blanco,
Gossett-Seidman, Partington, Plasencia, Rayner, Stark, Yarkosky
Court Fees

HB 1031 - Rosenwald, Eskamani, Hunschofsky, López, J., McFarland,
Plasencia
Customer Service Callback Queues

CS/CS/HB 991 - State Affairs Committee, Government Operations
Subcommittee, Persons-Mulicka, Trabulsy, Chaney, Holcomb
Election Integrity

CS/HB 91 - Government Operations Subcommittee, Tant, Campbell
Candidate Qualification

HR 761 - Daniels, Plakon, López, J., Tramont
Persecution of Christians in Nigeria

CS/HB 961 - Government Operations Subcommittee, Albert, Valdés
Salvage Certificates of Title and Certificates of Destruction

CS/HB 1219 - Natural Resources & Disasters Subcommittee, Snyder
Waterbody Designations

CS/CS/HB 1019 - State Affairs Committee, Natural Resources &
Disasters Subcommittee, Conerly, Blanco, Cross, Eskamani, Long
Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances

CS/HB 755 - Natural Resources & Disasters Subcommittee, Mooney
Areas of Critical State Concern

CS/CS/CS/HB 589 - State Affairs Committee, Intergovernmental Affairs
Subcommittee, Natural Resources & Disasters Subcommittee, Nix,
López, J.
Onsite Sewage Treatment and Disposal System Permits

CS/HB 6531 - Judiciary Committee, LaMarca
Relief/Estate of M.N./Broward County Sheriff's Office

HB 6527 - Hart-Lowman
Relief/Patricia Ermini/Lee County Sheriff's Office

CS/CS/CS/HB 1071 - Education & Employment Committee, PreK-12
Budget Subcommittee, Student Academic Success Subcommittee,
Trabulsy
Education

CS/HB 1201 - Student Academic Success Subcommittee, Mooney,
Blanco, Gerwig, Gottlieb, Partington, Tant, Valdés
Student Health and Safety

CS/CS/HB 757 - Budget Committee, Judiciary Committee, Salzman
School Safety

CS/CS/HB 325 - Education & Employment Committee, Careers &
Workforce Subcommittee, Kendall, Partington, Valdés
Education and Workforce Development for Inmates

CS/HB 859 - Student Academic Success Subcommittee, Chambliss,
Tramont, Bartleman, Campbell, Daniels, López, J., Partington
Exceptional Students and Video Cameras in Public Schools

CS/HB 561 - Education & Employment Committee, Gerwig, Daniels,
López, J., Salzman
Educator Preparation and Certification

CS/CS/HB 1503 - Education & Employment Committee, Careers &
Workforce Subcommittee, Giallombardo
Computer Science Education and Certification

CS/CS/CS/HB 1081 - Education & Employment Committee, Budget
Committee, Careers & Workforce Subcommittee, Sirois
Cybersecurity Experiential Learning

B. PROCEDURES:

Time allocations apply to all bills listed in Section A and any bill substituted for or taken up in lieu of a listed bill. Amendment sponsors shall have 2 minutes to open and 2 minutes to close, except as outlined below.

Except for the bills listed in Section C, the House shall spend no more than the following times:

- For each bill:
 - Questions and answers - 10 minutes
 - Debate - 5 minutes
- For each amendment:
 - Questions and answers - 5 minutes
 - Debate - 5 minutes

For all bills, along with their associated amendments, the time for questions and answers includes both the question and the answer and shall be no more than the times listed. Neither the question nor the answer shall be protracted in an attempt to use up the time.

Once more than 10 non-bill sponsor amendments are filed, the allocation of time spent on each non-bill sponsor amendment shall be determined as follows:

- 90 minutes divided by the total number of non-sponsor amendments filed.
- The time allocated for each non-bill sponsor amendment shall be divided equally between the open, questions, debate, and close.
- Amendments withdrawn prior to consideration of the bill do not count toward the total.

For the bills listed in Section C, time spent on debate shall be allocated as specified, with the time equally divided. In addition to the allotted time, the sponsor will explain and close the bill, closing not to exceed 10 minutes. After opening, the debate managers shall be alternately recognized until their time runs out. Time not utilized is lost.

- Debate managers may speak in debate and yield time to other Members to debate; no Member may be recognized for debate unless a debate manager yields time to that Member. Recognitions of debate managers must go through the Speaker. A Member may not be recognized more than once in debate on the bill or amendment.

C. TIME ALLOCATIONS FOR SPECIFIED BILLS:

Bill	Time in Questions and Answers	Time in Debate
CS/HB 125 Charlie Kirk Day of Remembrance	Bill: 5 minutes Amendments: 5 minutes each	Bill: 20 minutes total; 10 minutes per side in 10 minute blocks Amendments: 5 minutes each
CS/HB 33 Transportation Facility Designations	Bill: 5 minutes Amendments: 5 minutes each	Bill: 20 minutes total; 10 minutes per side in 10 minute blocks Amendments: 5 minutes each
CS/CS/HB 991 Election Integrity	Bill: 10 minutes Amendments: 5 minutes each	Bill: 30 minutes total; 15 minutes per side in 15 minute blocks Amendments: 5 minutes each
CS/CS/CS/HB 1071 Education	Bill: 10 minutes Amendments: 5 minutes each	Bill: 40 minutes total; 20 minutes per side in 10 minute blocks Amendments: 5 minutes each
CS/CS/HB 757 School Safety	Bill: 5 minutes Amendments: 5 minutes each	Bill: 20 minutes total; 10 minutes per side in 10 minute blocks Amendments: 5 minutes each

A quorum was present in person, and a majority of those present agreed to the above Report.

Respectfully submitted,
Sam Garrison, Chair
Rules & Ethics Committee

On motion by Rep. Garrison, the above report was adopted.

Special Orders

CS/HB 401—A bill to be entitled An act relating to security for nominees and officers-elect to the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor; creating s. 99.122, F.S.; requiring the Department of Law Enforcement to provide certain nominees and officers-elect with a protective security detail for a specified time period; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

REPRESENTATIVE TOMKOW IN THE CHAIR

On motion by Rep. Sirois, the rules were waived and **CS/HB 401** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 542

Representative Tomkow in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1063—A bill to be entitled An act relating to gubernatorial transition; creating s. 14.059, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring the Governor to designate a transition liaison within the Executive Office of the Governor within a specified timeframe; providing duties of the transition liaison; requiring the head of each state agency to designate an agency transition liaison within a specified timeframe; providing duties of the agency transition liaisons; requiring the Department of Management Services and each state agency to provide certain temporary office facilities to certain persons during the transition period; requiring the department, upon request, to provide the Governor-elect and his or her staff with information technology

and related services for such transition period; requiring the Governor-elect to designate in writing the persons to be provided with such services; requiring specified persons to sign a certain memorandum of understanding; requiring each state agency, upon request, to provide the Governor-elect and his or her staff with access to agency leadership personnel during the transition period; authorizing state agencies to assign limited personnel to assist the Governor-elect and his or her staff; requiring that the Governor-elect and his or her staff be granted access to all state agency records upon request; requiring that the Governor-elect and persons designated by the Governor-elect be granted access to confidential and exempt records under certain conditions; providing criminal penalties; amending s. 14.057, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Overdorf, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 543

Representative Tomkow in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

HB 593—A bill to be entitled An act relating to governmental agencies and personnel; amending s. 45.062, F.S.; prohibiting a state agency or officer from directing funds offered to the state to a third party as a condition of settlement; requiring such agency or officer to provide written notification of the terms of the settlement to the Legislature and the Attorney General within a specified time; amending s. 104.31, F.S.; prohibiting a state, county, or municipal officer or employees from using his or her official authority or influence to solicit another person to make certain contributions; revising construction; amending s. 112.061, F.S.; prohibiting the authorization or approval of reimbursements for travel expenses to and from a person's residence and his or her official headquarters for specified positions; prohibiting the authorization or approval of reimbursements for per diem and subsistence allowance for such person under a specified circumstance; defining the term "residence"; requiring the official headquarters for specified positions be the city or town in which the department's official headquarters is located; prohibiting persons serving in specified positions from being reimbursed for certain travel expenses under a specified circumstance; removing expiration of

specified provisions; creating s. 112.31251, F.S.; defining the term "office" for purposes of s. 5(a), Art. II of the State Constitution; defining the term "employment"; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; defining the term "expenditure"; revising the circumstances under which the Commission on Ethics must investigate a lobbyist or principal; prohibiting a lobbyist or principal from making, and prohibiting a district governing board member, executive director, or any district employee who qualifies as a local officer from accepting, any expenditure; amending s. 1001.71, F.S.; removing a provision that prohibits state residency requirements for university board members; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Andrade, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 544

Representative Tomkow in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 544

There are many problems with exercising legislative oversight, including the legislature's part-time nature and the rapid turnover caused by term limits. This good bill works within the constraints set by those issues to make our jobs as effective as they can be. It will well and faithfully protect taxpayer dollars and strengthens democracy by making sure checks and balances are actually working.

*Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99*

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 655—A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records and public meetings; creating s. 70.90, F.S.; providing an exemption from public meetings requirements for meetings or portions of meetings between agencies and their attorneys to discuss certain claims concerning private property rights; specifying what may be discussed during such meetings; requiring that such meetings be transcribed; providing that such transcripts become public records at specified times; providing an exemption from public records requirements

for transcripts, recordings, minutes, and records generated during the exempt meetings or portions of such meetings; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemptions; providing a statement of public necessity; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Duggan, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 545

Representative Tomkow in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas to Nays—Eskamani

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 545

Upon closer examination of this bill, I do not find it appropriate for Bert Harris negotiations to be done without public access.

Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42

So the bill passed by the required constitutional two-thirds vote of the members voting and was certified to the Senate.

HB 6011—A bill to be entitled An act relating to reporting the receipt of gifts or honoraria; amending s. 112.3148, F.S.; providing that all annual reports shall be filed with the Commission on Ethics by a specified date; amending s. 112.3149, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Benarroch, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 546

Representative Tomkow in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Steele
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tant
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tendrich
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tomkow
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Trabulsy
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tramont
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tuck
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Valdés
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Weinberger
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Woodson
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Young
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 125—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Charlie Kirk Day of Remembrance; creating s. 683.338, F.S.; designating October 14 of each year as "Charlie Kirk Day of Remembrance"; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Hart-Lowman offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 950103)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 43-47 and insert:
683.338 George Floyd Day of Remembrance.—

(1) October 14 of each year is designated as "George Floyd Day of Remembrance."

(2) The Governor may annually issue a proclamation designating October 14 as "George Floyd Day of Remembrance."

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 2-37 and insert:

An act relating to George Floyd Day of Remembrance; creating s. 683.338, F.S.; designating October 14 of each year as "George Floyd Day of Remembrance"; providing an effective date.

Rep. Hart-Lowman moved the adoption of the amendment.

Point of Order

Rep. Benarroch raised a point of order, under Rule 12.8(b), that the amendment was not germane and substantially expanded the scope of the bill.

The Chair [Rep. Tomkow] referred the point to Rep. Garrison, Chair of the Rules & Ethics Committee, for a recommendation.

Rep. Garrison, Chair of the Rules & Ethics Committee, in speaking to the point of order on Amendment 1 (950103) to CS/HB 125, stated that the amendment was not germane and recommended the point be well taken.

The Chair [Rep. Tomkow], upon the recommendation of Rep. Garrison, Chair of the Rules & Ethics Committee, ruled the point well taken and the amendment out of order.

On motion by Rep. Benarroch, the rules were waived and **CS/HB 125** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 547

Representative Tomkow in the Chair.

Yeas—82

Abbott	Chamberlin	Kincart Jonsson	Redondo
Albert	Chaney	Koster	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	LaMarca	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Conerly	Maggard	Salzman
Andrade	Duggan	Maney	Sapp
Baker	Esposito	McClure	Shoaf
Bankson	Fabricio	McFarland	Sirois
Barnaby	Garrison	Melo	Smith
Basabe	Gentry	Michael	Snyder
Benarroch	Gerwig	Miller	Stark
Berfield	Giallombardo	Mooney	Steele
Black	Gonzalez Pittman	Nix	Tomkow
Blanco	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Trabulsky
Booth	Greco	Overdorf	Tramont
Botana	Griffitts	Owen	Tuck
Boyles	Grow	Partington	Valdés
Brackett	Hodgers	Perez	Weinberger
Brannan	Holcomb	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Buchanan	Jacques	Plakon	Yeager
Busatta	Johnson	Plasencia	
Canady	Kendall	Porras	

Nays—31

Alvarez, J.	Driskell	Hart-Lowman	Rosenwald
Antone	Dunkley	Hinson	Skidmore
Aristide	Edmonds	Hunschofsky	Spencer
Bartleman	Eskamani	Long	Tant
Campbell	Franklin	López, J.	Tendrich
Chambliss	Gantt	Nixon	Woodson
Cross	Gottlieb	Rayner	Young
Daley	Harris	Robinson, F.	

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 547

Charlie Kirk, in his own words: "Happening all the time in urban America, prowling Blacks go around for fun to go target white people, that's a fact." "If I see a Black pilot, I'm gonna be like, 'Boy, I hope he's qualified.'" "We made a huge mistake when we passed the Civil Rights Act in the mid-1960s." "[The death penalty] should be public, should be quick, should be televised." "Empathy is a made up new age term that does a lot of damage." "Reject feminism. Submit to your husband...You're not in charge." "'Thou shalt lay with another man shall be stoned to death.' Just sayin'!" "[George Floyd] was a scumbag." "It's worth to have a cost of, unfortunately, some gun deaths every single year so that we can have the Second Amendment." "Jewish donors have been the number one funding mechanism of radical open-border, neoliberal, quasi-Marxist policies, cultural institutions and nonprofits...And it's not just the colleges. It's the nonprofits, it's the movies, it's Hollywood, it's all of it." "MLK was awful." He didn't deserve to die, but he doesn't deserve to be honored either. We can do better than legislating immorality.

Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 547

I voted no because I do not believe the State of Florida should create an official remembrance day for a figure who was widely viewed as divisive. While political violence should always be condemned, establishing a state-sanctioned day in this case would not bring people together. I believe official observances should reflect shared values and unify our communities. My vote

reflects a commitment to keeping state recognitions inclusive and focused on broadly supported figures or causes.

Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 885 was taken up. On motion by Rep. Brannan, the House agreed to substitute SB 628 for CS/HB 885 and read SB 628 the second time by title. Under Rule 5.17, the House bill was laid on the table.

SB 628—A bill to be entitled An act relating to transportation facility designations; providing an honorary designation of a certain transportation facility in a specified county; directing the Department of Transportation to erect suitable markers; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Brannan offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 376033)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Transportation facility designations; Department of Transportation to erect suitable markers.—

(1) That portion of S.R. 295/Navy Boulevard between Duncan Road and S.R. 292/Gulf Beach Highway in Escambia County is designated as "Warrior Sacrifice Way."

(2) That portion of U.S. 90 in Baker County between N. 3rd Street and the Nassau County line is designated as "State Representative/Circuit Judge Hon. John J. Crews, Jr., Memorial Highway."

(3) The bridge on Moncrief Road West over the Ribault River in Duval County is designated as "Bernard Wilkes Ribault River Bridge."

(4) That portion of U.S. 41 between North Creek and Blackburn Point Road in Sarasota County is designated as "Dickey Betts Memorial Highway."

(5) That portion of S.R. 5/U.S. 1 between N.E. 38th Street and E. Commercial Boulevard in Broward County is designated as "Phil Smith Memorial Highway."

(6) That portion of S.R. 46 between Sanford Avenue and E. Lake Mary Boulevard in Seminole County is designated as "Mayor Larry A. Dale Memorial Highway."

(7) The northbound off-ramp from U.S. 1 Alternate/Martin Luther King, Jr., Parkway to E. 21st Street in Duval County is designated as "Terry L. Fields Memorial Access."

(8) Notwithstanding s. 334.071(3), Florida Statutes, the entirety of S.R. 80, consisting of the 124 contiguous miles of highway stretching from S.R. A1A/ S. Ocean Boulevard in Palm Beach County, continuing westward through Hendry County, and ending at a junction with U.S. 41/Cleveland Avenue in Lee County, is designated as "President Donald J. Trump Highway." This designation shall replace and expand the designation adopted in ch. 2025-214, Laws of Florida, for that portion of Southern Boulevard between Kirk Road and S. Ocean Boulevard in Palm Beach County.

(9) The Department of Transportation is directed to erect suitable markers designating the transportation facilities as described in this section.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to transportation facility designations; providing honorary designations of certain transportation facilities in specified counties; directing the Department of Transportation to erect suitable markers; providing an effective date.

Rep. Brannan moved the adoption of the amendment.

THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on the adoption of **Amendment 1 (376003)**, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Brannan, the rules were waived and **SB 628** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 548

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—82

Abbott	Chamberlin	Kendall	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Kincart Jonsson	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Koster	Rizo
Anderson	Conerly	LaMarca	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daniels	Maggard	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	Maney	Sapp
Bankson	Esposito	McClure	Sirois
Barnaby	Fabricio	McFarland	Smith
Basabe	Garrison	Melo	Snyder
Benarroch	Gentry	Michael	Stark
Berfield	Gerwig	Miller	Steele
Black	Giallombardo	Mooney	Tomkow
Blanco	Gonzalez Pittman	Nix	Trabulsy
Booth	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Botana	Greco	Overdorf	Tuck
Boyles	Griffitts	Owen	Valdés
Brackett	Grow	Partington	Weinberger
Brannan	Hodgers	Perez	Yarkosky
Buchanan	Holcomb	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Busatta	Jacques	Plakon	
Canady	Johnson	Plasencia	

Nays—26

Alvarez, J.	Driskell	Harris	Robinson, F.
Antone	Dunkley	Hart-Lowman	Rosenwald
Aristide	Edmonds	Hinson	Skidmore
Campbell	Eskamani	Long	Tant
Chambliss	Franklin	López, J.	Young
Cross	Gantt	Nixon	
Daley	Gottlieb	Rayner	

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Shoaf

Nays—Hunschofsky, Spencer

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 548

I cannot be persuaded that whatever this thing is regarding the successor to President Biden is anything but a cult. Even Admiral-General Aladeen would be amazed. The successor to President Biden is a felon and openly aspires to dictatorship, to destroy the current world order and plunge us all into an anti-constitutional cult of one being where all work for him, his glory, and the divine right of thieves and oligarchs and human rights abusers. I must stand up for democracy, decency and what is right!

*Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99*

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 548

This bill started as a bipartisan effort to honor distinguished individuals who have lost their lives serving our country and others who are born and raised Floridians and have made substantial contributions to our state. But on the House Floor, an amendment was added that names 124 miles of roadway to President Donald Trump. This I cannot support, especially based on Trump being an adjudicated rapist, convicted felon, and in the Epstein files.

*Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42*

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 33—A bill to be entitled An act relating to transportation facility designations; providing honorary designations of certain transportation facilities in specified counties; directing the Department of Transportation to erect suitable markers; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Porras, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 549

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—82

Abbott	Chamberlin	Kincart Jonsson	Redondo
Albert	Chaney	Koster	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	LaMarca	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Conerly	Maggard	Salzman
Andrade	Duggan	Maney	Sapp
Baker	Esposito	McClure	Shoaf
Bankson	Fabricio	McFarland	Sirois
Barnaby	Garrison	Melo	Smith
Basabe	Gentry	Michael	Snyder
Benarroch	Gerwig	Miller	Stark
Berfield	Giallombardo	Mooney	Steele
Black	Gonzalez Pittman	Nix	Tomkow
Blanco	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Trabulsy
Booth	Greco	Overdorf	Tramont
Botana	Griffitts	Owen	Tuck
Boyles	Grow	Partington	Valdés
Brackett	Hodgers	Perez	Weinberger
Brannan	Holcomb	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Buchanan	Jacques	Plakon	Yeager
Busatta	Johnson	Plasencia	
Canady	Kendall	Porras	

Nays—30

Alvarez, J.	Driskell	Hart-Lowman	Rosenwald
Antone	Dunkley	Hinson	Skidmore
Aristide	Edmonds	Hunschofsky	Spencer
Bartleman	Eskamani	Long	Tant
Campbell	Franklin	López, J.	Woodson
Chambliss	Gantt	Nixon	Young
Cross	Gottlieb	Rayner	
Daley	Harris	Robinson, F.	

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 549

Nothing changed in the past few seconds since I voted against Charlie Kirk Day. So, again, here is Charlie Kirk, in his own words: "Happening all the time in urban America, prowling Blacks go around for fun to go target white people." "If I see a Black pilot, I'm gonna be like, 'Boy, I hope he's qualified.'" "We made a huge mistake when we passed the Civil Rights Act." "[The death penalty] should be public, should be quick, should be televised." "Empathy is a made up new age term that does a lot of damage." "Reject feminism. Submit to your husband." "'Thou shalt lay with another man shall be stoned to death. ' Just sayin'!" "[George Floyd] was a scumbag." "It's worth to have a cost of, unfortunately, some gun deaths every single year so that we can have the Second Amendment." "Jewish donors have been the number one funding mechanism of radical open-border, neoliberal, quasi-Marxist policies, cultural institutions and nonprofits...And it's not just the colleges. It's the nonprofits, it's the movies, it's Hollywood, it's all of it." "MLK was awful." He didn't deserve to die, but he doesn't deserve to be honored either. We can do better than legislating immorality.

*Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99*

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 549

I voted no because I do not believe the government should create an official state road for a figure who was widely viewed as divisive and has no origin to Florida.

Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 35—A bill to be entitled An act relating to habitual traffic offender designation; providing a short title; amending s. 322.264, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "habitual traffic offender"; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Barnaby, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 550

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—99

Abbott	Chamberlin	Kendall	Rizo
Albert	Chaney	Kincart Jonsson	Robinson, W.
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Koster	Rosenwald
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	LaMarca	Salzman
Anderson	Daley	Long	Sapp
Andrade	Daniels	López, J.	Shoaf
Baker	Duggan	Maggard	Sirois
Bankson	Edmonds	Maney	Skidmore
Barnaby	Esposito	McClure	Smith
Bartleman	Fabricio	McFarland	Snyder
Basabe	Franklin	Melo	Spencer
Benarroch	Garrison	Michael	Stark
Berfield	Gentry	Miller	Steele
Black	Gerwig	Mooney	Tant
Blanco	Giallombardo	Nix	Tendrich
Booth	Gonzalez Pittman	Oliver	Tomkow
Borrero	Gossett-Seidman	Overdorf	Trabulsy
Botana	Greco	Owen	Tramont
Boyles	Griffitts	Partington	Tuck
Brackett	Grow	Perez	Valdés
Brannan	Hodgers	Persons-Mulicka	Weinberger
Buchanan	Holcomb	Plakon	Yarkosky
Busatta	Hunschofsky	Plasencia	Yeager
Canady	Jacques	Porras	Young
Cassel	Johnson	Redondo	

Nays—15

Antone	Driskell	Gottlieb	Rayner
Aristide	Dunkley	Hart-Lowman	Robinson, F.
Campbell	Eskamani	Hinson	Woodson
Chambliss	Gantt	Nixon	

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 550

This bill is too vague to be workable and does not adequately provide for a process for people who do not have a valid drivers license and, therefore, may not have a license period. It feels extremely rushed and needs far more thought and a better explanation that sufficiently works within what is established by Fl . Stat. 322.264.

Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 550

I empathize with the bill sponsor's intent and my heart breaks for the personal story attached to this bill. With that said, I do not find this policy suggestion as increasing safety or reducing fatalities.

Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 841—A bill to be entitled An act relating to motor vehicle registration renewal; amending s. 320.06, F.S.; requiring a renewal to be recorded electronically; removing provisions relating to validation stickers; amending ss. 320.04, 320.08035, 320.0807, 320.084, and 320.102, F.S.; conforming cross-references and provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Fabricio, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 551

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—93

Abbott	Chamberlin	Jacques	Redondo
Albert	Chambliss	Johnson	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Chaney	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Alvarez, J.	Cobb	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Anderson	Conerly	Koster	Sapp
Andrade	Daley	LaMarca	Sirois
Aristide	Daniels	Long	Skidmore
Baker	Duggan	López, J.	Smith
Bankson	Dunkley	Maggard	Snyder
Barnaby	Edmonds	McFarland	Spencer
Bartleman	Eskamani	Melo	Stark
Basabe	Esposito	Michael	Steele
Benarroch	Fabricio	Miller	Tendrich
Berfield	Garrison	Mooney	Tomkow
Black	Gentry	Nix	Trabulsy
Blanco	Gerwig	Oliver	Tramont
Booth	Giallombardo	Overdorf	Tuck
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Owen	Weinberger
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Partington	Yarkosky
Brackett	Greco	Perez	Yeager
Buchanan	Griffitts	Persons-Mulicka	Young
Busatta	Grow	Plakon	
Canady	Hodgers	Plasencia	
Cassel	Holcomb	Porras	

Nays—17

Antone	Gottlieb	Maney	Tant
Cross	Harris	Nixon	Woodson
Driskell	Hart-Lowman	Rayner	
Franklin	Hinson	Robinson, F.	
Gantt	Hunschofsky	Salzman	

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Campbell, Shoaf

Yeas to Nays—Eskamani

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 551

Though I support the overall intent of the bill, I am concerned that no savings are being passed down to consumers from the eliminate of the yellow decal sticker. If this bill were to become law, the state will save millions of dollars. Those savings should be passed down to the consumer.

Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 105—A bill to be entitled An act relating to local government enforcement actions; creating ss. 125.676 and 166.0413, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; defining the terms "county" and "enforcement action"; prohibiting certain enforcement actions by counties and municipalities; authorizing persons or business entities subject to such actions to submit a request for review; requiring counties and municipalities to review such actions and respond within a specified time period; requiring counties and municipalities to establish and maintain rules; authorizing filing of legal action and providing legal remedies in certain circumstances; requiring that such action be filed within a specified time period; providing for certain protections from retaliation; authorizing filing of certain complaints in specified circumstances; providing for preemption; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Brackett, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 552

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—104

Abbott	Cross	Jacques	Redondo
Albert	Daley	Johnson	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Daniels	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Alvarez, J.	Driskell	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Anderson	Duggan	Koster	Salzman
Andrade	Dunkley	LaMarca	Sapp
Baker	Edmonds	Long	Shoaf
Bankson	Eskamani	López, J.	Sirois
Basabe	Esposito	Maggard	Skidmore
Benarroch	Fabricio	Maney	Smith
Berfield	Franklin	McClure	Snyder
Black	Garrison	McFarland	Spencer
Blanco	Gentry	Melo	Stark
Booth	Gerwig	Michael	Steele
Borrero	Giallombardo	Miller	Tant
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Mooney	Tendrich
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Nix	Tomkow
Brackett	Gottlieb	Oliver	Trabulsy
Brannan	Greco	Overdorf	Tramont
Buchanan	Griffitts	Owen	Tuck
Busatta	Grow	Partington	Valdés
Canady	Harris	Perez	Weinberger
Chamberlin	Hinson	Persons-Mulicka	Woodson
Chaney	Hodgers	Plakon	Yarkosky
Cobb	Holcomb	Plasencia	Yeager
Conerly	Hunschofsky	Porras	Young

Nays—5

Antone	Gantt	Robinson, F.
Aristide	Nixon	

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby, Bartleman, Campbell

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 4013—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Lee County; amending chapter 2000-384, Laws of Florida; revising the boundaries of the Iona-McGregor Fire Protection and Rescue Service District; repealing chapters 2000-422 and 2008-275, Laws of Florida, relating to the Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District; providing for the merger of the districts; providing for transition of the governing body; transferring assets and liabilities of the Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District to the Iona-McGregor Fire Protection and Rescue Service District; requiring a referendum; providing effective dates.

—was read the second time by title.

REPRESENTATIVE BUCHANAN IN THE CHAIR

On motion by Rep. Botana, the rules were waived and **CS/HB 4013** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 553

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Rizo
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Robinson, W.
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Rosenwald
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Salzman
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Sapp
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Shoaf
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Sirois
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Skidmore
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Smith
Barnaby	Eskamani	Maggard	Snyder
Bartleman	Esposito	McClure	Spencer
Basabe	Fabricio	McFarland	Stark
Benarroch	Franklin	Melo	Steele
Berfield	Gantt	Michael	Tant
Black	Garrison	Miller	Tendrich
Blanco	Gentry	Mooney	Tomkow
Booth	Gerwig	Nix	Trabulsy
Borrero	Giallombardo	Nixon	Tramont
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Oliver	Tuck
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Overdorf	Valdés
Brackett	Gottlieb	Owen	Weinberger
Brannan	Greco	Partington	Woodson
Buchanan	Griffitts	Perez	Yarkosky
Busatta	Grow	Plakon	Yeager
Canady	Harris	Plasencia	Young
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Porras	
Chamberlin	Hinson	Rayner	
Chambliss	Hodgers	Redondo	

Nays—2

Maney Persons-Mulicka

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Campbell

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

HB 4037—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Pasco County Mosquito Control District, Pasco County; amending chapter 2005-322, Laws of Florida, as amended by chapter 2025-242, Laws of Florida; revising a cross-reference; revising term limits for members of the governing body of the district; requiring the Pasco County Board of County Commissioners to designate geographical districts by specified numerals; providing requirements for a specified subdistrict; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Maggard, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 554

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Black	Cobb	Gentry
Albert	Blanco	Conerly	Gerwig
Alvarez, D.	Booth	Cross	Giallombardo
Alvarez, J.	Borrero	Daley	Gonzalez Pittman
Anderson	Botana	Daniels	Gossett-Seidman
Andrade	Boyles	Driskell	Gottlieb
Antone	Brackett	Duggan	Greco
Aristide	Brannan	Dunkley	Griffitts
Baker	Buchanan	Edmonds	Grow
Bankson	Busatta	Eskamani	Harris
Barnaby	Campbell	Esposito	Hart-Lowman
Bartleman	Canady	Fabricio	Hinson
Basabe	Chamberlin	Franklin	Hodgers
Benarroch	Chambliss	Gantt	Holcomb
Berfield	Chaney	Garrison	Hunschofsky

Jacques	Miller	Redondo	Steele
Johnson	Mooney	Rizo	Tant
Kendall	Nix	Robinson, F.	Tendrich
Kincart Jonsson	Nixon	Robinson, W.	Tomkow
Koster	Oliver	Rosenwald	Trabulsy
LaMarca	Overdorf	Salzman	Tramont
Long	Owen	Sapp	Tuck
López, J.	Partington	Shoaf	Valdés
Maggard	Perez	Sirois	Weinberger
Maney	Persons-Mulicka	Skidmore	Woodson
McClure	Plakon	Smith	Yarkosky
McFarland	Plasencia	Snyder	Yeager
Melo	Porras	Spencer	Young
Michael	Rayner	Stark	

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

HB 4039—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the solid waste disposal facility in Broward County; defining the term "Monarch Hill Landfill"; requiring a feasibility study and public hearing before any expansion of the Monarch Hill Landfill; providing requirements for the study and public hearing; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Daley, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 555

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Barnaby	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Bartleman	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Basabe	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Benarroch	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Berfield	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Black	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Blanco	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Booth	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Borrero	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brackett	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Brannan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Buchanan	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Busatta	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Campbell	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Canady	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young
Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 4047—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Lee County Tourist Development Council, Lee County; amending chapter 2013-258, Laws of Florida; revising the composition of the Lee County Tourist Development Council; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Giallombardo, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 556

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

Consideration of **CS/HB 4051** was temporarily postponed.Consideration of **CS/HB 4053** was temporarily postponed.

CS/CS/HB 4057—A bill to be entitled An act relating to City of DeFuniak Springs, Walton County; transferring real property from the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund to the City Council of the City of DeFuniak Springs; providing a description of the real property; providing requirements for the use and the sale or disposition of the real property; requiring conveyance of the real property by a specified date; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Abbott, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 557

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Barnaby	Botana	Chamberlin
Albert	Bartleman	Boyles	Chambliss
Alvarez, D.	Basabe	Brackett	Chaney
Alvarez, J.	Benarroch	Brannan	Cobb
Anderson	Berfield	Buchanan	Conerly
Andrade	Black	Busatta	Cross
Antone	Blanco	Campbell	Daley
Aristide	Booth	Canady	Daniels
Bankson	Borrero	Cassel	Driskell

Duggan	Hinson	Nixon	Smith	Basabe	Duggan	LaMarca	Rosenwald
Dunkley	Hodgers	Oliver	Snyder	Benarroch	Dunkley	Long	Salzman
Edmonds	Holcomb	Overdorf	Spencer	Berfield	Esposito	López, J.	Sapp
Eskamani	Hunschofsky	Owen	Stark	Black	Fabricio	Maggard	Shoaf
Esposito	Jacques	Partington	Steele	Blanco	Franklin	Maney	Sirois
Fabricio	Johnson	Perez	Tant	Booth	Gantt	McClure	Skidmore
Franklin	Kendall	Plakon	Tendrich	Borrero	Garrison	McFarland	Smith
Gantt	Kincart Jonsson	Plasencia	Tomkow	Botana	Gentry	Melo	Snyder
Garrison	LaMarca	Porras	Trabulsy	Boyles	Gerwig	Michael	Spencer
Gentry	Long	Rayner	Tramont	Brackett	Giallombardo	Miller	Stark
Gerwig	López, J.	Redondo	Tuck	Brannan	Gonzalez Pittman	Mooney	Steele
Giallombardo	Maggard	Rizo	Valdés	Buchanan	Gossett-Seidman	Nix	Tant
Gonzalez Pittman	Maney	Robinson, F.	Weinberger	Busatta	Gottlieb	Oliver	Tendrich
Gossett-Seidman	McClure	Robinson, W.	Woodson	Campbell	Greco	Overdorf	Tomkow
Gottlieb	McFarland	Rosenwald	Yarkosky	Canady	Griffitts	Owen	Trabulsy
Greco	Melo	Salzman	Yeager	Cassel	Grow	Partington	Tramont
Griffitts	Michael	Sapp	Young	Chamberlin	Harris	Perez	Tuck
Grow	Miller	Shoaf		Chambliss	Hodgers	Persons-Mulicka	Valdés
Harris	Mooney	Sirois		Chaney	Holcomb	Plakon	Weinberger
Hart-Lowman	Nix	Skidmore		Cobb	Hunschofsky	Plasencia	Woodson
				Conerly	Jacques	Porras	Yarkosky
				Cross	Johnson	Redondo	Yeager
				Daley	Kendall	Rizo	Young
				Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Robinson, F.	
				Driskell	Koster	Robinson, W.	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Baker, Persons-Mulicka

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 4061—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Hillsborough County; creating the Land Reserve Stewardship District; providing a short title, legislative findings and intent, definitions, and policy; establishing compliance with minimum requirements for creation of an independent special district; providing for creation and establishment of the district; establishing the legal boundaries of the district; providing for the jurisdiction and charter of the district; providing for a governing board; providing for membership, election, and terms of office; providing for meetings; providing administrative duties of the board; providing a method for transition of the board from landowner control to control by the resident electors of the district; providing for a district manager and district employees; providing for a district treasurer, selection of a public depository, and district budgets and financial reports; providing for disclosure of public information; providing the general powers of the district; providing the special powers of the district to plan, finance, and provide community infrastructure and services within the district; providing for bonds; providing for borrowing; providing for trust agreements; providing for future ad valorem taxation; providing for special assessments; providing for issuance of certificates of indebtedness; providing for tax liens; providing for payment of taxes and redemption of tax liens by the district; providing for sharing in the disbursement of sales proceeds; providing for foreclosure of liens; providing for mandatory use of certain district systems, facilities, and services; providing for competitive procurement; providing for fees, rentals, and charges; providing for discontinuance of services and facilities; providing for enforcement and penalties; providing for suits against the district; providing requirements for termination, contraction, or expansion of the district; authorizing mergers; providing for required notices to purchasers of residential units within the district; specifying that certain district property is public; providing construction; providing severability; providing for a referendum; providing effective dates.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Owen, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 558

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—110

Abbott	Alvarez, J.	Antone	Bankson
Albert	Anderson	Aristide	Barnaby
Alvarez, D.	Andrade	Baker	Bartleman

Nays—4

Eskamani	Hart-Lowman	Nixon	Rayner
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So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

HB 4063—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the West Palm Beach Police Pension Fund, Palm Beach County; amending chapter 24981 (1947), Laws of Florida, as amended; revising definitions relating to the West Palm Beach Police Pension Fund; revising professional and clerical services; revising the fund membership; revising age and service requirements for retirement; revising retirement pension calculation; revising optional forms of retirement income; revising chapter 185 share accounts; revising supplemental pension distributions; revising deferred retirement option plan (DROP); revising death benefits; revising investments; revising review procedures; revising lump sum payments of small retirement incomes; revising Internal Revenue Code limits; revising minimum distribution of benefits; revising rollovers from qualified plans; revising other police officer or military services; revising reemployment after retirement; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Tendrich, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 559

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Boyles	Eskamani	Hunschofsky
Albert	Brackett	Esposito	Jacques
Alvarez, D.	Brannan	Fabricio	Johnson
Alvarez, J.	Buchanan	Franklin	Kendall
Anderson	Busatta	Gantt	Kincart Jonsson
Andrade	Campbell	Garrison	Koster
Antone	Canady	Gentry	LaMarca
Aristide	Cassel	Gerwig	Long
Baker	Chamberlin	Giallombardo	López, J.
Bankson	Chambliss	Gonzalez Pittman	Maggard
Barnaby	Chaney	Gossett-Seidman	Maney
Bartleman	Cobb	Gottlieb	McClure
Basabe	Conerly	Greco	McFarland
Benarroch	Cross	Griffitts	Melo
Berfield	Daley	Grow	Michael
Black	Daniels	Harris	Miller
Blanco	Driskell	Hart-Lowman	Mooney
Booth	Duggan	Hinson	Nix
Borrero	Dunkley	Hodgers	Nixon
Botana	Edmonds	Holcomb	Oliver

Overdorf	Redondo	Skidmore	Trabulsy
Owen	Rizo	Smith	Tramont
Partington	Robinson, F.	Snyder	Tuck
Perez	Robinson, W.	Spencer	Valdés
Persons-Mulicka	Rosenwald	Stark	Weinberger
Plakon	Salzman	Steele	Woodson
Plasencia	Sapp	Tant	Yarkosky
Porras	Shoaf	Tendrich	Yeager
Rayner	Sirois	Tomkow	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

HB 4065—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the West Palm Beach Firefighters Pension Fund, Palm Beach County; amending chapter 24981 (1947), Laws of Florida, as amended; revising definitions relating to the West Palm Beach Firefighters Pension Fund; removing certain duties of the board secretary; revising members' credits for service; providing powers of the board; revising revenue sources; revising member contributions; revising custodian of funds; revising investment provisions; revising provisions regarding service benefits; revising the supplemental pension distribution; revising the optional forms of benefits; revising the chapter 175 share accounts; revising deferred retirement option plan (DROP); revising backwards deferred retirement option plan (BackDROP); revising disability pensions; providing duty-related presumptions; revising beneficiary benefits; revising review procedures; revising Internal Revenue Code limits; providing minimum distribution of benefits; revising rollovers from qualified plans; revising prior firefighter service; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Tendrich, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 560

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

HB 4067—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Plantation Acres Improvement District, Broward County; providing that the Plantation Acres Improvement District, an independent special district, shall become a dependent district of the City of Plantation; repealing chapters 67-924, 82-274, 86-355, 99-426, 2002-367, and 2009-251, Laws of Florida, relating to the independent special district; providing that the assets, liabilities, financial allocations, and written contracts of the independent district remain in full force and effect and shall be those of the dependent district; providing that the city council and the city mayor shall assume the offices of the board of supervisors of the dependent district; providing that resolutions and policies of the independent district remain in effect until amended, revised, or repealed by the city; requiring adoption of provisions under certain circumstances; providing for dissolution of the district as an independent special district; providing transition; requiring a referendum; providing construction; providing effective dates.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Gottlieb, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 561

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 4071—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Palm Beach County; providing that a municipal service taxing unit whose primary purpose is to provide fire rescue and emergency medical services to residents in unincorporated areas of the county remains the service provider for a specified length of time to real properties that are annexed into a municipality; providing that the geographical boundaries of the municipal service taxing unit shall contract following the annexation under certain circumstances; prohibiting Palm Beach County from levying ad valorem taxes through the municipal service taxing unit on annexed real properties following the annexation; requiring the annexing municipality to pay the

county an annual service price for up to a specified length of time; providing that the county, through the municipal service taxing unit, remains the authority having jurisdiction and may continue to collect certain fees from annexed real properties; providing for transfer of services to the annexing municipality and the cessation of the county jurisdiction to collect fees; providing circumstances under which such transfer and cessation may not occur; requiring good faith discussions and negotiations between the annexing municipality and the county regarding the transition of services and the expenditure of assets for capital and operational purposes in the areas proposed to be annexed; authorizing the annexing municipality and the county to enter into an agreement on the length of time for the provision of county services, the retention of county jurisdiction regarding fees, and the annual service price payments under certain circumstances; providing a conflict resolution procedure in the event an annexing municipality and the county do not enter an interlocal agreement; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Snyder offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 830687)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Between lines 154 and 155, insert:

(8) The provisions of this act, including the six-year service period and the mandatory service price payments, shall not apply to any real property being annexed that constitutes an enclave, as defined in s. 171.031(5)(a), Florida Statutes, of 10 acres or less.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 36 and insert:
an interlocal agreement; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

Rep. Snyder moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Snyder, the rules were waived and **CS/HB 4071** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 562

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed, as amended, and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate after engrossment.

CS/HB 4075—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Town of Davie, Broward County; providing an exception to general law; permitting a sign on specified agriculturally zoned property within the Town of Davie; providing construction; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Gottlieb, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 563

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Barnaby	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Bartleman	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Basabe	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Benarroch	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young
Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Berfield

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 4079—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Marion County; creating the Uplands Stewardship District; providing a short title; providing legislative findings and intent; providing definitions; stating legislative policy regarding creation of the district; establishing compliance with minimum requirements for creation of an independent special district; providing for creation and establishment of the district; establishing the legal boundaries of the district; providing for the jurisdiction and charter of the district; providing for a board of supervisors; providing for a method for transition of the board from landowner control to control by the electors of the district; providing for membership, terms, election, removal, duties, and meetings of board members; providing for a district manager and district personnel; providing for a district treasurer, selection of a public depository, and district budgets and financial reports; providing for disclosure of certain public information and for web-based public access; providing for the general and special

powers of the district; providing for bonds; providing for borrowing; providing for trust agreements; providing for future ad valorem taxation; providing for special assessments; providing for issuance of certificates of indebtedness; providing for tax liens; providing for tax payments, redemption of tax liens, and sharing in proceeds of tax sales; providing for foreclosure of liens; providing for mandatory use of certain facilities; providing for competitive procurement; providing for fees, rentals, and charges and minimum revenue requirements; providing for recovery of delinquent charges; providing for discontinuance of service; providing for enforcement and penalties; providing for suits against the district; providing for exemptions of district property from levies and sales; providing for termination, contraction, expansion, or merger of the district; providing for inclusion of territory; providing for required notices to purchasers of residential units within the district; specifying the district properties that are public; providing severability; providing for a referendum; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Grow, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 564

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

HB 4085—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Okeechobee Utility Authority, Okeechobee County; providing for the conveyance of specified lands to the Okeechobee Utility Authority; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Tuck, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 565

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsky
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 4087—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Highlands County Hospital District; amending chapter 2004-458, Laws of Florida; providing requirements and duties of the Board of Commissioners of the Highlands County Hospital District before a lease or management agreement with not-for-profit or for-profit corporations; providing requirements for the agreement; providing applicability; authorizing the board to sell the entirety of the assets of the hospital to a not-for-profit or for-profit entity under certain circumstances; providing requirements and duties of the board before the sale; providing requirements for the sale agreement; requiring the hospital to file a copy of the sale agreement with the Department of Commerce; requiring the board to notify the department of the sale; providing for judicial reviews; providing for court costs; providing construction; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Tuck, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 566

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Borrero	Driskell	Grow
Albert	Botana	Duggan	Harris
Alvarez, D.	Boyles	Dunkley	Hart-Lowman
Alvarez, J.	Brackett	Edmonds	Hinson
Anderson	Brannan	Eskamani	Hodgers
Andrade	Buchanan	Esposito	Holcomb
Antone	Busatta	Fabricio	Hunschofsky
Aristide	Campbell	Franklin	Jacques
Baker	Canady	Gantt	Johnson
Bankson	Cassel	Garrison	Kendall
Barnaby	Chamberlin	Gentry	Kincart Jonsson
Bartleman	Chambliss	Gerwig	Koster
Basabe	Chaney	Giallombardo	LaMarca
Benarroch	Cobb	Gonzalez Pittman	Long
Berfield	Conerly	Gossett-Seidman	López, J.
Black	Cross	Gottlieb	Maggard
Blanco	Daley	Greco	Maney
Booth	Daniels	Griffitts	McClure

McFarland	Perez	Salzman	Tendrich
Melo	Persons-Mulicka	Sapp	Tomkow
Michael	Plakon	Shoaf	Trabulsy
Miller	Plasencia	Sirois	Tramont
Mooney	Porras	Skidmore	Tuck
Nix	Rayner	Smith	Valdés
Nixon	Redondo	Snyder	Weinberger
Oliver	Rizo	Spencer	Woodson
Overdorf	Robinson, F.	Stark	Yarkosky
Owen	Robinson, W.	Steele	Yeager
Partington	Rosenwald	Tant	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

HB 4089—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the City of Trenton, Gilchrist County; transferring real property from the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund to the City Commission of the City of Trenton; providing requirements for the use and the sale or disposition of the real property; providing for conditional cultural resource review; requiring conveyance of the real property by a specified date; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Johnson, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 567

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1175—A bill to be entitled An act relating to safety design standards for office surgery suites; creating s. 553.884, F.S.; requiring the Florida Building Commission and the State Fire Marshal to establish safety design standards for certain office surgical suites by a specified date; defining the term "office surgery suite"; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Redondo, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 568

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

HB 1347—A bill to be entitled An act relating to clinical laboratory personnel; amending s. 483.815, F.S.; requiring that an applicant who qualifies for licensure under specified provisions provide proof of such qualification and pay the required fees to be eligible for licensure; amending s. 483.823, F.S.; requiring that applicants for licensure as a technologist or technician who meet specified criteria be deemed to have satisfied minimum qualifications for licensure to perform high or moderate complexity testing as a technologist or technician, as applicable; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Gerwig, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 569

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Berfield	Chamberlin	Fabricio
Albert	Black	Chambliss	Franklin
Alvarez, D.	Blanco	Chaney	Gantt
Alvarez, J.	Booth	Cobb	Garrison
Anderson	Borrero	Conerly	Gentry
Andrade	Botana	Cross	Gerwig
Antone	Boyles	Daley	Giallombardo
Aristide	Brackett	Daniels	Gonzalez Pittman
Baker	Brannan	Driskell	Gossett-Seidman
Bankson	Buchanan	Duggan	Gottlieb
Barnaby	Busatta	Dunkley	Greco
Bartleman	Campbell	Edmonds	Griffitts
Basabe	Canady	Eskamani	Grow
Benarroch	Cassel	Esposito	Harris

Hart-Lowman	McClure	Plasencia	Spencer
Hinson	McFarland	Porras	Stark
Hodgers	Melo	Rayner	Steele
Holcomb	Michael	Redondo	Tant
Hunschofsky	Miller	Rizo	Tendrich
Jacques	Mooney	Robinson, F.	Tomkow
Johnson	Nix	Robinson, W.	Trabulsy
Kendall	Nixon	Rosenwald	Tramont
Kincart Jonsson	Oliver	Salzman	Tuck
Koster	Overdorf	Sapp	Valdés
LaMarca	Owen	Shoaf	Weinberger
Long	Partington	Sirois	Woodson
López, J.	Perez	Skidmore	Yarkosky
Maggard	Persons-Mulicka	Smith	Yeager
Maney	Plakon	Snyder	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

HB 1309—A bill to be entitled An act relating to patient access to records; amending s. 394.4615, F.S.; requiring a service provider to furnish and provide access to records within a specified timeframe after receiving a request for such records; requiring that certain service providers furnish such records in the manner chosen by the requester; amending s. 395.3025, F.S.; removing provisions requiring a licensed facility to furnish patient records only after discharge to conform to changes made by the act; revising provisions relating to the appropriate disclosure of patient records without consent; amending s. 397.501, F.S.; requiring a service provider to furnish and provide access to records within a specified timeframe after receiving a request from an individual or the individual's legal representative; requiring that certain service providers furnish such records in the manner chosen by the requester; amending s. 400.145, F.S.; revising the timeframe within which a nursing home facility must provide access to and copies of resident records after receiving a request for such records; creating s. 408.833, F.S.; defining the term "legal representative"; requiring a provider to furnish and provide access to records within a specified timeframe after receiving a request from a client or the client's legal representative; requiring that certain providers furnish such records in the manner chosen by the requester; authorizing a provider to impose reasonable terms necessary to preserve such records; providing exceptions; amending s. 456.057, F.S.; requiring certain licensed health care practitioners to furnish and provide access to copies of reports and records within a specified timeframe after receiving a request from a patient or the patient's legal representative; requiring that certain licensed health care practitioners furnish such reports and records in the manner chosen by the requester; defining the term "legal representative"; authorizing such licensed health care practitioners to impose reasonable terms necessary to preserve such reports and records; amending ss. 316.1932, 316.1933, 395.4025, 429.294, 440.185, and 456.47, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Booth, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 570

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—92

Abbott	Berfield	Canady	Fabricio
Albert	Black	Cassel	Garrison
Alvarez, D.	Blanco	Chamberlin	Gentry
Alvarez, J.	Booth	Chaney	Gerwig
Anderson	Borrero	Cobb	Giallombardo
Andrade	Botana	Conerly	Gonzalez Pittman
Baker	Boyles	Daley	Gossett-Seidman
Bankson	Brackett	Daniels	Greco
Barnaby	Brannan	Duggan	Griffitts
Basabe	Buchanan	Edmonds	Grow
Benarroch	Busatta	Esposito	Hodgers

Holcomb	Melo	Plasencia	Spencer
Jacques	Michael	Porras	Stark
Johnson	Miller	Redondo	Steele
Kendall	Mooney	Rizo	Tendrich
Kincart Jonsson	Nix	Robinson, W.	Tomkow
Koster	Oliver	Rosenwald	Trabulsy
LaMarca	Overdorf	Salzman	Tramont
López, J.	Owen	Sapp	Tuck
Maggard	Partington	Shoaf	Valdés
Maney	Perez	Sirois	Weinberger
McClure	Persons-Mulicka	Smith	Yarkosky
McFarland	Plakon	Snyder	Yeager

Nays—22

Antone	Eskamani	Hinson	Skidmore
Bartleman	Franklin	Hunschofsky	Tant
Campbell	Gantt	Long	Woodson
Cross	Gottlieb	Nixon	Young
Driskell	Harris	Rayner	
Dunkley	Hart-Lowman	Robinson, F.	

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 570

Health insurance records are inherently valuable but are even more so on the black market via the dark web. This bill expands access to records, yes, but it does so in a manner that will ensure that criminals can access records more easily. This is an unintended consequence, but it is a consequence nevertheless. Further, this is my second year seeing this bill, and it is my second year trying to figure out exactly who this helps and what situations it resolves in a responsible manner, and I cannot safely answer this question. For these reasons, I am a no vote, even though I support the stated intent of the bill.

*Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99*

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 439—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the practice of chiropractic medicine; amending s. 460.403, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "practice of chiropractic medicine"; authorizing chiropractic physicians to possess, for emergency purposes only at the chiropractic physician's office or place of business, prescription medical oxygen; authorizing chiropractic physicians to possess specified solutions in aerosol form; authorizing chiropractic physicians to order, store, possess, prescribe, and administer, only by means of injection at the chiropractic physician's office, certain sterile substances, including vitamins, minerals, and nutritional supplements; prohibiting chiropractic physicians from administering certain sterile substances by means of injection unless he or she has been certified by the board; prohibiting chiropractic physicians from administering certain any substance through intravenous therapy; creating s. 460.4086, F.S.; requiring a chiropractic physician to be certified before administering sterile substances in a specified manner; requiring the Board of Chiropractic Medicine to establish minimum standards of practice for the administration of certain sterile substances by means of injection by chiropractic physicians; providing requirements for such standards; requiring the board to issue a chiropractic physician a letter certifying that he or she is authorized to administer specified sterile substances by means of injection under certain conditions; providing rulemaking authority; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Cobb, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 571

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—110

Abbott	Anderson	Aristide	Barnaby
Albert	Andrade	Baker	Basabe
Alvarez, D.	Antone	Bankson	Benarroch

Berfield	Esposito	Long	Rosenwald
Black	Fabricio	López, J.	Salzman
Blanco	Franklin	Maggard	Sapp
Booth	Gantt	Maney	Shoaf
Borrero	Garrison	McClure	Sirois
Botana	Gentry	McFarland	Skidmore
Boyles	Gerwig	Melo	Smith
Brackett	Giallombardo	Michael	Snyder
Brannan	Gossett-Seidman	Miller	Spencer
Buchanan	Gottlieb	Mooney	Stark
Busatta	Greco	Nix	Steele
Canady	Griffitts	Oliver	Tant
Cassel	Grow	Overdorf	Tendrich
Chamberlin	Harris	Owen	Tomkow
Chambliss	Hart-Lowman	Partington	Trabulsy
Cobb	Hinson	Perez	Tramont
Conerly	Hodgers	Persons-Mulicka	Tuck
Cross	Holcomb	Plakon	Valdés
Daley	Hunschofsky	Plasencia	Weinberger
Daniels	Jacques	Porras	Woodson
Driskell	Johnson	Rayner	Yarkosky
Duggan	Kendall	Redondo	Yeager
Dunkley	Kincart Jonsson	Rizo	Young
Edmonds	Koster	Robinson, F.	
Eskamani	LaMarca	Robinson, W.	

Nays—2
 Chaney Gonzalez Pittman

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Alvarez, J., Bartleman, Campbell
 Nays to Yeas—Chaney

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 867—A bill to be entitled An act relating to dry needling by occupational therapists; amending s. 468.203, F.S.; defining the terms "dry needling" and "myofascial trigger point"; creating s. 468.227, F.S.; requiring the Board of Occupational Therapy Practice to establish minimum standards of practice for the performance of dry needling by occupational therapists; providing performance requirements; requiring the board to establish additional supervision and training requirements; requiring the Department of Health to submit a specified report to the Legislature by a specified date; providing construction; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Anderson, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 572

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—112			
Abbott	Buchanan	Gentry	McClure
Albert	Busatta	Gerwig	McFarland
Alvarez, D.	Campbell	Giallombardo	Melo
Alvarez, J.	Canady	Gossett-Seidman	Michael
Anderson	Cassel	Gottlieb	Miller
Andrade	Chamberlin	Greco	Mooney
Antone	Chambliss	Griffitts	Nix
Aristide	Chaney	Grow	Nixon
Baker	Cobb	Harris	Oliver
Bankson	Conerly	Hart-Lowman	Overdorf
Barnaby	Cross	Hinson	Owen
Bartleman	Daley	Hodgers	Partington
Basabe	Daniels	Holcomb	Perez
Benarroch	Driskell	Jacques	Persons-Mulicka
Berfield	Duggan	Johnson	Plakon
Black	Dunkley	Kendall	Plasencia
Blanco	Edmonds	Kincart Jonsson	Porras
Booth	Eskamani	Koster	Rayner
Borrero	Esposito	LaMarca	Redondo
Botana	Fabricio	Long	Rizo
Boyles	Franklin	López, J.	Robinson, F.
Brackett	Gantt	Maggard	Robinson, W.
Brannan	Garrison	Maney	Rosenwald

Salzman	Smith	Tendrich	Valdés
Sapp	Spencer	Tomkow	Weinberger
Shoaf	Stark	Trabulsy	Woodson
Sirois	Steele	Tramont	Yeager
Skidmore	Tant	Tuck	Young

Nays—2
 Gonzalez Pittman Snyder

Votes after roll call:

Nays—Yarkosky
 Yeas to Nays—Berfield

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 683—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the performance of physician assistants and advanced practice registered nurses; amending ss. 458.347 and 459.022, F.S.; deleting the requirement that a supervising physician notify the Department of Health in writing of any delegation of prescribing authority to a physician assistant; deleting the requirement that a supervising physician's name be included in the prescription issued by a physician assistant; revising requirements for the drug formulary for physician assistants; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; revising the drug formulary requirements for advanced practice registered nurses authorized to prescribe medications; providing an exception for psychiatric nurses; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Partington, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 573

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—112			
Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Plasencia
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Porras
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Rayner
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Redondo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Rizo
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, F.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Robinson, W.
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Rosenwald
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Salzman
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Sapp
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Shoaf
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Sirois
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Skidmore
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Smith
Black	Franklin	McFarland	Snyder
Blanco	Gantt	Melo	Spencer
Booth	Garrison	Michael	Stark
Borrero	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Botana	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Boyles	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brannan	Gottlieb	Oliver	Tramont
Buchanan	Greco	Overdorf	Tuck
Busatta	Griffitts	Owen	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Partington	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Perez	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plakon	Young

Nays—4
 Berfield Gonzalez Pittman Steele Valdés

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1013—A bill to be entitled An act relating to nurse registries; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; requiring each nurse registry to display a specified disclaimer in a clear and conspicuous manner on its website and all advertising and marketing materials; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Franklin, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 574

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Barnaby	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Bartleman	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Basabe	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Benarroch	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Berfield	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Black	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Blanco	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Booth	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Borrero	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brackett	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young
Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Brannan

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/CS/HB 1443—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Parkinson's disease registry; creating ss. 458.352, 459.075, and 464.0124 F.S.; requiring physicians and advanced practice registered nurses to report certain information to the Parkinson's disease registry; providing limited liability for physicians and advanced practice registered nurses under certain circumstances; amending s. 1004.4352, F.S.; requiring the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives to each appoint one member to the Parkinson's Disease Research Board; revising membership qualifications and terms; revising report requirements; requiring the Institute for Parkinson's Disease within the University of South Florida, subject to appropriation, to establish and maintain a statewide Parkinson's disease registry; providing requirements for such registry; requiring the institute to create and maintain a Parkinson's disease registry-specific website; providing requirements for such website; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Busatta, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 575

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Anderson	Baker	Basabe
Albert	Andrade	Bankson	Benarroch
Alvarez, D.	Antone	Barnaby	Berfield
Alvarez, J.	Aristide	Bartleman	Black

Blanco	Fabricio	Long	Robinson, W.
Booth	Franklin	López, J.	Rosenwald
Borrero	Gantt	Maggard	Salzman
Botana	Garrison	Maney	Sapp
Boyles	Gentry	McClure	Shoaf
Brackett	Gerwig	McFarland	Sirois
Brannan	Giallombardo	Melo	Skidmore
Buchanan	Gonzalez Pittman	Michael	Smith
Busatta	Gossett-Seidman	Miller	Snyder
Campbell	Gottlieb	Mooney	Spencer
Canady	Greco	Nix	Stark
Chamberlin	Griffitts	Nixon	Steele
Chambliss	Grow	Oliver	Tant
Chaney	Harris	Overdorf	Tendrich
Cobb	Hart-Lowman	Owen	Tomkow
Conerly	Hinson	Partington	Trabulsy
Cross	Hodgers	Perez	Tramont
Daley	Holcomb	Persons-Mulicka	Tuck
Daniels	Hunschofsky	Plakon	Valdés
Driskell	Jacques	Plasencia	Weinberger
Duggan	Johnson	Porras	Woodson
Dunkley	Kendall	Rayner	Yarkosky
Edmonds	Kincart Jonsson	Redondo	Yeager
Eskamani	Koster	Rizo	Young
Esposito	LaMarca	Robinson, F.	

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1445—A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records; creating s. 1004.43521, F.S.; providing a public records exemption for specified patient information for the Parkinson's disease registry; authorizing certain information to be disclosed under certain circumstances; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemption; providing a statement of public necessity; providing a contingent effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Busatta, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 576

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed by the required constitutional two-thirds vote of the members voting and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 915—A bill to be entitled An act relating to medical assistance eligibility for working individuals with disabilities; creating s. 409.9041, F.S.; providing the definition of the term "department"; creating the Working People with Disabilities program within the Agency for Health Care Administration; providing for purpose of the program; providing eligibility requirements; providing income and assets requirements for eligibility in the program; requiring the department to provide written notice to eligible adults within a specified timeframe; providing requirements for such notice; requiring the agency to share specified information with the department; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Tant, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 577

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plascencia	Young
Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Alvarez, J.

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 287—A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records; amending s. 409.175, F.S.; providing confidentiality and an exemption from public records requirements for the personal identifying and location information of applicants for family foster homes and the names and personal identifying and location information of the spouses, children, and other adult household members of such applicants; providing confidentiality and an exemption from public records requirements for the personal identifying and location information of current and former owners and operators of family foster homes and the names and personal identifying and location information of the spouses, children, and other adult household members of such owners and operators; providing confidentiality and an exemption from public records requirements for the personal identifying and location information of character or neighbor references of a family foster home

applicant or a current or former owner or operator of a family foster home; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemption; providing a statement of public necessity; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. McFarland, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 578

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plascencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed by the required constitutional two-thirds vote of the members voting and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 737—A bill to be entitled An act relating to persons disqualified from being appointed as a guardian; amending s. 744.309, F.S.; authorizing a court to appoint a person who has been convicted of a felony to be a guardian of a proposed ward under certain circumstances; requiring the court to consider imposing additional requirements on certain guardians to safeguard the proposed ward and his or her property; authorizing the court to deny an appointment as guardian if it determines an appointment would place the proposed ward, or his or her property, at risk; amending s. 744.474, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Botana, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 579

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Antone	Basabe	Borrero
Albert	Aristide	Benarroch	Botana
Alvarez, D.	Baker	Berfield	Boyles
Alvarez, J.	Bankson	Black	Brackett
Anderson	Barnaby	Blanco	Brannan
Andrade	Bartleman	Booth	Buchanan

Busatta	Gerwig	Maney	Rosenwald
Campbell	Giallombardo	McClure	Salzman
Canady	Gonzalez Pittman	McFarland	Sapp
Cassel	Gossett-Seidman	Melo	Shoaf
Chamberlin	Gottlieb	Michael	Sirois
Chambliss	Greco	Miller	Skidmore
Chaney	Griffitts	Mooney	Smith
Cobb	Grow	Nix	Snyder
Conerly	Harris	Nixon	Spencer
Cross	Hart-Lowman	Oliver	Stark
Daley	Hinson	Overdorf	Steele
Daniels	Hodgers	Owen	Tant
Driskell	Holcomb	Partington	Tendrich
Duggan	Hunschofsky	Perez	Tomkow
Dunkley	Jacques	Persons-Mulicka	Trabulsy
Edmonds	Johnson	Plakon	Tramont
Eskamani	Kendall	Plasencia	Tuck
Esposito	Kincart Jonsson	Porras	Valdés
Fabricio	Koster	Rayner	Weinberger
Franklin	LaMarca	Redondo	Woodson
Gantt	Long	Rizo	Yarkosky
Garrison	López, J.	Robinson, F.	Yeager
Gentry	Maggard	Robinson, W.	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

HB 13—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Social Work Licensure Interstate Compact; creating s. 491.022, F.S.; creating the Social Work Licensure Interstate Compact; providing purposes, objectives, and definitions; specifying requirements for state participation in the compact and duties of member states; specifying that the compact does not affect an individual's ability to apply for, and a member state's ability to grant, a single state license pursuant to the laws of that state; providing for recognition of compact privilege in member states; specifying criteria a licensee must meet for compact privilege; providing for the expiration and renewal of compact privilege; specifying that a licensee with compact privilege in a remote state must adhere to the laws and rules of that state; authorizing member states to act on a licensee's compact privilege under certain circumstances; specifying the consequences and parameters of practice for a licensee whose compact privilege has been acted upon or whose home state license is encumbered; specifying that a licensee may hold a home state license in only one member state at a time; specifying requirements and procedures for changing a home state license designation; authorizing active duty military personnel or their spouses to keep their home state designation during active duty; authorizing member states to take adverse actions against licensees and issue subpoenas for hearings and investigations under certain circumstances; providing requirements and procedures for such adverse action; authorizing member states to engage in joint investigations under certain circumstances; providing that a licensee's compact privilege must be deactivated in all member states for the duration of an encumbrance imposed by the licensee's home state; providing for notice to the data system and the licensee's home state of any adverse action taken against a licensee; establishing the Social Work Licensure Compact Commission; providing for jurisdiction and venue for court proceedings; providing for membership and powers of the commission; specifying powers and duties of the commission's executive committee; authorizing the commission to convene in closed, nonpublic meetings under certain circumstances; providing for the financing of the commission; providing specified individuals immunity from civil liability under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; requiring the commission to defend the specified individuals in civil actions under certain circumstances; requiring the commission to indemnify and hold harmless specified individuals for any settlement or judgment obtained in such actions under certain circumstances; providing for the development of the data system, reporting procedures, and the exchange of specified information between member states; requiring the commission to notify member states of any adverse action taken against a licensee or applicant for licensure; authorizing member states to designate as confidential information provided to the data system; requiring the commission to remove information from the data system under certain circumstances; providing rulemaking procedures for the commission;

providing for member state enforcement of the compact; authorizing the commission to receive notice of process, and have standing to intervene, in certain proceedings; rendering certain judgments and orders void as to the commission, the compact, or commission rules under certain circumstances; providing for defaults and termination of compact membership; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing for commission enforcement of the compact; providing for remedies; providing for implementation of, withdrawal from, and amendment to the compact; specifying that licensees practicing in a remote state under the compact must adhere to the laws and rules of that state; specifying that the compact, commission rules, and commission actions are binding on member states; providing construction; providing for severability; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to report certain investigative information to the data system; amending s. 456.076, F.S.; requiring monitoring contracts for certain impaired practitioners to contain certain terms; amending s. 491.004, F.S.; requiring the Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling to appoint an individual to serve as the state's delegate on the commission; amending ss. 491.005 and 491.006, F.S.; exempting certain persons from licensure requirements; amending s. 491.009, F.S.; authorizing certain disciplinary action under the compact for specified prohibited acts; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; designating the state's delegate and other members or employees of the commission as state agents for the purpose of applying waivers of sovereign immunity; requiring the commission to pay certain claims or judgments; authorizing the commission to maintain insurance coverage to pay such claims or judgments; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Hunschofsky, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 580

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Barnaby	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Bartleman	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Basabe	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Benarroch	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Berfield	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Black	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Blanco	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Booth	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Borrero	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young
Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

HB 15—A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records and meetings; creating s. 491.023, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for certain information held by the Department of

Health or the Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling pursuant to the Social Work Licensure Interstate Compact; authorizing the disclosure of such information under certain circumstances; providing an exemption from public meetings requirements for certain meetings or portions of certain meetings of the Social Work Licensure Compact Commission or its executive committee or other committees; providing an exemption from public records requirements for recordings, minutes, and records generated during the exempt meetings or portions of such meetings; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemptions; providing statements of public necessity; providing a contingent effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Hunschofsky, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 581

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed by the required constitutional two-thirds vote of the members voting and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 395—A bill to be entitled An act relating to dependent children; amending s. 39.4085, F.S.; requiring the Department of Children and Families and each community-based care lead agency to coordinate with certain organizations and meet quarterly for a specified purpose; authorizing such meeting to be in person or via teleconference or other electronic means; requiring such meetings to have a formal agenda; requiring the department and each community-based care lead agency to make certain information available on their respective websites; requiring, beginning in a specified year, the department and each community-based care lead agency to publish on their respective websites a biannual report containing specified information; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Rizo, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 582

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1121—A bill to be entitled An act relating to aging and disability services; amending s. 409.979, F.S.; revising requirements for Medicaid recipients to receive an offer for enrollment for long-term care services; requiring the Department of Elderly Affairs to maintain a statewide pre-enrollment list for certain services; requiring aging and disability resource center personnel to place individuals on certain lists; requiring certain staff to administer rescreening under certain circumstances; authorizing individuals who meet specified criteria to enroll in the long-term care managed care program; amending s. 409.983, F.S.; providing that the initial assessment of an enrollee shall be reviewed or performed by the Comprehensive Assessment and Review for Long-term Care Services program; amending s. 430.04, F.S.; revising provisions relating to intermediate measures taken against an area agency on aging; creating s. 430.09, F.S.; providing definitions; providing requirements for the procurement of commodities or contractual services by area agencies on aging; limiting the salary of the chief executive officer and executive director of an area agency on aging; providing construction; requiring the department to impose certain penalties; amending s. 430.203, F.S.; revising the definitions of the terms "community care service system" and "core services"; amending s. 430.204, F.S.; authorizing an area agency on aging to directly provide core services under certain circumstances; amending s. 430.205, F.S.; removing obsolete language; revising frequency of inservice training for certain providers; requiring certain elderly persons to be given priority consideration for receiving certain services; amending s. 430.2053, F.S.; redesignating aging resource centers as aging and disability resource centers; revising the purpose thereof; authorizing aging and disability resource centers to place certain clients on and release certain clients from pre-enrollment lists; removing a requirement to convene a work group for certain purposes; removing a requirement to provide enrollment and coverage information to certain individuals; requiring the aging and disability resource center to receive a waiver to be the provider of other direct services; revising the program to which the department and the agency on aging may not make payments; removing an eligibility requirement for an area agency on aging to transition to an aging resource center; revising the entity with which

the department may consult to develop capitation rates; amending s. 430.605, F.S.; revising certain subsidy payments to include supplements to provide for food and nutritional supplements and certain care; amending s. 430.901, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 744.2001, F.S.; revising the required qualifications of the executive director of the Office of Public and Professional Guardians; amending s. 744.2003, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for a professional guardian; amending ss. 744.2004 and 744.20041, F.S.; revising disciplinary actions taken by the office; amending s. 744.2104, F.S.; providing certain authority for the office in conducting certain investigations; amending s. 744.3701, F.S.; requiring the clerk to disclose confidential information to the department under certain circumstances; requiring the department to provide specified records to the Legislature by a specified date; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Rizo, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 583

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chambliss	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Albert	Chaney	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Kendall	Rosenwald
Anderson	Cross	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Andrade	Daley	Koster	Sapp
Antone	Daniels	LaMarca	Shoaf
Aristide	Driskell	Long	Sirois
Baker	Duggan	López, J.	Skidmore
Bankson	Dunkley	Maggard	Smith
Barnaby	Edmonds	Maney	Snyder
Bartleman	Eskamani	McClure	Spencer
Basabe	Esposito	McFarland	Stark
Benarroch	Fabricio	Melo	Steele
Berfield	Garrison	Michael	Tant
Black	Gentry	Miller	Tendrich
Blanco	Gerwig	Mooney	Tomkow
Booth	Giallombardo	Nix	Trabulsky
Borrero	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tramont
Botana	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tuck
Boyles	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Valdés
Brackett	Greco	Owen	Weinberger
Brannan	Griffitts	Partington	Woodson
Buchanan	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Busatta	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Campbell	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Young
Canady	Hinson	Plasencia	
Cassel	Hodgers	Porras	
Chamberlin	Holcomb	Redondo	

Nays—2

Gantt Rayner

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 517—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Medicaid provider networks; amending s. 409.967, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to establish network adequacy standards for prepaid dental plans; providing requirements for such standards; requiring Medicaid managed care plan provider network databases to identify whether providers are accepting new patients; requiring prepaid dental plans to provide specified information on the online provider database; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Tramont, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 584

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Rosenwald
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Sapp
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Shoaf
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Sirois
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Skidmore
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Smith
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Snyder
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Spencer
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Stark
Black	Gantt	Melo	Steele
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tant
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tendrich
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tomkow
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Trabulsky
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tramont
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tuck
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Valdés
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Weinberger
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Woodson
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Young
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 253—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Veterans Dental Care Grant Program; amending s. 295.157, F.S.; revising the purpose of the Veterans Dental Care Grant Program; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Edmonds, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 585

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Campbell	Gossett-Seidman	Miller
Albert	Canady	Gottlieb	Mooney
Alvarez, D.	Cassel	Greco	Nix
Alvarez, J.	Chamberlin	Griffitts	Nixon
Anderson	Chambliss	Grow	Oliver
Andrade	Chaney	Harris	Overdorf
Antone	Cobb	Hart-Lowman	Owen
Aristide	Conerly	Hinson	Partington
Baker	Cross	Hodgers	Perez
Bankson	Daley	Holcomb	Persons-Mulicka
Barnaby	Daniels	Hunschofsky	Plakon
Bartleman	Driskell	Jacques	Plasencia
Basabe	Duggan	Johnson	Porras
Benarroch	Dunkley	Kendall	Rayner
Berfield	Edmonds	Kincart Jonsson	Redondo
Black	Eskamani	Koster	Rizo
Blanco	Esposito	LaMarca	Robinson, F.
Booth	Fabricio	Long	Robinson, W.
Borrero	Franklin	López, J.	Rosenwald
Botana	Gantt	Maggard	Salzman
Boyles	Garrison	Maney	Sapp
Brackett	Gentry	McClure	Shoaf
Brannan	Gerwig	McFarland	Sirois
Buchanan	Giallombardo	Melo	Skidmore
Busatta	Gonzalez Pittman	Michael	Smith

Snyder	Tant	Tramont	Woodson
Spencer	Tendrich	Tuck	Yarkosky
Stark	Tomkow	Valdés	Yeager
Steele	Trabulsy	Weinberger	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1137—A bill to be entitled An act relating to deductions for certain losses of alcoholic beverages; creating s. 561.1215, F.S.; authorizing a distributor of vinous, spirituous, or malt beverages to make an excise tax deduction in its monthly tax report for alcoholic beverages that have become unsellable through warehouse breakage, spoliation, evaporation, or expiration or that have become unfit for human consumption; specifying the percentage a distributor may deduct for such alcoholic beverages; requiring that the method of determining breakage for malt beverages be elected annually; providing that the method is effective for a specified timeframe; providing an exception; requiring distributors that distribute more than one type of alcoholic beverage to deduct their gross taxes for products according to those specified in a specified manner; excluding extraordinary losses of vinous, spirituous, or malt beverages from such deductions; defining the term "extraordinary loss"; requiring a distributor to immediately notify the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco when an extraordinary loss occurs; authorizing a distributor to deduct the actual gallonage of the extraordinary loss; requiring such distributors to show proof of the extraordinary loss before recovering or crediting any excise tax due to the unsellable alcoholic beverages; specifying the manner in which a distributor may show such proof; requiring a distributor to show proof of the destruction, dumping, or recycling of the alcoholic beverages involved in the extraordinary loss; specifying the manner in which to show such proof; requiring the division to inspect any remaining undamaged invoiced inventory intended to be distributed upon being notified by the distributor; requiring a distributor reporting extraordinary losses to furnish proof that the excise tax has not been recovered from any other source; requiring the distributor to provide the division with copies of all insurance claims and receipts of payment upon request; requiring distributors to record certain information on forms prescribed by the division; requiring the division to retain such forms for a specified timeframe; authorizing the division to adopt rules and forms; providing retroactive application; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. W. Robinson, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 586

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Brackett	Fabricio	Kendall
Albert	Brannan	Franklin	Kincart Jonsson
Alvarez, D.	Buchanan	Gantt	Koster
Alvarez, J.	Busatta	Garrison	LaMarca
Anderson	Campbell	Gentry	Long
Andrade	Canady	Gerwig	López, J.
Antone	Cassel	Giallombardo	Maggard
Aristide	Chamberlin	Gonzalez Pittman	Maney
Baker	Chambliss	Gossett-Seidman	McClure
Bankson	Chaney	Gottlieb	McFarland
Barnaby	Cobb	Greco	Melo
Bartleman	Conerly	Griffitts	Michael
Basabe	Cross	Grow	Miller
Benarroch	Daley	Harris	Mooney
Berfield	Daniels	Hart-Lowman	Nix
Black	Driskell	Hinson	Nixon
Blanco	Duggan	Hodgers	Oliver
Booth	Dunkley	Holcomb	Overdorf
Borrero	Edmonds	Hunschofsky	Owen
Botana	Eskamani	Jacques	Partington
Boyles	Esposito	Johnson	Perez

Persons-Mulicka	Robinson, W.	Snyder	Tramont
Plakon	Rosenwald	Spencer	Tuck
Plasencia	Salzman	Stark	Valdés
Porras	Sapp	Steele	Weinberger
Rayner	Shoaf	Tant	Woodson
Redondo	Sirois	Tendrich	Yarkosky
Rizo	Skidmore	Tomkow	Yeager
Robinson, F.	Smith	Trabulsy	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 803—A bill to be entitled An act relating to building permits and inspections; amending s. 125.56, F.S.; providing for expiration of certain building permits issued by a county; providing construction; amending s. 489.129, F.S.; providing that certain persons are not subject to discipline for performing a job without applicable permits and inspections if otherwise authorized by law; amending s. 553.382, F.S.; prohibiting the Department of Business and Professional Regulation from denying a building permit for certain residential manufactured buildings; requiring certain housing units to be taxed in a certain manner; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; providing for expiration of certain building permits issued by a local government; providing construction; providing prohibitions for inspection fees; prohibiting a local government from requiring building permits for certain projects; providing an exception; prohibiting a construction project from being divided into multiple projects for a certain purpose; requiring a notice of permit exemption with specified information to be filed within a certain timeframe under certain circumstances; providing that local governments do not have a duty to certain persons; prohibiting local governments from requiring a building permit for the installation of temporary residential hurricane and flood protection walls or barriers that meet certain requirements; prohibiting local governments from requiring a building permit for the installation of certain retaining walls; amending s. 553.791, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; requiring explicit written authorization from a fee owner for a contractor to use a private provider; removing the requirement that a contract for certain services be in writing; providing that a contract for certain services does not need to be submitted as part of a permit application; providing requirements for reduced permit fees; prohibiting a local jurisdiction from charging punitive administrative fees or fees for plans review services; requiring that certain documents be promptly provided to certain persons; requiring local enforcement agencies to reduce permit fees by specified percentages under certain circumstances; providing that a local enforcement agency forfeits the ability to collect fees under certain circumstances; requiring a surcharge to be calculated based on the reduced permit fee; prohibiting local governments and local building officials from requiring additional forms; requiring local enforcement agencies to create a specified registration system that must have a method to register and update registration information electronically; prohibiting local enforcement agencies from charging an administrative fee to register or update registration information; requiring private provider firms to register with the local enforcement agency, provide certain information, and update its registration within a specified timeframe after changes occur; prohibiting local enforcement agencies from altering a form adopted by the commission; removing the requirement that a private provider's qualification statements or resumes be included in a certain notice; removing time restrictions for electing to use a private provider; requiring local enforcement agencies to accept a certain affidavit electronically; providing which forms and documents a local building official may review; providing notice requirements; providing that certain permits are deemed approved; providing that local enforcement agencies are not responsible for the administration or supervision of services performed by a private provider; prohibiting local enforcement agencies from requiring additional verification of certain requirements beyond that which is required at registration; revising the timeframe in which certain records must be provided; authorizing certain records to be electronically transmitted; prohibiting local building officials from failing certain inspections; authorizing certain persons to sign certificates of compliance; providing requirements for local building officials who have knowledge that a private

provider failed to perform an inspection; providing that virtual inspections may not be prohibited; requiring certain notice before an audit; prohibiting certain entities from discouraging the use of private providers; authorizing certain public entities to use a private provider firm or to employ a licensed building inspector to provide building code inspection services; amending s. 553.792, F.S.; requiring a local government to make certain decisions relating to certain building permits within a specified timeframe; amending s. 553.77, F.S.; requiring the Florida Building Commission to develop uniform commercial and residential building permit applications by a specified date; providing requirements for a uniform commercial building permit application; creating s. 553.796, F.S.; defining the terms "backup power system" and "distributed energy generation system"; requiring local enforcement agencies to issue within a specified timeframe certain building permits if certain conditions are met; authorizing licensed contractors to commence work before the permit is issued; requiring owners who install certain systems to follow applicable permitting requirements; prohibiting counties, municipalities, and special districts from adopting or enforcing certain ordinances or rules; authorizing certain inspections to be done in person or virtually to verify compliance with certain codes; prohibiting more than one inspection; providing an exception; authorizing the use of private providers for certain inspections; providing notice requirements for noncompliance; authorizing a stop-work order only under certain circumstances; requiring, upon request, a reinspection of certain work within a specified timeframe; prohibiting a failed inspection report from being the sole basis for withholding or revoking a certificate of occupancy; requiring certain persons to notify certain entities within a reasonable timeframe that certain systems are affixed to a dwelling or townhouse; providing construction; amending s. 720.3035, F.S.; prohibiting an association or certain committees from requiring a building permit as a prerequisite for a certain review; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Trabulsy offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 725319)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 489-1251 and insert:

fee owner. A copy of such written authorization must be submitted to the local building official. The local enforcement agency may not require the contract to be provided as part of the permit application or as a condition for issuing a permit. The fee owner may elect to use a private provider to provide plans review or required building inspections, or both. However, if the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor uses a private provider to provide plans review, the local building official, in his or her discretion and pursuant to duly adopted policies of the local enforcement agency, may require the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor to use a private provider to also provide required building inspections.

(b) If a fee owner or the fee owner's contractor retains a private provider for purposes of plans review or building inspection services, the local jurisdiction must reduce the permit fee by the amount of cost savings realized by the local enforcement agency for not having to perform such services. Such reduction may be calculated on a flat fee or percentage basis, or any other reasonable means by which a local enforcement agency assesses the cost for its plans review or inspection services. The permit fee must be based on the cost incurred by the local jurisdiction, including the labor cost of the personnel providing such services and the clerical and supervisory assistance required to comply with this section. The local jurisdiction may not charge fees for plans review or building inspections if the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor hires a private provider to perform such services. The local enforcement agency may not charge punitive administrative fees when a fee owner has chosen to work with a private provider; however, the local jurisdiction may charge a reasonable administrative fee, which shall be based on the cost that is actually incurred, including the labor cost of the personnel providing the service, by the local jurisdiction or attributable to the local jurisdiction for the clerical and supervisory assistance required, or both.

(c) If a fee owner or the fee owner's contractor retains a private provider for purposes of plans review or building inspection services, the local jurisdiction must provide equal access to all permitting and inspection documents and reports to the private provider, owner, and contractor if such access is provided by software that protects exempt records from disclosure. Access to these documents must be promptly provided.

(d) If a fee owner or the fee owner's contractor retains a private provider for purposes of plans review or building inspection services for a commercial construction project, the local enforcement agency must reduce the permit fee by at least 25 percent of the portion of the permit fee attributable to plans review or building inspection services, as applicable. If the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor retains a private provider for all required plans review and building inspection services, the local enforcement agency must reduce the total permit fee by at least 50 percent of the amount otherwise charged for such services. If the local enforcement agency does not reduce such fee by at least the percentages provided in this paragraph, the local enforcement agency forfeits the ability to collect any fees for the commercial construction project. The surcharge required by s. 553.721 must be calculated based on the amount of the reduced permit fee. This paragraph does not prohibit a local enforcement agency from reducing a permit fee in excess of the percentages provided in this paragraph.

(e) A local government or local building official may not require additional forms beyond those required at registration, except for the written notice required under subsection (5), if a fee owner or the fee owner's contractor uses a private provider.

(3) A private provider and any duly authorized representative may only perform building code inspection services that are within the disciplines covered by that person's licensure or certification under chapter 468, chapter 471, or chapter 481, including single-trade inspections. A private provider may not provide building code inspection services pursuant to this section upon any building designed or constructed by the private provider or the private provider's firm.

(4) A local enforcement agency must create a registration system for private providers and private provider firms working in the local enforcement agency's jurisdiction. A local enforcement agency must have a method to register and update registration information electronically. The local enforcement agency may not charge an administrative fee for registration or updates to a registration. The private provider or private provider firm must provide its contact information and verify compliance with the licensure requirements of paragraph (1)(n) or paragraph (1)(o), as applicable, and the insurance requirements of subsection (20). The private provider or private provider firm must register with the local enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the provider or firm is working before contracting to provide services in such jurisdiction. The private provider or private provider firm must update its registration within 5 business days after any change to the provider's or firm's contact information, licensure, or insurance coverage.

(5)(4) A fee owner or the fee owner's contractor using a private provider to provide building code inspection services shall notify the local building official in writing at the time of permit application, or by 2 p.m. local time, 2 business days before the first scheduled inspection by the local building official or building code enforcement agency that a private provider has been contracted to perform the required inspections of construction under this section, including single-trade inspections, on a form to be adopted by the commission. The local enforcement agency may not alter the form. This notice must shall include the following information:

(a) The services to be performed by the private provider.

(b) The name, firm, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of each private provider who is performing or will perform such services, his or her professional license or certification number, ~~qualification statements or resumes~~, and, if required by the local building official, a certificate of insurance demonstrating that professional liability insurance coverage is in place for the private provider's firm, the private provider, and any duly authorized representative in the amounts required by this section.

(c) An acknowledgment from the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor in substantially the following form:

I have elected to use one or more private providers to provide building code plans review and/or inspection services on the building or structure that is the subject of the enclosed permit application, as authorized by s. 553.791, Florida Statutes. I understand that the local building official may not review the plans submitted or perform the required building inspections to determine compliance with the applicable codes, except to the extent specified in said law. Instead, plans review and/or required building inspections will be performed by licensed or certified personnel identified in the application. The law requires minimum insurance requirements for such personnel, but I understand that I may require more insurance to protect my interests. By executing this form, I acknowledge that I have made inquiry regarding the competence of the licensed or certified personnel and the level of their insurance and am satisfied that my interests are adequately protected. I agree to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the local government, the local building official, and their building code enforcement personnel from any and all claims arising from my use of these licensed or certified personnel to perform building code inspection services with respect to the building or structure that is the subject of the enclosed permit application.

If the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor makes any changes to the listed private providers or the services to be provided by those private providers, the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor shall, within 1 business day after any change or within 2 business days before the next scheduled inspection, update the notice to reflect such changes. A change of a duly authorized representative named in the permit application does not require a revision of the permit, and the building code enforcement agency shall not charge a fee for making the change.

~~(6)(5)~~ After construction has commenced ~~and if either the local building official is unable to provide inspection services in a timely manner or the work subject to inspection is related to a single-trade inspection for a single-family or two-family dwelling~~, the fee owner or the fee owner's contractor may elect to use a private provider to provide inspection services for a single-trade inspection for a single-family or two-family dwelling by notifying the local building official of the owner's or contractor's intention to do so ~~by 2 p.m. local time, 2 business days~~ before the next scheduled inspection using the notice provided for in paragraphs ~~(5)(a)-(c) (4)(a)-(e)~~.

~~(7)(6)~~ A private provider performing plans review under this section shall review the plans to determine compliance with the applicable codes. For single-trade plans reviews, a private provider may use an automated or software-based plans review system designed to determine compliance with one or more applicable codes, including, but not limited to, the National Electrical Code and the Florida Building Code. Upon determining that the plans reviewed comply with the applicable codes, the private provider shall prepare an affidavit or affidavits certifying, under oath, that the following is true and correct to the best of the private provider's knowledge and belief:

(a) The plans were reviewed by the affiant, who is duly authorized to perform plans review pursuant to this section and holds the appropriate license or certificate.

(b) The plans comply with the applicable codes.

Such affidavit may bear a written or electronic signature and may be submitted electronically to the local building official. A local enforcement agency must accept electronically submitted affidavits.

(8)(a) The local building official may not review plans, construction drawings, or any other related documents determined by a private provider to be compliant with the applicable codes, except to the extent necessary to determine compliance with local ordinances, floodplain management regulations, site review requirements, and any other administrative or life-safety review unrelated to building code compliance.

(b) The local building official may review other forms and documents required under this section for completeness only. The local building official must provide written notice to a permit applicant of any incomplete forms or documents required under this section no later than 10 business days after receipt of a permit application or, if the permit application is relating to a single-trade plans review for a single-family or two-family dwelling, no later than 5 business days after receipt of a permit application, and an affidavit from

the private provider as required in subsection (7). The written notice must state with specificity which forms or documents are incomplete.

~~(7)(a) No more than 20 business days, or if the permit application is related to a single-trade plans review for a single-family or two-family dwelling, no more than 5 business days, after receipt of a permit application and the affidavit from the private provider required pursuant to subsection (6), the local building official shall issue the requested permit or provide a written notice to the permit applicant identifying the specific plan features that do not comply with the applicable codes, as well as the specific code chapters and sections. If the local building official does not provide such a written notice of the plan deficiencies within the prescribed time period, the permit application must be deemed approved as a matter of law, and the permit must be issued by the local building official on the next business day.~~

~~(c)(b) If the local building official provides a written notice of plan deficiencies to the permit applicant of any incomplete forms or documents required under this section at the time of plan submission within the prescribed time period, such the time period is tolled pending resolution of the matter. To resolve the issues raised in the notice plan deficiencies, the permit applicant may elect to dispute the issues deficiencies pursuant to subsection (17) (15) or to submit revisions to correct the issues deficiencies.~~

~~(d)(e) If the permit applicant submits revisions, the local building official has the remainder of the tolled 10-day or 5-day time period plus 5 business days after the date of resubmittal to issue the requested permit or to provide a second written notice to the permit applicant stating which of the previously identified forms or documents plan features remain incomplete in noncompliance with the applicable codes, with specific reference to the relevant code chapters and sections. Any subsequent review by the local building official is limited to the issues deficiencies cited in the original written notice. If the local building official does not provide the second written notice within the prescribed time period, the permit must be deemed approved as a matter of law, and the local building official must issue the permit on the next business day.~~

~~(e)(d) If the local building official provides a second written notice of plan deficiencies to the permit applicant within the prescribed time period, the permit applicant may elect to dispute the issues raised in the second notice deficiencies pursuant to subsection (17) (15) or to submit additional revisions to correct the issues deficiencies. For all revisions submitted after the first revision, the local building official has an additional 5 business days after the date of resubmittal to issue the requested permit or to provide a written notice to the permit applicant stating which of the previously identified forms or documents plan features remain incomplete. If the local building official does not provide the notice within the prescribed time period, the permit shall be deemed approved as a matter of law, and the local building official must issue the permit on the next business day in noncompliance with the applicable codes, with specific reference to the relevant code chapters and sections.~~

~~(9)(8) A private provider performing required inspections under this section shall inspect each phase of construction as required by the applicable codes. Such inspection, including a single-trade inspection, may be performed in person or virtually. The private provider may have a duly authorized representative perform the required inspections, provided all required reports are prepared by and bear the written or electronic signature of the private provider or the private provider's duly authorized representative. The duly authorized representative must be an employee of the private provider entitled to receive reemployment assistance benefits under chapter 443. The contractor's contractual or legal obligations are not relieved by any action of the private provider.~~

~~(10)(9) A private provider performing required inspections under this section shall provide notice to the local building official of the approximate date and time of any such inspection. The local building official may not prohibit the private provider from performing any inspection outside the local building official's normal operating hours, including after hours, weekends, or holidays. The local building official may visit the building site as often as necessary to verify that the private provider is performing all required inspections. A deficiency notice must be posted by the private provider, the duly authorized representative of the private provider, or the building department whenever a noncomplying item related to the building code or the permitted documents is found. Such notice may be physically posted at~~

the job site or electronically posted. After corrections are made, the item must be reinspected by the private provider or the representative of the private provider before being concealed. Reinspection or reaudit fees shall not be charged by The local jurisdiction may not charge reinspection or reaudit fees as a result of the local jurisdiction's audit inspection occurring before the performance of the private provider's inspection or for any other administrative matter not involving the detection of a violation of the building code or a permit requirement.

(11) A local enforcement agency is not responsible for the regulatory administration or supervision of building code inspection services performed by a private provider hired by a fee owner or the fee owner's contractor. A local enforcement agency may not require additional verification of licensure or insurance requirements beyond that which is required at registration.

(12)(10) If the private provider is a person licensed as an engineer under chapter 471 or an architect under chapter 481 and affixes his or her professional seal to the affidavit required under subsection (7) (6), the local building official must issue the requested permit or provide a written notice to the permit applicant identifying the specific plan features that do not comply with the applicable codes, as well as the specific code chapters and sections, within 10 business days after receipt of the permit application and affidavit. In such written notice, the local building official must provide with specificity the plan's deficiencies, the reasons the permit application failed, and the applicable codes being violated. If the local building official does not provide specific written notice to the permit applicant within the prescribed 10-day period, the permit application is deemed approved as a matter of law, and the local building official must issue the permit on the next business day.

(13)(11) If equipment replacements and repairs must be performed in an emergency situation, subject to the emergency permitting provisions of the Florida Building Code, a private provider may perform emergency inspection services without first notifying the local building official pursuant to subsection (9). A private provider must conduct the inspection within 3 business days after being contacted to conduct an emergency inspection and must submit the inspection report to the local building official within 1 day after the inspection is completed.

(14)(12) Upon completing the required inspections at each applicable phase of construction, the private provider shall record such inspections on a form provided by the commission acceptable to the local building official. The form must bear the written or electronic signature of the private provider or the private provider's duly authorized representative. These inspection records must shall reflect those inspections required by the applicable codes of each phase of construction for which permitting by a local enforcement agency is required. The private provider, upon completion of the required inspection, shall post each completed inspection record, indicating pass or fail, and provide the record to the local building official within 4 2 business days. Such inspection record may be electronically posted by the private provider, or the private provider may post such inspection record physically at the project site. The private provider may electronically transmit the record to the local building official. The local building official may waive the requirement to provide a record of each inspection within 4 2 business days if the record is electronically posted or transmitted or posted at the project site and all such inspection records are submitted with the certificate of compliance. Unless the records have been electronically posted or transmitted, records of all required and completed inspections shall be maintained at the building site at all times and made available for review by the local building official. A local building official may not fail any inspection performed by a private provider for not having the inspection records at the job site if the inspection records have been electronically transmitted to the local building official within the 4-business-day requirement. The private provider shall report to the local enforcement agency any condition that poses an immediate threat to public safety and welfare.

(15)(13) Upon completion of all required inspections, the private provider firm shall prepare a certificate of compliance, on a form provided by the commission acceptable to the local building official, summarizing the inspections performed and including a written representation, under oath, that the stated inspections have been performed and that, to the best of the private provider's knowledge and belief, the building construction inspected complies with the approved plans and applicable codes. The certificate of compliance

may be signed by any qualified licensed individual employed full time by the private provider firm under whose authority the inspection was completed. The statement required of the private provider shall be substantially in the following form and shall be signed and sealed by a private provider as established in subsection (1) or may be electronically transmitted to the local building official:

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the building components and site improvements outlined herein and inspected under my authority have been completed in conformance with the approved plans and the applicable codes.

(16)(a)(14)(a) The local building official may only perform building inspections of construction that a private provider has determined to be compliant with the applicable codes if the local building official has knowledge that the private provider did not perform the required inspections. If the local building official has such knowledge, the local building official must provide to the private provider written notice of the facts and circumstances upon which the local building official relied for such knowledge before performing a required inspection. The local building official may review forms and documents required under this section for completeness only. No more than 10 business days, or if the permit is related to single-family or two-family dwellings then no more than 2 business days, after receipt of a request for a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion and the applicant's presentation of a certificate of compliance and approval of all other government approvals required by law, including the payment of all outstanding fees, the local building official shall issue the certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion or provide a notice to the applicant of any incomplete forms or documents required under this section identifying the specific deficiencies, as well as the specific code chapters and sections.

(b) If the local building official does not provide notice of any incomplete forms or documents the deficiencies within the applicable time periods under paragraph (a), the request for a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion is automatically granted and deemed issued as of the next business day. The local building official must provide the applicant with the written certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion within 10 days after it is automatically granted and issued. To resolve any identified issues deficiencies, the applicant may elect to dispute the issues deficiencies pursuant to subsection (17) (15) or to submit a corrected request for a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion.

(17)(15) If the local building official determines that the building construction or plans do not comply with the applicable codes, the official may deny the permit or request for a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion, as appropriate, or may issue a stop-work order for the project or any portion thereof as provided by law, if the official determines that the noncompliance poses an immediate threat to public safety and welfare, subject to the following:

(a) The local building official shall be available to meet with the private provider within 2 business days to resolve any dispute after issuing a stop-work order or providing notice to the applicant denying a permit or request for a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion.

(b) If the local building official and private provider are unable to resolve the dispute, the matter shall be referred to the local enforcement agency's board of appeals, if one exists, which shall consider the matter at its next scheduled meeting or sooner. Any decisions by the local enforcement agency's board of appeals, or local building official if there is no board of appeals, may be appealed to the commission as provided by this chapter.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, any decisions regarding the issuance of a building permit, certificate of occupancy, or certificate of completion may be reviewed by the local enforcement agency's board of appeals, if one exists. Any decision by the local enforcement agency's board of appeals, or local building official if there is no board of appeals, may be appealed to the commission as provided by this chapter, which shall consider the matter at the commission's next scheduled meeting.

(18)(16) For the purposes of this section, any notice to be provided by the local building official shall be deemed to be provided to the person or entity when successfully transmitted to the e-mail address listed for that person or

entity in the permit application or revised permit application, or, if no e-mail address is stated, when actually received by that person or entity.

~~(19)(a)(17)(a)~~ A local enforcement agency, local building official, or local government may not adopt or enforce any laws, rules, procedures, policies, qualifications, or standards more stringent than those prescribed by this section.

~~(b) — A local enforcement agency, local building official, or local government may establish, for private providers, private provider firms, and duly authorized representatives working within that jurisdiction, a system of registration to verify compliance with the licensure requirements of paragraph (1)(n) and the insurance requirements of subsection (18).~~

~~(b)(e)~~ This section does not limit the authority of the local building official to issue a stop-work order for a building project or any portion of the project, as provided by law, if the official determines that a condition on the building site constitutes an immediate threat to public safety and welfare.

(c) A local enforcement agency may not prohibit or limit private providers from using virtual inspections if a virtual inspection is not prohibited by any applicable code.

~~(20)(18)~~ A private provider may perform building code inspection services on a building project under this section only if the private provider maintains insurance for professional liability covering all services performed as a private provider. Such insurance shall have minimum policy limits of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate for any project with a construction cost of \$5 million or less and \$2 million per occurrence and \$4 million in the aggregate for any project with a construction cost of over \$5 million. Nothing in this section limits the ability of a fee owner to require additional insurance or higher policy limits. For these purposes, the term "construction cost" means the total cost of building construction as stated in the building permit application. If the private provider chooses to secure claims-made coverage to fulfill this requirement, the private provider must also maintain coverage for a minimum of 5 years ~~after subsequent to~~ the performance of building code inspection services. The insurance required under this subsection shall be written only by insurers authorized to do business in this state with a minimum A.M. Best's rating of A. Before providing building code inspection services within a local building official's jurisdiction, a private provider must provide to the local building official a certificate of insurance evidencing that the coverages required under this subsection are in force.

~~(21)(19)~~ When performing building code inspection services, a private provider is subject to the disciplinary guidelines of the applicable professional board with jurisdiction over his or her license or certification under chapter 468, chapter 471, or chapter 481. All private providers shall be subject to the disciplinary guidelines of s. 468.621(1)(c)-(h). Any complaint processing, investigation, and discipline that arise out of a private provider's performance of building code inspection services shall be conducted by the applicable professional board.

~~(22)(20)~~ A local building code enforcement agency may not audit the performance of building code inspection services by private providers operating within the local jurisdiction until the agency has created standard operating private provider audit procedures for the agency's internal inspection and review staff, which includes, at a minimum, the private provider audit purpose and scope, private provider audit criteria, an explanation of private provider audit processes and objections, and detailed findings of areas of noncompliance. Such private provider audit procedures must be publicly available online, and a printed version must be readily accessible in agency buildings. The private provider audit results of staff for the prior two quarters also must be publicly available. The agency's audit processes must adhere to the agency's posted standard operating audit procedures. The same private provider or private provider firm may not be audited more than four times in a year unless the local building official determines a condition of a building constitutes an immediate threat to public safety and welfare, which must be communicated in writing to the private provider or private provider firm. The private provider or private provider firm must be given notice of each audit to be performed at least 5 business days before the audit. Work on a building or structure may proceed after inspection and approval by a private provider. The work may not be delayed for completion of an inspection audit by the local building code enforcement agency.

~~(23)(21)~~ The local government, ~~the~~ local building official, and ~~their~~ building code enforcement personnel shall be immune from liability to any person or party for any action or inaction by a fee owner of a building, or by a private provider or its duly authorized representative, in connection with building code inspection services as authorized in this act. The local government, local enforcement agency, local building official, and building code enforcement personnel may not prohibit or discourage the use of a private provider or a private provider firm.

~~(24)(22)~~ Notwithstanding any other law, a county, a municipality, a school district, or an independent special district may use a private provider or a private provider firm, or may employ a licensed building inspector as described in s. 468.603(5)(a) or a person who holds the same licensure or certification as a private provider, to provide building code inspection services for a public works project, an improvement, a building, or any other structure that is owned by the county, municipality, school district, or independent special district.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 553.792, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.792 Building permit application to local government.—

(1)(a) A local government must approve, approve with conditions, or deny a building permit application after receipt of a completed and sufficient application within the following timeframes, unless the applicant waives such timeframes in writing:

1. Within 5 business days after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant using a local government plans reviewer to obtain the following building permits for an existing single-family residential dwelling if the value of the work is less than \$15,000: structural, accessory structure, alarm, electrical, gas, irrigation, landscaping, mechanical, plumbing, or roofing.

~~2.4.~~ Within 30 business days after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant using a local government plans reviewer to obtain the following building permits if the structure is less than 7,500 square feet: residential units, including a single-family residential unit or a single-family residential dwelling, accessory structure, alarm, electrical, irrigation, landscaping, mechanical, plumbing, or roofing.

~~3.2.~~ Within 60 business days after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant using a local government plans reviewer to obtain the following building permits if the structure is 7,500 square feet or more: residential units, including a single-family residential unit or a single-family residential dwelling, accessory structure, alarm, electrical, irrigation, landscaping, mechanical, plumbing, or roofing.

~~4.3.~~ Within 60 business days after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant using a local government plans reviewer to obtain the following building permits: signs or nonresidential buildings that are less than 25,000 square feet.

~~5.4.~~ Within 60 business days after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant using a local government plans reviewer to obtain the following building permits: multifamily residential, not exceeding 50 units; site-plan approvals and subdivision plats not requiring public hearing or public notice; and lot grading and site alteration.

~~6.5.~~ Within 12 business days after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant using a master building permit consistent with s. 553.794 to obtain a site-specific building permit.

~~7.6.~~ Within 10 business days after receiving a complete and sufficient application, for an applicant for a single-family residential dwelling applied for by a contractor licensed in this state on behalf of a property owner who participates in a Community Development Block Grant-Disaster Recovery program ~~administered by the Department of Commerce~~, unless the permit application fails to satisfy the Florida Building Code or the enforcing agency's laws or ordinances.

However, the local government may not require the waiver of the timeframes in this section as a condition precedent to reviewing an applicant's building permit application.

Section 7. Paragraphs (b) through (m) of subsection (1) of section 553.77, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) through (n), respectively,

present paragraph (c) of that subsection is amended, and a new paragraph (b) is added to that subsection, to read:

553.77 Specific powers of the commission.—

(1) The commission shall:

(b) By July 1, 2027, adopt by rule a uniform commercial building permit application to be used statewide for commercial construction projects and a uniform residential building permit application to be used statewide for residential construction projects. To the extent feasible, the uniform commercial building permit application and the uniform residential building permit application adopted by the commission must be capable of integration with existing building permit software systems used by local governments and must account for local amendments to the Florida Building Code.

~~(d)(e)~~ Upon written application by any substantially affected person or a local enforcement agency, issue declaratory statements pursuant to s. 120.565 relating to new technologies, techniques, and materials which have been tested where necessary and found to meet the objectives of the Florida Building Code. This paragraph does not apply to the types of products, materials, devices, or methods of construction required to be approved under paragraph ~~(g)~~ ~~(f)~~.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 34-121 and insert:

requiring such authorization to be submitted to the local building official; removing the requirement that a contract for certain services be in writing; providing that a contract for certain services does not need to be submitted as part of a permit application; providing requirements for reduced permit fees; prohibiting a local jurisdiction from charging punitive administrative fees or fees for plans review services; requiring that certain documents be promptly provided to certain persons; requiring local enforcement agencies to reduce permit fees by specified percentages under certain circumstances; providing that a local enforcement agency forfeits the ability to collect fees under certain circumstances; requiring a surcharge to be calculated based on the reduced permit fee; prohibiting local governments and local building officials from requiring additional forms; requiring local enforcement agencies to create a specified registration system that must have a method to register and update registration information electronically; prohibiting local enforcement agencies from charging an administrative fee to register or update registration information; requiring private provider firms to register with the local enforcement agency, provide certain information, and update its registration within a specified timeframe after changes occur; prohibiting local enforcement agencies from altering a form adopted by the commission; removing the requirement that a private provider's qualification statements or resumes be included in a certain notice; removing time restrictions for electing to use a private provider; requiring local enforcement agencies to accept a certain affidavit electronically; providing which forms and documents a local building official may review; providing notice requirements; providing that certain permits are deemed approved; providing that local enforcement agencies are not responsible for the administration or supervision of services performed by a private provider; prohibiting local enforcement agencies from requiring additional verification of certain requirements beyond that which is required at registration; revising the timeframe in which certain records must be provided; authorizing certain records to be electronically transmitted; prohibiting local building officials from failing certain inspections; authorizing certain persons to sign certificates of compliance; providing requirements for local building officials who have knowledge that a private provider failed to perform an inspection; providing that virtual inspections may not be prohibited; requiring certain notice before an audit; prohibiting certain entities from discouraging the use of private providers; authorizing certain public entities to use a private provider firm or to employ a licensed building inspector to provide building code inspection services; amending s. 553.792, F.S.; requiring a local government to make certain decisions relating to certain building permits within a specified timeframe; amending s. 553.77, F.S.; requiring the Florida Building Commission to develop uniform commercial and residential building permit applications by a specified date; providing requirements for a uniform commercial building permit application; amending s.

Rep. Trabulsy moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Trabulsy, the rules were waived and **CS/CS/HB 803** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 587

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Chaney	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Albert	Cobb	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Daley	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Andrade	Daniels	Koster	Salzman
Aristide	Driskell	LaMarca	Sapp
Baker	Duggan	Long	Shoaf
Bankson	Dunkley	López, J.	Sirois
Barnaby	Edmonds	Maggard	Skidmore
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maney	Smith
Basabe	Esposito	McClure	Snyder
Benarroch	Fabricio	McFarland	Spencer
Berfield	Franklin	Melo	Stark
Black	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Blanco	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Booth	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Borrero	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brackett	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Brannan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Buchanan	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Busatta	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Campbell	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Canady	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Cassel	Hinson	Plasencia	Young
Chamberlin	Hodgers	Porras	
Chambliss	Holcomb	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Nays—Gantt

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate after engrossment.

CS/CS/HB 405—A bill to be entitled An act relating to commercial construction projects; creating s. 255.0994, F.S.; providing definitions; prohibiting a governmental entity from enforcing certain contract provisions for a public works project; providing construction; providing for severability; providing applicability; amending s. 553.71, F.S.; defining the term "commercial construction project"; creating s. 553.789, F.S.; requiring the Florida Building Commission to adopt by rule a uniform commercial building permit application by a specified date; providing requirements for such application; requiring the commission to adopt by rule certain trade-specific forms; requiring a local enforcement agency to accept the uniform application and standardized forms adopted by the commission; authorizing a local enforcement agency to require additional documentation or plans under certain circumstances; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; limiting permit fees imposed by a local enforcement agency to the actual and reasonable costs incurred in performing certain functions; prohibiting a political subdivision from adopting or enforcing an ordinance that imposes certain glazing requirements; defining the terms "glazing" and "primary facade"; amending s. 553.791, F.S.; requiring a local jurisdiction to include specified information on its website; prohibiting a local jurisdiction from charging fees for plans review services performed by a private provider; requiring the local enforcement agency to reduce permit fees for commercial construction projects by certain percentages under certain circumstances; prohibiting the local enforcement agency from collecting any fees for a commercial construction project under certain circumstances; requiring a specified surcharge to be calculated based

on the reduced permit fee; providing construction; amending ss. 497.271 and 553.902, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Griffiths offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 880861)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 255.0518, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

255.0518 Public bids; bid opening.—Notwithstanding s. 119.071(1)(b), the state or any county or municipality thereof or any department or agency of the state, county, or municipality or any other public body or institution shall:

(1) Open, whether in electronic or paper format, ~~When opening~~ sealed bids or the portion of any sealed bids which includes ~~that include~~ the prices submitted that are received pursuant to a competitive solicitation for construction or repairs on a public building or public work, ~~open the sealed bids~~ at a public meeting conducted in person or virtually in compliance with s. 286.011.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 255.0525, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

255.0525 Advertising for competitive bids or proposals.—

(2) The solicitation of competitive bids or proposals for any county, municipality, or other political subdivision construction project that is projected to cost more than \$200,000 must ~~shall~~ be publicly advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which ~~where~~ the project is located or on a publicly accessible website in accordance with s. 50.0311 at least 21 days before ~~prior to~~ the established bid opening and at least 5 days before ~~prior to~~ any scheduled prebid conference. The solicitation of competitive bids or proposals for any county, municipality, or other political subdivision construction project that is projected to cost more than \$500,000 must ~~shall~~ be publicly advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which ~~where~~ the project is located or on a publicly accessible website in accordance with s. 50.0311 at least 30 days before ~~prior to~~ the established bid opening and at least 5 days before ~~prior to~~ any scheduled prebid conference. Bids or proposals must ~~shall~~ be received and opened at the location, date, and time established in the bid or proposal advertisement. In cases of emergency, the procedures required in this section may be altered by the local governmental entity in any manner that is reasonable under the emergency circumstances.

Section 3. Section 255.0994, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

255.0994 Public works projects; unenforceability of certain contract provisions regarding delays.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Governmental entity" has the same meaning as in s. 255.0993(1).

(b) "Public works project" has the same meaning as in s. 255.0992(1).

(2) Except as otherwise required by federal or state law, a governmental entity that contracts for a public works project may not take any of the following actions:

(a) Enforce any contract provision that eliminates or limits the contractor's right to receive compensation for damages and increased costs, equitable adjustments, or time extensions due to a delay in performance of the contract if the delay was caused by the acts or omissions of the governmental entity or any agent, employee, or person acting on behalf of the governmental entity.

(b) Enforce any contract provision that eliminates or limits the contractor's right to receive time extensions for any day during which a delay caused by the acts or omissions of the governmental entity or any agent, employee, or person acting on behalf of the governmental entity overlaps with a delay caused by the acts or omissions of the contractor or his or her subcontractors, agents, or employees.

(3) This section may not be construed to render unenforceable a provision of a contract for a public works project which:

(a) Requires the party claiming a delay to give notice of the acts or omissions giving rise to the delay;

(b) Allows a governmental entity to recover damages for a delay if the delay was caused by the acts or omissions of the contractor or his or her subcontractors, agents, or employees; or

(c) Provides for arbitration or any other procedure designed to settle contract disputes.

(4) If a contract for a public works project contains a provision that is unenforceable under this section, the provision must be severed from the contract, and the remaining provisions must remain in full force and effect.

(5) This section applies to any contract for a public works project entered into on or after July 1, 2026.

Section 4. Present subsections (1) through (12) of section 553.71, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (1) is added to that section, to read:

553.71 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(1) "Commercial construction project" means the construction, alteration, or repair of a building or structure that is primarily intended for business, industrial, institutional, or mercantile use and is not classified as residential under the Florida Building Code.

Section 5. Section 553.789, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

553.789 Uniform commercial building permit application.—

(1) By December 31, 2027, the commission shall adopt by rule a uniform commercial building permit application to be used statewide for commercial construction projects. The application must include, at a minimum, all of the following information:

(a) The name and contact information of the property owner.

(b) The name, license number, and contact information of the contractor, if known at the time of the application.

(c) The address and parcel identification number of the construction project.

(d) The project type and occupancy classification under the Florida Building Code.

(e) A description of the construction project, including whether the project is new construction or an alteration, an addition, or a repair.

(f) The total square footage and the declared value of the construction project.

(g) The architect or engineer of record, if applicable.

(h) The identification of any private provider services if used pursuant to s. 553.791.

(2) The commission shall adopt by rule additional trade-specific permit application forms for trades that are often present on a commercial construction project, including, but not limited to, electric, HVAC, plumbing, and water and sewer.

(3) A local enforcement agency must use and accept the uniform commercial building permit application, trade-specific permit applications, and other standardized forms adopted by the commission. Additionally, a local enforcement agency must adopt substantially similar forms for use in the local enforcement agency's online software system or other electronic system that is used for online permit applications. However, a local enforcement agency may require additional documentation or plans reasonably necessary for the applicant to demonstrate compliance with the Florida Building Code or local zoning ordinances. A local enforcement agency may accept by e-mail the submission of a uniform commercial building permit application, a trade-specific permit application, and any other standardized form adopted by the commission.

(4) To the extent feasible, the uniform commercial building permit application and trade-specific permit applications adopted by the commission must be capable of integration with existing building permit software systems or other public-facing systems used by local governments for the submission of permit applications and must account for local amendments to the Florida Building Code.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) and paragraph (a) of subsection (24) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.—

(1)

(g) Permit fees imposed by a local enforcement agency must be limited to the actual and reasonable costs incurred in reviewing, processing, and administering the permit and may not be based on industry standards, market rates, or comparable retail pricing. Such fees must be proportional to the work performed in reviewing, processing, and administering the permit.

(5)(a) During new construction or during repair or restoration projects in which the structural system or structural loading of a building is being modified, the enforcing agency shall require a special inspector to perform structural inspections on a threshold building pursuant to a structural inspection plan prepared by the engineer or architect of record. The structural inspection plan must be submitted to and approved by the enforcing agency before the issuance of a building permit for the construction of a threshold building. The purpose of the structural inspection plan is to provide specific inspection procedures and schedules so that the building can be adequately inspected for compliance with the permitted documents. The special inspector may not serve as a surrogate in carrying out the responsibilities of the building official, the architect, or the engineer of record. The contractor's contractual or statutory obligations are not relieved by any action of the special inspector. The special inspector shall determine that a professional engineer who specializes in shoring design has inspected the shoring and reshoring for conformance with the shoring and reshoring plans submitted to the enforcing agency. A fee simple title owner of a building, which does not meet the minimum size, height, occupancy, occupancy classification, or number-of-stories criteria which would result in classification as a threshold building as defined in s. 553.71 under s. 553.71(12), may designate such building as a threshold building, subject to more than the minimum number of inspections required by the Florida Building Code.

(24)(a) A political subdivision of this state may not adopt or enforce any ordinance or impose any building permit or other development order requirement that:

1. Contains any building, construction, or aesthetic requirement or condition that conflicts with or impairs corporate trademarks, service marks, trade dress, logos, color patterns, design scheme insignia, image standards, or other features of corporate branding identity on real property or improvements thereon used in activities conducted under chapter 526 or in carrying out business activities defined as a franchise by Federal Trade Commission regulations in 16 C.F.R. ss. 436.1, et. seq.; or

2. Imposes any requirement on the design, construction, or location of signage advertising the retail price of gasoline in accordance with the requirements of ss. 526.111 and 526.121 which prevents the signage from being clearly visible and legible to drivers of approaching motor vehicles from a vantage point on any lane of traffic in either direction on a roadway abutting the gas station premises and meets height, width, and spacing standards for Series C, D, or E signs, as applicable, published in the latest edition of Standard Alphabets for Highway Signs published by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Public Roads, Office of Highway Safety; or

3. Imposes a glazing requirement that results in the glazing of more than 15 percent of the surface area of the primary facade for the first 10 feet above the ground floor for a proposed new commercial or mixed-use construction or restoration project, except for individually listed or contributing structures to a National Register of Historic Places district. Such glazing requirements may not be imposed or enforced on any facade other than the primary facade, and such glazing requirements may not be imposed or enforced on any portion of the primary facade higher than the first 10 feet above the ground floor. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term:

- a. "Glazing" means the installation of transparent or translucent materials, including glass or similar substances, in windows, doors, or storefronts. The term includes any actual or faux windows to be installed to a building facade.

- b. "Primary facade" means the single building side on which the primary entrance to the building is located.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 553.791, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (d) is added to that subsection, to read:

553.791 Alternative plans review and inspection.—

(2)

(b) If an owner or contractor retains a private provider for purposes of plans review or building inspection services, the local jurisdiction must reduce the

permit fee by the amount of cost savings realized by the local enforcement agency for not having to perform such services. Such reduction may be calculated on a flat fee or percentage basis, or any other reasonable means by which a local enforcement agency assesses the cost for its plans review or inspection services. The local jurisdiction must include the applicable reduction in the permit fee on its schedule of fees posted on the local jurisdiction's website. The local jurisdiction may not charge fees for building inspections or plans review services if the fee owner or contractor hires a private provider to perform such services; however, the local jurisdiction may charge a reasonable administrative fee, which shall be based on the cost that is actually incurred, including the labor cost of the personnel providing the service, by the local jurisdiction or attributable to the local jurisdiction for the clerical and supervisory assistance required, or both, so long as the fee is not punitive in nature. The local jurisdiction must identify and itemize the services covered by the administrative fees before charging a fee owner or contractor such fees.

(d) If an owner or a contractor retains a private provider for purposes of plans review or building inspection services for a commercial construction project, the local enforcement agency must reduce the permit fee by at least 25 percent of the portion of the permit fee attributable to plans review or building inspection services, as applicable. If an owner or a contractor retains a private provider for all required plans review and building inspection services, the local enforcement agency must reduce the total permit fee by at least 50 percent of the amount otherwise charged for such services. If a local enforcement agency does not reduce its fees by at least the percentages provided in this paragraph, the local enforcement agency forfeits the ability to collect any fees for the commercial construction project. The surcharge required by s. 553.721 must be calculated based on the reduced permit fee. This paragraph does not prohibit a local enforcement agency from reducing its fees in excess of the percentages provided in this paragraph.

Section 8. Section 553.8992, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

553.8992 Recommendations for the incorporation of standards into the Florida Building Code.—By December 31, 2026, the commission shall review and make recommendations to incorporate into the Florida Building Code pursuant to s. 553.73(1) standards for the adoption of sections 680.26(B)(1) Conductive Pool Shells and 680.26(B)(2) Perimeter Surfaces of the 2026 Edition of the National Electrical Code for all new construction of commercial pools.

Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 497.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.271 Standards for construction and significant alteration or renovation of mausoleums and columbaria.—

(3) The licensing authority shall transmit the rules as adopted under subsection (2), referred to as the "mausoleum standards," to the Florida Building Commission, which shall initiate rulemaking under chapter 120 to consider such mausoleum standards. If such mausoleum standards are not deemed acceptable, they must be returned by the Florida Building Commission to the licensing authority with details of changes needed to make them acceptable. If such mausoleum standards are acceptable, the Florida Building Commission must adopt a rule designating the mausoleum standards as an approved revision to the State Minimum Building Codes under part IV of chapter 553. When designated by the Florida Building Commission, such mausoleum standards ~~must shall~~ become a required element of the State Minimum Building Codes under s. 553.73(2)(a) and ~~must shall~~ be transmitted to each local enforcement agency, as defined in s. 553.71 ~~s.—553.71(5)~~. Such local enforcement agency shall consider and inspect for compliance with such mausoleum standards as if they were part of the local building code, but shall have no continuing duty to inspect after final approval of the construction pursuant to the local building code. Any further amendments to the mausoleum standards ~~must shall~~ be accomplished by the same procedure. Such designated mausoleum standards, as from time to time amended, ~~must shall~~ be a part of the State Minimum Building Codes under s. 553.73 until the adoption and effective date of a new statewide uniform minimum building code, which may supersede the mausoleum standards as provided by the law enacting the new statewide uniform minimum building code.

Section 10. Subsection (5) of section 553.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.902 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(5) "Local enforcement agency" means the agency of local government which has the authority to make inspections of buildings and to enforce the Florida Building Code. The term includes any agency within the definition of s. 553.71(6) ~~s. 553.71(5)~~.

Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to commercial construction; amending s. 255.0518, F.S.; requiring certain entities to open certain sealed bids, whether in electronic or paper form, at a public meeting conducted virtually or in person; amending s. 255.0525, F.S.; authorizing the solicitation of competitive bids or proposals for certain construction projects to be advertised on a publicly accessible website instead of in a newspaper; creating s. 255.0994, F.S.; defining the terms "governmental entity" and "public works project"; prohibiting a governmental entity from enforcing certain contract provisions for a public works project; providing construction; providing for severability; providing applicability; amending s. 553.71, F.S.; defining the term "commercial construction project"; creating s. 553.789, F.S.; requiring the Florida Building Commission to adopt by rule a uniform commercial building permit application for a specified purpose by a specified date; specifying the information to be included in the application; requiring the commission to adopt by rule additional trade-specific permit application forms for certain trades; requiring a local enforcement agency to use and accept the applications and forms adopted by the commission; requiring local enforcement agencies to adopt substantially similar forms for a certain purpose; authorizing the local enforcement agency to require additional documentation or plans; authorizing local enforcement agencies to accept by e-mail the submission of certain applications and forms; requiring, to the extent feasible, that certain applications be capable of integrating with existing systems and account for local amendments to the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; requiring permit fees that are imposed by a local enforcement agency to be limited to the actual and reasonable costs incurred in reviewing, processing, and administering the permit; prohibiting such fees from being based on industry standards, market rates, or comparable retail pricing; requiring that such fees be proportional to the work performed in reviewing, processing, and administering such permits; prohibiting a political subdivision from imposing certain requirements for glazing on certain proposed construction or restoration projects; defining the terms "glazing" and "primary facade"; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 553.791, F.S.; requiring a local jurisdiction to include a certain reduction in permit fees on its schedule of fees posted on its website; prohibiting the local jurisdiction from charging fees for plans review services under certain circumstances; prohibiting fees punitive in nature; requiring the local jurisdiction to identify and itemize the services covered by the administrative fees on its website; requiring the local enforcement agency to reduce the permit fee by specified percentages for an owner or a contractor who retains a private provider for specified purposes; providing that a local enforcement agency forfeits its ability to collect any fees for a commercial construction project if it does not reduce its fees by such specified percentages; requiring that a certain surcharge be calculated based on the reduced permit fee; providing construction; creating s. 553.8992, F.S.; requiring the commission to review and make recommendations relating to the incorporation of certain standards into the Florida Building Code for all new construction of commercial pools by a specified date; amending ss. 497.271 and 553.902, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

Rep. Griffiths moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Griffiths, the rules were waived and **CS/CS/HB 405** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 588

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Rayner
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Salzman
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Sapp
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Shoaf
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sirois
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Skidmore
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Smith
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Snyder
Basabe	Espósito	Maney	Spencer
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Stark
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Steele
Black	Gantt	Melo	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tramont
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tuck
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Valdés
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Weinberger
Brannan	Gottlieb	Owen	Woodson
Buchanan	Greco	Partington	Yarkosky
Busatta	Griffitts	Perez	Yeager
Campbell	Grow	Persons-Mulicka	Young
Canady	Harris	Plakon	
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	
Chamberlin	Hinson	Porras	

Nays—2

Overdorf Trabulsy

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Rosenwald

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate after engrossment.

CS/CS/HB 797—A bill to be entitled An act relating to nonprofit corporations; amending s. 617.01011, F.S.; renaming the "Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act" as the "Florida Nonprofit Corporation Act"; amending s. 617.01201, F.S.; providing applicability; providing that provisions of a plan or filed document may not be made dependent upon facts outside the plan or filed document; requiring a corporation to file articles of amendment with the Department of State under certain circumstances; providing that articles of amendment are deemed to be authorized by the authorization of the original filed document to which they relate; providing that such articles of amendment may be filed by the corporation without further action by the board of directors or the members; defining the terms "filed document" and "plan"; making technical changes; amending s. 617.0123, F.S.; providing that a document accepted for filing may specify an effective time and a delayed effective date; providing that a previous effective date may be specified in the initial articles of incorporation if such date is within a specified timeframe; specifying when a document accepted for filing is effective; providing that the date or time at which a document is filed is the time and date at the place of filing in this state; amending s. 617.0124, F.S.; revising the circumstances in which a domestic or foreign corporation may correct a document filed with the department; prohibiting articles of correction from containing a delayed effective date for the correction; authorizing a corporation to withdraw a filing delivered to the department before it takes effect by delivering a withdrawal statement to the department for filing; specifying what information must be included in a withdrawal statement; providing that the action or transaction evidenced by the original filing does not take effect upon the filing of a withdrawal statement by the department; amending s. 617.0126, F.S.; revising what a domestic or foreign corporation may do if the department refuses to file a document delivered to its office for filing; amending s. 617.0127, F.S.;

requiring all courts, public offices, and official bodies to receive all certificates issued by the department as prima facie evidence of certain facts; amending s. 617.0128, F.S.; requiring the department to issue, upon request, a certificate of status for a domestic corporation or a certificate of authorization for a foreign corporation; amending s. 617.01301, F.S.; revising who must answer interrogatories directed at a corporation; making technical changes; amending s. 617.01401, F.S.; defining, revising, and deleting terms; amending s. 617.0141, F.S.; requiring written and oral notice to be communicated in a specified manner; making technical changes; creating s. 617.0143, F.S.; defining terms; providing that a director is not automatically prevented from being a qualified director under certain circumstances; amending s. 617.0202, F.S.; revising the contents of the articles of incorporation; amending s. 617.0204, F.S.; deleting an exception for liability for preincorporation transactions; amending s. 617.0206, F.S.; providing an exception when the initial bylaws of a corporation must be adopted by its board of directors; amending s. 617.0302, F.S.; revising the corporate powers of nonprofit corporations; amending s. 617.0304, F.S.; making technical changes; amending s. 617.0401, F.S.; authorizing a corporation to register under a name that is not otherwise distinguishable on the records of the department under certain circumstances; providing that the corporate name as filed with the department is for public notice only and does not alone create any presumption of ownership of such name; providing applicability; amending s. 617.0403, F.S.; authorizing a foreign corporation that has registered its name to conduct its affairs in this state; making technical changes; amending s. 617.0501, F.S.; specifying the duties of a registered agent; deleting the definition for the term "authorized entity"; authorizing a court to stay a proceeding commenced by a corporation until the corporation is in compliance; making technical changes; amending s. 617.0502, F.S.; revising the information required in a statement filed with the department for a corporation requesting to change its registered office or its registered agent; deleting a provision that a registered agent may resign by signing and delivering to the department a statement of resignation; revising the statement of resignation requirements; deleting the notification requirements for a registered agent who changes his or her business name or business address; deleting a provision that a registered office or registered agent may be changed on the corporation's annual report form filed with the department; deleting a requirement that the department collect a fee for filings; creating s. 617.05021, F.S.; authorizing a registered agent to resign as agent for a corporation in a specified manner under certain circumstances; providing applicability; providing that a registered agent is terminated upon the department filing certain documents; providing that a registered agent ceases to have responsibility for any matter tendered to the agent once a statement of resignation takes effect; authorizing a registered agent to resign from a corporation regardless of whether the corporation has active status; creating s. 617.05022, F.S.; authorizing a registered agent seeking to change the registered agent's name or business address to file with the department a statement of change; specifying the information to be included in the statement of change; requiring a registered agent to furnish notice of the statement of change to the represented corporation; providing that the statement of change is effective when filed by the department; providing that such changes may be made by the corporation with other filings by the department; requiring the department to collect a fee for filings; amending s. 617.0503, F.S.; deleting applicability for alien business organizations; revising the testimony and records required to be produced for the Department of Legal Affairs by certain domestic or foreign corporations; deleting definitions; making technical changes; amending s. 617.0505, F.S.; prohibiting a corporation from paying any dividend and making distributions of any part of its net income or net earnings to its members, directors, or officers; revising exceptions; providing that a dividend or distribution by a nonprofit insurance company subsidiary is not a distribution under certain circumstances; making technical changes; amending s. 617.0601, F.S.; providing that, for certain nonprofit corporations, notice to, the presence of, or the vote, consent, or other action by a board of directors satisfies a specified requirement; requiring corporation members who have no other rights except as provided in the articles of incorporation or the bylaws to have the same rights and obligations as every other member; authorizing a corporation to admit members for no consideration or for such consideration

as determined by the board of directors; providing that such consideration may take any form; providing that payment of such consideration may be made as set forth in or authorized by the articles of incorporation, the bylaws, or the action of the board of directors; prohibiting a corporation from being a member of itself or exercising the rights of a member with respect to itself; providing that a corporation's purchase of its own membership interest is canceled under certain circumstances; making technical changes; creating s. 617.0603, F.S.; authorizing a corporation to pay certain compensation to and confer certain benefits upon its members, directors, officers, agents, and employees; authorizing a corporation to make certain distributions to its members and others upon dissolution or final liquidation; providing that such payments, benefits, or distributions may not be deemed to be a dividend or a distribution of income or earnings; amending s. 617.0604, F.S.; authorizing a corporation to levy dues, assessments, and fees on its members to the extent authorized by the articles of incorporation or bylaws; providing that such dues, assessments, and fees may be imposed on members of the same class in alike or different amounts or proportions, and imposed on a different basis on different classes of members; providing that certain members may be made exempt from such dues, assessments, and fees to the extent provided in the articles of incorporation or bylaws; providing that the amount and method of collecting such dues, assessments, and fees may be fixed in the articles of incorporation or bylaws, or by the board of directors or its members; providing that the articles of incorporation or bylaws may provide reasonable means to enforce the collection of such dues, assessments, and fees; prohibiting a creditor of a corporation from bringing a proceeding to reach the liability of a member of the corporation unless certain conditions are met; authorizing all creditors of a corporation to intervene in any other creditor's proceeding brought to reach and apply unpaid amounts due from the corporation; authorizing all members who owe unpaid amounts to the corporation to be joined in the proceeding; providing that satisfaction of a debt owed to a creditor by the corporation through payment of a member who owes unpaid amounts to the corporation satisfies the debt of the corporation to the creditor and the debt of the member to the corporation to the extent so paid by the member to the creditor; amending s. 617.0605, F.S.; revising the process by which membership interests of a corporation may be transferred; amending s. 617.0606, F.S.; authorizing a member to resign at any time for any reason; amending s. 617.0607, F.S.; providing that a member who had a membership suspended or terminated may be liable to the corporation for dues, assessments, or fees for obligations incurred or commitments made before the expulsion, suspension, or termination; providing that any such expulsion, suspension, or termination does not relieve the member of any obligations or commitments made before the expulsion, suspension, or termination; authorizing a corporation to levy fines or penalize its members if such actions are authorized in the articles of incorporation or bylaws; prohibiting the levy of certain penalties until after the corporation has provided notice to the member concerned and has afforded the affected member an opportunity to be heard on the matter; amending s. 617.0608, F.S.; prohibiting certain corporations from purchasing the membership interests or any rights arising from membership of any of their members; authorizing certain other corporations to purchase the membership interest of any member or any right arising from membership, subject to the articles of incorporation or bylaws; providing that payment for such membership interest or right arising from membership is not a dividend or a distribution of income or earnings; providing circumstances in which a corporation may purchase the membership interests of a member who resigns; amending s. 617.0701, F.S.; authorizing a corporation with members to hold meetings for certain purposes; providing that specified meetings may be held in or out of this state; providing that failure to hold a required annual meeting does not work a forfeiture or dissolution of the corporation and does not affect the validity of any corporate action; revising when special meetings of the members may be called; providing that a written demand for a special meeting may be revoked by a writing received by the corporation before receiving the written demands from certain members sufficient in number to require holding the special meeting; providing that any business other than that described in the meeting notice may not be conducted at the meeting; authorizing special meetings to be held in or out of this state at a place stated in or fixed in accordance with the articles of incorporation and bylaws; requiring that special meetings be held at

the corporation's principal office if no such place is stated in or fixed in the articles of incorporation and bylaws or in the notice of special meeting; providing that action taken by written consent is effective when such written consent is signed by members entitled to cast the required number of votes on the action and has been delivered to the corporation; requiring that, for corporations whose nonvoting members must be given notice of proposed corporate action, proper notice be given to the nonvoting members after obtaining authorization by written consent; authorizing members to waive any required notice within a certain timeframe; requiring that such waiver be in writing, signed by the member, and delivered to the corporation for filing; providing that a member's attendance at a meeting waives certain objections; making technical changes; amending s. 617.0721, F.S.; providing that a member or a member's attorney in fact may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act for the member for certain duties; requiring that an appointment form contain certain information; specifying when an appointment of a proxy is effective and valid; providing that the death or incapacity of a member who appoints a proxy does not affect the right of the corporation to accept the proxy's authority under certain circumstances; authorizing a member to revoke appointment of a proxy; providing an exception; providing that a corporation may reject a ballot or demand, as well as a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment, under certain circumstances; providing that members of any class, their attorneys-in-fact, and proxies may participate in any meeting of members to the extent that the board of directors authorizes such participation for such class; limiting participation by remote communication to the guidelines and procedures adopted by the board of directors; providing that members, their attorneys-in-fact, and proxies who participate by means of remote communication are deemed present in person and may vote at a meeting under certain circumstances; requiring that a vote or action taken by a member, a member's attorney in fact, or a proxy by means of remote communication be maintained by the corporation; providing that a meeting may be held solely by means of remote communication only under certain circumstances; making technical changes; creating s. 617.0741, F.S.; prohibiting directors, officers, or members from commencing a proceeding in the right of a domestic or foreign corporation unless certain circumstances exist; creating s. 617.0742, F.S.; specifying requirements for a complaint in a proceeding brought in the right of a corporation; creating s. 617.0743, F.S.; authorizing the court to stay a derivative proceeding if the corporation commences an inquiry into the allegations made in the demand or complaint; creating s. 617.0744, F.S.; authorizing the court to dismiss a derivative proceeding on motion by the corporation if a certain determination is made by specified persons; providing that the corporation has the burden of proof in all such cases in regard to certain issues; authorizing the court to appoint a panel of disinterested and independent persons to make such determination; providing construction; creating s. 617.0745, F.S.; providing that a derivative action may not be discontinued or settled without the court's approval; requiring the court to direct that notice be given to certain members under certain circumstances; authorizing the court to determine which party bears the expense of giving such notice; creating s. 617.0746, F.S.; authorizing the court to take specified action upon the termination of a derivative proceeding; creating s. 617.0747, F.S.; providing applicability; amending s. 617.0803, F.S.; revising the number of persons to serve on the board of directors; creating s. 617.0804, F.S.; specifying the manner in which directors of membership and nonmembership corporations are elected; creating s. 617.0805, F.S.; providing that the articles of incorporation or bylaws may specify the terms of directors; providing that if a term is not specified in the articles of incorporation or bylaws, the term of a director is 1 year; providing that a decrease in the number of directors does not affect an incumbent director's term; providing that the term of a director elected to fill a vacancy expires at the end of the term the director is filling; providing that a director continues to serve after his or her term expires until the director's successor takes office; amending s. 617.0808, F.S.; providing that a director may be removed under certain circumstances; amending s. 617.0809, F.S.; revising the manner in which a vacancy on the board of directors is filled; deleting a requirement that the term of a director elected or appointed to fill a vacancy expires at the next annual meeting to elect directors; deleting a provision authorizing a vacancy caused by an increase in the number of directors to be filled by the board of directors in a specified manner; creating s. 617.08091,

F.S.; authorizing the court to remove a director from office in a proceeding commenced by or in the right of the corporation if the court makes certain findings; limiting the persons who may bring such an action; requiring that an action by a member be brought only if the member or members collectively bringing action have a specified voting power; authorizing the court to bar the director from being reelected, redesignated, or reappointed for a period prescribed by the court; providing construction; amending s. 617.0820, F.S.; revising the criteria for when meetings of the board of directors may be called; authorizing that regular meetings of the board of directors may be held without notice of date, time, place, or purpose; requiring that special meetings of the board of directors be preceded by a certain amount of notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting; amending s. 617.0821, F.S.; requiring that actions taken without a meeting be delivered to the corporation; revising when certain action taken is effective; providing that a director's consent may be withdrawn by a revocation signed by the director and delivered to the corporation before delivery to the corporation of certain unrevoked written consents; amending s. 617.0823, F.S.; revising the list of what a director waives when he or she signs a waiver of notice and attends a meeting of the board of directors; amending s. 617.0830, F.S.; specifying the standards of conduct a member of the board of directors or a board committee must conform to in discharging his or her duties; authorizing members to rely on certain persons in discharging their duties; providing that a director is not a trustee in certain respects; amending s. 617.0832, F.S.; defining terms; providing that if a director's conflict of interest transaction is fair to the corporation at the time that transaction is authorized, approved, effectuated, or ratified, the transaction is not void or voidable, and is not grounds for relief, damages, or other sanctions; providing that the person challenging the validity of such transaction or seeking relief has the burden of proving certain facts; specifying the burden of proof for the person defending or asserting the validity of the director's conflict of interest; providing that the presence of or a vote cast by a director with an interest in a transaction does not affect the validity of the action if the transaction is otherwise authorized, approved, or ratified by the board of directors; authorizing a party challenging the validity of the transaction to assert and prove that a director or member was not disinterested on certain grounds for the purpose of voting on, consenting to, or approving the transaction; requiring that an action to satisfy certain authorization requirements be taken by the board of directors or a committee in order to authorize the transaction under certain circumstances; requiring that action be taken to satisfy certain requirements by the members or a committee in order to authorize the transaction under certain circumstances; reordering and amending s. 617.0834, F.S.; revising immunity and liability of certain persons; specifying when such persons are deemed not to have derived an improper personal benefit from any transaction under certain circumstances; revising the definition of the term "recklessness"; providing construction; amending s. 617.0835, F.S.; revising applicability; creating s. 617.0844, F.S.; providing the standards of conduct an officer must conform to in discharging his or her duties; authorizing officers to rely on certain persons in discharging their duties; specifying the duties of an officer; providing that an officer is not a trustee with respect to the corporation or any property held or administered by the corporation in trust; amending s. 617.1001, F.S.; revising the authority of the corporation to amend its articles of incorporation; amending s. 617.1002, F.S.; revising the procedure for amending the articles of incorporation; amending s. 617.1006, F.S.; requiring that an amendment to the articles of incorporation be delivered to the department for filing articles of amendment; specifying what must be set forth in such articles of amendment; amending s. 617.1101, F.S.; revising the plan of merger for certain entities; specifying what a plan of merger must include; providing that terms of a plan of merger may be made dependent upon facts objectively ascertainable outside the plan; authorizing amendments to a plan of merger with the consent of each party to the merger, except as provided in the plan; authorizing a domestic party to a merger to approve an amendment to a plan in a certain manner; amending s. 617.1102, F.S.; revising the limitations on merger for certain corporations that hold property for a charitable purpose; amending s. 617.1103, F.S.; specifying the manner in which a plan of merger must be adopted for a domestic corporation whose members are entitled to vote on the merger; authorizing the adoption of a plan of merger at the meeting of the board of directors for

certain domestic corporations; providing that a plan of merger may be abandoned after the plan has been approved but before the articles of merger are effective; providing that the plan may be abandoned by the board of directors in the same manner as the plan of merger was approved by a domestic corporation or a merging domestic eligible entity; requiring that a statement of abandonment signed by all parties that signed the articles of merger be delivered to the department if the merger is abandoned after articles of merger were delivered to the department for filing but before the articles of merger become effective; specifying what must be in a statement of abandonment; creating s. 617.1104, F.S.; authorizing a domestic or foreign parent eligible entity that holds membership in a domestic corporation and that carries a specified percentage of voting power of the domestic corporation to merge the subsidiary into itself or into another specified domestic or foreign eligible entity or to merge itself into the subsidiary; providing that such mergers do not require approval of the board of directors or members of the subsidiary unless required; providing that articles of merger do not need to be signed by the subsidiary entity; requiring the parent eligible entity to notify subsidiary members within a specified timeframe; providing construction; amending s. 617.1105, F.S.; requiring that the articles of merger be signed by each party to the merger if the merger has been approved; providing an exception; specifying what must be included in the articles of merger; requiring that the articles of merger be delivered to the department for filing; specifying when a merger becomes effective; authorizing the filing of articles of merger in a specified manner under certain circumstances; amending s. 617.1106, F.S.; revising the effects of a merger once such merger becomes effective; providing that a merger does not give rise to any rights that any interest holder or third party would have upon a dissolution, liquidation, or winding up of that party; providing that a party to a merger is not required to wind up its affairs and cause its dissolution or termination; prohibiting certain property held in trust or otherwise used for charitable purposes from being diverted from such purposes except as provided by law; providing that any bequest, devise, gift, grant, or promise contained in certain instruments inures to the survivor of the merger; providing that a trust obligation that would govern property if the property is directed to be transferred to the nonsurviving party is transferred to the surviving party of a merger; amending s. 617.1107, F.S.; deleting provisions related to mergers of foreign corporations and domestic corporations under certain circumstances; requiring a foreign eligible entity that survives a merger to comply with ch. 617, F.S.; deleting a provision to allow abandonment of merger under certain circumstances; amending s. 617.1202, F.S.; revising the manner in which a corporation may sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all, or substantially all, of its property; specifying the manner in which a board of directors proposes and its members approve the proposed transaction; authorizing the corporation to abandon such disposition of property without action by the members; providing exceptions; providing construction; reenacting and amending s. 617.1401, F.S.; revising what must be set forth in articles of dissolution; amending s. 617.1402, F.S.; making technical changes; amending s. 617.1403, F.S.; defining the term "dissolved corporation"; reenacting and amending s. 617.1405, F.S.; authorizing the circuit court to appoint a trustee, custodian, receiver, or provisional director for any property owned or acquired by the corporation to conduct its affairs for winding up and liquidating its affairs if any director or officer of the dissolved corporation is unwilling or unable to serve or cannot be located; prohibiting certain property held in trust from being diverted from its trust or charitable purpose unless done so under certain circumstances; amending s. 617.1406, F.S.; deleting obsolete language; making technical changes; amending s. 617.1407, F.S.; revising the notice requirements that a dissolved corporation or successor entity must file with the department; revising the claimants who may bring a claim against a dissolved corporation or successor entity; providing conditions under which certain claims are barred; amending s. 617.1408, F.S.; authorizing that a dissolved corporation or successor entity may dispose of known claims against it by giving written notice to its known claimants of the dissolution within a specified timeframe after a specified timeframe; specifying what must be in such written notice; authorizing that a dissolved corporation or successor entity may reject a claim submitted by a claimant and received before the specified timeframe by mailing notice of the rejection to the claimant within a specified timeframe; specifying what must be included in

such notice; providing that a claim against a dissolved corporation is barred under certain circumstances; defining the term "known claim"; providing that such notice does not revive any claim then barred or acknowledge that any person to whom such notice is sent is a proper claimant and does not operate as a waiver of any defenses or counterclaims; creating s. 617.1409, F.S.; authorizing a dissolved corporation to file with the circuit court for a determination of the amount and form of security to be provided for payment of unknown claims; specifying certain notice requirements of such proceeding; authorizing the court to appoint a guardian ad litem for a specified purpose; requiring the dissolved corporation to pay the reasonable fees and expenses of the guardian ad litem; providing that provisions by the dissolved corporation for security ordered by the court satisfies the dissolved corporation's obligations with respect to certain claims; creating s. 617.14091, F.S.; providing that directors of certain dissolved corporations are not personally liable to its claimants; authorizing certain claims from being enforced against the dissolved corporation's undistributed assets and a member of the dissolved corporation on a pro rata share of the claim or the corporate assets distributed to such member, whichever is less; providing construction; amending s. 617.1420, F.S.; requiring the department to serve notice in a record to the corporation of its intent to administratively dissolve a corporation under certain circumstances; specifying the manner in which the department may issue the notice; requiring the department to administratively dissolve a corporation that does not respond to such notice within a specified timeframe; requiring the department to issue a notice in a record of administrative dissolution that states the grounds for the administrative dissolution; authorizing the department to issue such notice in a specified manner; reenacting and amending s. 617.1421, F.S.; making technical changes; amending s. 617.1430, F.S.; revising when a circuit court may dissolve a corporation or order other remedies; amending s. 617.1431, F.S.; revising the venue for judicial dissolution proceedings; providing that directors need not be made parties to a proceeding to dissolve a corporation unless relief is sought against them individually; authorizing a court to award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the other parties to the proceedings if the court makes certain findings; deleting obsolete language; amending s. 617.1432, F.S.; prohibiting a court from appointing a custodian or receiver brought in certain proceedings if its members, directors, or authorized persons have provided for the appointment of a provisional director or other means for the resolution of a deadlock; authorizing the court to enforce the remedy so provided by the provisional director; revising who the court may appoint to act as receiver or custodian of the corporation; revising the duties of the receiver redesignated as custodian by the court; authorizing the court to amend the order designating the receiver as custodian and custodian as receiver; making technical changes; amending s. 617.1433, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; making technical changes; creating s. 617.1434, F.S.; authorizing the court to order certain actions be taken as an alternative to directing the dissolution of the corporation; creating s. 617.1435, F.S.; authorizing the court to appoint a provisional director for a certain proceeding if it appears such appointment will remedy the grounds alleged by the complaining members or directors; providing that a provisional director may be appointed without a vacancy on the board of directors; providing that a provisional director has all the rights and powers of a duly elected director, until removed; specifying the criteria for a provisional director; requiring a provisional director to report to the court concerning certain matters; providing that a provisional director is not liable for actions taken or decisions made; providing exceptions; requiring the provisional director to submit recommendations to the court if directed; authorizing any officer or director to petition the court for certain instructions; requiring the court to compensate and reimburse the provisional director; amending s. 617.1440, F.S.; providing an exception to the assets that must be deposited with the Department of Financial Services for safekeeping; making technical changes; creating s. 617.15015, F.S.; providing the governing law for a foreign corporation for certain affairs and interests of the foreign corporation; prohibiting a foreign corporation from being denied a certificate of authority for a specified reason; providing that a certificate of authority does not authorize a foreign corporation to engage in any business or exercise any prohibited power; amending s. 617.1502, F.S.; making technical changes; providing that any member, officer, or director of a foreign

corporation is not liable for the debts, obligations, or other liabilities of the foreign corporation under certain circumstances; providing applicability; requiring a foreign corporation that transacts business in this state without a certificate of authority to appoint the Secretary of State as its agent for service of process; amending s. 617.1503, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 617.1504, F.S.; revising the requirements for a foreign corporation to amend its certificate of authority; revising applicability; authorizing a foreign corporation to amend its certificate of authority to add, remove, or change certain information; amending s. 617.1505, F.S.; deleting a prohibition of the state to regulate the organization or internal affairs of a foreign corporation; making a technical change; amending s. 617.1506, F.S.; revising the requirements for a foreign corporation whose name is noncompliant to use an alternate name; authorizing the foreign corporation to use its name if it becomes available; providing construction; authorizing a foreign corporation to transact business in this state under the alternate name; providing an exception; prohibiting a foreign corporation with a noncompliant name from transacting business in this state until such corporation obtains an amended certificate of authority; authorizing a foreign corporation to register under a name not otherwise distinguishable on the records of another registered entity under certain circumstances; amending s. 617.1507, F.S.; requiring certain registered agents file a statement with the department with certain information; providing the duties of a registered agent; deleting the definition of the term "authorized entity"; requiring the department to maintain an accurate record of the registered agent and registered offices; requiring the department to furnish any information for a fee; prohibiting a foreign corporation from prosecuting or maintaining any action in a court in this state until it complies with certain requirements; authorizing a court to stay a proceeding commenced by a foreign corporation until such compliance; amending s. 617.1508, F.S.; specifying what must be in a statement of change; providing that a statement of change is effective when filed with the department; providing a statement of change may also be filed on the foreign corporation's annual report in an application for reinstatement; making technical changes; amending s. 617.1509, F.S.; requiring the registered agent of a foreign corporation to mail a copy of his or her statement of resignation to the foreign corporation after filing it with the department; providing when a registered agent is terminated; providing that a registered agent ceases to have responsibility for any matters for the foreign corporation when a statement of resignation takes effect; providing that resignation does not affect contractual rights between the foreign corporation and the registered agent; authorizing a registered agent to resign from a foreign corporation regardless if it has active status; creating s. 617.15091, F.S.; providing the permissible means of delivery of certain communications; providing when notice to the department is effective; providing an exception; amending s. 617.1520, F.S.; requiring a foreign corporation who wishes to cancel its certificate of authority to deliver to the department a notice of withdrawal of certificate of authority; providing when the certificate is effective; requiring such certificate be signed by an officer or a director and state certain information; providing that service of process for a foreign corporation whose withdrawal is effective is on the Secretary of State; creating s. 617.1521, F.S.; providing that a foreign corporation that converts to a domestic corporation or another domestic eligible entity is deemed to have withdrawn its certificate of authority on the effective date of the conversion; creating s. 617.1522, F.S.; requiring certain entities no longer authorized to conduct affairs in this state to deliver a notice of withdrawal of certificate of authority to the department for filing; specifying service of process for such entities; creating s. 617.1523, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Legal Affairs to maintain an action to enjoin a foreign corporation from illegally conducting affairs in this state; amending s. 617.1530, F.S.; authorizing the department to revoke a foreign corporation's certificate of authority to transact business under certain circumstances; requiring revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of authority to be done on a specified date; requiring the department to issue notice to revoke the foreign corporation's certificate of authority and authority to transact business; authorizing the department to issue notice stating the grounds of such revocations by electronic transmission if the foreign corporation provided an e-mail address; providing that revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of authority does not terminate the authority of the registered agent; creating s. 617.15315, F.S.; authorizing a foreign

corporation whose certificate of authority has been revoked to apply to the department for reinstatement at any time after the effective date of revocation; requiring the foreign corporation to submit all fees and penalties owed with its application for reinstatement; specifying what must be included in the application for reinstatement; authorizing a foreign corporation to be reinstated if it pays all fees and penalties and files its current annual report; requiring the registered agent and an officer or director to sign the annual report; requiring the department to reinstate the foreign corporation if all conditions are met; providing that a reinstatement relates back to the effective date of the revocation of authority; prohibiting another entity from using the name of the foreign corporation whose certificate of authority has been revoked until after a specified timeframe; requiring the department to require a foreign corporation seeking reinstatement whose name has been lawfully assumed by another eligible entity to comply with choosing a new name before accepting its application for reinstatement; amending s. 617.1532, F.S.; requiring the department to serve a foreign corporation with written notice explaining the reasons for denial of its application for reinstatement; authorizing a foreign corporation to appeal the department's denial in a specified manner; specifying how service is effectuated on the department; authorizing the Circuit Court of Leon County to take certain actions; providing that the circuit court's final decision may be appealed; amending s. 617.1601, F.S.; requiring a corporation to maintain certain records; requiring such records be maintained in a certain manner; amending s. 617.1602, F.S.; revising the records a member of a corporation may inspect and copy; authorizing the corporation to impose reasonable restrictions on the disclosure, use, or distribution of, and reasonable obligations to maintain the confidentiality of, certain records; providing that persons who become members of a corporation after a specified timeframe and who are entitled to vote at a meeting are entitled to certain information; providing an exception; prohibiting the abolishment or limitation of the right of inspection by a corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws; revising construction; prohibiting a member from selling or distributing specific information or records; providing an exception; prohibiting a person from obtaining or using a membership list or any part thereof for any purpose unrelated to a member's interest without the consent of the board of directors; revising the definition of the term "member"; providing applicability; amending s. 617.1603, F.S.; authorizing a corporation to satisfy the right of a member to inspect specific records by means chosen by the corporation; providing that the corporation bears the reasonable costs of converting specified records; making technical changes; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 617.1604, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a corporation is not liable for the costs of a member inspecting and copying specified records; authorizing the court to impose reasonable restrictions on the confidentiality of such records; making technical changes; amending s. 617.1605, F.S.; requiring a corporation to deliver or make available the latest annual financial statements to a member within a specified timeframe under certain circumstance; requiring the corporation to notify the member within a specified timeframe if the annual financial statements have not been prepared for the fiscal year requested; requiring the corporation to deliver to the member the annual financial statements within a specified timeframe; specifying how a corporation may deliver the specified annual financial statements; authorizing the corporation to place reasonable restrictions on members requesting annual financial statements; authorizing a corporation to decline to issue annual financial statements if the corporation determines the request was not made in good faith or for a proper purpose; authorizing a member who has not received a response from the corporation as required to seek relief from the circuit court in the applicable county; requiring the circuit court to expedite the matter; authorizing the circuit court to impose reasonable restrictions on the annual financial statements; providing that the corporation has the burden of proof; requiring the court to award the member's expenses under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; creating s. 617.16051, F.S.; providing that a director of a corporation is entitled to inspect and copy specified records of the corporation at any reasonable time for a specified purpose; authorizing the circuit court of the applicable county to order inspection and copying of such records at the corporation's expense upon application of a director who has been refused such inspection rights; providing exceptions; requiring the court to expedite such application; authorizing a court that

orders access to such records to include specific provisions protecting the corporation from undue burden or expense and prohibiting the director from using such information obtained for a specified purpose; authorizing the court to order the corporation to reimburse the director for the costs incurred for the application; amending s. 617.1622, F.S.; revising the information to be included in a domestic or foreign corporation's annual report to the department; providing that if the name or address of a registered agent in a corporation's annual report differs from the records of the department, the annual report is considered a statement of change; revising when the first annual report must be delivered to the department; providing reporting requirements for specified entities involved in certain mergers, conversions, or domestications; creating s. 617.180301, F.S.; providing construction; requiring a domesticating corporation to enter into a plan of domestication; specifying what must be included in a plan of domestication; authorizing the terms of a plan of domestication to be made dependent upon facts objectively ascertainable outside the plan; providing applicability; creating s. 617.18031, F.S.; providing the manner in which a domestication of a domestic corporation into a foreign jurisdiction must be adopted; creating s. 617.18032, F.S.; providing that articles of domestication must be signed by the domesticating corporation after certain circumstances; specifying information to be included in the articles of domestication; requiring that certain information be included in the articles of domestication for a domesticated corporation that is seeking to become a domestic corporation; requiring that articles of domestication be filed with the department and take effect within certain timeframes; specifying when the domestications of domestic and foreign corporations are effective; providing that a domesticating foreign corporation's certificate of authority is automatically canceled when domestication becomes effective; authorizing the filing of a certified copy of the articles of domestication in any county in this state in which the domesticating corporation holds an interest in real property; creating s. 617.18033, F.S.; authorizing the amending of a plan of domestication of a domestic corporation in certain manners; authorizing the abandoning of a plan of domestication under certain circumstances in the same manner that the plan was approved or determined by the board of directors; requiring a domesticating corporation seeking to abandon domestication to send to the department a statement of abandonment before the articles of domestication become effective; specifying the information the statement of abandonment must include; creating s. 617.18034, F.S.; specifying effects of domestication with respect to rights, responsibilities, and liabilities; providing that a domestication does not constitute or cause the dissolution of the domesticating corporation; prohibiting the diversion for any other purpose of certain property held in trust or otherwise dedicated to a charitable purpose and held by a domestic of foreign corporation immediately before a domestication becomes effective; providing that any bequest, devise, gift, grant, or promise in certain instruments inures to the domesticated corporation; providing that a trust obligation that would govern property if the property is transferred to the domesticating corporation applies to property that is transferred to the domesticated corporation after domestication takes effect; creating s. 617.1804, F.S.; specifying what certain domestic and foreign entities may convert to under certain circumstances; specifying applicability of certain provisions in certain protected agreements of a domestic converting corporation; creating s. 617.18041, F.S.; prohibiting a domestic corporation that holds property for a charitable purpose from becoming a domestic eligible entity or a foreign eligible entity; providing an exception; creating s. 617.18042, F.S.; authorizing a domestic corporation to convert to a domestic or foreign eligible entity by approving a plan of conversion; specifying the information to be included in the plan of conversion; providing that the terms of a plan of conversion may be made dependent upon facts objectively ascertainable outside the plan; creating s. 617.18043, F.S.; providing for the adoption of a plan of conversion for a domestic corporation converting to a domestic or foreign eligible entity other than a domestic corporation; creating s. 617.18044, F.S.; requiring specified entities that have had plans of conversion adopted and approved to sign articles of conversion; specifying the information to be included in such articles of conversion; requiring a converted domestic corporation to satisfy the requirements of filing its articles of incorporation; providing an exception; requiring that certain domestic eligible entities' organic records, if any, satisfy certain requirements; providing an exception; requiring that

articles of conversion be delivered to the department for filing and take effect on a specified date; specifying when certain entities' conversions become effective; authorizing the filing of articles of conversion in combination with any filing required for certain entities; providing that an eligible entity that is a foreign eligible entity's foreign qualification cancels automatically on the effective date of its conversion; authorizing the filing of a certified copy of the articles of conversion in the official records of any county in this state in which the converting eligible entity holds an interest in real property; creating s. 617.18045, F.S.; authorizing the amending of a plan of conversion of a converting eligible entity that is a domestic corporation under certain circumstances; authorizing such converting eligible entity to abandon the plan of conversion without action by its interest holders under certain circumstances; requiring a converting eligible entity to sign and deliver to the department for filing a statement of abandonment if the conversion is abandoned after the articles of conversion have been delivered to the department but before the articles of conversion become effective; specifying when the statement of abandonment takes effect; specifying the information a statement of abandonment must contain; creating s. 617.18046, F.S.; specifying the effect of a conversion of an eligible entity; providing that certain interest holders of certain eligible entities who become subject to interest holder liability as a result of the conversion have such interest holder liability only in respect of interest holder liabilities that arise after the conversion becomes effective; providing that a conversion does not require the converting eligible entity to wind up its affairs or cause the dissolution or termination of the entity; prohibiting certain property held for charitable purposes immediately before conversion of specified entities from being diverted from the purposes for which such property was given; providing exceptions; providing that any bequest, devise, gift, grant, or promise contained in certain instruments made to a converting eligible entity takes effect or remains payable after the conversion inures to the converted eligible entity; providing for applicability of certain trust obligations under certain circumstances; amending s. 617.2005, F.S.; revising the manner in which a court may dissolve an extinct church or religious society; amending s. 617.2006, F.S.; deleting certain provisions relating to a labor union or body filing its articles of incorporation in the applicable circuit court; amending ss. 39.8298, 381.00316, 605.1025, 617.0102, 617.0121, 617.0122, 617.0125, 617.02011, 617.0203, 617.0205, 617.0301, 617.0504, 617.0806, 617.0824, 617.0825, 617.0831, 617.0901, 617.1008, 617.1009, 617.1404, 617.1422, 617.1423, 617.1501, 617.1510, 617.1606, 617.1623, 617.1701, 617.1702, 617.1703, 617.1711, 617.1808, 617.1809, 617.1904, 617.1907, 617.1908, 617.2001, 617.2002, 617.2003, 617.2007, 617.2101, 617.221, 620.2108, 620.8918, 628.910, 768.38, and 893.055, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; conforming cross-references; making technical changes; repealing ss. 617.07401, 617.0822, 617.1108, 617.1301, 617.1302, 617.1531, 617.1533, 617.1803, 617.1805, 617.1806, 617.1807, and 617.2102, F.S., relating to members' derivative actions; notice of meetings; merger of domestic corporation and other eligible entities; prohibited distributions; authorized distributions; procedure for and effect of revocation; reinstatement following revocation; domestication of foreign not-for-profit corporations; corporations for profit and when they may become corporations not for profit; conversion to corporation not for profit, petition, and contents; conversion to corporation not for profit and authority of circuit judge; and fines and penalties against members, respectively; reenacting s. 617.1007(3), F.S., relating to restated articles of incorporation, to incorporate the amendments to ss. 617.01201 and 617.1006, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 295.21(5)(a), F.S., relating to Florida Is For Veterans, Inc., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 617.0302, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 409.987(4)(b), 718.1265(1), 719.128(1), and 720.316(1), F.S., relating to lead agency procurement, boards, and conflicts of interest; association emergency powers; association emergency powers; and association emergency powers, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 617.0830, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 718.3027(2) and (5), F.S., relating to conflicts of interest, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 617.0832, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 720.3033(2)(a) and (b) and (3), F.S., relating to officers and directors, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to ss. 617.0832 and 617.0834, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 721.13(13)(a), F.S., relating to management, to incorporate the

amendment made to s. 617.0834, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 718.111(1)(d), F.S., relating to the association, to incorporate the amendments made to ss. 617.0830 and 617.0834, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Tuck, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 589

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Albert	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Andrade	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Antone	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Aristide	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Baker	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bankson	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Barnaby	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Basabe	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Benarroch	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Berfield	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Black	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Blanco	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Booth	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Borrero	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brackett	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Brannan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Buchanan	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Busatta	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Campbell	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Canady	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Cassel	Hinson	Plasencia	Young
Chamberlin	Hodgers	Porras	
Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Bartleman

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

HB 431—A bill to be entitled An act relating to air-conditioning and mechanical contractors; amending s. 489.105, F.S.; revising the definitions of the terms "class A air-conditioning contractor" and "mechanical contractor" to include additional services that such contractors may perform; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Albert, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 590

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—97

Abbott	Benarroch	Busatta	Duggan
Albert	Black	Campbell	Edmonds
Alvarez, D.	Blanco	Canady	Eskamani
Alvarez, J.	Booth	Cassel	Esposito
Anderson	Borrero	Chamberlin	Fabricio
Andrade	Botana	Chaney	Franklin
Baker	Boyles	Cobb	Garrison
Bankson	Brackett	Daley	Gentry
Barnaby	Brannan	Daniels	Gerwig
Basabe	Buchanan	Driskell	Giallombardo

Gonzalez Pittman	LaMarca	Perez	Stark
Gossett-Seidman	Long	Persons-Mulicka	Steele
Gottlieb	López, J.	Plakon	Tant
Greco	Maggard	Plasencia	Tendrich
Griffitts	Maney	Redondo	Tomkow
Grow	McClure	Rizo	Tramont
Harris	McFarland	Robinson, W.	Tuck
Hinson	Melo	Rosenwald	Valdés
Hodgers	Michael	Salzman	Weinberger
Holcomb	Miller	Sapp	Yarkosky
Jacques	Mooney	Shoaf	Yeager
Johnson	Nix	Sirois	Young
Kendall	Oliver	Skidmore	
Kincart Jonsson	Owen	Snyder	
Koster	Partington	Spencer	

Nays—16

Antone	Dunkley	Nixon	Robinson, F.
Aristide	Gantt	Overdorf	Smith
Berfield	Hart-Lowman	Porras	Trabulsy
Cross	Hunschofsky	Rayner	Woodson

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Bartleman

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 767—A bill to be entitled An act relating to residential property insurance; amending s. 627.0621, F.S.; requiring the Office of Insurance Regulation to establish and maintain a comprehensive resource center on its website; providing requirements for the resource center; specifying that certain information is not a trade secret and is not subject to certain public records exemptions; requiring residential property insurers to provide notice of the comprehensive resource center on the office's website with any offer of coverage and policy renewal; amending s. 627.7011, F.S.; prohibiting an insurer from including the value of certain land when establishing a homeowner's policy coverage amount or adjusting certain claims; providing construction; amending s. 627.711, F.S.; providing that the notice of premium discounts for hurricane loss mitigation must include information about whether the insurer offers enhanced discounts for roof systems that use a secondary water resistance; amending s. 627.7142, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Benarroch, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 591

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Busatta	Giallombardo	McFarland
Albert	Campbell	Gonzalez Pittman	Melo
Alvarez, D.	Canady	Gossett-Seidman	Michael
Alvarez, J.	Cassel	Gottlieb	Miller
Anderson	Chamberlin	Greco	Mooney
Andrade	Chambliss	Griffitts	Nix
Antone	Chaney	Grow	Nixon
Aristide	Cobb	Harris	Oliver
Baker	Conerly	Hart-Lowman	Overdorf
Bankson	Cross	Hinson	Owen
Barnaby	Daley	Hodgers	Partington
Bartleman	Daniels	Holcomb	Perez
Basabe	Driskell	Hunschofsky	Persons-Mulicka
Benarroch	Duggan	Jacques	Plakon
Berfield	Dunkley	Johnson	Plasencia
Black	Edmonds	Kendall	Porras
Blanco	Eskamani	Kincart Jonsson	Rayner
Booth	Esposito	Koster	Redondo
Borrero	Fabricio	LaMarca	Rizo
Botana	Franklin	Long	Robinson, W.
Boyles	Gantt	López, J.	Rosenwald
Brackett	Garrison	Maggard	Salzman
Brannan	Gentry	Maney	Sapp
Buchanan	Gerwig	McClure	Shoaf

Sirois	Stark	Tramont	Yarkosky
Skidmore	Steele	Tuck	Yeager
Smith	Tendrich	Valdés	Young
Snyder	Tomkow	Weinberger	
Spencer	Trabulsy	Woodson	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Robinson, F.

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1343—A bill to be entitled An act relating to insurance customer representative licensing qualifications; amending s. 626.7351, F.S.; revising the methods by which applicants can qualify for the customer representative license; creating s. 1003.4207, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education, in consultation with the Department of Financial Services, to develop a specified insurance and personal finance course beginning in a specified school year; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Hodgers, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 592

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras
Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Shoaf
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Spencer
Black	Gantt	Melo	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Yeager
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 679—A bill to be entitled An act relating to registration of trademarks; amending s. 495.111, F.S.; removing provisions relating to the classification of goods and services for trademark purposes; requiring the Department of State to use the international schedule of classes of goods and services; creating s. 495.0315, F.S.; requiring the department to establish and maintain a secure Internet website that allows submission of an online trademark registration application and renewal application; providing website requirements; requiring the department to make the online application system available by a specified date; amending s. 495.031, F.S.; providing online application requirements; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Greco, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 593

Representative Buchanan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Chambliss	Holcomb	Redondo
Albert	Chaney	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Cross	Kendall	Rosenwald
Andrade	Daley	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Antone	Daniels	Koster	Sapp
Aristide	Driskell	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Duggan	Long	Sirois
Bankson	Dunkley	López, J.	Skidmore
Barnaby	Edmonds	Maggard	Smith
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maney	Snyder
Basabe	Esposito	McClure	Spencer
Benarroch	Fabricio	McFarland	Stark
Berfield	Franklin	Melo	Steele
Black	Gantt	Michael	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Miller	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Mooney	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Nix	Trabulsy
Botana	Giallombardo	Oliver	Tramont
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Overdorf	Tuck
Brackett	Gottlieb	Owen	Valdés
Brannan	Greco	Partington	Weinberger
Buchanan	Griffitts	Perez	Woodson
Busatta	Grow	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Campbell	Harris	Plakon	Yeager
Canady	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	Young
Cassel	Hinson	Porras	
Chamberlin	Hodgers	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Gossett-Seidman

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 445—A bill to be entitled An act relating to dangerous crimes; providing a short title; creating s. 903.0472, F.S.; requiring a court to remand a person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty of, a dangerous crime to custody immediately; requiring such person to remain in custody pending sentencing without the possibility of release on bond; providing applicability; amending s. 907.041, F.S.; revising the definition of "dangerous crime"; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Greco, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title.

THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on passage of **CS/CS/HB 445**. The vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 594

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—93

Abbott	Basabe	Brackett	Conerly
Albert	Benarroch	Brannan	Daley
Alvarez, D.	Berfield	Buchanan	Duggan
Alvarez, J.	Black	Busatta	Edmonds
Anderson	Blanco	Canady	Esposito
Andrade	Booth	Cassel	Fabricio
Baker	Borrero	Chamberlin	Franklin
Bankson	Botana	Chaney	Garrison
Barnaby	Boyles	Cobb	Gentry

Gerwig	López, J.	Persons-Mulicka	Spencer
Giallombardo	Maggard	Plakon	Stark
Gonzalez Pittman	Maney	Plasencia	Steele
Gossett-Seidman	McClure	Porras	Tendrich
Greco	McFarland	Redondo	Tomkow
Griffitts	Melo	Rizo	Trabulsy
Grow	Michael	Robinson, W.	Tramont
Hodgers	Miller	Rosenwald	Tuck
Holcomb	Mooney	Salzman	Valdés
Jacques	Nix	Sapp	Weinberger
Johnson	Oliver	Shoaf	Yarkosky
Kendall	Overdorf	Sirois	Yeager
Kincart Jonsson	Owen	Skidmore	
Koster	Partington	Smith	
LaMarca	Perez	Snyder	

Nays—20

Antone	Driskell	Hart-Lowman	Rayner
Campbell	Eskamani	Hinson	Robinson, F.
Chambliss	Gantt	Hunschofsky	Tant
Cross	Gottlieb	Long	Woodson
Daniels	Harris	Nixon	Young

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Bartleman, Dunkley

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 594

This bill will cost the state a great deal of money for some cases that will include mandatory retention of young people who are in incidents such as bar fights. Obviously prosecutions for crimes committed are deserved, but keeping these people locked up in pretrial detention may not be the best use of taxpayer dollars, especially for one-off incidents, or exercise of justice. Blanket legislation like this is not needed.

Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 477—A bill to be entitled An act relating to drug paraphernalia; amending s. 893.145, F.S.; revising the definition of "drug paraphernalia" to exclude certain narcotic-drug-testing products; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Salzman, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 595

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Buchanan	Gentry	Maggard
Albert	Busatta	Gerwig	Maney
Alvarez, D.	Campbell	Giallombardo	McClure
Alvarez, J.	Canady	Gonzalez Pittman	McFarland
Anderson	Cassel	Gossett-Seidman	Melo
Andrade	Chamberlin	Gottlieb	Michael
Antone	Chambliss	Greco	Miller
Aristide	Chaney	Griffitts	Mooney
Baker	Cobb	Grow	Nix
Bankson	Conerly	Harris	Nixon
Barnaby	Cross	Hart-Lowman	Oliver
Bartleman	Daley	Hinson	Overdorf
Basabe	Daniels	Hodgers	Owen
Benarroch	Driskell	Holcomb	Partington
Berfield	Duggan	Hunschofsky	Perez
Black	Dunkley	Jacques	Persons-Mulicka
Blanco	Edmonds	Johnson	Plakon
Booth	Eskamani	Kendall	Plasencia
Borrero	Espósito	Kincart Jonsson	Porras
Botana	Fabricio	Koster	Rayner
Boyles	Franklin	LaMarca	Redondo
Brackett	Gantt	Long	Rizo
Brannan	Garrison	López, J.	Robinson, F.

Robinson, W.	Skidmore	Tant	Valdés
Rosenwald	Smith	Tendrich	Weinberger
Salzman	Snyder	Tomkow	Woodson
Sapp	Spencer	Trabulsy	Yarkosky
Shoaf	Stark	Tramont	Yeager
Sirois	Steele	Tuck	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 359—A bill to be entitled An act relating to search warrants; amending s. 933.02, F.S.; authorizing a search warrant to be issued to recover a deceased body; amending s. 933.05, F.S.; revising the time within which certain search warrants must be returned to the court; specifying the time period within which a search warrant issued for certain devices is considered timely executed; specifying that a law enforcement agency may review data or information contained in certain devices after specified periods if the devices were timely seized; providing definitions; amending s. 933.07, F.S.; providing that a judge may authorize a law enforcement officer applying for a search warrant to appear remotely; defining the term "audio-video communication technology"; creating s. 934.025, F.S.; providing that a judge may authorize a law enforcement officer applying for a search warrant or court order to appear remotely; defining the term "audio-video communication technology"; amending s. 934.50, F.S.; authorizing a law enforcement agency to obtain a search warrant to use a drone to conduct a search in certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Anderson offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 213119)

Amendment 1—Remove lines 57-62 and insert:
device, and any data or information contained in such computer, computer system, or electronic device as those terms are defined in s. 815.03, must be returned within 365 days that is in the actual possession of a law enforcement agency at the time such warrant is issued shall be returned to the court within 45 days after issuance thereof.

(3) If a search warrant is issued to search for and seize a computer, a computer system, or an electronic device, and any data or information contained in such computer, computer system, or

Rep. Anderson moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Anderson, the rules were waived and **CS/HB 359** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 596

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—115

Abbott	Borrero	Duggan	Harris
Albert	Botana	Dunkley	Hart-Lowman
Alvarez, D.	Boyles	Edmonds	Hinson
Alvarez, J.	Brackett	Eskamani	Hodgers
Anderson	Brannan	Espósito	Holcomb
Andrade	Buchanan	Fabricio	Hunschofsky
Antone	Busatta	Franklin	Jacques
Aristide	Campbell	Gantt	Johnson
Baker	Canady	Garrison	Kendall
Bankson	Cassel	Gentry	Kincart Jonsson
Barnaby	Chamberlin	Gerwig	Koster
Bartleman	Chaney	Giallombardo	LaMarca
Basabe	Cobb	Gonzalez Pittman	Long
Benarroch	Conerly	Gossett-Seidman	López, J.
Berfield	Cross	Gottlieb	Maggard
Black	Daley	Greco	Maney
Blanco	Daniels	Griffitts	McClure
Booth	Driskell	Grow	McFarland

Melo	Persons-Mulicka	Sapp	Tomkow
Michael	Plakon	Shoaf	Trabulsy
Miller	Plasencia	Sirois	Tramont
Mooney	Porras	Skidmore	Tuck
Nix	Rayner	Smith	Valdés
Nixon	Redondo	Snyder	Weinberger
Oliver	Rizo	Spencer	Woodson
Overdorf	Robinson, F.	Stark	Yarkosky
Owen	Robinson, W.	Steele	Yeager
Partington	Rosenwald	Tant	Young
Perez	Salzman	Tendrich	

Nays—None

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate after engrossment.

Consideration of **CS/CS/HB 931** was temporarily postponed.

CS/CS/HB 625—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Justice Administrative Commission; amending s. 43.16, F.S.; revising the composition of the Justice Administrative Commission; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Baker offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 641885)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 22-28 and insert:

(c) One criminal defense attorney who is not employed by the government and who has contracted with the commission to provide services pursuant to s. 27.40 within the 5 years preceding his or her appointment, to be appointed by the president of The Florida Bar Board of Governors.

(d) One circuit judge, or senior judge serving on a circuit court, to be appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 2-3 and insert:

An act relating to the Justice Administrative Commission; amending s. 43.16, F.S.; revising the membership of

Rep. Baker moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Baker, the rules were waived and **CS/CS/HB 625** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 597

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—116

Abbott	Botana	Dunkley	Hinson
Albert	Boyles	Edmonds	Hodgers
Alvarez, D.	Brackett	Eskamani	Holcomb
Alvarez, J.	Brannan	Esposito	Hunschofsky
Anderson	Buchanan	Fabricio	Jacques
Andrade	Busatta	Franklin	Johnson
Antone	Campbell	Gantt	Kendall
Aristide	Canady	Garrison	Kincart Jonsson
Baker	Cassel	Gentry	Koster
Bankson	Chamberlin	Gerwig	LaMarca
Barnaby	Chambliss	Giallombardo	Long
Bartleman	Chaney	Gonzalez Pittman	López, J.
Basabe	Cobb	Gossett-Seidman	Maggard
Benarroch	Conerly	Gottlieb	Maney
Berfield	Cross	Greco	McClure
Black	Daley	Griffitts	McFarland
Blanco	Daniels	Grow	Melo
Booth	Driskell	Harris	Michael
Borrero	Duggan	Hart-Lowman	Miller

Mooney	Plasencia	Shoaf	Tomkow
Nix	Porras	Sirois	Trabulsy
Nixon	Rayner	Skidmore	Tramont
Oliver	Redondo	Smith	Tuck
Overdorf	Rizo	Snyder	Valdés
Owen	Robinson, F.	Spencer	Weinberger
Partington	Robinson, W.	Stark	Woodson
Perez	Rosenwald	Steele	Yarkosky
Persons-Mulicka	Salzman	Tant	Yeager
Plakon	Sapp	Tendrich	Young

Nays—None

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate after engrossment.

CS/CS/HB 177—A bill to be entitled An act relating to offices of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel; amending s. 27.511, F.S.; requiring offices of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel to provide notice to the court in certain circumstances; authorizing courts to appoint an office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel from another region to represent a defendant if certain requirements are met; requiring the court to appoint private counsel under certain circumstances; requiring the Justice Administrative Commission to pay an appointed office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel for due process costs and services, subject to legislative appropriation; requiring appointed counsel to provide certain documentation to the Justice Administrative Commission in order to receive payment or reimbursement; amending s. 744.331, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Maney, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 598

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Chambliss	Holcomb	Rayner
Albert	Chaney	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Cross	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daley	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Antone	Daniels	Koster	Salzman
Aristide	Driskell	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Duggan	Long	Sirois
Bankson	Dunkley	López, J.	Skidmore
Barnaby	Edmonds	Maggard	Smith
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maney	Snyder
Basabe	Esposito	McClure	Spencer
Benarroch	Fabricio	McFarland	Stark
Berfield	Franklin	Melo	Steele
Black	Gantt	Michael	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Miller	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Mooney	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Nix	Trabulsy
Botana	Giallombardo	Nixon	Tramont
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Oliver	Tuck
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Overdorf	Valdés
Brannan	Greco	Owen	Weinberger
Buchanan	Griffitts	Partington	Woodson
Busatta	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Campbell	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Canady	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Young
Cassel	Hinson	Plasencia	
Chamberlin	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Gottlieb, Sapp

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 559—A bill to be entitled An act relating to animal welfare; amending s. 828.12, F.S.; creating the offense of causing or enticing a minor to commit, or in the presence of a minor committing, animal cruelty; requiring a court to order a minor who commits specified acts of animal cruelty to undergo a psychological evaluation and receive counseling and treatment for a specified time period; requiring the minor's parent or guardian or the state to pay the cost of such evaluation, counseling, and treatment; providing an exception; authorizing the court to hold the parent or guardian in contempt under certain circumstances; requiring the Department of Law Enforcement to post on its website specified information relating to each individual convicted of specified animal cruelty offenses; specifying time periods for which the information shall be posted; requiring the department to develop a procedure to allow a person to petition for the removal of his or her information under specified circumstances; requiring the department to remove specified information under specified circumstances; specifying the time period within which such information must be removed; authorizing the department to adopt rules; requiring clerks of court and county detention facilities to provide the Department of Law Enforcement with specified information, data, and images; amending s. 828.122, F.S.; creating the offense of causing or enticing a minor to commit, or in the presence of a minor committing, fighting or baiting animals; amending s. 828.126, F.S.; creating the offense of causing or enticing a minor to commit, or in the presence of a minor committing, sexual activities involving animals; amending s. 828.27, F.S.; increasing the maximum civil penalty for specified violations of ordinances relating to animal control or cruelty; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; increasing the level on the offense severity ranking chart for fighting or baiting animals; ranking offenses created by the act on the offense severity ranking chart; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Chaney, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 599

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Chambliss	Holcomb	Rayner
Albert	Chaney	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Jacques	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Cross	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daley	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Antone	Daniels	Koster	Salzman
Aristide	Driskell	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Duggan	Long	Sirois
Bankson	Dunkley	López, J.	Skidmore
Barnaby	Edmonds	Maggard	Smith
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maney	Snyder
Basabe	Esposito	McClure	Spencer
Benarroch	Fabricio	McFarland	Stark
Berfield	Franklin	Melo	Steele
Black	Gantt	Michael	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Miller	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Mooney	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Nix	Trabulsy
Botana	Giallombardo	Nixon	Tramont
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Oliver	Tuck
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Overdorf	Valdés
Brannan	Gottlieb	Owen	Weinberger
Buchanan	Greco	Partington	Woodson
Busatta	Griffitts	Perez	Yarkosky
Campbell	Grow	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Canady	Harris	Plakon	Young
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	
Chamberlin	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Sapp

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 759—A bill to be entitled An act relating to court fees; amending s. 28.24, F.S.; increasing the service charges a clerk of the circuit court charges for certain services rendered by the clerk's office; requiring the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to prepare a certain report; requiring such report to be submitted to the Legislature within a specified time frame; amending s. 28.2401, F.S.; increasing certain filing fees and service charges that may be charged by the clerk in probate matters; requiring the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to prepare a certain report; requiring such report to be submitted to the Legislature within a specified time frame; amending s. 28.241, F.S.; increasing certain filing fees and service charges in trial and appellate proceedings; requiring the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to prepare a certain report; requiring such report to be submitted to the Legislature within a specified time frame; amending s. 34.041, F.S.; increasing certain filing fees and service charges for civil actions, suits, or proceedings in county court; deleting provisions requiring clerks to submit portions of fees collected to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund; revising the distribution formula for additional filing fees; requiring the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to prepare a certain report; requiring such report to be submitted to the Legislature within a specified time frame; amending s. 45.035, F.S.; increasing the service charge the clerk is entitled to for disbursement of surplus proceeds for certain judicial sales procedures; requiring the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to prepare a certain report; requiring such report to be submitted to the Legislature within a specified time frame; amending s. 721.83, F.S.; increasing the filing fee for additional timeshare interests joining a consolidated timeshare foreclosure action; requiring the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to prepare a certain report; requiring such fees and charges to be rounded to a specified amount; requiring such report to be submitted to the Legislature within a specified time frame; amending s. 744.3678, F.S.; increasing the fee a clerk of the circuit court may charge for auditing of the return of ward's estate; requiring the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to prepare a certain report; requiring such report to be submitted to the Legislature within a specified time frame; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Smith, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 600

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Canady	Greco	Nixon
Albert	Cassel	Griffitts	Oliver
Alvarez, D.	Chamberlin	Grow	Overdorf
Alvarez, J.	Chambliss	Harris	Owen
Anderson	Chaney	Hart-Lowman	Partington
Andrade	Cobb	Hinson	Perez
Antone	Conerly	Hodgers	Persons-Mulicka
Aristide	Cross	Holcomb	Plakon
Baker	Daley	Hunschofsky	Plasencia
Bankson	Daniels	Jacques	Porras
Barnaby	Driskell	Johnson	Redondo
Bartleman	Duggan	Kendall	Rizo
Basabe	Dunkley	Kincart Jonsson	Robinson, F.
Benarroch	Edmonds	Koster	Robinson, W.
Berfield	Eskamani	LaMarca	Rosenwald
Black	Esposito	Long	Salzman
Blanco	Fabricio	López, J.	Shoaf
Booth	Franklin	Maggard	Sirois
Borrero	Gantt	Maney	Skidmore
Botana	Garrison	McClure	Smith
Boyles	Gentry	McFarland	Snyder
Brackett	Gerwig	Melo	Spencer
Brannan	Giallombardo	Michael	Stark
Buchanan	Gonzalez Pittman	Miller	Steele
Busatta	Gossett-Seidman	Mooney	Tant
Campbell	Gottlieb	Nix	Tendrich

Tomkow	Tuck	Woodson	Young
Trabulsy	Valdés	Yarkosky	
Tramont	Weinberger	Yeager	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Sapp

So the bill passed by the required constitutional two-thirds vote of the membership and was certified to the Senate.

HB 1031—A bill to be entitled An act relating to customer service callback queues; amending s. 23.30, F.S.; defining the term "callback queue"; establishing a pilot program to require specified agencies to use a callback queue for returning certain calls; requiring calls to be returned in a specified manner; requiring pilot program participants to report specified information to the Legislature by a certain date; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Rosenwald, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 601

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Albert	Chaney	Holcomb	Rayner
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Redondo
Alvarez, J.	Conerly	Jacques	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Kendall	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Koster	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	LaMarca	Shoaf
Bankson	Dunkley	Long	Sirois
Barnaby	Edmonds	López, J.	Skidmore
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Smith
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Snyder
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Spencer
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Stark
Black	Gantt	Melo	Steele
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tant
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tendrich
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tomkow
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Trabulsy
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tramont
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tuck
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Valdés
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Weinberger
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Woodson
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Canady	Harris	Persons-Mulicka	Yeager
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plakon	Young
Chamberlin	Hinson	Plasencia	
Chambliss	Hodgers	Porras	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Abbott, Sapp

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 991—A bill to be entitled An act relating to election integrity; amending s. 97.021, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 97.022, F.S.; revising the information the Department of State is required to include in a specified report; amending s. 97.051, F.S.; requiring persons to swear or affirm they have reviewed the voter registration instructions, are a United States citizen, and understand the penalties for providing false information; amending s. 97.052, F.S.; requiring the voter registration application to elicit documentation required by the United States Election Assistance Commission or federal law; amending s. 97.0525, F.S.; requiring that an applicant's citizenship status be verified by the records of the Department of Highway

Safety and Motor Vehicles; providing that an applicant will be registered as an unverified voter, but may not vote, if his or her legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified through the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; requiring the online voter registration system to transmit certain information to the supervisor of elections and generate certain notices; requiring the supervisor of elections to verify the legal status of certain applicants and provide certain notice; providing that, under specified circumstances, the online voter registration system may populate the applicant's information into a printable voter registration application; amending s. 97.053, F.S.; requiring an applicant's legal status to be verified for a voter registration application to be valid; providing that an applicant will be deemed an unverified voter if his or her application fails to meet specified requirements; requiring an applicant to provide certain evidence to the supervisor of elections to prove the applicant's legal status under specified circumstances; providing for retroactivity; providing certain applicants a provisional ballot and such ballot may only be counted if the applicant can verify his or her legal status within a specified timeframe; amending s. 97.057, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State documentary proof of an applicant's citizenship; amending s. 98.015, F.S.; authorizing the office of the supervisor of elections to close to observe certain holidays under a specified condition; amending s. 98.045, F.S.; requiring supervisors to make certain determinations relating to applicants who were previously registered to vote, but later removed for ineligibility, and to follow specified procedures to notify the applicant, if applicable; amending s. 98.075, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to verify the United States citizenship status of any registered voter after a specified date; requiring specified notices regarding an applicant's potential ineligibility to vote; requiring certain applicants to submit specified information to the supervisor of elections; requiring certain documentation be recorded in the statewide voter registration system; amending s. 98.093, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with information identifying United States citizens who have been issued a new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with changes in residence address and Florida driver license or identification card numbers of individuals who have declined to register or update their voter registration; creating s. 98.094, F.S.; requiring the Division of Elections to provide a list of registered voters to federal courts for a specified purpose; requiring the jury coordinator to prepare a specified list with certain information and send such list to the division; specifying the manner in which such list may be sent; requiring the division to provide such information to the appropriate supervisor of elections; amending s. 99.021, F.S.; specifying that a person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate must be a registered member of a political party, or registered without any party affiliation, for 365 consecutive days preceding the beginning of the qualifying before an election; authorizing qualified candidates or certain political parties to challenge compliance with specified provisions by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in a specified circuit court; prohibiting a person from being qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and appearing on the ballot under specified circumstances; providing that compliance with specified requirements is mandatory; entitling certain candidates and political parties to specified expedited hearings and consideration; requiring the supervisor of elections to remove certain candidates from the ballot or provide certain notice that votes for certain disqualified candidates will not be counted; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising the forms of identification required to be provided at polls; amending ss. 101.048, 101.151, 101.5606, 101.5608, and 101.5612, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.56075, F.S.; requiring voting be completed on an official ballot using a pen or marker; amending s. 101.591, F.S.; removing provisions relating to the performance of a manual audit; requiring the county canvassing board or other local board responsible for certifying an election to conduct an automated, independent vote validation of voting systems used in all precincts; providing the process for conducting such automated, independent vote validation; requiring the canvassing board to publish a specified notice on the county's website, the supervisor's website, or in certain newspapers; requiring that the vote

validation be completed and made public before the certification of the election; providing reporting requirements for county canvassing boards; requiring the results of the vote validation be included in a specified report submitted to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date each year; amending s. 101.5911, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to adopt certain rules; amending s. 101.595, F.S.; revising certain reporting requirements for the Department of State; amending ss. 101.68 and 101.6923, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 102.111, F.S.; revising the meeting time for the Elections Canvassing Commission; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; revising provisions relating to reporting election results; requiring counties to conduct an automated independent vote validation process for a specified purpose within a specified timeframe after unofficial results are reported; requiring the county canvassing board to take specified actions upon making a determination that the automated independent vote validation process failed to count votes; requiring the county canvassing board to conduct a system validation review under specified circumstances; removing provisions relating to recounts by the county canvassing board; requiring the county canvassing board to publish certain notice containing manual review information through specified means; requiring the county canvassing board to submit to the Department of State specified forms containing a vote validation report; removing the requirement for the supervisor to file with the Department of State certain results and statistical information; amending s. 102.166, F.S.; requiring manual reviews of overvotes and undervotes unless certain conditions exist; providing that the Secretary of State is responsible for ordering such review in specified races and the county canvassing board, or local board responsible for certifying the election, is responsible for ordering such reviews in all other races; authorizing political parties to designate a certain expert to be allowed in the central counting room while reviews are being performed; prohibiting such person from interfering with the normal operation of the canvassing board; creating s. 104.042, F.S.; providing a statute of limitations period for election fraud; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; revising the contributions or expenditures that a foreign national is prohibited from making or offering to make; prohibiting certain persons from accepting specified contributions; prohibiting certain persons from making specified contributions or expenditures; providing an exception to such prohibition; providing penalties; creating s. 322.034, F.S.; requiring that Florida driver licenses and identification cards include certain information by a specified date; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to issue certain replacement or renewal cards at no charge; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "racketeering activity"; amending ss. 98.065, 98.0755, 101.67, and 104.16, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing effective dates.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Harris offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 090077)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 179-1125 and insert:

Section 1. Effective July 1, 2026, subsection (7) of section 97.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.022 Office of Election Crimes and Security; creation; purpose and duties.—

(7) By January 15 of each year, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing information on investigations of alleged election law violations or election irregularities conducted during the prior calendar year. The report must include the total number of complaints received and independent investigations initiated and the number of complaints referred to another agency for further investigation or prosecution, including the total number of those matters sent to a special officer pursuant to s. 102.091. The report must include any alleged violations of s. 106.08(12)(b), irregularities involving foreign national influence, and the department's recommendations

to the Legislature to mitigate foreign national influence in elections. For each alleged violation or irregularity investigated, the report must include:

- (a) The source of the alleged violation or irregularity;
- (b) The law allegedly violated or the nature of the irregularity reported;
- (c) The county in which the alleged violation or irregularity occurred;
- (d) Whether the alleged violation or irregularity was referred to another agency for further investigation or prosecution and, if so, to which agency; and
- (e) The current status of the investigation or resulting criminal case.

Section 2. Section 97.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.051 Oath upon registering.—A person registering to vote must subscribe to the following oath: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a United States citizen and will protect and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Florida, that I am qualified to register as an elector under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida, and that all information provided in this application is true. I have carefully reviewed the instructions for completing the Florida Voter Registration Application. I understand that if I have provided false information on this application, I could be subject to criminal penalties for perjury, fines, or imprisonment, and deportation from the United States if I am not a United States citizen."

Section 3. Paragraph (v) is added to subsection (2) of section 97.052, Florida Statutes, to read:

97.052 Uniform statewide voter registration application.—

(2) The uniform statewide voter registration application must be designed to elicit the following information from the applicant:

(v) Documentation required by the United States Election Assistance Commission or federal law.

Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 97.0525, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.0525 Online voter registration.—

(4)(a) The online voter registration system shall compare the Florida driver license number or Florida identification number submitted pursuant to s. 97.052(2)(n) with information maintained by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to confirm that the name and date of birth on the application are consistent with the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen can be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

(b) If the applicant's name and date of birth are consistent with the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, and the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen can be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the online voter registration system shall transmit, using the statewide voter registration system maintained pursuant to s. 98.035, the applicant's registration application, along with the digital signature of the applicant on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to the supervisor of elections. The applicant's digital signature satisfies the signature requirement of s. 97.052(2)(q).

(c) If the applicant's name and date of birth cannot be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, ~~or if the applicant indicated that he or she has not been issued a Florida driver license or Florida identification card,~~ the online voter registration system shall populate the applicant's information except for the applicant's personal identifying number into a printable voter registration application pursuant to s. 97.052(2) ~~which and direct~~ the applicant may to print, complete any required field, sign, and date the application and deliver the application to the supervisor of elections for disposition pursuant to s. 97.073.

(d)1. If the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the applicant will be registered as an unverified voter provided all other requirements have been met. The unverified voter will not be allowed to vote until he or she has provided sufficient evidence of citizenship to the supervisor of elections. The online voter registration system must transmit, using the statewide voter registration system maintained under s. 98.035, the applicant's registration application, along with the digital signature of the applicant on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to the supervisor of elections. The applicant's digital signature satisfies the

signature requirement of s. 97.052(2)(q). The system must generate a notice to the supervisor of elections and to the applicant which states that the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and that the applicant must provide to the supervisor of elections sufficient evidence of his or her United States citizenship and the supervisor of elections must verify the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen before the applicant may vote. Such notice must include a list of documents acceptable as evidence United States citizenship as set forth in s. 98.075(6)(c).

2. The supervisor of elections shall verify the legal status of an applicant identified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicle as a person who is potentially not a United States citizen. If the supervisor determines based on credible and reliable information that the applicant is potentially ineligible to vote because he or she is not a United States citizen, the supervisor must provide notice to the applicant in accordance with s. 98.075(8). Such notice must include the list of documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship as set forth in s. 98.075(6)(c).

(e) If the applicant indicates that he or she has not been issued a Florida driver license or Florida identification card, or chooses to use the system to prepopulate an application to print, sign, and deliver, the online voter registration system must populate the applicant's information into a uniform statewide voter registration application under s. 97.052(2) and direct the applicant to print, sign, and date the application and deliver the application to the supervisor of elections for disposition under s. 97.073.

Section 5. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 97.053, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications.—

(2) A voter registration application is complete and becomes the official voter registration record of that applicant when all information necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility under pursuant to s. 97.041 is received by a voter registration official and verified under pursuant to subsection (6). Except as provided in subsection (6), if the applicant fails to complete his or her voter registration application on or before prior to the date of book closing for an election, then such applicant is shall not be eligible to vote in that election.

(6)(a) A voter registration application, including an application with a change in name, address, or party affiliation, may be accepted as valid only after the department has verified the authenticity or nonexistence of the Florida driver license number, the Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant and the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen has been verified or recorded as verified in the statewide voter registration system. If a completed voter registration application has been received by the book-closing deadline but the Florida driver license number, the Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant or the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen, whichever is applicable, cannot be verified, the applicant must shall be notified that the number cannot be verified and that the applicant must provide evidence to the supervisor evidence sufficient to verify the authenticity of the applicant's driver license number, Florida identification card number, or last four digits of the social security number or provide one of the documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship set forth s. 98.075(6)(c), whichever is applicable. An applicant whose application does not meet the requirements of this subsection is deemed an unverified voter until the requirements have been met.

(b) If the applicant provides the necessary evidence, the supervisor shall place the applicant's name on the registration rolls as an active voter.

(c) If the application is to update to the voter's record with a change in name, address, or party affiliation, whichever is applicable, the change is retroactive to the date the application was initially received and the necessary documentation is verified.

(d) If the applicant has not provided the necessary evidence to validate the applicant's number or citizenship as required under paragraph (a) before or the number has not otherwise been verified prior to the applicant appears presenting himself or herself to vote, the applicant must shall be provided a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot must shall be counted pursuant to s. 101.048, only if the requisite verification occurs number is verified by the end of the canvassing period or if the applicant presents evidence to the supervisor

of elections evidence sufficient to verify the authenticity of the applicant's Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or last four digits of the social security number, or provides one of the documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship set forth s. 98.075(6)(c), whichever is applicable, no later than 5 p.m. of the second day following the election.

Section 6. Subsections (11) and (13) of section 97.057, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

97.057 Voter registration by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.—

(11) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall enter into an agreement with the department to match information in the statewide voter registration system with information in the database of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to the extent required to verify the accuracy of a person's Florida the driver license number, Florida identification number, or last four digits of his or her the social security number, or legal status as a United States citizen, as applicable, provided on applications for voter registration as required in s. 97.053. The department shall also include the documentary proof that the applicant provided in support of his or her United States citizenship.

(13) Notwithstanding a declination to register or to update a voter registration pursuant to subparagraph (2)(b)2., the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall, in accordance with s. 98.093(8), must assist the Department of State in regularly identifying changes in residence address or number on the Florida driver license or Florida identification card of persons who may be voters of a voter. The Department of State must report each such change to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must change the voter's registration records in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 98.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.015 Supervisor of elections; election, tenure of office, compensation, custody of registration-related documents, office hours, successor, seal; appointment of deputy supervisors; duties.—

(4)(a) At a minimum, the office of the supervisor must be open Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays, for a period of not less than 8 hours per day, beginning no later than 9 a.m.

(b) The office of the supervisor may close to observe legal holidays and other federal, state, or county-approved holidays if the office is not otherwise required to be open to fulfill official duties under the Florida Election Code.

Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 98.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.045 Administration of voter registration.—

(1) ELIGIBILITY OF APPLICANT.—

(a) The supervisor shall must ensure that any eligible applicant for voter registration is registered to vote and that each application for voter registration is processed in accordance with law. The supervisor shall determine whether a voter registration applicant is ineligible to vote based on any of the following:

1.(a) The failure to complete a voter registration application as specified in s. 97.053.

2.(b) The applicant is deceased.

3.(c) The applicant has been convicted of a felony for which his or her voting rights have not been restored.

4.(d) The applicant has been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to the right to vote and such right has not been restored.

5.(e) The applicant does not meet the age requirement pursuant to s. 97.041.

6.(f) The applicant is not a United States citizen.

7.(g) The applicant is a fictitious person.

8.(h) The applicant has provided an address of legal residence that is not his or her legal residence.

9.(i) The applicant has provided a Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of a social security number that is not verifiable by the department.

(b) If the most updated voter registration records show that a new applicant was previously registered but subsequently removed from the statewide voter registration system under s. 98.075(8) for ineligibility by reason of a felony conviction without voting rights restored, adjudication as mentally

incapacitated with respect to voting without voting rights restored, death, or legal status as not a United States citizen, the supervisor must, within 13 days after receiving a new application, verify the current eligibility of the applicant to register by reviewing any governmental entity document or source to determine whether the applicant remains ineligible. If the supervisor determines that the applicant is still ineligible to vote, the supervisor must deny the application and notify the applicant pursuant to s. 97.073.

Section 9. Subsections (6), (7), and (8) of section 98.075, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7), (8), and (9), respectively, subsections (4) and (5), present subsection (6), paragraph (a) of present subsection (7), and paragraph (a) of present subsection (8) are amended, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

98.075 Registration records maintenance activities; ineligibility determinations.—

(4) ADJUDICATION OF MENTAL INCAPACITY.—The department shall identify those registered voters who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting and who have not had their voting rights restored by comparing information received from the clerk of the circuit court as provided in s. 98.093. The department shall review such information and make an initial determination as to whether the information is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter to be registered. Upon receipt of the notice that the department has made a determination of initial credibility and reliability, the supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ before the removal of a registered voter from the statewide voter registration system.

(5) FELONY CONVICTION.—

(a) The department shall identify those registered voters who have been convicted of a felony and whose voting rights have not been restored by comparing information received from, but not limited to, a clerk of the circuit court, the Board of Executive Clemency, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Law Enforcement, or a United States Attorney's Office, as provided in s. 98.093. The department shall review such information and make an initial determination as to whether the information is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter to be registered. Upon receipt of the notice that the department has made a determination of initial credibility and reliability, the supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ before the removal of a registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.

(b) The supervisors shall coordinate with their respective clerks of the court to obtain information pursuant to s. 98.093 to identify registered voters within their respective jurisdictions who have been convicted of a felony during the preceding week and whose voting rights have not been restored. The supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ before the removal of a registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system. For purposes of this paragraph, a supervisor's duties under subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ begin upon his or her determination that the information received from the clerk is credible and reliable.

(6) CITIZENSHIP.—

(a) The Department of State shall verify the citizenship status of all registered voters whose legal status has not already been verified as a United States citizen. If the citizenship status of a registered voter cannot be verified or the voter record does not indicate that the registered voter's citizenship is verified, the department must notify the supervisor of elections who must notify the registered voter.

(b) The department shall review the information received from the Department of Highway Safety under s. 98.093(8) and make an initial determination as to whether the information and any other information regarding citizenship is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter.

(c) Upon receipt of the notice under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the supervisor of elections must notify the registered voter in accordance with

subsection (8) that his or her United States citizenship could not be verified and require the registered voter to submit evidence sufficient to verify his or her citizenship status. The notice to the registered voter must include the following list of documents that will be accepted as evidence of United States citizenship:

1. A current and valid United States passport.
2. A United States birth certificate.
3. A Consular Report of Birth Abroad provided by the United States Department of State.
4. A current and valid Florida driver license or Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles if such driver license or identification card indicates United States citizenship.
5. A naturalization certificate, a certificate of citizenship, a certificate number, or an alien registration number issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security.
6. A current and valid photo identification issued by the Federal Government or the government of this state which indicates United States citizenship.
7. An order from a federal court granting United States citizenship.

(d) If the registered voter's legal name is different than the name that appears on one of the documents specified in paragraph (c), the applicant must also provide official documentation providing proof of a legal name change.

(e) The type of document provided or used to verify citizenship must be recorded in the statewide voter registration system.

(7)(6) OTHER BASES FOR INELIGIBILITY.—Subsections (2)-(6) ~~(2)-(5)~~ do not limit or restrict the department or the supervisor in his or her duty to act upon direct receipt of, access to, or knowledge of information from any governmental entity that identifies a registered voter as potentially ineligible. If the department or supervisor receives information from any governmental entity other than those identified in subsections (2)-(6) ~~(2)-(5)~~ that a registered voter is ineligible because the voter is deceased, adjudicated a convicted felon without having had his or her voting rights restored, adjudicated mentally incapacitated without having had his or her voting rights restored, does not meet the age requirement pursuant to s. 97.041, is not a United States citizen, is a fictitious person, or has listed an address that is not his or her address of legal residence, the supervisor must adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ before the removal of the name of a registered voter who is determined to be ineligible from the statewide voter registration system.

(8)(7) PROCEDURES FOR REMOVAL.—

(a) If the supervisor receives notice or information pursuant to subsections (4)-(7) ~~(4)-(6)~~, the supervisor of the county in which the voter is registered must:

1. Notify the registered voter of his or her potential ineligibility by mail within 7 days after receipt of notice or information. The notice must include:

a. A statement of the basis for the registered voter's potential ineligibility and a copy of any documentation upon which the potential ineligibility is based. Such documentation must include any conviction from another jurisdiction determined to be a similar offense to murder or a felony sexual offense, as those terms are defined in s. 98.0751.

b. A statement that failure to respond within 30 days after receipt of the notice may result in a determination of ineligibility and in removal of the registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.

c. A return form that requires the registered voter to admit or deny the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility for purposes of a final determination by the supervisor.

d. A statement that, if the voter is denying the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the voter has a right to request a hearing for the purpose of determining eligibility.

e. Instructions for the registered voter to contact the supervisor of elections of the county in which the voter is registered if assistance is needed in resolving the matter.

f. Instructions for seeking restoration of civil rights pursuant to s. 8, Art. IV of the State Constitution and information explaining voting rights restoration pursuant to s. 4, Art. VI of the State Constitution following a felony conviction, if applicable.

g. The following statement: "If you attempt to vote at an early voting site or your normal election day polling place, you will be required to vote at a provisional ballot. If you vote by mail, your ballot will be treated as a provisional ballot. In either case, your ballot may not be counted until a final determination of eligibility is made. If you wish for your ballot to be counted, you must contact the supervisor of elections office within 2 days after the election and present evidence that you are eligible to vote."

2. If the mailed notice is returned as undeliverable, the supervisor must, within 14 days after receiving the returned notice, either publish notice once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the voter was last registered or publish notice on the county's website as provided in s. 50.0311 or on the supervisor's website, as deemed appropriate by the supervisor. The notice must contain the following:

- a. The voter's name and address.
- b. A statement that the voter is potentially ineligible to be registered to vote.
- c. A statement that failure to respond within 30 days after the notice is published may result in a determination of ineligibility by the supervisor and removal of the registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.
- d. An instruction for the voter to contact the supervisor no later than 30 days after the date of the published notice to receive information regarding the basis for the potential ineligibility and the procedure to resolve the matter.
- e. An instruction to the voter that, if further assistance is needed, the voter should contact the supervisor of elections of the county in which the voter is registered.

f. A statement that, if the voter denies the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the voter has a right to request a hearing for the purpose of determining eligibility.

g. The following statement: "If you attempt to vote at an early voting site or your normal election day polling place, you will be required to vote at a provisional ballot. If you vote by mail, your ballot will be treated as a provisional ballot. In either case, your ballot may not be counted until a final determination of eligibility is made. If you wish for your ballot to be counted, you must contact the supervisor of elections office within 2 days after the election and present evidence that you are eligible to vote."

3. If a registered voter fails to respond to a notice pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the supervisor must make a final determination of the voter's eligibility within 7 days after expiration of the voter's timeframe to respond. If the supervisor determines that the voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the name of the registered voter from the statewide voter registration system within 7 days. The supervisor shall notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action.

4. If a registered voter responds to the notice pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and admits the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the supervisor must, as soon as practicable, make a final determination of ineligibility and remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system. The supervisor shall notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action.

5. If a registered voter responds to the notice issued pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and denies the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility but does not request a hearing, the supervisor must review the evidence and make a determination of eligibility no later than 30 days after receiving the response from the voter. If the supervisor determines that the registered voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system upon such determination and notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action and that the removed voter has a right to appeal a determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.0755. If such registered voter requests a hearing, the supervisor must send notice to the registered voter to attend a hearing at a time and place specified in the notice. The supervisor shall schedule and issue notice for the hearing within 7 days after receiving the voter's request for a hearing and shall hold the hearing no later than 30 days after issuing the notice of the hearing. A voter may request an extension upon showing good cause by submitting an affidavit to the supervisor as to why he or she is unable to attend the scheduled hearing. Upon hearing all evidence presented at the hearing, the supervisor shall make

a determination of eligibility within 7 days. If the supervisor determines that the registered voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system and notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action and that the removed voter has a right to appeal a determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.0755.

~~(9)(8)~~ CERTIFICATION.—

(a) No later than July 31 and January 31 of each year, the supervisor shall certify to the department that the supervisor has conducted the activities required pursuant to this section during the first 6 months and the second 6 months of the year, respectively. The certification must include the number of persons to whom notices were sent pursuant to subsection (8) ~~(7)~~; the number of persons who responded to the notices; the number of notices returned as undeliverable; the number of notices published in the newspaper, on the county's website, or on the supervisor's website; the number of hearings conducted; and the number of persons removed from the statewide voter registration system and the reasons for such removals.

Section 10. Effective July 1, 2026, subsection (9) of section 98.093, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) are added to subsection (8) of that section, to read:

98.093 Duty of officials to furnish information relating to deceased persons, persons adjudicated mentally incapacitated, persons convicted of a felony, and persons who are not United States citizens.—

(8) DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES.—The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall furnish weekly to the department the following information:

(d) Information identifying those persons who during the preceding week presented evidence of United States citizenship upon being issued a new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card. The information must contain the person's name; address; date of birth; last four digits of his or her social security number, if applicable; Florida driver license number or Florida identification card number, if available; the type of documentary proof the person provided in support of his or her citizenship; and, if applicable, the person's alien registration number or other legal status identifier.

(e) Information identifying a change in residence address on the Florida driver license or Florida identification card of any person who declined to register or update his or her voter's registration record under s. 97.057(2)(b)2. The information must contain the person's name; date of birth; sex; last four digits of his or her social security number, if available; and Florida driver license or Florida identification card number in order to identify a voter's registration record. The Department of State must report each such change to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must change the voter's registration records in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

(f) Information identifying new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card numbers issued to persons who declined to register or update his or her voter's registration record under s. 97.057(2)(b) 2. The information must contain the person's name; date of birth; last four digits of his or her social security number, if available; and the person's prior and current Florida driver license or Florida identification card number in order to identify a voter's registration record. The Department of State must report the prior and current Florida driver license or Florida identification card numbers to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must update the voter's registration records and provide notice of the change to the registered voter in the same manner as a change of address made in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

(9) CONSTRUCTION.—This section does not limit or restrict the supervisor in his or her duty to act upon direct receipt of, access to, or knowledge of official information from these and other governmental entities that identify a registered voter as potentially ineligible and to initiate removal of the name of the registered voter who is determined to be ineligible from the statewide voter registration system pursuant to s. 98.075(8) s. 98.075(7).

Section 11. Section 98.094, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

98.094 Federal jury notice.—

(1) The Division of Elections shall provide a list, monthly, of registered voters to federal courts for purposes of selecting jurors and the jury coordinator must provide the division notice regarding any ineligible or potentially ineligible voters.

(2) The jury coordinator shall prepare or cause to be prepared a list of each person disqualified or potentially disqualified as a prospective juror from jury service because the person is not a United States citizen, was convicted of a felony, is deceased, is not a resident of this state, or is not a resident of the county in which such jury service is required. The list must be prepared and sent to the division according to the jury summons cycle used by the clerk of court. This section does not prevent the list from being sent more frequently. The list prepared by the jury coordinator may be provided by mail, e-mail, or other electronic means to the division.

(3) The jury coordinator shall provide the division with all of the following information about each disqualified or potentially disqualified juror:

- (a) The full name of the juror.
- (b) Current and prior addresses, if any.
- (c) Telephone number, if available.
- (d) Date of birth.
- (e) The reason the prospective juror is disqualified.

(4) The division shall provide the information received under subsection (3) to the appropriate supervisor of elections in the county of residence of the disqualified juror in order for the supervisor to initiate address list maintenance under s. 98.065 or eligibility maintenance under s. 98.075(8), as applicable.

Section 12. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 99.021, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to that subsection, to read:

99.021 Form of candidate oath.—

(1)

(b) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing:

1. The party of which the person is a member.

2. That the person has been a registered member of the political party for which he or she is seeking nomination as a candidate for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

3. That the person has paid the assessment levied against him or her, if any, as a candidate for said office by the executive committee of the party of which he or she is a member.

(c) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing that he or she is registered without any party affiliation and that he or she has not been a registered member of any political party for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

(f) A qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race may challenge the accuracy of the content of the statement in a candidate's oath or affirmation appearing in subparagraph (a)1. that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is not qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected.

(g) The statements in subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) constitute substantive requirements for the person completing the statement, and compliance with those requirements is mandatory. The sole method to enforce compliance with such requirements is contained in this paragraph. Compliance with subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) may be challenged by a qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that:

1. The person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party has not been a registered member of that party for the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying; or

2. The person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation has not been registered without party affiliation for, or has been a registered member of any political party during, the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying.

(h) Any candidate or political party bringing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief under paragraph (f) or paragraph (g) is entitled to an expedited final hearing and any appeal of a final hearing shall receive expedited consideration by the appellate court. Upon a final order of the circuit court containing a determination in paragraph (f) or paragraph (g), the supervisor of elections in each county affected by such candidacy shall remove the name of the candidate from the ballot, or if the ballots have already been printed, post a notice to be included with each vote-by-mail ballot, and at each early voting location and polling precinct that a vote for such candidate will not be counted.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 101.043, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.043 Identification required at polls.—

(1)(a) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461, ~~must~~ shall be used at the polls for the purpose of identifying the elector at the polls before allowing him or her to vote. The clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering the polling place, to present one of the following current and valid picture identifications:

1. Florida driver license.

2. Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

3. United States passport or passport card.

~~4. Debit or credit card.~~

~~4.5. United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine Military~~ identification.

~~6. Student identification.~~

~~7. Retirement center identification.~~

~~8. Neighborhood association identification.~~

~~9. Public assistance identification.~~

~~5.40.~~ Veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

~~6.41.~~ A license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued pursuant to s. 790.06.

~~7.42.~~ Any other Employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality, excluding identification cards issued by an educational institution.

(b) If the picture identification does not contain the signature of the elector, an additional identification that provides the elector's signature ~~is shall be~~ required. The address appearing on the identification presented by the elector may not be used as the basis to challenge an elector's legal residence. The elector ~~must shall~~ sign his or her name in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for recording the elector's signature. The clerk or inspector shall compare the signature with that on the identification provided by the elector and enter his or her initials in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for that purpose and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector.

Section 14. Subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 101.048, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.048 Provisional ballots.—

(1) At all elections, a voter claiming to be properly registered in the state and eligible to vote at the precinct in the election but whose eligibility cannot be determined, a person whom an election official asserts is not eligible, including, but not limited to, a person to whom notice has been sent pursuant to s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~, but for whom a final determination of eligibility has not been made, and other persons specified in the code shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot must be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a provisional ballot envelope. The provisional ballot must be deposited in a ballot box. All provisional ballots

must remain sealed in their envelopes for return to the supervisor of elections. The department shall prescribe the form of the provisional ballot envelope. A person casting a provisional ballot has the right to present written evidence supporting his or her eligibility to vote to the supervisor of elections by not later than 5 p.m. on the second day following the election.

(6)

(d) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to cure the missing signature or the signature discrepancy on your Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election.

2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any other employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill; bank statement; government check; paycheck; or government document (excluding voter information card).

4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your information **MUST** reach your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day following the election or your ballot will not count.

5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.

6. Submitting a provisional ballot affidavit does not establish your eligibility to vote in this election or guarantee that your ballot will be counted. The county canvassing board determines your eligibility to vote through information provided on the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, written evidence provided by you, including information in your cure affidavit along with any supporting identification, and any other evidence presented by the supervisor of elections or a challenger. You may still be required to present additional written evidence to support your eligibility to vote.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 3-104 and insert:

97.022, F.S.; revising the information the Department of State is required to include in a specified report; amending s. 97.051, F.S.; requiring persons to swear or affirm they have reviewed the voter registration instructions, are a United States citizen, and understand the penalties for providing false information; amending s. 97.052, F.S.; requiring the voter registration application to elicit documentation required by the United States Election Assistance Commission or federal law; amending s. 97.0525, F.S.; requiring that an applicant's citizenship status be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; providing that an

applicant will be registered as an unverified voter, but may not vote, if his or her legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified through the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; requiring the online voter registration system to transmit certain information to the supervisor of elections and generate certain notices; requiring the supervisor of elections to verify the legal status of certain applicants and provide certain notice; providing that, under specified circumstances, the online voter registration system may populate the applicant's information into a printable voter registration application; amending s. 97.053, F.S.; requiring an applicant's legal status to be verified for a voter registration application to be valid; providing that an applicant will be deemed an unverified voter if his or her application fails to meet specified requirements; requiring an applicant to provide certain evidence to the supervisor of elections to prove the applicant's legal status under specified circumstances; providing for retroactivity; providing certain applicants a provisional ballot and such ballot may only be counted if the applicant can verify his or her legal status within a specified timeframe; amending s. 97.057, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State documentary proof of an applicant's citizenship; amending s. 98.015, F.S.; authorizing the office of the supervisor of elections to close to observe certain holidays under a specified condition; amending s. 98.045, F.S.; requiring supervisors to make certain determinations relating to applicants who were previously registered to vote, but later removed for ineligibility, and to follow specified procedures to notify the applicant, if applicable; amending s. 98.075, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to verify the United States citizenship status of any registered voter after a specified date; requiring specified notices regarding an applicant's potential ineligibility to vote; requiring certain applicants to submit specified information to the supervisor of elections; requiring certain documentation be recorded in the statewide voter registration system; amending s. 98.093, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with information identifying United States citizens who have been issued a new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with changes in residence address and Florida driver license or identification card numbers of individuals who have declined to register or update their voter registration; creating s. 98.094, F.S.; requiring the Division of Elections to provide a list of registered voters to federal courts for a specified purpose; requiring the jury coordinator to prepare a specified list with certain information and send such list to the division; specifying the manner in which such list may be sent; requiring the division to provide such information to the appropriate supervisor of elections; amending s. 99.021, F.S.; specifying that a person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate must be a registered member of a political party, or registered without any party affiliation, for 365 consecutive days preceding the beginning of the qualifying before an election; authorizing qualified candidates or certain political parties to challenge compliance with specified provisions by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in a specified circuit court; prohibiting a person from being qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and appearing on the ballot under specified circumstances; providing that compliance with specified requirements is mandatory; entitling certain candidates and political parties to specified expedited hearings and consideration; requiring the supervisor of elections to remove certain candidates from the ballot or provide certain notice that votes for certain disqualified candidates will not be counted; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising the forms of identification required to be provided at polls; amending s. 101.048, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.591, F.S.; removing

Rep. Harris moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Nixon offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 810467)

Amendment 2 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 223-1991 and insert:

Section 2. Section 97.022, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 3. Section 97.0291, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 4. Section 97.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.051 Oath upon registering.—A person registering to vote must subscribe to the following oath: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a United States citizen and will protect and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Florida, that I am qualified to register as an elector under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida, and that all information provided in this application is true. I have carefully reviewed the instructions for completing the Florida Voter Registration Application. I understand that if I have provided false information on this application, I could be subject to criminal penalties for perjury, fines, or imprisonment, and deportation from the United States if I am not a United States citizen."

Section 5. Paragraph (v) is added to subsection (2) of section 97.052, Florida Statutes, to read:

97.052 Uniform statewide voter registration application.—

(2) The uniform statewide voter registration application must be designed to elicit the following information from the applicant:

(v) Documentation required by the United States Election Assistance Commission or federal law.

Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 97.0525, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.0525 Online voter registration.—

(4)(a) The online voter registration system shall compare the Florida driver license number or Florida identification number submitted pursuant to s. 97.052(2)(n) with information maintained by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to confirm that the name and date of birth on the application are consistent with the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen can be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

(b) If the applicant's name and date of birth are consistent with the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, and the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen can be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the online voter registration system shall transmit, using the statewide voter registration system maintained pursuant to s. 98.035, the applicant's registration application, along with the digital signature of the applicant on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to the supervisor of elections. The applicant's digital signature satisfies the signature requirement of s. 97.052(2)(q).

(c) If the applicant's name and date of birth cannot be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or if the applicant indicated that he or she has not been issued a Florida driver license or Florida identification card, the online voter registration system shall populate the applicant's information except for the applicant's personal identifying number into a printable voter registration application pursuant to s. 97.052(2) which and direct the applicant may to print, complete any required field, sign, and date the application and deliver the application to the supervisor of elections for disposition pursuant to s. 97.073.

(d)1. If the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the applicant will be registered as an unverified voter provided all other requirements have been met. The unverified voter will not be allowed to vote until he or she has provided sufficient evidence of citizenship to the supervisor of elections. The online voter registration system must transmit, using the statewide voter registration system maintained under s. 98.035, the applicant's registration application, along with the digital signature of the applicant on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to the supervisor of elections. The applicant's digital signature satisfies the signature requirement of s. 97.052(2)(q). The system must generate a notice to the supervisor of elections and to the applicant which states that the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and that the applicant

must provide to the supervisor of elections sufficient evidence of his or her United States citizenship and the supervisor of elections must verify the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen before the applicant may vote. Such notice must include a list of documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship as set forth in s. 98.075(6)(c).

2. The supervisor of elections shall verify the legal status of an applicant identified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicle as a person who is potentially not a United States citizen. If the supervisor determines based on credible and reliable information that the applicant is potentially ineligible to vote because he or she is not a United States citizen, the supervisor must provide notice to the applicant in accordance with s. 98.075(8). Such notice must include the list of documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship as set forth in s. 98.075(6)(c).

(e) If the applicant indicates that he or she has not been issued a Florida driver license or Florida identification card, or chooses to use the system to prepopulate an application to print, sign, and deliver, the online voter registration system must populate the applicant's information into a uniform statewide voter registration application under s. 97.052(2) and direct the applicant to print, sign, and date the application and deliver the application to the supervisor of elections for disposition under s. 97.073.

Section 7. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 97.053, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications.—

(2) A voter registration application is complete and becomes the official voter registration record of that applicant when all information necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility under pursuant to s. 97.041 is received by a voter registration official and verified under pursuant to subsection (6). Except as provided in subsection (6), if the applicant fails to complete his or her voter registration application on or before prior to the date of book closing for an election, then such applicant is shall not be eligible to vote in that election.

(6)(a) A voter registration application, including an application with a change in name, address, or party affiliation, may be accepted as valid only after the department has verified the authenticity or nonexistence of the Florida driver license number, the Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant and the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen has been verified or recorded as verified in the statewide voter registration system. If a completed voter registration application has been received by the book-closing deadline but the Florida driver license number, the Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant or the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen, whichever is applicable, cannot be verified, the applicant must shall be notified that the number cannot be verified and that the applicant must provide evidence to the supervisor of elections sufficient to verify the authenticity of the applicant's driver license number, Florida identification card number, or last four digits of the social security number or provide one of the documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship set forth s. 98.075(6)(c), whichever is applicable. An applicant whose application does not meet the requirements of this subsection is deemed an unverified voter until the requirements have been met.

(b) If the applicant provides the necessary evidence, the supervisor shall place the applicant's name on the registration rolls as an active voter.

(c) If the application is to update to the voter's record with a change in name, address, or party affiliation, whichever is applicable, the change is retroactive to the date the application was initially received and the necessary documentation is verified.

(d) If the applicant has not provided the ~~necessary~~ evidence to validate the applicant's number or citizenship as required under paragraph (a) ~~before or the number has not otherwise been verified prior to the applicant appears presenting himself or herself~~ to vote, the applicant must ~~shall~~ be provided a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot ~~must shall~~ be counted pursuant to s. 101.048, only if the requisite verification occurs ~~number is verified~~ by the end of the canvassing period or if the applicant presents evidence to the supervisor of elections evidence sufficient to verify the authenticity of the applicant's Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or last four digits of the social security number, or provides one of the documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship set forth s. 98.075(6)(c).

whichever is applicable, no later than 5 p.m. of the second day following the election.

Section 8. Subsections (11) and (13) of section 97.057, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

97.057 Voter registration by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.—

(11) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall enter into an agreement with the department to match information in the statewide voter registration system with information in the database of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to the extent required to verify the accuracy of a person's Florida driver license number, Florida identification number, or last four digits of his or her social security number, or legal status as a United States citizen, as applicable, provided on applications for voter registration as required in s. 97.053. The department shall also include the documentary proof that the applicant provided in support of his or her United States citizenship.

(13) Notwithstanding a declination to register or to update a voter registration pursuant to subparagraph (2)(b)2., the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall, in accordance with s. 98.093(8), must assist the Department of State in regularly identifying changes in residence address or number on the Florida driver license or Florida identification card of persons who may be voters of a voter. The Department of State must report each such change to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must change the voter's registration records in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

Section 9. Section 97.0575, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.0575 Third-party voter registration organizations.—

(1) Before engaging in any voter registration activities, a third-party voter registration organization must register with and provide to the division, in an electronic format, the following information:

(a) The names of the officers of the organization and the name and permanent address of the organization.

(b) The name and address of the organization's registered agent in the state.

(c) The names, permanent addresses, and temporary addresses, if any, of each registration agent registering persons to vote in this state on behalf of the organization. This paragraph does not apply to persons who only solicit applications and do not collect or handle voter registration applications.

(d) Beginning November 6, 2024, the specific general election cycle for which the third-party voter registration organization is registering persons to vote.

(e) An affirmation that each person collecting or handling voter registration applications on behalf of the third-party voter registration organization has not been convicted of a felony violation of the Election Code, a felony violation of an offense specified in s. 825.103, a felony offense specified in s. 98.0751(2)(b) or (c), or a felony offense specified in chapter 817, chapter 831, or chapter 837. A third-party voter registration organization is liable for a fine in the amount of \$50,000 for each such person who has been convicted of a felony violation of the Election Code, a felony violation of an offense specified in s. 825.103, a felony offense specified in s. 98.0751(2)(b) or (c), or a felony offense specified in chapter 817, chapter 831, or chapter 837 who is collecting or handling voter registration applications on behalf of the third-party voter registration organization.

(f) An affirmation that each person collecting or handling voter registration applications on behalf of the third-party voter registration organization is a citizen of the United States of America. A third-party voter registration organization is liable for a fine in the amount of \$50,000 for each such person who is not a citizen and is collecting or handling voter registration applications on behalf of the third-party voter registration organization.

(2) Beginning November 6, 2024, the registration of a third-party voter registration organization automatically expires at the conclusion of the specific general election cycle for which the third-party voter registration organization is registered.

(3) The division or the supervisor of elections shall make voter registration forms available to third-party voter registration organizations. All such forms must contain information identifying the organization to which the forms are provided. The division shall maintain a database of all third-party voter registration organizations and the voter registration forms assigned to the third-party voter registration organization. Each supervisor of elections shall

provide to the division information on voter registration forms assigned to and received from third-party voter registration organizations. The information must be provided in a format and at times as required by the division by rule. The division shall update information on third-party voter registrations daily and make the information publicly available.

(4) A third-party voter registration organization that collects voter registration applications shall provide a receipt to an applicant upon accepting possession of his or her application. The division shall adopt by rule a uniform format for the receipt by October 1, 2023. The format must include, but need not be limited to, the name of the applicant, the date the application is received, the name of the third-party voter registration organization, the name of the registration agent, the applicant's political party affiliation, and the county in which the applicant resides.

(5)(a) A third-party voter registration organization that collects voter registration applications serves as a fiduciary to the applicant and shall ensure that any voter registration application entrusted to the organization, irrespective of party affiliation, race, ethnicity, or gender, is promptly delivered to the division or the supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides within 10 days after the application is completed by the applicant, but not after registration closes for the next ensuing election. If a voter registration application collected by any third-party voter registration organization is not promptly delivered to the division or supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides, the third-party voter registration organization is liable for the following fines:

1. A fine in the amount of \$50 per each day late, up to \$2,500, for each application received by the division or the supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides more than 10 days after the applicant delivered the completed voter registration application to the third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf. A fine in the amount of \$2,500 for each application received if the third-party voter registration organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully.

2. A fine in the amount of \$100 per each day late, up to \$5,000, for each application collected by a third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, before book closing for any given election for federal or state office and received by the division or the supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides after the book closing deadline for such election. A fine in the amount of \$5,000 for each application received if the third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully.

3. A fine in the amount of \$500 for each application collected by a third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, which is not submitted to the division or supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides. A fine in the amount of \$5,000 for any application not submitted if the third-party voter registration organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully.

The aggregate fine which may be assessed pursuant to this paragraph against a third-party voter registration organization, including affiliate organizations, for violations committed in a calendar year is \$250,000.

(b) A showing by the third-party voter registration organization that the failure to deliver the voter registration application within the required timeframe is based upon force majeure or impossibility of performance shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of this subsection. The secretary may waive the fines described in this subsection upon a showing that the failure to deliver the voter registration application promptly is based upon force majeure or impossibility of performance.

(6) If a person collecting voter registration applications on behalf of a third-party voter registration organization alters the voter registration application of any other person, without the other person's knowledge and consent, in violation of s. 104.012(4) and is subsequently convicted of such offense, the applicable third-party voter registration organization is liable for a fine in the amount of \$5,000 for each application altered.

(7) If a person collecting voter registration applications on behalf of a third-party voter registration organization copies a voter's application or retains a voter's personal information, such as the voter's Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, social security number, or

~~signature, for any reason other than to provide such application or information to the third-party voter registration organization in compliance with this section, the person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.~~

~~(8) If the Secretary of State reasonably believes that a person has committed a violation of this section, the secretary may refer the matter to the Attorney General for enforcement. The Attorney General may institute a civil action for a violation of this section or to prevent a violation of this section. An action for relief may include a permanent or temporary injunction, a restraining order, or any other appropriate order.~~

~~(9) The division shall adopt by rule a form to elicit specific information concerning the facts and circumstances from a person who claims to have been registered to vote by a third-party voter registration organization but who does not appear as an active voter on the voter registration rolls. The division shall also adopt rules to ensure the integrity of the registration process, including controls to ensure that all completed forms are promptly delivered to the division or a supervisor in the county in which the applicant resides.~~

~~(10) The date on which an applicant signs a voter registration application is presumed to be the date on which the third-party voter registration organization received or collected the voter registration application.~~

~~(11) A third-party voter registration organization may not mail or otherwise provide a voter registration application upon which any information about an applicant has been filled in before it is provided to the applicant. A third-party voter registration organization that violates this section is liable for a fine in the amount of \$50 for each such application.~~

~~(12) The requirements of this section are retroactive for any third-party voter registration organization registered with the department as of July 1, 2023, and must be complied with within 90 days after the department provides notice to the third-party voter registration organization of the requirements contained in this section. Failure of the third-party voter registration organization to comply with the requirements within 90 days after receipt of the notice shall automatically result in the cancellation of the third-party voter registration organization's registration.~~

Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 98.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.015 Supervisor of elections; election, tenure of office, compensation, custody of registration-related documents, office hours, successor, seal; appointment of deputy supervisors; duties.—

(4)(a) At a minimum, the office of the supervisor must be open Monday through Friday, ~~excluding legal holidays~~, for a period of not less than 8 hours per day, beginning no later than 9 a.m.

(b) The office of the supervisor may close to observe legal holidays and other federal, state, or county-approved holidays if the office is not otherwise required to be open to fulfill official duties under the Florida Election Code.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 98.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.045 Administration of voter registration.—

(1) ELIGIBILITY OF APPLICANT.—

(a) The supervisor shall must ensure that any eligible applicant for voter registration is registered to vote and that each application for voter registration is processed in accordance with law. The supervisor shall determine whether a voter registration applicant is ineligible to vote based on any of the following:

1.(a) The failure to complete a voter registration application as specified in s. 97.053.

2.(b) The applicant is deceased.

3.(c) The applicant has been convicted of a felony for which his or her voting rights have not been restored.

4.(d) The applicant has been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to the right to vote and such right has not been restored.

5.(e) The applicant does not meet the age requirement pursuant to s. 97.041.

6.(f) The applicant is not a United States citizen.

7.(g) The applicant is a fictitious person.

8.(h) The applicant has provided an address of legal residence that is not his or her legal residence.

2.(i) The applicant has provided a Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of a social security number that is not verifiable by the department.

(b) If the most updated voter registration records show that a new applicant was previously registered but subsequently removed from the statewide voter registration system under s. 98.075(8) for ineligibility by reason of a felony conviction without voting rights restored, adjudication as mentally incapacitated with respect to voting without voting rights restored, death, or legal status as not a United States citizen, the supervisor must, within 13 days after receiving a new application, verify the current eligibility of the applicant to register by reviewing any governmental entity document or source to determine whether the applicant remains ineligible. If the supervisor determines that the applicant is still ineligible to vote, the supervisor must deny the application and notify the applicant pursuant to s. 97.073.

Section 12. Subsections (6), (7), and (8) of section 98.075, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7), (8), and (9), respectively, subsections (4) and (5), present subsection (6), paragraph (a) of present subsection (7), and paragraph (a) of present subsection (8) are amended, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

98.075 Registration records maintenance activities; ineligibility determinations.—

(4) ADJUDICATION OF MENTAL INCAPACITY.—The department shall identify those registered voters who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting and who have not had their voting rights restored by comparing information received from the clerk of the circuit court as provided in s. 98.093. The department shall review such information and make an initial determination as to whether the information is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter to be registered. Upon receipt of the notice that the department has made a determination of initial credibility and reliability, the supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) (7) before the removal of a registered voter from the statewide voter registration system.

(5) FELONY CONVICTION.—

(a) The department shall identify those registered voters who have been convicted of a felony and whose voting rights have not been restored by comparing information received from, but not limited to, a clerk of the circuit court, the Board of Executive Clemency, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Law Enforcement, or a United States Attorney's Office, as provided in s. 98.093. The department shall review such information and make an initial determination as to whether the information is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter to be registered. Upon receipt of the notice that the department has made a determination of initial credibility and reliability, the supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) (7) before the removal of a registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.

(b) The supervisors shall coordinate with their respective clerks of the court to obtain information pursuant to s. 98.093 to identify registered voters within their respective jurisdictions who have been convicted of a felony during the preceding week and whose voting rights have not been restored. The supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) (7) before the removal of a registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system. For purposes of this paragraph, a supervisor's duties under subsection (8) (7) begin upon his or her determination that the information received from the clerk is credible and reliable.

(6) CITIZENSHIP.—

(a) The Department of State shall verify the citizenship status of all registered voters whose legal status has not already been verified as a United States citizen. If the citizenship status of a registered voter cannot be verified or the voter record does not indicate that the registered voter's citizenship is verified, the department must notify the supervisor of elections who must notify the registered voter.

(b) The department shall review the information received from the Department of Highway Safety under s. 98.093(8) and make an initial

determination as to whether the information and any other information regarding citizenship is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter.

(c) Upon receipt of the notice under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the supervisor of elections must notify the registered voter in accordance with subsection (8) that his or her United States citizenship could not be verified and require the registered voter to submit evidence sufficient to verify his or her citizenship status. The notice to the registered voter must include the following list of documents that will be accepted as evidence of United States citizenship:

1. A current and valid United States passport.
2. A United States birth certificate.
3. A Consular Report of Birth Abroad provided by the United States Department of State.
4. A current and valid Florida driver license or Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles if such driver license or identification card indicates United States citizenship.
5. A naturalization certificate, a certificate of citizenship, a certificate number, or an alien registration number issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security.
6. A current and valid photo identification issued by the Federal Government or the government of this state which indicates United States citizenship.
7. An order from a federal court granting United States citizenship.

(d) If the registered voter's legal name is different than the name that appears on one of the documents specified in paragraph (c), the applicant must also provide official documentation providing proof of a legal name change.

(e) The type of document provided or used to verify citizenship must be recorded in the statewide voter registration system.

~~(7)(6)~~ OTHER BASES FOR INELIGIBILITY.—Subsections ~~(2)-(6)~~ ~~(2)-(5)~~ do not limit or restrict the department or the supervisor in his or her duty to act upon direct receipt of, access to, or knowledge of information from any governmental entity that identifies a registered voter as potentially ineligible. If the department or supervisor receives information from any governmental entity other than those identified in subsections ~~(2)-(6)~~ ~~(2)-(5)~~ that a registered voter is ineligible because the voter is deceased, adjudicated a convicted felon without having had his or her voting rights restored, adjudicated mentally incapacitated without having had his or her voting rights restored, does not meet the age requirement pursuant to s. 97.041, is not a United States citizen, is a fictitious person, or has listed an address that is not his or her address of legal residence, the supervisor must adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection ~~(8)~~ ~~(7)~~ before the removal of the name of a registered voter who is determined to be ineligible from the statewide voter registration system.

~~(8)(7)~~ PROCEDURES FOR REMOVAL.—

~~(a)~~ If the supervisor receives notice or information pursuant to subsections ~~(4)-(7)~~ ~~(4)-(6)~~, the supervisor of the county in which the voter is registered must:

1. Notify the registered voter of his or her potential ineligibility by mail within 7 days after receipt of notice or information. The notice must include:
 - a. A statement of the basis for the registered voter's potential ineligibility and a copy of any documentation upon which the potential ineligibility is based. Such documentation must include any conviction from another jurisdiction determined to be a similar offense to murder or a felony sexual offense, as those terms are defined in s. 98.0751.
 - b. A statement that failure to respond within 30 days after receipt of the notice may result in a determination of ineligibility and in removal of the registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.
 - c. A return form that requires the registered voter to admit or deny the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility for purposes of a final determination by the supervisor.
 - d. A statement that, if the voter is denying the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the voter has a right to request a hearing for the purpose of determining eligibility.

e. Instructions for the registered voter to contact the supervisor of elections of the county in which the voter is registered if assistance is needed in resolving the matter.

f. Instructions for seeking restoration of civil rights pursuant to s. 8, Art. IV of the State Constitution and information explaining voting rights restoration pursuant to s. 4, Art. VI of the State Constitution following a felony conviction, if applicable.

g. The following statement: "If you attempt to vote at an early voting site or your normal election day polling place, you will be required to vote a provisional ballot. If you vote by mail, your ballot will be treated as a provisional ballot. In either case, your ballot may not be counted until a final determination of eligibility is made. If you wish for your ballot to be counted, you must contact the supervisor of elections office within 2 days after the election and present evidence that you are eligible to vote."

2. If the mailed notice is returned as undeliverable, the supervisor must, within 14 days after receiving the returned notice, either publish notice once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the voter was last registered or publish notice on the county's website as provided in s. 50.0311 or on the supervisor's website, as deemed appropriate by the supervisor. The notice must contain the following:

- a. The voter's name and address.
- b. A statement that the voter is potentially ineligible to be registered to vote.
- c. A statement that failure to respond within 30 days after the notice is published may result in a determination of ineligibility by the supervisor and removal of the registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.

d. An instruction for the voter to contact the supervisor no later than 30 days after the date of the published notice to receive information regarding the basis for the potential ineligibility and the procedure to resolve the matter.

e. An instruction to the voter that, if further assistance is needed, the voter should contact the supervisor of elections of the county in which the voter is registered.

f. A statement that, if the voter denies the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the voter has a right to request a hearing for the purpose of determining eligibility.

g. The following statement: "If you attempt to vote at an early voting site or your normal election day polling place, you will be required to vote a provisional ballot. If you vote by mail, your ballot will be treated as a provisional ballot. In either case, your ballot may not be counted until a final determination of eligibility is made. If you wish for your ballot to be counted, you must contact the supervisor of elections office within 2 days after the election and present evidence that you are eligible to vote."

3. If a registered voter fails to respond to a notice pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the supervisor must make a final determination of the voter's eligibility within 7 days after expiration of the voter's timeframe to respond. If the supervisor determines that the voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the name of the registered voter from the statewide voter registration system within 7 days. The supervisor shall notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action.

4. If a registered voter responds to the notice pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and admits the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the supervisor must, as soon as practicable, make a final determination of ineligibility and remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system. The supervisor shall notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action.

5. If a registered voter responds to the notice issued pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and denies the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility but does not request a hearing, the supervisor must review the evidence and make a determination of eligibility no later than 30 days after receiving the response from the voter. If the supervisor determines that the registered voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system upon such determination and notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action and that the removed voter has a right to appeal a determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.0755. If such registered voter requests a hearing, the supervisor must send notice to the

registered voter to attend a hearing at a time and place specified in the notice. The supervisor shall schedule and issue notice for the hearing within 7 days after receiving the voter's request for a hearing and shall hold the hearing no later than 30 days after issuing the notice of the hearing. A voter may request an extension upon showing good cause by submitting an affidavit to the supervisor as to why he or she is unable to attend the scheduled hearing. Upon hearing all evidence presented at the hearing, the supervisor shall make a determination of eligibility within 7 days. If the supervisor determines that the registered voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system and notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action and that the removed voter has a right to appeal a determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.0755.

~~(9)(8)~~ CERTIFICATION.—

(a) No later than July 31 and January 31 of each year, the supervisor shall certify to the department that the supervisor has conducted the activities required pursuant to this section during the first 6 months and the second 6 months of the year, respectively. The certification must include the number of persons to whom notices were sent pursuant to subsection ~~(8)~~ ~~(7)~~; the number of persons who responded to the notices; the number of notices returned as undeliverable; the number of notices published in the newspaper, on the county's website, or on the supervisor's website; the number of hearings conducted; and the number of persons removed from the statewide voter registration system and the reasons for such removals.

Section 13. Effective July 1, 2026, subsection (9) of section 98.093, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) are added to subsection (8) of that section, to read:

98.093 Duty of officials to furnish information relating to deceased persons, persons adjudicated mentally incapacitated, persons convicted of a felony, and persons who are not United States citizens.—

(8) DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES.—The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall furnish weekly to the department the following information:

(d) Information identifying those persons who during the preceding week presented evidence of United States citizenship upon being issued a new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card. The information must contain the person's name; address; date of birth; last four digits of his or her social security number, if applicable; Florida driver license number or Florida identification card number, if available; the type of documentary proof the person provided in support of his or her citizenship; and, if applicable, the person's alien registration number or other legal status identifier.

(e) Information identifying a change in residence address on the Florida driver license or Florida identification card of any person who declined to register or update his or her voter's registration record under s. 97.057(2)(b)2. The information must contain the person's name; date of birth; sex; last four digits of his or her social security number, if available; and Florida driver license or Florida identification card number in order to identify a voter's registration record. The Department of State must report each such change to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must change the voter's registration records in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

(f) Information identifying new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card numbers issued to persons who declined to register or update his or her voter's registration record under s. 97.057(2)(b)2. The information must contain the person's name; date of birth; last four digits of his or her social security number, if available; and the person's prior and current Florida driver license or Florida identification card number in order to identify a voter's registration record. The Department of State must report the prior and current Florida driver license or Florida identification card numbers to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must update the voter's registration records and provide notice of the change to the registered voter in the same manner as a change of address made in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

(9) CONSTRUCTION.—This section does not limit or restrict the supervisor in his or her duty to act upon direct receipt of, access to, or knowledge of official information from these and other governmental entities that identify a registered voter as potentially ineligible and to initiate removal

of the name of the registered voter who is determined to be ineligible from the statewide voter registration system pursuant to s. 98.075(8) s. 98.075(7).

Section 14. Section 98.094, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

98.094 Federal jury notice.—

(1) The Division of Elections shall provide a list, monthly, of registered voters to federal courts for purposes of selecting jurors and the jury coordinator must provide the division notice regarding any ineligible or potentially ineligible voters.

(2) The jury coordinator shall prepare or cause to be prepared a list of each person disqualified or potentially disqualified as a prospective juror from jury service because the person is not a United States citizen, was convicted of a felony, is deceased, is not a resident of this state, or is not a resident of the county in which such jury service is required. The list must be prepared and sent to the division according to the jury summons cycle used by the clerk of court. This section does not prevent the list from being sent more frequently. The list prepared by the jury coordinator may be provided by mail, e-mail, or other electronic means to the division.

(3) The jury coordinator shall provide the division with all of the following information about each disqualified or potentially disqualified juror:

(a) The full name of the juror.

(b) Current and prior addresses, if any.

(c) Telephone number, if available.

(d) Date of birth.

(e) The reason the prospective juror is disqualified.

(4) The division shall provide the information received under subsection (3) to the appropriate supervisor of elections in the county of residence of the disqualified juror in order for the supervisor to initiate address list maintenance under s. 98.065 or eligibility maintenance under s. 98.075(8), as applicable.

Section 15. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 99.021, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to that subsection, to read:

99.021 Form of candidate oath.—

(1)

(b) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing:

1. The party of which the person is a member.

2. That the person has been a registered member of the political party for which he or she is seeking nomination as a candidate for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

3. That the person has paid the assessment levied against him or her, if any, as a candidate for said office by the executive committee of the party of which he or she is a member.

(c) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing that he or she is registered without any party affiliation and that he or she has not been a registered member of any political party for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

(f) A qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race may challenge the accuracy of the content of the statement in a candidate's oath or affirmation appearing in subparagraph (a)1. that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is not qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected.

(g) The statements in subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) constitute substantive requirements for the person completing the statement, and compliance with those requirements is mandatory. The sole method to enforce compliance with such requirements is contained in this paragraph.

Compliance with subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) may be challenged by a qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that:

1. The person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party has not been a registered member of that party for the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying; or

2. The person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation has not been registered without party affiliation for, or has been a registered member of any political party during, the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying.

(h) Any candidate or political party bringing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief under paragraph (f) or paragraph (g) is entitled to an expedited final hearing and any appeal of a final hearing shall receive expedited consideration by the appellate court. Upon a final order of the circuit court containing a determination in paragraph (f) or paragraph (g), the supervisor of elections in each county affected by such candidacy shall remove the name of the candidate from the ballot, or if the ballots have already been printed, post a notice to be included with each vote-by-mail ballot, and at each early voting location and polling precinct that a vote for such candidate will not be counted.

Section 16. Section 101.019, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 17. Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.151 Specifications for ballots.—

(1)(a) ~~Marksense~~ Ballots must shall be printed on paper of such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back and must shall meet the specifications of the voting system that will be used to tabulate the ballots.

(b) Polling places and early voting sites may employ a ballot-on-demand production system to print individual ~~marksense~~ ballots, including provisional ballots, for eligible voters ~~electors~~. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used to produce ~~marksense~~ vote-by-mail, early voting, and election-day ballots.

Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 101.5606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems.—No electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be approved by the Department of State unless it is so constructed that:

(4) ~~For systems using marksense ballots,~~ It accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to subsection (3) if a voter chooses to cast the ballot, but records no vote for any office that has been overvoted or undervoted.

Section 19. Section 101.56075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.56075 Voting methods.—For the purpose of designating ballot selections, all voting must be by official ~~marksense~~ ballot, using a pen compatible with or recommended for use with the voting system. Persons with disabilities may vote using marking device or a voter interface device that produces a voter-verifiable paper output and meets the voter accessibility requirements for individuals with disabilities under s. 301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and s. 101.56062.

Section 20. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 101.5608, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.5608 Voting at the polls by electronic or electromechanical method; procedures.—

(1) Each ~~voter elector~~ desiring to vote shall be identified to the clerk or inspector of the election as a duly qualified ~~voter elector~~ of such election and shall sign his or her name on the precinct register or other form or device provided by the supervisor. The inspector shall compare the signature with the signature on the identification provided by the ~~voter elector~~. If the inspector is reasonably sure that the person is entitled to vote, the inspector shall provide the person with a ballot.

(2) When an electronic or electromechanical voting system utilizes a ~~ballot card or marksense ballot~~, the following procedures must shall be followed to vote:

(a) After receiving a ballot from an inspector, the ~~voter elector~~ shall, without leaving the polling place, retire to a booth or compartment and mark

the ballot. After marking his or her ballot, the ~~voter elector~~ shall place the ballot in a secrecy envelope so that the ballot will be deposited in the tabulator without exposing the voter's choices.

(b) Any voter who spoils his or her ballot or makes an error may return the ballot to the election official and secure another ballot, except that in no case shall a voter be furnished more than three ballots. If the vote tabulation device has rejected a ballot, the ballot must shall be considered spoiled and a new ballot must shall be provided to the voter unless the voter chooses to cast the rejected ballot. The election official, without examining the original ballot, shall state the possible reasons for the rejection and shall provide instruction to the voter pursuant to s. 101.5611. A spoiled ballot must shall be preserved, without examination, in an envelope provided for that purpose. The stub must shall be removed from the ballot and placed in an envelope.

(c) The supervisor of elections shall prepare for each polling place at least one ballot box to contain the ballots of a particular precinct, and each ballot box must shall be plainly marked with the name of the precinct for which it is intended.

(3) The Department of State shall promulgate rules regarding voting procedures to be used when an electronic or electromechanical voting system is of a type which does not utilize a ~~ballot card or marksense ballot~~.

Section 21. Subsection (5) of section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.—

(5) Any tests involving ~~marksense~~ ballots pursuant to this section shall employ test ballots created by the supervisor of elections using actual ballots that have been printed for the election. If ballot-on-demand ballots will be used in the election, the supervisor shall also create test ballots using the ballot-on-demand technology that will be used to produce ballots in the election, using the same paper stock as will be used for ballots in the election.

Section 22. Section 101.591, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.591 Voting system automated independent vote validation process; system approval; procedures audit.—

(1) ~~Before immediately following~~ the certification of each election, the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election shall conduct ~~a manual audit or~~ an automated, independent vote validation audit of the voting systems used in all randomly selected precincts.

~~(2)(a) A manual audit shall consist of a public manual tally of the votes east in one randomly selected race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include election day, vote by mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots, in at least 1 percent but no more than 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. If 1 percent of the precincts is less than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted using at least one precinct chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.~~

~~(2)(a)(b) An automated independent vote validation process must audit shall consist of an a public automated verification of the tally of the votes cast across every race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet must shall include all valid election day, vote-by-mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots received by the start of the vote validation process in all at least 20 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.~~

~~(b)(c) The division shall adopt rules for approval of an automated independent vote validation process audit system which provide that the process system, at a minimum, must be:~~

1. Completely independent of the primary voting system.

2. Fast enough to produce final vote validation audit results within the timeframe prescribed in subsection (4).

3. Capable of demonstrating that the ballots of record have been accurately adjudicated by the automated independent vote validation process in agreement with the vote tabulation system and is capable of allowing the canvassing board to manually adjudicate ballots needing review. A canvassing board is not precluded from reviewing a digital image of a ballot corresponding to a physical paper ballot in conducting its review audit system.

(3) The canvassing board shall ~~publish post-a~~ notice of the automated independent vote validation process audit, including the date, time, and place such process will occur, on the county website as provided in s. 50.0311, on the supervisor of election's website, or once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the process will occur. Such process must be open to the public, ~~in four conspicuous places in the county and on the home page of the county supervisor of elections website.~~

(4) The automated independent vote validation process audit must be completed and the results made public before the certification of the election by each county canvassing board and in accordance with s. 102.141 no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day following certification of the election by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election.

(5) By December 15 of each general election year, the county canvassing board or the board responsible for certifying the election shall provide a report with the results of the automated independent vote validation process audit to the Department of State in a standard format as prescribed by the department under s. 101.5911. ~~Each county's~~ The report must be consolidated into one report and included with the overvote and undervote report required under s. 101.595(1). The report must, at a minimum, shall contain all of, but is not limited to, the following items:

(a) The overall agreement accuracy of the automated independent vote validation process audit.

(b) A description of any problems or differences discrepancies encountered during the automated independent vote validation process.

(c) The likely cause of such problems or differences discrepancies.

(d) Any recommended corrective action with respect to avoiding or mitigating such circumstances in future elections.

(6) The department shall consolidate the county automated independent vote validation results and include the results as part of the post-general election report submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under ss. 101.595(3) and 102.141(11) If a manual recount is undertaken pursuant to s. 102.166, the canvassing board is not required to perform the audit provided for in this section.

Section 23. Section 101.5911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5911 Rulemaking authority for automated independent vote validation process approval; voting system audit procedures.—Effective upon this act becoming a law, The department of State shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of s. 101.591, ~~as amended by s. 8, chapter 2007-30, Laws of Florida,~~ which provides for the testing and approval of an automated independent vote validation process, and prescribes prescribe detailed automated independent vote validation audit procedures for each voting system, which must shall be uniform to the extent practicable, along with the standard form for automated independent vote validation process audit reports.

Section 24. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 101.595, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.595 Analysis of overvotes and undervotes reports of voting problems.—

(1) No later than December 15 of each general election year, the supervisor of elections in each county shall report to the Department of State the total number of overvotes and undervotes in the "President and Vice President" or "Governor and Lieutenant Governor" race that appears first on the ballot or, if neither appears, the first race appearing on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.151(2), along with the likely reasons for such overvotes and undervotes and other information as may be useful in evaluating the performance of the voting system and identifying problems with ballot design and instructions which may have contributed to voter confusion. This report must be consolidated into one report with the automated independent vote validation audit report required under s. 101.591(6) s. 101.591(5).

(3) The Department of State shall submit the overvote and undervote analysis required under subsection (2) as part of the post-general election report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under ss. 101.591(6) and 102.141(11).

Section 25. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.68 Canvassing of vote-by-mail ballot.—

(4)

(d) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election.

2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; ~~debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification~~ card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any an employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information card).

4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your information MUST reach your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election, or your ballot will not count.

5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 101.6923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.6923 Special vote-by-mail ballot instructions for certain first-time voters.—

(2) A voter covered by this section must be provided with printed instructions with his or her vote-by-mail ballot in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general election, your vote-by-mail ballot must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election. Note that the later you return your ballot, the less time you will have to cure signature deficiencies, which is authorized until 5 p.m. local time on the 2nd day after the election.

2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.

3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.

4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope and seal the envelope.

5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.

a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.

c. A vote-by-mail ballot will be considered illegal and will not be counted if the signature on the Voter's Certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the vote-by-mail ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the Voter's Certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received before your vote-by-mail ballot is received.

6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Identification which must include your name and photograph: United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any ~~an~~ employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Identification which shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information card).

7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply if you meet one of the following requirements:

a. You are 65 years of age or older.

b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.

c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the county on election day.

d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county on election day.

e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.

f. You are currently residing outside the United States.

8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. **DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.**

9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.

10. **FELONY NOTICE.** It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.

Section 27. Subsection (2) of section 102.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.111 Elections Canvassing Commission.—

(2) The Elections Canvassing Commission shall meet at 9 ~~8~~ a.m. on the 9th day after a primary election and at 9 ~~8~~ a.m. on the 14th day after a general election to certify the returns of the election for each federal, state, and multicounty office and for each constitutional amendment. On days the Legislature convenes for organizational session pursuant to s. 3(a), Art. III of the State Constitution, such meeting will begin at 8 a.m. If a member of a county canvassing board that was constituted pursuant to s. 102.141

determines, within 5 days after the certification by the Elections Canvassing Commission, that a typographical error occurred in the official returns of the county, the correction of which could result in a change in the outcome of an election, the county canvassing board must certify corrected returns to the Department of State within 24 hours, and the Elections Canvassing Commission must correct and recertify the election returns as soon as practicable.

Section 28. Subsections (3) through (11) of section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

102.141 County canvassing board; duties.—

(3) The canvass, except the canvass of absent electors' returns and the canvass of provisional ballots, must ~~shall~~ be made from the returns and certificates of the inspectors as signed and filed by them with the supervisor, and the county canvassing board may ~~shall~~ not change the number of votes cast for a candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, respectively, in any polling place, as shown by the returns. All returns must ~~shall~~ be made to the board on or before 2 a.m. of the day following any primary, general, or other election. If the returns from any precinct are missing, if there are any omissions on the returns from any precinct, or if there is an obvious error on any such returns, the canvassing board must ~~shall~~ order a retabulation of the returns from such precinct. Before canvassing such returns, the canvassing board shall examine the tabulation of the ballots cast in such precinct and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If there is a discrepancy between the returns and the tabulation of the ballots cast, the tabulation of the ballots cast must ~~shall~~ be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

(4)(a) The supervisor of elections shall upload into the county's election management system by 7 p.m. local time on the day before the election the results of all early voting and vote-by-mail ballots that have been canvassed and tabulated by the end of the early voting period. Pursuant to ss. 101.5614(8), 101.657, and 101.68(2), the tabulation of votes cast or the results of such uploads may not be made public before the close of the polls on election day.

(b) The supervisor of elections, on behalf of the canvassing board, shall report all early voting and all tabulated vote-by-mail results to the Department of State within 30 minutes after the polls close. Thereafter, the canvassing board shall report, with the exception of provisional ballot results, updated precinct election results, which must be uploaded to the department at least every 45 minutes until all results are completely reported. The supervisor of elections shall notify the department immediately of any circumstances that do not permit periodic updates as required. Results must ~~shall~~ be submitted in a format prescribed by the department.

(5)(a) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than noon on the third day after any primary election and no later than noon on the fourth day after any general or other election. Such returns must ~~shall~~ include the canvass of all ballots, including write-in votes, as required by subsection (2).

(b) After unofficial results are reported, each county must conduct an automated independent vote validation process, in accordance with s. 101.591, to validate that the votes processed through the vote tabulation system for a candidate for any office, candidate for retention to a judicial office, or a measure appearing on the ballot do not:

1. Have a discrepancy of more than one-half of a percent when compared to the results of the automated independent vote validation process; or

2. Result in a change in the outcome of the election.

The automated independent vote validation process must be completed no later than noon on the 6th day after any primary election and no later than noon on the 7th day after any general or other election.

(c)(6) If the county canvassing board determines, after the county conducts the automated independent vote validation process in accordance with s. 101.591, and the comparison of the results of the vote tabulation and the automated independent vote validation process indicates that the unofficial returns may contain a counting error in which the vote tabulation system or the automated independent vote validation process failed to count votes that

were properly marked in accordance with the instructions on the ballot, the county canvassing board shall:

1.(a) Correct the error and retabulate the affected ballots with the vote tabulation system or the automated independent vote validation process; or

2.(b) Request that the Department of State verify the tabulation software of the affected system or process. When the Department of State verifies such software, the department shall compare the software used to tabulate the votes with the software filed with the department pursuant to s. 101.5607 and check the election parameters.

(6)(a)(7) If the comparison of the results of the vote tabulation system and the automated independent vote validation process reflects a difference as described in paragraph (5)(b), the proper county election official under the oversight of the county canvassing board must conduct a system validation review using the images in the automated independent vote validation process of the ballots in disagreement, which must include, but is not limited to, a review of any clear overvotes or undervotes that appear in the automated independent vote validation process to adjudicate the voter's intent of such ballots before certification of the county's official results. If the unofficial returns reflect that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, a system validation review must be ordered of the votes cast with respect to such office or measure. The Secretary of State is responsible for ordering such system validation reviews in all federal, state, and multicounty races. The county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election is responsible for ordering a system validation review under this subsection in all other races. A system validation review need not be ordered with respect to the returns for any office, however, if the candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention for such office by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a system validation review not be made.

(a) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount shall put each marksense ballot through automatic tabulating equipment and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If any marksense ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by the automatic tabulating equipment during the recount, a true duplicate shall be made of the damaged ballot pursuant to the procedures in s. 101.5614(4). Immediately before the start of the recount, a test of the tabulating equipment shall be conducted as provided in s. 101.5612. If the test indicates no error, the recount tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly. If an error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and the recount repeated, as necessary. The canvassing board shall immediately report the error, along with the cause of the error and the corrective measures being taken, to the Department of State. No later than 11 days after the election, the canvassing board shall file a separate incident report with the Department of State, detailing the resolution of the matter and identifying any measures that will avoid a future recurrence of the error. If the automatic tabulating equipment used in a recount is not part of the voting system and the ballots have already been processed through such equipment, the canvassing board is not required to put each ballot through any automatic tabulating equipment again.

(b) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount where touchscreen ballots were used shall examine the counters on the precinct tabulators to ensure that the total of the returns on the precinct tabulators equals the overall election return. If there is a discrepancy between the overall election return and the counters of the precinct tabulators, the counters of the precinct tabulators shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

(c) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a second set of unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure. The returns shall be filed no later than 3 p.m. on the 5th day after any primary election and no later than 3 p.m. on the 9th day after any general election in which a recount was ordered by the Secretary of State. If the canvassing board

is unable to complete the recount prescribed in this subsection by the deadline, the second set of unofficial returns submitted by the canvassing board shall be identical to the initial unofficial returns and the submission shall also include a detailed explanation of why it was unable to timely complete the recount. However, the canvassing board shall complete the recount prescribed in this subsection, along with any manual recount prescribed in s. 102.166, and certify election returns in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

(d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent practicable.

(b)(8) The canvassing board may employ such clerical help to assist with the work of the board as it deems necessary, with at least one member of the board present at all times, until the canvass of the returns is completed. The clerical help must shall be paid from the same fund as inspectors and other necessary election officials.

(c) The canvassing board shall publish notice of the system validation review, including the date, time, and place such review will occur, on the county website as provided in s. 50.0311, on the supervisor of elections' website, or once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the review will occur. Such review is open to the public.

(d) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a vote validation report to the department for each federal, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure in accordance with paragraph (5)(b). If the canvassing board is unable to complete the system validation review by the deadline, the vote validation report submitted by the canvassing board must be identical to the initial unofficial returns and the submission must also include a detailed explanation of the reason the board was unable to timely complete the system validation review. However, the canvassing board shall complete the system validation review prescribed in this subsection, and certify official election returns, in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

(e) The department shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional system validation review procedures for each certified voting system, which must be uniform to the extent practicable.

(7)(9) Each member, substitute member, and alternate member of the county canvassing board and all clerical help must wear identification badges during any period in which the county canvassing board is canvassing votes or engaging in other official duties. The identification badges must should be worn in a conspicuous and unobstructed area, and include the name of the individual and his or her official position.

(8)(10)(a) The supervisor shall file a report with the Division of Elections on the conduct of the election no later than 20 business days after the Elections Canvassing Commission certifies the election. The report must, at a minimum, describe all of the following:

1. All equipment or software malfunctions at the precinct level, at a counting location, or within computer and telecommunications networks supporting a county location, or issues encountered with any state approved election system, including, but not limited to, vote tabulation systems and automated independent vote validation processes, and the steps that were taken to address the malfunctions.

2. All election definition errors that were discovered after the logic and accuracy test, and the steps that were taken to address the errors.

3. All ballot printing errors, vote-by-mail ballot mailing errors, or ballot supply problems, and the steps that were taken to address the errors or problems.

4. All staffing shortages or procedural violations by employees or precinct workers which were addressed by the supervisor of elections or the county canvassing board during the conduct of the election, and the steps that were taken to correct such issues.

5. All instances where needs for staffing or equipment were insufficient to meet the needs of the voters.

6. Any additional information regarding material issues or problems associated with the conduct of the election.

(b) If a supervisor discovers new or additional information on any of the items required to be included in the report pursuant to paragraph (a) after the report is filed, the supervisor must notify the division that new information has been discovered no later than the next business day after the discovery, and the

supervisor must file an amended report signed by the supervisor of elections on the conduct of the election within 10 days after the discovery.

(c) Such reports must be maintained on file in the Division of Elections and must be available for public inspection.

(d) The division shall review the conduct of election reports to determine what problems may be likely to occur in other elections and disseminate such information, along with possible solutions and training, to the supervisors of elections.

(e) For the general election, the department shall submit the analysis of these reports for the post-general general election report as part of the consolidated reports required under ss. 101.591 and 101.595 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election.

~~(11) The supervisor shall file with the department a copy of or an export file from the results database of the county's voting system and other statistical information as may be required by the department, the Legislature, or the Election Assistance Commission. The department shall adopt rules establishing the required content and acceptable formats for the filings and time for filings.~~

Section 29. Section 102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.166 Manual review ~~recounts~~ of overvotes and undervotes in contests.—

(1) If the vote tabulation system indicates and automated independent vote validation process conducted under ss. 101.591 and 102.141 confirms second set of unofficial returns pursuant to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, a manual review ~~recount~~ of the overvotes and undervotes cast in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or ballot measure must ~~shall~~ be ordered and conducted in a manner consistent with s. 102.141(6) unless:

(a) The candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention by one-quarter of 1 percent or fewer of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a manual review ~~recount~~ not be made; or

(b) The number of overvotes and undervotes is fewer than the number of votes needed to change the outcome of the election.

The Secretary of State is responsible for ordering manual reviews of all a manual recount for federal, state, and multicounty races. The county canvassing board or local board responsible for certifying the election is responsible for ordering a manual review ~~recount~~ for all other races. A manual review ~~recount~~ consists of a review by a designee of the canvassing board ~~recount of paper marksense ballots or of digital images from an independent vote validation system, if applicable of those ballots by a person.~~

(2) Any hardware or software used to identify and sort overvotes and undervotes for a given race or ballot measure must be certified by the Department of State. Any such hardware or software must be capable of simultaneously identifying and sorting overvotes and undervotes in multiple races while simultaneously counting votes. Overvotes and undervotes must be identified and sorted while conducting the automated independent vote validation process ~~recounting ballots~~ pursuant to s. 102.141. Overvotes and undervotes must ~~may~~ be identified and sorted physically or digitally.

(3) Any manual review ~~recount~~ must ~~shall~~ be open to the public. Each political party may designate one person with expertise in the computer field who must be allowed in the central counting room when the manual review is being conducted and when the official votes are being counted. The designee may not interfere with the normal operation of the canvassing board.

(4)(a) A vote for a candidate or ballot measure must ~~shall~~ be counted if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice.

(b) The Department of State shall adopt specific rules for the federal write-in absentee ballot and for each certified voting system prescribing what constitutes a "clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice." The rules must ~~shall~~ be consistent, to the extent practicable, and may not:

1. Authorize the use of any electronic or electromechanical reading device to review a hybrid voting system ballot that is produced using a voter interface device and that contains both machine-readable fields and machine-printed text of the contest titles and voter selections, unless the printed text is illegible;

2. Exclusively provide that the voter must properly mark or designate his or her choice on the ballot; or

3. Contain a catch-all provision that fails to identify specific standards, such as "any other mark or indication clearly indicating that the voter has made a definite choice."

(c) The rule for the federal write-in absentee ballot must address, at a minimum, the following issues:

1. The appropriate lines or spaces for designating a candidate choice and, for state and local races, the office or ballot measure to be voted, including the proximity of each to the other and the effect of intervening blank lines.

2. The sufficiency of designating a candidate's first or last name when no other candidate in the race has the same or a similar name.

3. The sufficiency of designating a candidate's first or last name when an opposing candidate has the same or a similar name, notwithstanding generational suffixes and titles such as "Jr.," "Sr.," or "III." The rule should contemplate the sufficiency of additional first names and first initials, middle names and middle initials, generational suffixes and titles, nicknames, and, in general elections, the name or abbreviation of a political party.

4. Candidate designations containing both a qualified candidate's name and a political party, including those in which the party designated is the candidate's party, is not the candidate's party, has an opposing candidate in the race, or does not have an opposing candidate in the race.

5. Situations where the abbreviation or name of a candidate is the same as the abbreviation or name of a political party to which the candidate does not belong, including those in which the party designated has another candidate in the race or does not have a candidate in the race.

6. The use of marks, symbols, or language, such as arrows, quotation marks, or the word "same" or "ditto," to indicate that the same political party designation applies to all listed offices or the elector's approval or disapproval of all listed ballot measures.

7. Situations in which an elector designates the name of a qualified candidate for an incorrect office.

8. Situations in which an elector designates an otherwise correct office name that includes an incorrect district number.

(5) Procedures for a manual review ~~recount~~ are as follows:

(a) The county canvassing board shall appoint as many counting teams of at least two electors as is necessary to manually review ~~recount~~ the ballots. A counting team must have, when possible, members of at least two political parties. A candidate involved in the race may ~~shall~~ not be a member of the counting team.

(b) Each duplicate ballot prepared pursuant to s. 101.5614(4) or s. 102.141(6) must ~~s. 102.141(7) shall~~ be compared with the original ballot to ensure the correctness of the duplicate.

(c) If a counting team is unable to determine whether the ballot contains a clear indication that the voter has made a definite choice, the ballot must ~~shall~~ be presented to the county canvassing board for a determination.

(d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional review ~~recount~~ procedures for each certified voting system which must ~~shall~~ be uniform to the extent practicable. The rules must, at a minimum, ~~shall address, at a minimum,~~ the following areas:

1. Security of ballots during the manual review ~~recount~~ process.;

2. Time and place of manual reviews. ~~recounts;~~

3. Public observance of manual reviews. ~~recounts;~~

4. Objections to ballot determinations.;

5. Record of manual review ~~recount~~ proceedings.;

6. Procedures relating to candidate and petitioner representatives. ~~and~~

7. Procedures relating to the certification and the use of automatic tabulating equipment that is not part of a voting system.

(6) Nothing in this section precludes a county canvassing board or local board involved in the manual review ~~recount~~ from comparing a digital image of a ballot to the corresponding physical paper ballot during a manual review ~~recount~~.

Section 30. Effective July 1, 2026, section 104.042, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

104.042 Limitations on actions for election fraud.—A prosecution for a felony violation under the Election Code must be commenced within 5 years after the date the violation is committed.

Section 31. Section 104.0616, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 32. Section 30. Effective July 1, 2026, paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (c) through (g) are added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of that subsection is reenacted, to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.—

(12)(a)1. For purposes of this subsection, the term "foreign national" means:

- a. A foreign government;
- b. A foreign political party;
- c. A foreign corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country;
- d. A person with foreign citizenship; or
- e. A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and is not lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence.

2. The term does not include:

- a. A person who is a dual citizen or dual national of the United States and a foreign country.
- b. A domestic subsidiary of a foreign corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country if:

(I) The donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are derived entirely from funds generated by the subsidiary's operations in the United States; and

(II) All decisions concerning donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are made by individuals who either hold United States citizenship or are permanent residents of the United States. For purposes of this sub-sub-paragraph, decisions concerning donations and disbursements do not include decisions regarding the subsidiary's overall budget for contributions or expenditures in connection with an election or decisions regarding the subsidiary's support or opposition of an issue in this state.

(b) A foreign national may not make or offer to make, directly or indirectly, a contribution or expenditure in connection with any election held in the state.

(c) A political party, a political committee, an electioneering communications organization, or a candidate may not knowingly and willfully accept or solicit, directly or indirectly, a contribution from a foreign national in connection with any election held in this state.

(d) A person, acting either alone or jointly with, through, or on behalf of another person, who has knowingly and willfully received monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000 over the preceding 4 years, may not make a contribution or independent expenditure:

- 1. To a political committee supporting or opposing an issue in this state; or
- 2. In support or opposition of an issue in this state.

(e) A political committee supporting or opposing an issue in this state may not knowingly and willfully accept contributions from a person, acting either alone or jointly with, through, or on behalf of another person, who has received monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000 over the preceding 4 years.

(f) For purposes of compliance with subsections (d) and (e), monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals received by a domestic subsidiary who meets the requirements of subparagraph (a)2. shall not count towards the \$100,000 aggregate threshold provided in subsections (d) and (e), as long as the monetary or in-kind donations or gifts received are not used for political activity by the domestic subsidiary.

(g) A person or entity who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty equal to three times the amount contributed. Such penalty shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Any

penalty imposed against a person that is not an individual jointly and severally attaches to the chair of the entity if the entity does not pay the penalty within 30 days. The Florida Elections Commission shall be responsible for determining violations, imposing civil penalties, and collecting any unpaid civil penalties. The Florida Elections Commission shall report any violations of this subsection to the Office of Election Crimes and Security to include in the department's report under s. 97.022.

Section 33. Section 322.034, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

322.034 Legal status designation on state-issued driver licenses and identification cards.—

(1) By July 1, 2027, a Florida driver license or Florida identification card issued to a qualified applicant who is a United States citizen as last recorded in the system must include the legal status of United States citizen on the license or card at the time of issuance, renewal, or replacement.

(2) Notwithstanding this chapter, the department shall issue, at no charge, a renewal or replacement license or card if a licensee or cardholder timely updates his or her legal status upon becoming a citizen of the United States as required in s. 322.19.

Section 34. Effective July 1, 2026, paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of section 895.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term:

(8) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another person to commit:

(d) Any ~~A~~ violation of chapter 104 the Florida Election Code relating to irregularities or fraud involving issue petition activities.

Section 35. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 98.065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

98.065 Registration list maintenance programs.—

(5) A notice may not be issued pursuant to this section and a voter's name may not be removed from the statewide voter registration system later than 90 days prior to the date of a federal election. However, this section does not preclude the correction of registration records based on information submitted by the voter or removal of the name of a voter from the statewide voter registration system at any time upon the voter's written request, by reason of the voter's death, or upon a determination of the voter's ineligibility as provided in s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~.

(6) The supervisor shall, at a minimum, conduct an annual review of voter registration records to identify registration records in which a voter is registered at an address that may not be an address of legal residence for the voter. For those registration records with such addresses that the supervisor has reasonable belief are not legal residential addresses, the supervisor shall initiate list maintenance activities pursuant to s. 98.075(7) ~~s. 98.075(6)~~ and (8) ~~(7)~~.

Section 36. Section 98.0755, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.0755 Appeal of determination of ineligibility.—Appeal of the supervisor's determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~ may be taken to the circuit court in and for the county where the person was registered. Notice of appeal must be filed within the time and in the manner provided by the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure and acts as supersedeas. Trial in the circuit court is de novo and governed by the rules of that court. Unless the person can show that his or her name was erroneously or illegally removed from the statewide voter registration system, or that he or she is indigent, the person must bear the costs of the trial in the circuit court. Otherwise, the cost of the appeal must be paid by the supervisor of elections.

Section 37. Paragraph (g) of subsection (14) of section 100.371, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on ballot.—

(14)

(g) On the last day of each month, or on the last day of each week from December 1 of an odd-numbered year through February 1 of the following year, each supervisor shall post on his or her website the total number of signatures submitted, the total number of invalid signatures, the total number of signatures processed, and the aggregate number of verified valid signatures and the distribution of such signatures by congressional district for each proposed amendment proposed by initiative, along with the following information specific to the reporting period: the total number of signed

petition forms received, the total number of signatures verified, the distribution of verified valid signatures by congressional district, and the total number of verified petition forms forwarded to the Secretary of State. For any reporting period in which the percentage of petition forms deemed invalid by the supervisor exceeds a total of 25 percent of the petition forms received by the supervisor for that reporting period, the supervisor shall notify the Office of Election Crimes and Security. The Office of Election Crimes and Security shall conduct a preliminary investigation into the activities of the sponsor, one or more petition circulators, or a person collecting petition forms on behalf of a sponsor, to determine whether the invalidated petitions are a result of fraud or any other violation of this section. As authorized by s. 97.012(15) ~~ss. 97.012(15) and 97.022(1)~~, the Office of Elections Crimes and Security may, if warranted, report findings to the statewide prosecutor or the state attorney for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation occurred for prosecution.

Section 38. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 101.67, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.67 Safekeeping of mailed ballots; deadline for receiving vote-by-mail ballots.—

(1)

(b) To the extent practicable, the supervisor of elections shall segregate any vote-by-mail ballots received from a person to whom notice has been sent pursuant to s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~, but for whom a final determination of eligibility has not been made, and shall treat them as provisional ballots for individual review by the county canvassing board. The supervisor shall attempt to contact each voter whose ballot has been set aside under this paragraph in the same manner as if the voter had voted a provisional ballot under s. 101.048.

Section 39. Subsection (2) of section 104.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

104.16 Voting fraudulent ballot.—

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an elector to whom notice has been sent pursuant to s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~ and who votes a provisional ballot or vote-by-mail ballot before a final determination of eligibility is made.

Section 40. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.—

(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART

(a) LEVEL 1

Florida Statute	Felony Degree	Description			
24.118(3)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit or altered state lottery ticket.	826.01	3rd	Bigamy.
404.0616(2)	3rd	Unlawfully distributing, ordering, requesting, collecting, delivering, or possessing vote-by-mail ballots.	828.122(3)	3rd	Fighting or baiting animals.
212.054(2)(b)	3rd	Discretionary sales surtax; limitations, administration, and collection.	831.04(1)	3rd	Any erasure, alteration, etc., of any replacement deed, map, plat, or other document listed in s. 92.28.
212.15(2)(b)	3rd	Failure to remit sales taxes, amount \$1,000 or more but less than \$20,000.	831.31(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, deliver, or possess counterfeit controlled substances, all but s. 893.03(5) drugs.
316.1935(1)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to elude law enforcement officer.	832.041(1)	3rd	Stopping payment with intent to defraud \$150 or more.
319.30(5)	3rd	Sell, exchange, give away certificate of title or identification number plate.	832.05(2)(b) & (4)(c)	3rd	Knowing, making, issuing worthless checks \$150 or more or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or more.
319.35(1)(a)	3rd	Tamper, adjust, change, etc., an odometer.	838.15(2)	3rd	Commercial bribe receiving.
320.26(1)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit, manufacture, or sell registration license plates or validation stickers.	838.16	3rd	Commercial bribery.
			322.212 (1)(a)-(c)	3rd	Possession of forged, stolen, counterfeit, or unlawfully issued driver license; possession of simulated identification.
			322.212(4)	3rd	Supply or aid in supplying unauthorized driver license or identification card.
			322.212(5)(a)	3rd	False application for driver license or identification card.
			414.39(3)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent misappropriation of public assistance funds by employee/official, value more than \$200.
			443.071(1)	3rd	False statement or representation to obtain or increase reemployment assistance benefits.
			509.151(1)	3rd	Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value \$1,000 or more.
			517.302(1)	3rd	Violation of the Florida Securities and Investor Protection Act.
			713.69	3rd	Tenant removes property upon which lien has accrued, value \$1,000 or more.
			812.014(3)(c)	3rd	Petit theft (3rd conviction); theft of any property not specified in subsection (2).
			815.04(4)(a)	3rd	Offense against intellectual property (i.e., computer programs, data).
			817.52(2)	3rd	Hiring with intent to defraud, motor vehicle services.
			817.569(2)	3rd	Use of public record or public records information or providing false information to facilitate commission of a felony.

843.18	3rd	Fleeing by boat to elude a law enforcement officer.
847.011(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, distribute, etc., obscene, lewd, etc., material (2nd conviction).
849.09(1)(a)-(d)	3rd	Lottery; set up, promote, etc., or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.
849.23	3rd	Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.
849.25(2)	3rd	Engaging in bookmaking.
860.08	3rd	Interfere with a railroad signal.
860.13(1)(a)	3rd	Operate aircraft while under the influence.
893.13(2)(a)2.	3rd	Purchase of cannabis.
893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).
934.03(1)(a)	3rd	Intercepts, or procures any other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 3-174 and insert:

repealing s. 97.022, F.S., relating to the Office of Election Crimes and Security; repealing s. 97.0291, F.S., relating to the prohibition on use of private funds for election-related expenses; amending s. 97.051, F.S.; requiring persons to swear or affirm they have reviewed the voter registration instructions, are a United States citizen, and understand the penalties for providing false information; amending s. 97.052, F.S.; requiring the voter registration application to elicit documentation required by the United States Election Assistance Commission or federal law; amending s. 97.0525, F.S.; requiring that an applicant's citizenship status be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; providing that an applicant will be registered as an unverified voter, but may not vote, if his or her legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified through the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; requiring the online voter registration system to transmit certain information to the supervisor of elections and generate certain notices; requiring the supervisor of elections to verify the legal status of certain applicants and provide certain notice; providing that, under specified circumstances, the online voter registration system may populate the applicant's information into a printable voter registration application; amending s. 97.053, F.S.; requiring an applicant's legal status to be verified for a voter registration application to be valid; providing that an applicant will be deemed an unverified voter if his or her application fails to meet specified requirements; requiring an applicant to provide certain evidence to the supervisor of elections to prove the applicant's legal status under specified circumstances; providing for retroactivity; providing certain applicants a provisional ballot and such ballot may only be counted if the applicant can verify his or her legal status within a specified timeframe; amending s. 97.057, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State documentary proof of an applicant's citizenship; amending s. 97.0575, F.S.; requiring third-party voter registration organizations to register with the division; removing provisions relating to registration expiration, registration forms, receipts, civil fines, and criminal penalties; amending s. 98.015, F.S.; authorizing the office of the supervisor of elections to close to observe certain holidays under a specified condition; amending s. 98.045, F.S.; requiring

supervisors to make certain determinations relating to applicants who were previously registered to vote, but later removed for ineligibility, and to follow specified procedures to notify the applicant, if applicable; amending s. 98.075, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to verify the United States citizenship status of any registered voter after a specified date; requiring specified notices regarding an applicant's potential ineligibility to vote; requiring certain applicants to submit specified information to the supervisor of elections; requiring certain documentation be recorded in the statewide voter registration system; amending s. 98.093, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with information identifying United States citizens who have been issued a new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with changes in residence address and Florida driver license or identification card numbers of individuals who have declined to register or update their voter registration; creating s. 98.094, F.S.; requiring the Division of Elections to provide a list of registered voters to federal courts for a specified purpose; requiring the jury coordinator to prepare a specified list with certain information and send such list to the division; specifying the manner in which such list may be sent; requiring the division to provide such information to the appropriate supervisor of elections; amending s. 99.021, F.S.; specifying that a person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate must be a registered member of a political party, or registered without any party affiliation, for 365 consecutive days preceding the beginning of the qualifying before an election; authorizing qualified candidates or certain political parties to challenge compliance with specified provisions by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in a specified circuit court; prohibiting a person from being qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and appearing on the ballot under specified circumstances; providing that compliance with specified requirements is mandatory; entitling certain candidates and political parties to specified expedited hearings and consideration; requiring the supervisor of elections to remove certain candidates from the ballot or provide certain notice that votes for certain disqualified candidates will not be counted; repealing s. 101.019, F.S., relating to ranked-choice voting; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising the forms of identification required to be provided at polls; amending ss. 101.048, 101.151, 101.5606, 101.5608, and 101.5612, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.56075, F.S.; requiring voting be completed on an official ballot using a pen or marker; amending s. 101.591, F.S.; removing provisions relating to the performance of a manual audit; requiring the county canvassing board or other local board responsible for certifying an election to conduct an automated, independent vote validation of voting systems used in all precincts; providing the process for conducting such automated, independent vote validation; requiring the canvassing board to publish a specified notice on the county's website, the supervisor's website, or in certain newspapers; requiring that the vote validation be completed and made public before the certification of the election; providing reporting requirements for county canvassing boards; requiring the results of the vote validation be included in a specified report submitted to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date each year; amending s. 101.5911, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to adopt certain rules; amending s. 101.595, F.S.; revising certain reporting requirements for the Department of State; amending ss. 101.68 and 101.6923, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 102.111, F.S.; revising the meeting time for the Elections Canvassing Commission; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; revising provisions relating to reporting election results; requiring counties to conduct an automated independent vote validation process for a specified purpose within a specified timeframe after unofficial results are reported; requiring the county canvassing board to take specified actions upon making a determination that the automated independent vote validation process failed to count votes; requiring the county canvassing board to conduct a system validation review under specified circumstances; removing provisions relating to recounts by the county canvassing board; requiring the county canvassing board to publish certain notice containing manual review information through specified means; requiring the county canvassing board to submit to the Department of State specified forms containing a vote validation report; removing the requirement for the supervisor to file with the

Department of State certain results and statistical information; amending s. 102.166, F.S.; requiring manual reviews of overvotes and undervotes unless certain conditions exist; providing that the Secretary of State is responsible for ordering such review in specified races and the county canvassing board, or local board responsible for certifying the election, is responsible for ordering such reviews in all other races; authorizing political parties to designate a certain expert to be allowed in the central counting room while reviews are being performed; prohibiting such person from interfering with the normal operation of the canvassing board; creating s. 104.042, F.S.; providing a statute of limitations period for election fraud; repealing s. 104.0616, F.S., relating to vote-by-mail ballots and voting; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; revising the contributions or expenditures that a foreign national is prohibited from making or offering to make; prohibiting certain persons from accepting specified contributions; prohibiting certain persons from making specified contributions or expenditures; providing an exception to such prohibition; providing penalties; creating s. 322.034, F.S.; requiring that Florida driver licenses and identification cards include certain information by a specified date; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to issue certain replacement or renewal cards at no charge; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "racketeering activity"; amending ss. 98.065, 98.0755, 100.371, 101.67, and 104.16, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; providing effective

Rep. Nixon moved the adoption of the amendment.

REPRESENTATIVE SIROIS IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on the adoption of **Amendment 2 (810467)**, which failed of adoption.

Representative Gantt offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 818439)

Amendment 3 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 276-1991 and insert:

Section 5. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 99.021, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to that subsection, to read:

99.021 Form of candidate oath.—

(1)

(b) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing:

1. The party of which the person is a member.

2. That the person has been a registered member of the political party for which he or she is seeking nomination as a candidate for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

3. That the person has paid the assessment levied against him or her, if any, as a candidate for said office by the executive committee of the party of which he or she is a member.

(c) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing that he or she is registered without any party affiliation and that he or she has not been a registered member of any political party for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

(f) A qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race may challenge the accuracy of the content of the statement in a candidate's oath or affirmation appearing in subparagraph (a)1. that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that

has become final, the court determines that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is not qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected.

(g) The statements in subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) constitute substantive requirements for the person completing the statement, and compliance with those requirements is mandatory. The sole method to enforce compliance with such requirements is contained in this paragraph. Compliance with subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) may be challenged by a qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that:

1. The person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party has not been a registered member of that party for the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying; or

2. The person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation has not been registered without party affiliation for, or has been a registered member of any political party during, the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying.

(h) Any candidate or political party bringing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief under paragraph (f) or paragraph (g) is entitled to an expedited final hearing and any appeal of a final hearing shall receive expedited consideration by the appellate court. Upon a final order of the circuit court containing a determination in paragraph (f) or paragraph (g), the supervisor of elections in each county affected by such candidacy shall remove the name of the candidate from the ballot, or if the ballots have already been printed, post a notice to be included with each vote-by-mail ballot, and at each early voting location and polling precinct that a vote for such candidate will not be counted.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 101.043, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.043 Identification required at polls.—

(1)(a) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461, ~~must~~ shall be used at the polls for the purpose of identifying the elector at the polls before allowing him or her to vote. The clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering the polling place, to present one of the following current and valid picture identifications:

1. Florida driver license.

2. Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

3. United States passport or passport card.

~~4. Debit or credit card.~~

~~5. United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine Military identification.~~

~~6. Student identification.~~

~~7. Retirement center identification.~~

~~8. Neighborhood association identification.~~

~~9. Public assistance identification.~~

~~5.40- Veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.~~

~~6.41- A license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued pursuant to s. 790.06.~~

~~7.42- Any other Employee~~ Any other identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality, excluding identification cards issued by an educational institution.

(b) If the picture identification does not contain the signature of the elector, an additional identification that provides the elector's signature ~~is shall be~~ required. The address appearing on the identification presented by the elector may not be used as the basis to challenge an elector's legal residence. The elector ~~must shall~~ sign his or her name in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for recording the elector's signature. The clerk or inspector shall compare the signature with that on the identification provided by the elector and enter his or her initials in the space

provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for that purpose and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector.

Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 101.048, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.048 Provisional ballots.—

(6)

(d) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to cure the missing signature or the signature discrepancy on your Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election.

2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; ~~debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance~~ identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any other employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill; bank statement; government check; paycheck; or government document (excluding voter information card).

4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your information MUST reach your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day following the election or your ballot will not count.

5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.

6. Submitting a provisional ballot affidavit does not establish your eligibility to vote in this election or guarantee that your ballot will be counted. The county canvassing board determines your eligibility to vote through information provided on the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, written evidence provided by you, including information in your cure affidavit along with any supporting identification, and any other evidence presented by the supervisor of elections or a challenger. You may still be required to present additional written evidence to support your eligibility to vote.

Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.151 Specifications for ballots.—

(1)(a) ~~Marksense~~ Ballots must shall be printed on paper of such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back and must shall meet the specifications of the voting system that will be used to tabulate the ballots.

(b) Polling places and early voting sites may employ a ballot-on-demand production system to print individual ~~marksense~~ ballots, including provisional ballots, for eligible voters ~~electors~~. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used to produce ~~marksense~~ vote-by-mail, early voting, and election-day ballots.

Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 101.5606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems.—No electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be approved by the Department of State unless it is so constructed that:

(4) ~~For systems using marksense ballots~~. It accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to subsection (3) if a voter chooses to cast the ballot, but records no vote for any office that has been overvoted or undervoted.

Section 10. Section 101.56075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.56075 Voting methods.—For the purpose of designating ballot selections, all voting must be by official ~~marksense~~ ballot, using a pen compatible with or recommended for use with the voting system. Persons with disabilities may vote using marking device or a voter interface device that produces a voter-verifiable paper output and meets the voter accessibility requirements for individuals with disabilities under s. 301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and s. 101.56062.

Section 11. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 101.5608, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.5608 Voting at the polls ~~by electronic or electromechanical method~~; procedures.—

(1) Each voter ~~elector~~ desiring to vote shall be identified to the clerk or inspector of the election as a duly qualified voter ~~elector~~ of such election and shall sign his or her name on the precinct register or other form or device provided by the supervisor. The inspector shall compare the signature with the signature on the identification provided by the voter ~~elector~~. If the inspector is reasonably sure that the person is entitled to vote, the inspector shall provide the person with a ballot.

(2) When an electronic or electromechanical voting system utilizes a ballot ~~card or marksense ballot~~, the following procedures must shall be followed to vote:

(a) After receiving a ballot from an inspector, the voter ~~elector~~ shall, without leaving the polling place, retire to a booth or compartment and mark the ballot. After marking his or her ballot, the voter ~~elector~~ shall place the ballot in a secrecy envelope so that the ballot will be deposited in the tabulator without exposing the voter's choices.

(b) Any voter who spoils his or her ballot or makes an error may return the ballot to the election official and secure another ballot, except that in no case shall a voter be furnished more than three ballots. If the vote tabulation device has rejected a ballot, the ballot must shall be considered spoiled and a new ballot must shall be provided to the voter unless the voter chooses to cast the rejected ballot. The election official, without examining the original ballot, shall state the possible reasons for the rejection and shall provide instruction to the voter pursuant to s. 101.5611. A spoiled ballot must shall be preserved, without examination, in an envelope provided for that purpose. The stub must shall be removed from the ballot and placed in an envelope.

(c) The supervisor of elections shall prepare for each polling place at least one ballot box to contain the ballots of a particular precinct, and each ballot box must shall be plainly marked with the name of the precinct for which it is intended.

(3) The Department of State shall promulgate rules regarding voting procedures to be used when an electronic or electromechanical voting system is of a type which does not utilize a ballot ~~card or marksense ballot~~.

Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.—

(5) Any tests involving ~~marksense~~ ballots pursuant to this section shall employ test ballots created by the supervisor of elections using actual ballots that have been printed for the election. If ballot-on-demand ballots will be used in the election, the supervisor shall also create test ballots using the ballot-on-demand technology that will be used to produce ballots in the election, using the same paper stock as will be used for ballots in the election.

Section 13. Section 101.591, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.591 Voting system automated independent vote validation process; system approval; procedures ~~audit~~.—

(1) ~~Before immediately following~~ the certification of each election, the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election shall conduct ~~a manual audit or an automated, independent vote validation audit~~ of the voting systems used in all randomly selected precincts.

(2)(a) ~~A manual audit shall consist of a public manual tally of the votes cast in one randomly selected race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include election day, vote by mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots, in at least 1 percent but no more than 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. If 1 percent of the precincts is less than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted using at least one precinct chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.~~

(2)(a)(b) ~~An automated independent vote validation process must audit shall consist of an a public automated verification of the tally of the votes cast across every race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet must shall include all valid election day, vote-by-mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots received by the start of the vote validation process in all at least 20 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.~~

(b)(e) ~~The division shall adopt rules for approval of an automated independent vote validation process audit system which provide that the process system, at a minimum, must be:~~

1. Completely independent of the primary voting system.
2. Fast enough to produce final vote validation audit results within the timeframe prescribed in subsection (4).

3. Capable of demonstrating that the ballots of record have been accurately adjudicated by the automated independent vote validation process in agreement with the vote tabulation system and is capable of allowing the canvassing board to manually adjudicate ballots needing review. A canvassing board is not precluded from reviewing a digital image of a ballot corresponding to a physical paper ballot in conducting its review audit system.

(3) The canvassing board shall publish post-a notice of the automated independent vote validation process audit, including the date, time, and place such process will occur, on the county website as provided in s. 50.0311, on the supervisor of election's website, or once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the process will occur. Such process must be open to the public; ~~in four conspicuous places in the county and on the home page of the county supervisor of elections website.~~

(4) The automated independent vote validation process audit must be completed and the results made public before the certification of the election by each county canvassing board and in accordance with s. 102.141 ~~no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day following certification of the election by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election.~~

(5) By December 15 of each general election year, the county canvassing board or the board responsible for certifying the election shall provide a report with the results of the automated independent vote validation process audit to the Department of State in a standard format as prescribed by the department under s. 101.5911. Each county's ~~The~~ report must be consolidated into one report and included with the overvote and undervote report required under s. 101.595(1). The report must, at a minimum, shall contain all of, but is not limited to, the following items:

(a) The overall agreement accuracy of the automated independent vote validation process audit.

(b) A description of any problems or differences ~~discrepancies~~ encountered during the automated independent vote validation process.

(c) The likely cause of such problems or ~~differences discrepancies~~.

(d) ~~Any~~ recommended corrective action with respect to avoiding or mitigating such circumstances in future elections.

(6) The department shall consolidate the county automated independent vote validation results and include the results as part of the post-general election report submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under ss. 101.595(3) and 102.141(11) If a manual recount is undertaken pursuant to s. 102.166, the canvassing board is not required to perform the audit provided for in this section.

Section 14. Section 101.5911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5911 Rulemaking authority for automated independent vote validation process approval; voting system audit procedures. ~~Effective upon this act becoming a law,~~ The department of State shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of s. 101.591, ~~as amended by s. 8, chapter 2007-30, Laws of Florida,~~ which provides for the testing and approval of an automated independent vote validation process, and prescribes ~~prescribe~~ detailed automated independent vote validation audit procedures for each voting system, which must shall be uniform to the extent practicable, along with the standard form for automated independent vote validation process ~~audit~~ reports.

Section 15. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 101.595, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.595 Analysis of overvotes and undervotes ~~reports of voting problems.~~

(1) No later than December 15 of each general election year, the supervisor of elections in each county shall report to the Department of State the total number of overvotes and undervotes in the "President and Vice President" or "Governor and Lieutenant Governor" race that appears first on the ballot or, if neither appears, the first race appearing on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.151(2), along with the likely reasons for such overvotes and undervotes and other information as may be useful in evaluating the performance of the voting system and identifying problems with ballot design and instructions which may have contributed to voter confusion. This report must be consolidated into one report with the automated independent vote validation audit report required under s. 101.591(6) ~~s. 101.591(5).~~

(3) The Department of State shall submit the overvote and undervote analysis required under subsection (2) as part of the post-general election report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under ss. 101.591(6) and 102.141(11).

Section 16. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.68 Canvassing of vote-by-mail ballot.—

(4)

(d) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election.

2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any an employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information card).

4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your information MUST reach

your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election, or your ballot will not count.

5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.

Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 101.6923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.6923 Special vote-by-mail ballot instructions for certain first-time voters.—

(2) A voter covered by this section must be provided with printed instructions with his or her vote-by-mail ballot in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general election, your vote-by-mail ballot must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election. Note that the later you return your ballot, the less time you will have to cure signature deficiencies, which is authorized until 5 p.m. local time on the 2nd day after the election.

2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.

3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.

4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope and seal the envelope.

5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.

a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.

c. A vote-by-mail ballot will be considered illegal and will not be counted if the signature on the Voter's Certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the vote-by-mail ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the Voter's Certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received before your vote-by-mail ballot is received.

6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Identification which must include your name and photograph: United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any ~~an~~ employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Identification which shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information card).

7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply if you meet one of the following requirements:

a. You are 65 years of age or older.

b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.

c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the county on election day.

d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county on election day.

e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.

f. You are currently residing outside the United States.

8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.

9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.

10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.

Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 102.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.111 Elections Canvassing Commission.—

(2) The Elections Canvassing Commission shall meet at 9 8 a.m. on the 9th day after a primary election and at 9 8 a.m. on the 14th day after a general election to certify the returns of the election for each federal, state, and multicounty office and for each constitutional amendment. On days the Legislature convenes for organizational session pursuant to s. 3(a), Art. III of the State Constitution, such meeting will begin at 8 a.m. If a member of a county canvassing board that was constituted pursuant to s. 102.141 determines, within 5 days after the certification by the Elections Canvassing Commission, that a typographical error occurred in the official returns of the county, the correction of which could result in a change in the outcome of an election, the county canvassing board must certify corrected returns to the Department of State within 24 hours, and the Elections Canvassing Commission must correct and recertify the election returns as soon as practicable.

Section 19. Subsections (3) through (11) of section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

102.141 County canvassing board; duties.—

(3) The canvass, except the canvass of absent electors' returns and the canvass of provisional ballots, must ~~shall~~ be made from the returns and certificates of the inspectors as signed and filed by them with the supervisor, and the county canvassing board may ~~shall~~ not change the number of votes cast for a candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, respectively, in any polling place, as shown by the returns. All returns must ~~shall~~ be made to the board on or before 2 a.m. of the day following any primary, general, or other election. If the returns from any precinct are missing, if there are any omissions on the returns from any precinct, or if there is an obvious error on any such returns, the canvassing board must ~~shall~~ order a retabulation of the returns from such precinct. Before canvassing such returns, the canvassing board shall examine the tabulation of the ballots cast in such precinct and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If there is a discrepancy between the returns and the tabulation of the ballots cast, the tabulation of the ballots cast must ~~shall~~ be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

(4)(a) The supervisor of elections shall upload into the county's election management system by 7 p.m. local time on the day before the election the results of all early voting and vote-by-mail ballots that have been canvassed and tabulated by the end of the early voting period. Pursuant to ss. 101.5614(8), 101.657, and 101.68(2), the tabulation of votes cast or the results of such uploads may not be made public before the close of the polls on election day.

(b) The supervisor of elections, on behalf of the canvassing board, shall report all early voting and all tabulated vote-by-mail results to the Department of State within 30 minutes after the polls close. Thereafter, the canvassing board shall report, with the exception of provisional ballot results, updated precinct election results, which must be uploaded to the department at least

every 45 minutes until all results are completely reported. The supervisor of elections shall notify the department immediately of any circumstances that do not permit periodic updates as required. Results must ~~shall~~ be submitted in a format prescribed by the department.

(5)(a) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than noon on the third day after any primary election and no later than noon on the fourth day after any general or other election. Such returns must ~~shall~~ include the canvass of all ballots, including write-in votes, as required by subsection (2).

(b) After unofficial results are reported, each county must conduct an automated independent vote validation process, in accordance with s. 101.591, to validate that the votes processed through the vote tabulation system for a candidate for any office, candidate for retention to a judicial office, or a measure appearing on the ballot do not:

1. Have a discrepancy of more than one-half of a percent when compared to the results of the automated independent vote validation process; or
2. Result in a change in the outcome of the election.

The automated independent vote validation process must be completed no later than noon on the 6th day after any primary election and no later than noon on the 7th day after any general or other election.

(c)(6) If the county canvassing board determines, after the county conducts the automated independent vote validation process in accordance with s. 101.591, and the comparison of the results of the vote tabulation and the automated independent vote validation process indicates that the unofficial returns may contain a counting error in which the vote tabulation system or the automated independent vote validation process failed to count votes that were properly marked in accordance with the instructions on the ballot, the county canvassing board shall:

- 1.(a) Correct the error and retabulate the affected ballots with the vote tabulation system or the automated independent vote validation process; or
- 2.(b) Request that the Department of State verify the tabulation software of the affected system or process. When the Department of State verifies such software, the department shall compare the software used to tabulate the votes with the software filed with the department pursuant to s. 101.5607 and check the election parameters.

(6)(a)(7) If the comparison of the results of the vote tabulation system and the automated independent vote validation process reflects a difference as described in paragraph (5)(b), the proper county election official under the oversight of the county canvassing board must conduct a system validation review using the images in the automated independent vote validation process of the ballots in disagreement, which must include, but is not limited to, a review of any clear overvotes or undervotes that appear in the automated independent vote validation process to adjudicate the voter's intent of such ballots before certification of the county's official results. If the unofficial returns reflect that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, a system validation review must ~~recount shall~~ be ordered of the votes cast with respect to such office or measure. The Secretary of State is responsible for ordering such system validation reviews recounts in all federal, state, and multicounty races. The county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election is responsible for ordering a system validation review under this subsection recounts in all other races. A system validation review recount need not be ordered with respect to the returns for any office, however, if the candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention for such office by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a system validation review recount not be made.

(a) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount shall put each marksense ballot through automatic tabulating equipment and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If any marksense ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by the automatic tabulating equipment during the recount, a true duplicate shall be made of the

damaged ballot pursuant to the procedures in s. 101.5614(4). Immediately before the start of the recount, a test of the tabulating equipment shall be conducted as provided in s. 101.5612. If the test indicates no error, the recount tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly. If an error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and the recount repeated, as necessary. The canvassing board shall immediately report the error, along with the cause of the error and the corrective measures being taken, to the Department of State. No later than 11 days after the election, the canvassing board shall file a separate incident report with the Department of State, detailing the resolution of the matter and identifying any measures that will avoid a future recurrence of the error. If the automatic tabulating equipment used in a recount is not part of the voting system and the ballots have already been processed through such equipment, the canvassing board is not required to put each ballot through any automatic tabulating equipment again.

(b) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount where touchscreen ballots were used shall examine the counters on the precinct tabulators to ensure that the total of the returns on the precinct tabulators equals the overall election return. If there is a discrepancy between the overall election return and the counters of the precinct tabulators, the counters of the precinct tabulators shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

(c) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a second set of unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure. The returns shall be filed no later than 3 p.m. on the 5th day after any primary election and no later than 3 p.m. on the 9th day after any general election in which a recount was ordered by the Secretary of State. If the canvassing board is unable to complete the recount prescribed in this subsection by the deadline, the second set of unofficial returns submitted by the canvassing board shall be identical to the initial unofficial returns and the submission shall also include a detailed explanation of why it was unable to timely complete the recount. However, the canvassing board shall complete the recount prescribed in this subsection, along with any manual recount prescribed in s. 102.166, and certify election returns in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

(d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent practicable.

(b)(8) The canvassing board may employ such clerical help to assist with the work of the board as it deems necessary, with at least one member of the board present at all times, until the canvass of the returns is completed. The clerical help must ~~shall~~ be paid from the same fund as inspectors and other necessary election officials.

(c) The canvassing board shall publish notice of the system validation review, including the date, time, and place such review will occur, on the county website as provided in s. 50.0311, on the supervisor of elections' website, or once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the review will occur. Such review is open to the public.

(d) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a vote validation report to the department for each federal, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure in accordance with paragraph (5)(b). If the canvassing board is unable to complete the system validation review by the deadline, the vote validation report submitted by the canvassing board must be identical to the initial unofficial returns and the submission must also include a detailed explanation of the reason the board was unable to timely complete the system validation review. However, the canvassing board shall complete the system validation review prescribed in this subsection, and certify official election returns, in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

(e) The department shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional system validation review procedures for each certified voting system, which must be uniform to the extent practicable.

(7)(9) Each member, substitute member, and alternate member of the county canvassing board and all clerical help must wear identification badges during any period in which the county canvassing board is canvassing votes or engaging in other official duties. The identification badges must ~~should~~ be

worn in a conspicuous and unobstructed area, and include the name of the individual and his or her official position.

~~(8)(4)(a)~~ The supervisor shall file a report with the Division of Elections on the conduct of the election no later than 20 business days after the Elections Canvassing Commission certifies the election. The report must, at a minimum, describe all of the following:

1. All equipment or software malfunctions at the precinct level, at a counting location, or within computer and telecommunications networks supporting a county location, or issues encountered with any state approved election system, including, but not limited to, vote tabulation systems and automated independent vote validation processes, and the steps that were taken to address the malfunctions.

2. All election definition errors that were discovered after the logic and accuracy test, and the steps that were taken to address the errors.

3. All ballot printing errors, vote-by-mail ballot mailing errors, or ballot supply problems, and the steps that were taken to address the errors or problems.

4. All staffing shortages or procedural violations by employees or precinct workers which were addressed by the supervisor of elections or the county canvassing board during the conduct of the election, and the steps that were taken to correct such issues.

5. All instances where needs for staffing or equipment were insufficient to meet the needs of the voters.

6. Any additional information regarding material issues or problems associated with the conduct of the election.

(b) If a supervisor discovers new or additional information on any of the items required to be included in the report pursuant to paragraph (a) after the report is filed, the supervisor must notify the division that new information has been discovered no later than the next business day after the discovery, and the supervisor must file an amended report signed by the supervisor of elections on the conduct of the election within 10 days after the discovery.

(c) Such reports must be maintained on file in the Division of Elections and must be available for public inspection.

(d) The division shall review the conduct of election reports to determine what problems may be likely to occur in other elections and disseminate such information, along with possible solutions and training, to the supervisors of elections.

(e) For the general election, the department shall submit the analysis of these reports for the ~~post-general general election report as part of the consolidated reports~~ required under ss. 101.591 and 101.595 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election.

~~(11) The supervisor shall file with the department a copy of or an export file from the results database of the county's voting system and other statistical information as may be required by the department, the Legislature, or the Election Assistance Commission. The department shall adopt rules establishing the required content and acceptable formats for the filings and time for filings.~~

Section 20. Section 102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.166 Manual review ~~recounts~~ of overvotes and undervotes in contests.—

(1) If the vote tabulation system indicates and automated independent vote validation process conducted under ss. 101.591 and 102.141 confirms second set of unofficial returns pursuant to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, a manual review ~~recount~~ of the overvotes and undervotes cast in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or ballot measure must shall be ordered and conducted in a manner consistent with s. 102.141(6) unless:

(a) The candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention by one-quarter of 1 percent or fewer of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a manual review ~~recount~~ not be made; or

(b) The number of overvotes and undervotes is fewer than the number of votes needed to change the outcome of the election.

The Secretary of State is responsible for ordering manual reviews of all a ~~manual recount for~~ federal, state, and multicounty races. The county canvassing board or local board responsible for certifying the election is responsible for ordering a manual review ~~recount~~ for all other races. A manual review ~~recount~~ consists of a review by a designee of the canvassing board ~~recount~~ of paper marksense ballots or of digital images from an independent vote validation system, if applicable of those ballots by a person.

(2) Any hardware or software used to identify and sort overvotes and undervotes for a given race or ballot measure must be certified by the Department of State. Any such hardware or software must be capable of simultaneously identifying and sorting overvotes and undervotes in multiple races while simultaneously counting votes. Overvotes and undervotes must be identified and sorted while conducting the automated independent vote validation process ~~recounting ballots~~ pursuant to s. 102.141. Overvotes and undervotes must may be identified and sorted physically or digitally.

(3) Any manual review must ~~recount shall~~ be open to the public. Each political party may designate one person with expertise in the computer field who must be allowed in the central counting room when the manual review is being conducted and when the official votes are being counted. The designee may not interfere with the normal operation of the canvassing board.

(4)(a) A vote for a candidate or ballot measure must shall be counted if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice.

(b) The Department of State shall adopt specific rules for the federal write-in absentee ballot and for each certified voting system prescribing what constitutes a "clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice." The rules must shall be consistent, to the extent practicable, and may not:

1. Authorize the use of any electronic or electromechanical reading device to review a hybrid voting system ballot that is produced using a voter interface device and that contains both machine-readable fields and machine-printed text of the contest titles and voter selections, unless the printed text is illegible;

2. Exclusively provide that the voter must properly mark or designate his or her choice on the ballot; or

3. Contain a catch-all provision that fails to identify specific standards, such as "any other mark or indication clearly indicating that the voter has made a definite choice."

(c) The rule for the federal write-in absentee ballot must address, at a minimum, the following issues:

1. The appropriate lines or spaces for designating a candidate choice and, for state and local races, the office or ballot measure to be voted, including the proximity of each to the other and the effect of intervening blank lines.

2. The sufficiency of designating a candidate's first or last name when no other candidate in the race has the same or a similar name.

3. The sufficiency of designating a candidate's first or last name when an opposing candidate has the same or a similar name, notwithstanding generational suffixes and titles such as "Jr.," "Sr.," or "III." The rule should contemplate the sufficiency of additional first names and first initials, middle names and middle initials, generational suffixes and titles, nicknames, and, in general elections, the name or abbreviation of a political party.

4. Candidate designations containing both a qualified candidate's name and a political party, including those in which the party designated is the candidate's party, is not the candidate's party, has an opposing candidate in the race, or does not have an opposing candidate in the race.

5. Situations where the abbreviation or name of a candidate is the same as the abbreviation or name of a political party to which the candidate does not belong, including those in which the party designated has another candidate in the race or does not have a candidate in the race.

6. The use of marks, symbols, or language, such as arrows, quotation marks, or the word "same" or "ditto," to indicate that the same political party designation applies to all listed offices or the elector's approval or disapproval of all listed ballot measures.

7. Situations in which an elector designates the name of a qualified candidate for an incorrect office.

8. Situations in which an elector designates an otherwise correct office name that includes an incorrect district number.

(5) Procedures for a manual review ~~recount~~ are as follows:

(a) The county canvassing board shall appoint as many counting teams of at least two electors as is necessary to manually ~~review~~ ~~recount~~ the ballots. A counting team must have, when possible, members of at least two political parties. A candidate involved in the race ~~may~~ ~~shall~~ not be a member of the counting team.

(b) Each duplicate ballot prepared pursuant to s. 101.5614(4) or s. 102.141(6) ~~must~~ ~~s. 102.141(7) shall~~ be compared with the original ballot to ensure the correctness of the duplicate.

(c) If a counting team is unable to determine whether the ballot contains a clear indication that the voter has made a definite choice, the ballot ~~must~~ ~~shall~~ be presented to the county canvassing board for a determination.

(d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional ~~review~~ ~~recount~~ procedures for each certified voting system which ~~must~~ ~~shall~~ be uniform to the extent practicable. The rules ~~must~~, at a minimum, ~~shall~~ address, ~~at a minimum~~, the following areas:

1. Security of ballots during the ~~manual review~~ ~~recount~~ process.;
2. Time and place of ~~manual reviews~~, ~~recounts~~;
3. Public observance of ~~manual reviews~~, ~~recounts~~;
4. Objections to ballot determinations.;
5. Record of ~~manual review~~ ~~recount~~ proceedings.;
6. Procedures relating to candidate and petitioner representatives.;
7. Procedures relating to the certification and the use of automatic tabulating equipment that is not part of a voting system.

(6) Nothing in this section precludes a county canvassing board or local board involved in the ~~manual review~~ ~~recount~~ from comparing a digital image of a ballot to the corresponding physical paper ballot during a manual ~~review~~ ~~recount~~.

Section 21. Effective July 1, 2026, section 104.042, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

104.042 Limitations on actions for election fraud.—A prosecution for a felony violation under the Election Code must be commenced within 5 years after the date the violation is committed.

Section 22. Effective July 1, 2026, paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (c) through (g) are added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of that subsection is reenacted, to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.—

(12)(a)1. For purposes of this subsection, the term "foreign national" means:

- a. A foreign government;
 - b. A foreign political party;
 - c. A foreign corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country;
 - d. A person with foreign citizenship; or
 - e. A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and is not lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence.
2. The term does not include:
- a. A person who is a dual citizen or dual national of the United States and a foreign country.
 - b. A domestic subsidiary of a foreign corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country if:

(I) The donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are derived entirely from funds generated by the subsidiary's operations in the United States; and

(II) All decisions concerning donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are made by individuals who either hold United States citizenship or are permanent residents of the United States. For purposes of this sub-sub-subparagraph, decisions concerning donations and disbursements do not include decisions regarding the subsidiary's overall budget for contributions or expenditures in connection with an election or decisions regarding the subsidiary's support or opposition of an issue in this state.

(b) A foreign national may not make or offer to make, directly or indirectly, a contribution or expenditure in connection with any election held in the state.

(c) A political party, a political committee, an electioneering communications organization, or a candidate may not knowingly and willfully accept or solicit, directly or indirectly, a contribution from a foreign national in connection with any election held in this state.

(d) A person, acting either alone or jointly with, through, or on behalf of another person, who has knowingly and willfully received monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000 over the preceding 4 years, may not make a contribution or independent expenditure:

1. To a political committee supporting or opposing an issue in this state; or
2. In support or opposition of an issue in this state.

(e) A political committee supporting or opposing an issue in this state may not knowingly and willfully accept contributions from a person, acting either alone or jointly with, through, or on behalf of another person, who has received monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000 over the preceding 4 years.

(f) For purposes of compliance with subsections (d) and (e), monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals received by a domestic subsidiary who meets the requirements of subparagraph (a)2. shall not count towards the \$100,000 aggregate threshold provided in subsections (d) and (e), as long as the monetary or in-kind donations or gifts received are not used for political activity by the domestic subsidiary.

(g) A person or entity who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty equal to three times the amount contributed. Such penalty shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Any penalty imposed against a person that is not an individual jointly and severally attaches to the chair of the entity if the entity does not pay the penalty within 30 days. The Florida Elections Commission shall be responsible for determining violations, imposing civil penalties, and collecting any unpaid civil penalties. The Florida Elections Commission shall report any violations of this subsection to the Office of Election Crimes and Security to include in the department's report under s. 97.022.

Section 23. Effective July 1, 2026, paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of section 895.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term:

(8) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another person to commit:

(d) Any A violation of chapter 104 the Florida Election Code relating to irregularities or fraud involving issue petition activities.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 13-174 and insert:

Commission or federal law; amending s. 99.021, F.S.; specifying that a person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate must be a registered member of a political party, or registered without any party affiliation, for 365 consecutive days preceding the beginning of the qualifying before an election; authorizing qualified candidates or certain political parties to challenge compliance with specified provisions by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in a specified circuit court; prohibiting a person from being qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and appearing on the ballot under specified circumstances; providing that compliance with specified requirements is mandatory; entitling certain candidates and political parties to specified expedited hearings and consideration; requiring the supervisor of elections to remove certain candidates from the ballot or provide certain notice that votes for certain disqualified candidates will not be counted; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising the forms of identification required to be provided at polls; amending ss. 101.048, 101.151, 101.5606, 101.5608, and 101.5612, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.56075, F.S.; requiring voting be completed on an official ballot using a pen or marker; amending s. 101.591, F.S.; removing provisions relating to the performance of a manual audit; requiring the county canvassing board or other local board responsible for certifying an election to conduct an automated, independent vote validation of voting systems used in all precincts; providing the process

for conducting such automated, independent vote validation; requiring the canvassing board to publish a specified notice on the county's website, the supervisor's website, or in certain newspapers; requiring that the vote validation be completed and made public before the certification of the election; providing reporting requirements for county canvassing boards; requiring the results of the vote validation be included in a specified report submitted to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date each year; amending s. 101.5911, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to adopt certain rules; amending s. 101.595, F.S.; revising certain reporting requirements for the Department of State; amending ss. 101.68 and 101.6923, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 102.111, F.S.; revising the meeting time for the Elections Canvassing Commission; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; revising provisions relating to reporting election results; requiring counties to conduct an automated independent vote validation process for a specified purpose within a specified timeframe after unofficial results are reported; requiring the county canvassing board to take specified actions upon making a determination that the automated independent vote validation process failed to count votes; requiring the county canvassing board to conduct a system validation review under specified circumstances; removing provisions relating to recounts by the county canvassing board; requiring the county canvassing board to publish certain notice containing manual review information through specified means; requiring the county canvassing board to submit to the Department of State specified forms containing a vote validation report; removing the requirement for the supervisor to file with the Department of State certain results and statistical information; amending s. 102.166, F.S.; requiring manual reviews of overvotes and undervotes unless certain conditions exist; providing that the Secretary of State is responsible for ordering such review in specified races and the county canvassing board, or local board responsible for certifying the election, is responsible for ordering such reviews in all other races; authorizing political parties to designate a certain expert to be allowed in the central counting room while reviews are being performed; prohibiting such person from interfering with the normal operation of the canvassing board; creating s. 104.042, F.S.; providing a statute of limitations period for election fraud; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; revising the contributions or expenditures that a foreign national is prohibited from making or offering to make; prohibiting certain persons from accepting specified contributions; prohibiting certain persons from making specified contributions or expenditures; providing an exception to such prohibition; providing penalties; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "racketeering activity"; providing effective

Rep. Gantt moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Persons-Mulicka offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 658561)

Amendment 4 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 315-1970 and insert:

requirements have been met. The unverified voter must vote a provisional ballot, and the ballot will only be counted when the voter provides sufficient evidence of citizenship to the supervisor of elections. The online voter registration system must transmit, using the statewide voter registration system maintained under s. 98.035, the applicant's registration application, along with the digital signature of the applicant on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to the supervisor of elections. The applicant's digital signature satisfies the signature requirement of s. 97.052(2)(q). The system must generate a notice to the supervisor of elections and to the applicant which states that the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and that the applicant must provide to the supervisor of elections sufficient evidence of his or her United States citizenship and the supervisor of elections must verify the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen before the applicant may vote. Such notice must include a list

of documents acceptable as evidence United States citizenship as set forth in s. 98.075(6)(c).

2. The supervisor of elections shall verify the legal status of an applicant identified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicle as a person who is potentially not a United States citizen. If the supervisor determines based on credible and reliable information that the applicant is potentially ineligible to vote because he or she is not a United States citizen, the supervisor must provide notice to the applicant in accordance with s. 98.075(8). Such notice must include the list of documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship as set forth in s. 98.075(6)(c).

(e) If the applicant indicates that he or she has not been issued a Florida driver license or Florida identification card, or chooses to use the system to prepopulate an application to print, sign, and deliver, the online voter registration system must populate the applicant's information into a uniform statewide voter registration application under s. 97.052(2) and direct the applicant to print, sign, and date the application and deliver the application to the supervisor of elections for disposition under s. 97.073.

Section 6. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 97.053, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications.—

(2) A voter registration application is complete and becomes the official voter registration record of that applicant when all information necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility under pursuant to s. 97.041 is received by a voter registration official and verified under pursuant to subsection (6). Except as provided in subsection (6), if the applicant fails to complete his or her voter registration application on or before prior to the date of book closing for an election, then such applicant is shall not be eligible to vote in that election.

(6)(a) A voter registration application, including an application with a change in name, address, or party affiliation, may be accepted as valid only after the department has verified the authenticity or nonexistence of the Florida driver license number, the Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant and the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen has been verified or recorded as verified in the statewide voter registration system. If a completed voter registration application has been received by the book-closing deadline but the Florida driver license number, the Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant or the applicant's legal status as a United States citizen, whichever is applicable, cannot be verified, the applicant must shall be notified that the number cannot be verified and that the applicant must provide evidence to the supervisor evidence sufficient to verify the authenticity of the applicant's driver license number, Florida identification card number, or last four digits of the social security number or provide one of the documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship set forth s. 98.075(6)(c), whichever is applicable. An applicant whose application does not meet the requirements of this subsection is deemed an unverified voter until the requirements have been met.

(b) If the applicant provides the necessary evidence, the supervisor shall place the applicant's name on the registration rolls as an active voter.

(c) If the application is to update to the voter's record with a change in name, address, or party affiliation, whichever is applicable, the change is retroactive to the date the application was initially received and the necessary documentation is verified.

(d) If the applicant has not provided the necessary evidence to validate the applicant's number or citizenship as required under paragraph (a) before or the number has not otherwise been verified prior to the applicant appears presenting himself or herself to vote, the applicant must shall be provided a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot must shall be counted pursuant to s. 101.048, only if the requisite verification occurs number is verified by the end of the canvassing period or if the applicant presents evidence to the supervisor of elections evidence sufficient to verify the authenticity of the applicant's Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or last four digits of the social security number, or provides one of the documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship set forth s. 98.075(6)(c), whichever is applicable, no later than 5 p.m. of the second day following the election.

Section 7. Subsections (11) and (13) of section 97.057, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

97.057 Voter registration by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.—

(11) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall enter into an agreement with the department to match information in the statewide voter registration system with information in the database of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to the extent required to verify the accuracy of a person's Florida driver license number, Florida identification number, or last four digits of his or her social security number, or legal status as a United States citizen, as applicable, provided on applications for voter registration as required in s. 97.053. The department shall also include the documentary proof that the applicant provided in support of his or her United States citizenship.

(13) Notwithstanding a declination to register or to update a voter registration pursuant to subparagraph (2)(b)2., the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall, in accordance with s. 98.093(8), must assist the Department of State in regularly identifying changes in residence address or number on the Florida driver license or Florida identification card of persons who may be voters of a voter. The Department of State must report each such change to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must change the voter's registration records in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

Section 8. Subsection (4) of section 98.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.015 Supervisor of elections; election, tenure of office, compensation, custody of registration-related documents, office hours, successor, seal; appointment of deputy supervisors; duties.—

(4)(a) At a minimum, the office of the supervisor must be open Monday through Friday, ~~excluding legal holidays~~, for a period of not less than 8 hours per day, beginning no later than 9 a.m.

(b) The office of the supervisor may close to observe legal holidays and other federal, state, or county-approved holidays if the office is not otherwise required to be open to fulfill official duties under the Florida Election Code.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 98.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.045 Administration of voter registration.—

(1) ELIGIBILITY OF APPLICANT.—

(a) The supervisor shall ~~must~~ ensure that any eligible applicant for voter registration is registered to vote and that each application for voter registration is processed in accordance with law. The supervisor shall determine whether a voter registration applicant is ineligible to vote based on any of the following:

1.(a) ~~1.(a)~~ The failure to complete a voter registration application as specified in s. 97.053.

2.(b) ~~2.(b)~~ The applicant is deceased.

3.(c) ~~3.(c)~~ The applicant has been convicted of a felony for which his or her voting rights have not been restored.

4.(d) ~~4.(d)~~ The applicant has been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to the right to vote and such right has not been restored.

5.(e) ~~5.(e)~~ The applicant does not meet the age requirement pursuant to s. 97.041.

6.(f) ~~6.(f)~~ The applicant is not a United States citizen.

7.(g) ~~7.(g)~~ The applicant is a fictitious person.

8.(h) ~~8.(h)~~ The applicant has provided an address of legal residence that is not his or her legal residence.

9.(i) ~~9.(i)~~ The applicant has provided a Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of a social security number that is not verifiable by the department.

(b) If the most updated voter registration records show that a new applicant was previously registered but subsequently removed from the statewide voter registration system under s. 98.075(8) for ineligibility by reason of a felony conviction without voting rights restored, adjudication as mentally incapacitated with respect to voting without voting rights restored, death, or legal status as not a United States citizen, the supervisor must, within 13 days after receiving a new application, verify the current eligibility of the applicant to register by reviewing any governmental entity document or source to determine whether the applicant remains ineligible. If the supervisor

determines that the applicant is still ineligible to vote, the supervisor must deny the application and notify the applicant pursuant to s. 97.073.

Section 10. Subsections (6), (7), and (8) of section 98.075, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7), (8), and (9), respectively, subsections (4) and (5), present subsection (6), paragraph (a) of present subsection (7), and paragraph (a) of present subsection (8) are amended, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

98.075 Registration records maintenance activities; ineligibility determinations.—

(4) ADJUDICATION OF MENTAL INCAPACITY.—The department shall identify those registered voters who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting and who have not had their voting rights restored by comparing information received from the clerk of the circuit court as provided in s. 98.093. The department shall review such information and make an initial determination as to whether the information is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter to be registered. Upon receipt of the notice that the department has made a determination of initial credibility and reliability, the supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ before the removal of a registered voter from the statewide voter registration system.

(5) FELONY CONVICTION.—

(a) The department shall identify those registered voters who have been convicted of a felony and whose voting rights have not been restored by comparing information received from, but not limited to, a clerk of the circuit court, the Board of Executive Clemency, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Law Enforcement, or a United States Attorney's Office, as provided in s. 98.093. The department shall review such information and make an initial determination as to whether the information is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter to be registered. Upon receipt of the notice that the department has made a determination of initial credibility and reliability, the supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ before the removal of a registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.

(b) The supervisors shall coordinate with their respective clerks of the court to obtain information pursuant to s. 98.093 to identify registered voters within their respective jurisdictions who have been convicted of a felony during the preceding week and whose voting rights have not been restored. The supervisor shall adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ before the removal of a registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system. For purposes of this paragraph, a supervisor's duties under subsection (8) ~~(7)~~ begin upon his or her determination that the information received from the clerk is credible and reliable.

(6) CITIZENSHIP.—

(a) The Department of State shall verify the citizenship status of all registered voters whose legal status has not already been verified as a United States citizen. If the citizenship status of a registered voter cannot be verified or the voter record does not indicate that the registered voter's citizenship is verified, the department must notify the supervisor of elections who must notify the registered voter.

(b) The department shall review the information received from the Department of Highway Safety under s. 98.093(8) and make an initial determination as to whether the information and any other information regarding citizenship is credible and reliable. If the department determines that the information is credible and reliable, the department must notify the supervisor and provide a copy of the supporting documentation indicating the potential ineligibility of the voter.

(c) Upon receipt of the notice under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the supervisor of elections must notify the registered voter in accordance with subsection (8) that his or her United States citizenship could not be verified and require the registered voter to submit evidence sufficient to verify his or her citizenship status. The notice to the registered voter must include the following list of documents that will be accepted as evidence of United States citizenship:

1. A current and valid United States passport.
 2. A United States birth certificate.
 3. A Consular Report of Birth Abroad provided by the United States Department of State.
 4. A current and valid Florida driver license or Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles if such driver license or identification card indicates United States citizenship.
 5. A naturalization certificate, a certificate of citizenship, a certificate number, or an alien registration number issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security.
 6. A current and valid photo identification issued by the Federal Government or the government of this state which indicates United States citizenship.
 7. An order from a federal court granting United States citizenship.
- (d) If the registered voter's legal name is different than the name that appears on one of the documents specified in paragraph (c), the applicant must also provide official documentation providing proof of a legal name change.
- (e) The type of document provided or used to verify citizenship must be recorded in the statewide voter registration system.

~~(7)(6)~~ OTHER BASES FOR INELIGIBILITY.—Subsections ~~(2)-(6)~~ ~~(2)-(5)~~ do not limit or restrict the department or the supervisor in his or her duty to act upon direct receipt of, access to, or knowledge of information from any governmental entity that identifies a registered voter as potentially ineligible. If the department or supervisor receives information from any governmental entity other than those identified in subsections ~~(2)-(6)~~ ~~(2)-(5)~~ that a registered voter is ineligible because the voter is deceased, adjudicated a convicted felon without having had his or her voting rights restored, adjudicated mentally incapacitated without having had his or her voting rights restored, does not meet the age requirement pursuant to s. 97.041, is not a United States citizen, is a fictitious person, or has listed an address that is not his or her address of legal residence, the supervisor must adhere to the procedures set forth in subsection ~~(8)~~ ~~(7)~~ before the removal of the name of a registered voter who is determined to be ineligible from the statewide voter registration system.

~~(8)(7)~~ PROCEDURES FOR REMOVAL.—

(a) If the supervisor receives notice or information pursuant to subsections ~~(4)-(7)~~ ~~(4)-(6)~~, the supervisor of the county in which the voter is registered must:

1. Notify the registered voter of his or her potential ineligibility by mail within 7 days after receipt of notice or information. The notice must include:
 - a. A statement of the basis for the registered voter's potential ineligibility and a copy of any documentation upon which the potential ineligibility is based. Such documentation must include any conviction from another jurisdiction determined to be a similar offense to murder or a felony sexual offense, as those terms are defined in s. 98.0751.
 - b. A statement that failure to respond within 30 days after receipt of the notice may result in a determination of ineligibility and in removal of the registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.
 - c. A return form that requires the registered voter to admit or deny the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility for purposes of a final determination by the supervisor.
 - d. A statement that, if the voter is denying the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the voter has a right to request a hearing for the purpose of determining eligibility.
 - e. Instructions for the registered voter to contact the supervisor of elections of the county in which the voter is registered if assistance is needed in resolving the matter.
 - f. Instructions for seeking restoration of civil rights pursuant to s. 8, Art. IV of the State Constitution and information explaining voting rights restoration pursuant to s. 4, Art. VI of the State Constitution following a felony conviction, if applicable.
 - g. The following statement: "If you attempt to vote at an early voting site or your normal election day polling place, you will be required to vote a provisional ballot. If you vote by mail, your ballot will be treated as a provisional ballot. In either case, your ballot may not be counted until a final determination of eligibility is made. If you wish for your ballot to be counted,

you must contact the supervisor of elections office within 2 days after the election and present evidence that you are eligible to vote."

2. If the mailed notice is returned as undeliverable, the supervisor must, within 14 days after receiving the returned notice, either publish notice once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the voter was last registered or publish notice on the county's website as provided in s. 50.0311 or on the supervisor's website, as deemed appropriate by the supervisor. The notice must contain the following:

- a. The voter's name and address.
- b. A statement that the voter is potentially ineligible to be registered to vote.
- c. A statement that failure to respond within 30 days after the notice is published may result in a determination of ineligibility by the supervisor and removal of the registered voter's name from the statewide voter registration system.
- d. An instruction for the voter to contact the supervisor no later than 30 days after the date of the published notice to receive information regarding the basis for the potential ineligibility and the procedure to resolve the matter.
- e. An instruction to the voter that, if further assistance is needed, the voter should contact the supervisor of elections of the county in which the voter is registered.

f. A statement that, if the voter denies the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the voter has a right to request a hearing for the purpose of determining eligibility.

g. The following statement: "If you attempt to vote at an early voting site or your normal election day polling place, you will be required to vote a provisional ballot. If you vote by mail, your ballot will be treated as a provisional ballot. In either case, your ballot may not be counted until a final determination of eligibility is made. If you wish for your ballot to be counted, you must contact the supervisor of elections office within 2 days after the election and present evidence that you are eligible to vote."

3. If a registered voter fails to respond to a notice pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the supervisor must make a final determination of the voter's eligibility within 7 days after expiration of the voter's timeframe to respond. If the supervisor determines that the voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the name of the registered voter from the statewide voter registration system within 7 days. The supervisor shall notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action.

4. If a registered voter responds to the notice pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and admits the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility, the supervisor must, as soon as practicable, make a final determination of ineligibility and remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system. The supervisor shall notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action.

5. If a registered voter responds to the notice issued pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and denies the accuracy of the information underlying the potential ineligibility but does not request a hearing, the supervisor must review the evidence and make a determination of eligibility no later than 30 days after receiving the response from the voter. If the supervisor determines that the registered voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system upon such determination and notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action and that the removed voter has a right to appeal a determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.0755. If such registered voter requests a hearing, the supervisor must send notice to the registered voter to attend a hearing at a time and place specified in the notice. The supervisor shall schedule and issue notice for the hearing within 7 days after receiving the voter's request for a hearing and shall hold the hearing no later than 30 days after issuing the notice of the hearing. A voter may request an extension upon showing good cause by submitting an affidavit to the supervisor as to why he or she is unable to attend the scheduled hearing. Upon hearing all evidence presented at the hearing, the supervisor shall make a determination of eligibility within 7 days. If the supervisor determines that the registered voter is ineligible, the supervisor must remove the voter's name from the statewide voter registration system and notify the registered voter of the supervisor's determination and action and that the removed voter has a right to appeal a determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.0755.

~~(9)(8)~~ CERTIFICATION.—

(a) No later than July 31 and January 31 of each year, the supervisor shall certify to the department that the supervisor has conducted the activities required pursuant to this section during the first 6 months and the second 6 months of the year, respectively. The certification must include the number of persons to whom notices were sent pursuant to subsection (8) ~~(7)~~; the number of persons who responded to the notices; the number of notices returned as undeliverable; the number of notices published in the newspaper, on the county's website, or on the supervisor's website; the number of hearings conducted; and the number of persons removed from the statewide voter registration system and the reasons for such removals.

Section 11. Effective July 1, 2026, subsection (9) of section 98.093, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) are added to subsection (8) of that section, to read:

98.093 Duty of officials to furnish information relating to deceased persons, persons adjudicated mentally incapacitated, persons convicted of a felony, and persons who are not United States citizens.—

(8) DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES.—The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall furnish weekly to the department the following information:

(d) Information identifying those persons who during the preceding week presented evidence of United States citizenship upon being issued a new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card. The information must contain the person's name; address; date of birth; last four digits of his or her social security number, if applicable; Florida driver license number or Florida identification card number, if available; the type of documentary proof the person provided in support of his or her citizenship; and, if applicable, the person's alien registration number or other legal status identifier.

(e) Information identifying a change in residence address on the Florida driver license or Florida identification card of any person who declined to register or update his or her voter's registration record under s. 97.057(2)(b)2. The information must contain the person's name; date of birth; sex; last four digits of his or her social security number, if available; and Florida driver license or Florida identification card number in order to identify a voter's registration record. The Department of State must report each such change to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must change the voter's registration records in accordance with s. 98.065(4).

(f) Information identifying new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card numbers issued to persons who declined to register or update his or her voter's registration record under s. 97.057(2)(b)2. The information must contain the person's name; date of birth; last four digits of his or her social security number, if available; and the person's prior and current Florida driver license or Florida identification card number in order to identify a voter's registration record. The Department of State must report the prior and current Florida driver license or Florida identification card numbers to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must update the voter's registration records.

(9) CONSTRUCTION.—This section does not limit or restrict the supervisor in his or her duty to act upon direct receipt of, access to, or knowledge of official information from these and other governmental entities that identify a registered voter as potentially ineligible and to initiate removal of the name of the registered voter who is determined to be ineligible from the statewide voter registration system pursuant to s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~.

Section 12. Section 98.094, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

98.094 Federal jury notice.—

(1) The Division of Elections shall provide a list, monthly, of registered voters to federal courts for purposes of selecting jurors and the jury coordinator must provide the division notice regarding any ineligible or potentially ineligible voters.

(2) The jury coordinator shall prepare or cause to be prepared a list of each person disqualified or potentially disqualified as a prospective juror from jury service because the person is not a United States citizen, was convicted of a felony, is deceased, is not a resident of this state, or is not a resident of the county in which such jury service is required. The list must be prepared and sent to the division according to the jury summons cycle used by the clerk of court. This section does not prevent the list from being sent more frequently.

The list prepared by the jury coordinator may be provided by mail, e-mail, or other electronic means to the division.

(3) The jury coordinator shall provide the division with all of the following information about each disqualified or potentially disqualified juror:

(a) The full name of the juror.

(b) Current and prior addresses, if any.

(c) Telephone number, if available.

(d) Date of birth.

(e) The reason the prospective juror is disqualified.

(4) The division shall provide the information received under subsection (3) to the appropriate supervisor of elections in the county of residence of the disqualified juror in order for the supervisor to initiate address list maintenance under s. 98.065 or eligibility maintenance under s. 98.075(8), as applicable.

Section 13. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 99.021, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to that subsection, to read:

99.021 Form of candidate oath.—

(1)

(b) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing:

1. The party of which the person is a member.

2. That the person has been a registered member of the political party for which he or she is seeking nomination as a candidate for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

3. That the person has paid the assessment levied against him or her, if any, as a candidate for said office by the executive committee of the party of which he or she is a member.

(c) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing that he or she is registered without any party affiliation and that he or she has not been a registered member of any political party for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

(f) A qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race may challenge the accuracy of the content of the statement in a candidate's oath or affirmation appearing in subparagraph (a)1. that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that the person seeking to qualify as a candidate for nomination or election is not qualified under the State Constitution to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or elected.

(g) The statements in subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) constitute substantive requirements for the person completing the statement, and compliance with those requirements is mandatory. The sole method to enforce compliance with such requirements is contained in this paragraph. Compliance with subparagraph (b)2. and paragraph (c) may be challenged by a qualified candidate or a political party with a qualified candidate in the same race by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that:

1. The person seeking to qualify for nomination as a candidate of any political party has not been a registered member of that party for the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying; or

2. The person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation has not been registered without party affiliation for, or has been a registered member of any political party during, the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying.

(h) Any candidate or political party bringing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief under paragraph (f) or paragraph (g) is entitled to an expedited final hearing and any appeal of a final hearing shall receive expedited consideration by the appellate court. Upon a final order of the circuit court containing a determination in paragraph (f) or paragraph (g), the supervisor of elections in each county affected by such candidacy shall remove the name of the candidate from the ballot, or if the ballots have already been printed, post a notice to be included with each vote-by-mail ballot, and at each early voting location and polling precinct that a vote for such candidate will not be counted.

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 101.043, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.043 Identification required at polls.—

(1)(a) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461, ~~must shall~~ be used at the polls for the purpose of identifying the elector at the polls before allowing him or her to vote. The clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering the polling place, to present one of the following current and valid picture identifications:

1. Florida driver license.

2. Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

3. United States passport or passport card.

~~4. Debit or credit card.~~

~~4.5. United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine Military~~ identification.

~~6. Student identification.~~

~~7. Retirement center identification.~~

~~8. Neighborhood association identification.~~

~~9. Public assistance identification.~~

~~5.10. Veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.~~

~~6.11. A license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued pursuant to s. 790.06.~~

~~7.12. Any other Employee~~ identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality, excluding identification cards issued by an educational institution.

(b) If the picture identification does not contain the signature of the elector, an additional identification that provides the elector's signature ~~is shall be~~ required. The address appearing on the identification presented by the elector may not be used as the basis to challenge an elector's legal residence. The elector ~~must shall~~ sign his or her name in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for recording the elector's signature. The clerk or inspector shall compare the signature with that on the identification provided by the elector and enter his or her initials in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for that purpose and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector.

Section 15. Subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 101.048, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.048 Provisional ballots.—

(1) At all elections, a voter claiming to be properly registered in the state and eligible to vote at the precinct in the election but whose eligibility cannot be determined, a person whom an election official asserts is not eligible, including, but not limited to, a person to whom notice has been sent pursuant to s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~, but for whom a final determination of eligibility has not been made, and other persons specified in the code shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot must be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a provisional ballot envelope. The provisional ballot must be deposited in a ballot box. All provisional ballots must remain sealed in their envelopes for return to the supervisor of elections. The department shall prescribe the form of the provisional ballot envelope. A person casting a provisional ballot has the right to present written evidence supporting his or her eligibility to vote to the supervisor of elections by not later than 5 p.m. on the second day following the election.

(6)

(d) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to cure the missing signature or the signature discrepancy on your Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election.

2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; ~~debit or credit card~~; ~~military identification~~; ~~student identification~~; ~~retirement center identification~~; ~~neighborhood association identification~~; ~~public assistance~~ identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any other employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill; bank statement; government check; paycheck; or government document (excluding voter information card).

4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your information MUST reach your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day following the election or your ballot will not count.

5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.

6. Submitting a provisional ballot affidavit does not establish your eligibility to vote in this election or guarantee that your ballot will be counted. The county canvassing board determines your eligibility to vote through information provided on the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, written evidence provided by you, including information in your cure affidavit along with any supporting identification, and any other evidence presented by the supervisor of elections or a challenger. You may still be required to present additional written evidence to support your eligibility to vote.

Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.151 Specifications for ballots.—

(1)(a) ~~Marksense~~ Ballots ~~must shall~~ be printed on paper of such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back and ~~must shall~~ meet the specifications of the voting system that will be used to tabulate the ballots.

(b) Polling places and early voting sites may employ a ballot-on-demand production system to print individual ~~marksense~~ ballots, including provisional ballots, for eligible voters ~~electors~~. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used to produce ~~marksense~~ vote-by-mail, early voting, and election-day ballots.

Section 17. Subsection (4) of section 101.5606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems.—No electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be approved by the Department of State unless it is so constructed that:

(4) ~~For systems using marksense ballots~~, It accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to subsection (3) if a voter chooses to cast the ballot, but records no vote for any office that has been overvoted or undervoted.

Section 18. Section 101.56075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.56075 Voting methods.—For the purpose of designating ballot selections, all voting must be by official marksense ballot, using a pen compatible with or recommended for use with the voting system. Persons with disabilities may vote using marking device or a voter interface device that produces a voter-verifiable paper output and meets the voter accessibility requirements for individuals with disabilities under s. 301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and s. 101.56062.

Section 19. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 101.5608, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.5608 Voting at the polls ~~by electronic or electromechanical method;~~ procedures.—

(1) Each voter elector desiring to vote shall be identified to the clerk or inspector of the election as a duly qualified voter elector of such election and shall sign his or her name on the precinct register or other form or device provided by the supervisor. The inspector shall compare the signature with the signature on the identification provided by the voter elector. If the inspector is reasonably sure that the person is entitled to vote, the inspector shall provide the person with a ballot.

(2) When an electronic or electromechanical voting system utilizes a ballot ~~card or marksense~~ ballot, the following procedures must shall be followed to vote:

(a) After receiving a ballot from an inspector, the voter elector shall, without leaving the polling place, retire to a booth or compartment and mark the ballot. After marking his or her ballot, the voter elector shall place the ballot in a secrecy envelope so that the ballot will be deposited in the tabulator without exposing the voter's choices.

(b) Any voter who spoils his or her ballot or makes an error may return the ballot to the election official and secure another ballot, except that in no case shall a voter be furnished more than three ballots. If the vote tabulation device has rejected a ballot, the ballot must shall be considered spoiled and a new ballot must shall be provided to the voter unless the voter chooses to cast the rejected ballot. The election official, without examining the original ballot, shall state the possible reasons for the rejection and shall provide instruction to the voter pursuant to s. 101.5611. A spoiled ballot must shall be preserved, without examination, in an envelope provided for that purpose. The stub must shall be removed from the ballot and placed in an envelope.

(c) The supervisor of elections shall prepare for each polling place at least one ballot box to contain the ballots of a particular precinct, and each ballot box must shall be plainly marked with the name of the precinct for which it is intended.

(3) The Department of State shall promulgate rules regarding voting procedures to be used when an electronic or electromechanical voting system is of a type which does not utilize a ballot ~~card or marksense~~ ballot.

Section 20. Subsection (5) of section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.—

(5) Any tests involving marksense ballots pursuant to this section shall employ test ballots created by the supervisor of elections using actual ballots that have been printed for the election. If ballot-on-demand ballots will be used in the election, the supervisor shall also create test ballots using the ballot-on-demand technology that will be used to produce ballots in the election, using the same paper stock as will be used for ballots in the election.

Section 21. Section 101.591, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.591 Voting system audit.—

(1) ~~Before immediately following~~ the certification of each election, the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election shall conduct, in accordance with s. 102.141, ~~a manual audit or~~ an automated, independent audit of the voting systems used in all randomly selected precincts.

~~(2)(a) A manual audit shall consist of a public manual tally of the votes cast in one randomly selected race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include election day, vote-by-mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots, in at least 1 percent but no more than 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. If 1 percent of the precincts is less than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted using at least one precinct chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board~~

~~responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.~~

~~(2)(b) An automated independent audit using a system approved pursuant to s. 101.5911 shall consist of a public automated tally of the votes cast across every race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet must shall include all valid election day, vote-by-mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots in all at least 20 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.~~

~~(c) The division shall adopt rules for approval of an independent audit system which provide that the system, at a minimum, must be:~~

~~1. Completely independent of the primary voting system;~~

~~2. Fast enough to produce final audit results within the timeframe prescribed in subsection (4);~~

~~3. Capable of demonstrating that the ballots of record have been accurately adjudicated by the audit system;~~

(3) The canvassing board shall publish post a notice of the automated independent audit on the county website as provided in s. 50.0311 or on the supervisor of elections' website, as deemed appropriate by the supervisor of elections in the county. The notice shall include including the date, time, and place for the audit; in four conspicuous places in the county and on the home page of the county supervisor of elections website. The audit shall be open to the public.

(4) The automated independent audit must be completed and the results made public and reported in accordance with s. 102.141 no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day following certification of the election by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election.

(5) By December 15 of each general election year, the county canvassing board or the board responsible for certifying the election shall provide a report with the results of the pre-certification automated independent audit for the general election to the Department of State in a standard format as prescribed by the department pursuant to rulemaking authority in s. 101.5911. The report must be consolidated into one report with the overvote and undervote report required under s. 101.595(1). The report must shall contain, but is not limited to, the following items:

(a) The overall accuracy of audit.

(b) A description of any problems or differences discrepancies encountered.

(c) The likely cause of such problems or differences discrepancies.

(d) Recommended corrective action with respect to avoiding or mitigating such circumstances in future elections.

(6) The department shall consolidate each county's results and include the results as part of the post-general election report submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under this section and s. 101.595. If a manual recount is undertaken pursuant to s. 102.166, the canvassing board is not required to perform the audit provided for in this section.

Section 22. Section 101.5911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5911 Automated independent audit system; approval; Rulemaking authority for voting system audit procedures; rulemaking.—

(1) Effective upon this act becoming a law, The department of State shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of s. 101.591, as amended by s. 8, chapter 2007-30, Laws of Florida, which prescribe detailed pre-certification automated independent audit procedures for each voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent practicable, along with the standard report forms form for automated independent audit reports and processes.

(2) The rules must provide, at a minimum, that such system be:

(a) Completely independent of the voting systems approved for use in this state.

(b) Fast enough to produce results within the timeframes prescribed in ss. 101.591 and 102.141.

(c) Capable of demonstrating that the ballots of record have been accurately adjudicated by the automated independent audit system.

(d) Capable of providing the canvassing board with the ability to review a digital image of a ballot that corresponds to the matching physical paper ballot for purposes of adjudication of ballots during manual ballot review.

(e) Capable of identifying and sorting overvotes and undervotes for a given race or ballot measure, including simultaneously identifying and sorting overvotes and undervotes in multiple races while simultaneously counting votes. Overvotes and undervotes may be identified and sorted physically or digitally.

Section 23. Section 101.595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.595 Analysis of overvotes and undervotes; report reports of voting problems.—

(1)(a) No later than December 15 of each general election year, the supervisor of elections in each county shall report to the Department of State the total number of overvotes and undervotes in the "President and Vice President" or "Governor and Lieutenant Governor" race that appears first on the ballot or, if neither appears, the first race appearing on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.151(2), along with the likely reasons for such overvotes and undervotes and other information as may be useful in evaluating the performance of the voting system and identifying problems with ballot design and instructions which may have contributed to voter confusion. ~~This report must be consolidated into one report with the audit report required under s. 101.591(5).~~

(b)(2) The Department of State, upon receipt of such information, shall prepare a public report on the performance of each type of voting system. The report must contain, but is not limited to, the following information:

1.(a) An identification of problems with the ballot design or instructions which may have contributed to voter confusion;

2.(b) An identification of voting system design problems; and

3.(c) Recommendations for correcting any problems identified.

(2)(3) The department of State shall submit the overvote and undervote analysis required under subsection (1) as part of the post-general election report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under ss. 101.591 and 101.595.

Section 24. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.68 Canvassing of vote-by-mail ballot.—

(4)

(d) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election.

2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any an employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information card).

4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing

envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your information MUST reach your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election, or your ballot will not count.

5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.

Section 25. Subsection (2) of section 101.6923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.6923 Special vote-by-mail ballot instructions for certain first-time voters.—

(2) A voter covered by this section must be provided with printed instructions with his or her vote-by-mail ballot in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general election, your vote-by-mail ballot must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election. Note that the later you return your ballot, the less time you will have to cure signature deficiencies, which is authorized until 5 p.m. local time on the 2nd day after the election.

2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.

3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.

4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope and seal the envelope.

5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.

a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).

b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.

c. A vote-by-mail ballot will be considered illegal and will not be counted if the signature on the Voter's Certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the vote-by-mail ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the Voter's Certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received before your vote-by-mail ballot is received.

6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

a. Identification which must include your name and photograph: United States passport or passport card; United States uniformed services or Merchant Marine; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or any an employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

b. Identification which shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information card).

7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply if you meet one of the following requirements:

- a. You are 65 years of age or older.
- b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.
- c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the county on election day.
- d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county on election day.
- e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.
- f. You are currently residing outside the United States.

8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. **DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.**

9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.

10. **FELONY NOTICE.** It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 102.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.111 Elections Canvassing Commission.—

(2) The Elections Canvassing Commission shall meet at 9 8 a.m. on the 9th day after a primary election and at 9 8 a.m. on the 14th day after a general election to certify the returns of the election for each federal, state, and multicounty office and for each constitutional amendment. On days the Legislature convenes for organizational session pursuant to s. 3(a), Art. III of the State Constitution, such meeting will begin at 8 a.m. If a member of a county canvassing board that was constituted pursuant to s. 102.141 determines, within 5 days after the certification by the Elections Canvassing Commission, that a typographical error occurred in the official returns of the county, the correction of which could result in a change in the outcome of an election, the county canvassing board must certify corrected returns to the Department of State within 24 hours, and the Elections Canvassing Commission must correct and recertify the election returns as soon as practicable.

Section 27. Subsections (3) through (11) of section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

102.141 County canvassing board; duties.—

(3) The canvass, except the canvass of returned vote-by-mail ballots ~~absent electors' returns~~ and the canvass of provisional ballots, must ~~shall~~ be made from the returns and certificates of the inspectors as signed and filed by them with the supervisor, and the county canvassing board may ~~shall~~ not change the number of votes cast for a candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, respectively, in any polling place, as shown by the returns. All returns must ~~shall~~ be made to the board on or before 2 a.m. of the day following any primary, general, or other election. If the returns from any precinct are missing, if there are any omissions on the returns from any precinct, or if there is an obvious error on any such returns, the canvassing board must ~~shall~~ order a retabulation of the returns from such precinct. Before canvassing such returns, the canvassing board shall examine the tabulation of the ballots cast in such precinct and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If there is a discrepancy between the returns and the tabulation of the ballots cast, the tabulation of the ballots cast must ~~shall~~ be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

(4)(a) The supervisor of elections shall upload into the county's election management system by 7 p.m. local time on the day before the election the results of all early voting and vote-by-mail ballots that have been canvassed and tabulated by the end of the early voting period. Pursuant to ss. 101.5614(8), 101.657, and 101.68(2), the tabulation of votes cast or the results of such uploads must ~~may~~ not be made public before the close of the polls on election day.

(b) The supervisor of elections, on behalf of the canvassing board, shall report all early voting and all tabulated vote-by-mail results to the Department of State within 30 minutes after the polls close. Thereafter, the canvassing board shall report, with the exception of provisional ballot results, updated precinct election results shall be uploaded to the department at least every 45 minutes until all results are completely reported. The supervisor of elections shall notify the department immediately of any circumstances that do not permit periodic updates as required. Results must ~~shall~~ be submitted in a format prescribed by the department.

(5) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than noon on the third day after any primary election and no later than noon on the fourth day after any general or other election. Such returns must ~~shall~~ include the canvass of all ballots, including write-in votes, as required by subsection (2).

(6)(a) After unofficial results are reported pursuant to subsection (5), each county shall conduct a pre-certification automated independent audit as set forth in s. 101.591, and compare the results to the results of the vote tabulation system for a candidate for any office, candidate for retention to a judicial office, or a measure appearing on the ballot.

(b) The audit must be completed no later than noon on the 6th day after any primary election and no later than noon on the 7th day after any general or other election.

(c)(6) If the comparison of the results of the vote tabulation system and the automated independent audit system reflects any difference in the way the two systems read a ballot or ballots, the county canvassing board or local determines that the unofficial returns may contain a counting error in which the vote tabulation system failed to count votes that were properly marked in accordance with the instructions on the ballot, the county canvassing board responsible for certifying the election must conduct a manual ballot review pursuant to subsection (7) shall:

(a) Correct the error and retabulate the affected ballots with the vote tabulation system; or

(b) Request that the Department of State verify the tabulation software. When the Department of State verifies such software, the department shall compare the software used to tabulate the votes with the software filed with the department pursuant to s. 101.5607 and check the election parameters.

(7)(a) If a manual ballot review is triggered pursuant to subsection (6) the unofficial returns reflect that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one half of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one half of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, a recount shall be ordered of the votes cast with respect to such office or measure. The Secretary of State is responsible for ordering such review when the differences involve recounts in federal, state multicounty races, and any other multicounty races. The county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election is responsible for ordering a manual ballot review under this subsection recounts in all other races. A recount need not be ordered with respect to the returns for any office, however, if the candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention for such office by one half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a recount not be made.

(b) To conduct the manual ballot review, the board shall use the digital images in the automated independent vote audit system of the ballots that were read differently by the systems. The review must also include, but not be limited to, a review pursuant to s. 102.166, of any overvotes or undervotes that appear in the automated independent vote audit system to adjudicate the voter intent of such ballots before certification of the county's official results. Nothing herein precludes a board involved in the manual ballot review from also reviewing the physical paper ballot corresponding to the digital image of a ballot.

(a) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount shall put each marksense ballot through automatic tabulating equipment and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If any marksense ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by the automatic

tabulating equipment during the recount, a true duplicate shall be made of the damaged ballot pursuant to the procedures in s. 101.5614(4). Immediately before the start of the recount, a test of the tabulating equipment shall be conducted as provided in s. 101.5612. If the test indicates no error, the recount tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly. If an error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and the recount repeated, as necessary. The canvassing board shall immediately report the error, along with the cause of the error and the corrective measures being taken, to the Department of State. No later than 11 days after the election, the canvassing board shall file a separate incident report with the Department of State, detailing the resolution of the matter and identifying any measures that will avoid a future recurrence of the error. If the automatic tabulating equipment used in a recount is not part of the voting system and the ballots have already been processed through such equipment, the canvassing board is not required to put each ballot through any automatic tabulating equipment again.

(b) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount where touchscreen ballots were used shall examine the counters on the precinct tabulators to ensure that the total of the returns on the precinct tabulators equals the overall election return. If there is a discrepancy between the overall election return and the counters of the precinct tabulators, the counters of the precinct tabulators shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

(c) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a second set of unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure. The returns shall be filed no later than 3 p.m. on the 5th day after any primary election and no later than 3 p.m. on the 9th day after any general election in which a recount was ordered by the Secretary of State. If the canvassing board is unable to complete the recount prescribed in this subsection by the deadline, the second set of unofficial returns submitted by the canvassing board shall be identical to the initial unofficial returns and the submission shall also include a detailed explanation of why it was unable to timely complete the recount. However, the canvassing board shall complete the recount prescribed in this subsection, along with any manual recount prescribed in s. 102.166, and certify election returns in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

(d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent practicable.

(e)(8) The canvassing board may employ such clerical help to assist with the work of the board as it deems necessary, with at least one member of the board present at all times, until the canvass of the returns is completed. The clerical help shall be paid from the same fund as inspectors and other necessary election officials.

(d) The canvassing board shall publish notice of the manual ballot review, including the date, time, and place such review will occur, on the county website as provided in s. 50.0311, on the supervisor of elections' website, or once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the review will occur. Any manual review of ballots under this section and s. 102.166 is open to the public. Each political party may designate one person with expertise in the computer field who shall be allowed in the central counting room when all reviews are being conducted and when the official votes are being counted. The designee may not interfere with the normal operation of the canvassing board.

(e) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a manual ballot review report no later than the submission of the official returns in accordance with paragraph (5)(b). If the canvassing board is unable to complete the manual ballot review before official results are due, the board shall certify the unofficial returns as the official returns. The manual ballot review must still be completed and the report shall include a detailed explanation of why the county was unable to timely complete the manual ballot review.

(f) The department shall submit the analysis of these the manual ballot review reports as part of the post-general for the general election report as part of the consolidated reports required under ss. 101.591 and 101.595 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election.

(g) The department shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional system manual review procedures for each certified voting system, which must be uniform to the extent practicable.

(8)(9) Each member, substitute member, and alternate member of the county canvassing board and all clerical help must wear identification badges during any period in which the county canvassing board is canvassing votes or engaging in other official duties. The identification badges should be worn in a conspicuous and unobstructed area, and include the name of the individual and his or her official position.

(9)(10)(a) The supervisor shall file a report with the Division of Elections on the conduct of the election no later than 20 business days after the Elections Canvassing Commission certifies the election. The report must, at a minimum, describe all of the following:

1. All equipment or software malfunctions at the precinct level, at a counting location, or within computer and telecommunications networks supporting a county location, and the steps that were taken to address the malfunctions.

2. All election definition errors that were discovered after the logic and accuracy test, and the steps that were taken to address the errors.

3. All ballot printing errors, vote-by-mail ballot mailing errors, or ballot supply problems, and the steps that were taken to address the errors or problems.

4. All staffing shortages or procedural violations by employees or precinct workers which were addressed by the supervisor of elections or the county canvassing board during the conduct of the election, and the steps that were taken to correct such issues.

5. All instances where needs for staffing or equipment were insufficient to meet the needs of the voters.

6. Any additional information regarding material issues or problems associated with the conduct of the election.

7. Any issues encountered with any state-approved election system, including, but not limited to, vote tabulation systems and automated independent audit systems, and the steps that were taken to address the issues.

(b) If a supervisor discovers new or additional information on any of the items required to be included in the report pursuant to paragraph (a) after the report is filed, the supervisor must notify the division that new information has been discovered no later than the next business day after the discovery, and the supervisor must file an amended report signed by the supervisor of elections on the conduct of the election within 10 days after the discovery.

(c) Such reports must be maintained on file in the Division of Elections and must be available for public inspection.

(d) The division shall review the conduct of election reports to determine what problems may be likely to occur in other elections and disseminate such information, along with possible solutions and training, to the supervisors of elections.

(e) The department shall submit the analysis of these reports as part of for the post-general general election report as part of the consolidated reports required under ss. 101.591 and 101.595 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election.

(11) The supervisor shall file with the department a copy of or an export file from the results database of the county's voting system and other statistical information as may be required by the department, the Legislature, or the Election Assistance Commission. The department shall adopt rules establishing the required content and acceptable formats for the filings and time for filings.

Section 28. Section 102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.166 Manual review recounts of overvotes and undervotes; voter intent.—

(1) If the second set of unofficial returns pursuant to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, a manual recount of the overvotes and undervotes

east in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or ballot measure shall be ordered unless:

(a) The candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention by one quarter of 1 percent or fewer of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a recount not be made; or

(b) The number of overvotes and undervotes is fewer than the number of votes needed to change the outcome of the election.

The Secretary of State is responsible for ordering a manual recount for federal, state, and multicounty races. The county canvassing board or local board responsible for certifying the election is responsible for ordering a manual recount for all other races. A manual recount consists of a recount of marksense ballots or of digital images of those ballots by a person.

(1)(2) Any hardware or software used to identify and sort overvotes and undervotes for a given race or ballot measure must be certified by the Department of State. Any such hardware or software must be capable of simultaneously identifying and sorting overvotes and undervotes in multiple races while simultaneously counting votes. Overvotes and undervotes must be identified and sorted while reviewing recounting ballots pursuant to s. 102.141. Overvotes and undervotes may be identified and sorted physically or digitally.

(2)(3) Any manual review of ballots must recount shall be open to the public. Each political party may designate one person with expertise in the computer field who must be allowed in the central counting room when the manual review is being conducted and when the official votes are being counted. The designee may not interfere with the normal operation of the canvassing board.

(3)(4)(a) A vote for a candidate or ballot measure must shall be counted if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice.

(b) The Department of State shall adopt specific rules for the federal write-in absentee ballot and for each certified voting system prescribing what constitutes a "clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice." The rules must shall be consistent, to the extent practicable, and may not:

1. Authorize the use of only any electronic or electromechanical reading device to review a hybrid voting system ballot that is produced using a voter interface device and that contains both machine-readable fields to interpret and machine-printed text of the contest titles and voter selections, unless the printed text, which is required, is illegible;

2. Exclusively provide that the voter must properly mark or designate his or her choice on the ballot; or

3. Contain a catch-all provision that fails to identify specific standards, such as "any other mark or indication clearly indicating that the voter has made a definite choice."

(c) The rule for the federal write-in absentee ballot must address, at a minimum, the following issues:

1. The appropriate lines or spaces for designating a candidate choice and, for state and local races, the office or ballot measure to be voted, including the proximity of each to the other and the effect of intervening blank lines.

2. The sufficiency of designating a candidate's first or last name when no other candidate in the race has the same or a similar name.

3. The sufficiency of designating a candidate's first or last name when an opposing candidate has the same or a similar name, notwithstanding generational suffixes and titles such as "Jr.," "Sr.," or "III." The rule should contemplate the sufficiency of additional first names and first initials, middle names and middle initials, generational suffixes and titles, nicknames, and, in general elections, the name or abbreviation of a political party.

4. Candidate designations containing both a qualified candidate's name and a political party, including those in which the party designated is the candidate's party, is not the candidate's party, has an opposing candidate in the race, or does not have an opposing candidate in the race.

5. Situations where the abbreviation or name of a candidate is the same as the abbreviation or name of a political party to which the candidate does not belong, including those in which the party designated has another candidate in the race or does not have a candidate in the race.

6. The use of marks, symbols, or language, such as arrows, quotation marks, or the word "same" or "ditto," to indicate that the same political party

designation applies to all listed offices or the elector's approval or disapproval of all listed ballot measures.

7. Situations in which an elector designates the name of a qualified candidate for an incorrect office.

8. Situations in which an elector designates an otherwise correct office name that includes an incorrect district number.

(4)(5) Procedures for a manual ballot review recount are as follows:

(a) The county canvassing board shall appoint as many counting teams of at least two electors as is necessary to manually review recount the ballots. A counting team must have, when possible, members of at least two political parties. A candidate involved in the race may shall not be a member of the counting team.

(b) Each duplicate ballot prepared pursuant to s. 101.5614(4) or s. 102.141 s. 102.141(7) shall be compared with the original ballot to ensure the correctness of the duplicate.

(c) If a counting team is unable to determine whether the ballot contains a clear indication that the voter has made a definite choice, the ballot must shall be presented to the county canvassing board for a determination.

(d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional manual ballot review recount procedures for each certified voting system which must shall be uniform to the extent practicable. The rules must shall address, at a minimum, the following areas:

1. Security of ballots during the review recount process;

2. Time and place of the review, recounts;

3. Public observance of the review, recounts;

4. Objections to ballot determinations;

5. Record of the review recount proceedings;

6. Procedures relating to candidate and petitioner representatives; and

7. Procedures relating to the certification and the use of automatic tabulating equipment that is not part of a voting system.

(6) Nothing in this section precludes a county canvassing board or local board involved in the manual ballot review recount from comparing a digital image of a ballot to the corresponding physical paper ballot during a manual review recount.

Section 29. Effective July 1, 2026, section 104.042, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

104.042 Limitations on actions for election fraud.—A prosecution for a felony violation under the Election Code must be commenced within 5 years after the date the violation is committed.

Section 30. Effective July 1, 2026, paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (c) through (g) are added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of that subsection is reenacted, to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.—

(12)(a)1. For purposes of this subsection, the term "foreign national" means:

a. A foreign government;

b. A foreign political party;

c. A foreign corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country;

d. A person with foreign citizenship; or

e. A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and is not lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence.

2. The term does not include:

a. A person who is a dual citizen or dual national of the United States and a foreign country.

b. A domestic subsidiary of a foreign corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country if:

(I) The donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are derived entirely from funds generated by the subsidiary's operations in the United States; and

(II) All decisions concerning donations and disbursements used toward a contribution or an expenditure are made by individuals who either hold United States citizenship or are permanent residents of the United States. For purposes of this sub-sub-subparagraph, decisions concerning donations and

disbursements do not include decisions regarding the subsidiary's overall budget for contributions or expenditures in connection with an election or decisions regarding the subsidiary's support or opposition of an issue in this state.

(b) A foreign national may not make or offer to make, directly or indirectly, a contribution or expenditure in connection with any election held in the state.

(c) A political party, a political committee, an electioneering communications organization, or a candidate may not knowingly and willfully accept or solicit, directly or indirectly, a contribution from a foreign national in connection with any election held in this state.

(d) A person, acting either alone or jointly with, through, or on behalf of another person, who has knowingly and willfully received monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000 over the preceding 4 years, may not make a contribution or independent expenditure:

1. To a political committee supporting or opposing an issue in this state; or
2. In support or opposition of an issue in this state.

(e) A political committee supporting or opposing an issue in this state may not knowingly and willfully accept contributions from a person, acting either alone or jointly with, through, or on behalf of another person, who has received monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals in an aggregate amount exceeding \$100,000 over the preceding 4 years.

(f) For purposes of compliance with subsections (d) and (e), monetary or in-kind donations or gifts from one or more foreign nationals received by a domestic subsidiary who meets the requirements of subparagraph (a)2. shall not count towards the \$100,000 aggregate threshold provided in subsections (d) and (e), as long as the monetary or in-kind donations or gifts received are not used for political activity by the domestic subsidiary.

(g) A person or entity who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty equal to three times the amount contributed. Such penalty shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Any penalty imposed against a person that is not an individual jointly and severally attaches to the chair of the entity if the entity does not pay the penalty within 30 days. The Florida Elections Commission shall be responsible for determining violations, imposing civil penalties, and collecting any unpaid civil penalties. The Florida Elections Commission shall report any violations of this subsection to the Office of Election Crimes and Security to include in the department's report under s. 97.022.

Section 31. Section 322.034, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

322.034 Legal status designation on state-issued driver licenses and identification cards.—

(1) By July 1, 2027, a Florida driver license or Florida identification card issued to a qualified applicant who is a United States citizen as last recorded in the system must include the legal status of United States citizen on the license or card at the time of issuance, renewal, or replacement.

(2) Notwithstanding this chapter, the department shall issue, at no charge, a renewal or replacement license or card if a licensee or cardholder timely updates his or her legal status upon becoming a citizen of the United States as required in s. 322.19.

Section 32. Effective July 1, 2026, paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of section 895.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term:

(8) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another person to commit:

(d) Any violation of chapter 104 the Florida Election Code relating to irregularities or fraud involving issue petition activities.

Section 33. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 98.065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

98.065 Registration list maintenance programs.—

(5) A notice may not be issued pursuant to this section and a voter's name may not be removed from the statewide voter registration system later than 90 days prior to the date of a federal election. However, this section does not preclude the correction of registration records based on information submitted by the voter or removal of the name of a voter from the statewide

voter registration system at any time upon the voter's written request, by reason of the voter's death, or upon a determination of the voter's ineligibility as provided in s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~.

(6) The supervisor shall, at a minimum, conduct an annual review of voter registration records to identify registration records in which a voter is registered at an address that may not be an address of legal residence for the voter. For those registration records with such addresses that the supervisor has reasonable belief are not legal residential addresses, the supervisor shall initiate list maintenance activities pursuant to s. 98.075(7) ~~s. 98.075(6)~~ and (8) ~~(7)~~.

Section 34. Section 98.0755, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.0755 Appeal of determination of ineligibility.—Appeal of the supervisor's determination of ineligibility pursuant to s. 98.075(8) ~~s. 98.075(7)~~ may be taken to the circuit court in and for the county where the person was registered. Notice of appeal must be filed within the time and in the manner provided by the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure and acts as supersedeas. Trial in the circuit court is de novo and governed by the rules of that court. Unless the person can show that his or her name was erroneously or illegally removed from the statewide voter registration system, or that he or she is indigent, the person must bear the costs of the trial in the circuit court. Otherwise, the cost of the appeal must be paid by the supervisor of elections.

Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 101.5614, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5614 Canvass of returns.—

(4)(a) If any vote-by-mail ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot properly be counted by the voting system's automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot in an open and accessible room in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged ballot. Likewise, a duplicate ballot shall be made of a vote-by-mail ballot containing an overvoted race if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice in the overvoted race or ballot measure. A duplicate shall include all valid votes as determined by the canvassing board based on rules adopted by the division pursuant to s. 101.5614 ~~s. 102.166(4)~~. A duplicate may be made of a ballot containing an undervoted race or ballot measure if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice in the undervoted race or ballot measure. A duplicate may not include a vote if the voter's intent in such race or on such measure is not clear. Upon request, a physically present candidate, a political party official, a political committee official, or an authorized designee thereof, must be allowed to observe the duplication of ballots upon signing an affidavit affirming his or her acknowledgment that disclosure of election results discerned from observing the ballot duplication process while the election is ongoing is a felony, as provided under subsection (8). The observer must be allowed to observe the duplication of ballots in such a way that the observer is able to see the markings on each ballot and the duplication taking place. All duplicate ballots must be clearly labeled "duplicate," bear a serial number which shall be recorded on the defective ballot, and be counted in lieu of the defective ballot. The duplication of ballots must happen in the presence of at least one canvassing board member. After a ballot has been duplicated, the defective ballot shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose, and the duplicate ballot shall be tallied with the other ballots for that precinct. If any observer makes a reasonable objection to a duplicate of a ballot, the ballot must be presented to the canvassing board for a determination of the validity of the duplicate. The canvassing board must document the serial number of the ballot in the canvassing board's minutes. The canvassing board must decide whether the duplication is valid. If the duplicate ballot is determined to be valid, the duplicate ballot must be counted. If the duplicate ballot is determined to be invalid, the duplicate ballot must be rejected and a proper duplicate ballot must be made and counted in lieu of the original.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 17-173 and insert:

will be registered as an unverified voter, and must vote with a provisional ballot that will not be counted if his or her legal status as a United States citizen cannot be verified through the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; requiring the online voter registration system to transmit

certain information to the supervisor of elections and generate certain notices; requiring the supervisor of elections to verify the legal status of certain applicants and provide certain notice; providing that, under specified circumstances, the online voter registration system may populate the applicant's information into a printable voter registration application; amending s. 97.053, F.S.; requiring an applicant's legal status to be verified for a voter registration application to be valid; providing that an applicant will be deemed an unverified voter if his or her application fails to meet specified requirements; requiring an applicant to provide certain evidence to the supervisor of elections to prove the applicant's legal status under specified circumstances; providing for retroactivity; providing certain applicants a provisional ballot and such ballot may only be counted if the applicant can verify his or her legal status within a specified timeframe; amending s. 97.057, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State documentary proof of an applicant's citizenship; amending s. 98.015, F.S.; authorizing the office of the supervisor of elections to close to observe certain holidays under a specified condition; amending s. 98.045, F.S.; requiring supervisors to make certain determinations relating to applicants who were previously registered to vote, but later removed for ineligibility, and to follow specified procedures to notify the applicant, if applicable; amending s. 98.075, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to verify the United States citizenship status of any registered voter after a specified date; requiring specified notices regarding an applicant's potential ineligibility to vote; requiring certain applicants to submit specified information to the supervisor of elections; requiring certain documentation be recorded in the statewide voter registration system; amending s. 98.093, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with information identifying United States citizens who have been issued a new, renewed, or replacement Florida driver license or Florida identification card; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to provide the Department of State with changes in residence address and Florida driver license or identification card numbers of individuals who have declined to register or update their voter registration; creating s. 98.094, F.S.; requiring the Division of Elections to provide a list of registered voters to federal courts for a specified purpose; requiring the jury coordinator to prepare a specified list with certain information and send such list to the division; specifying the manner in which such list may be sent; requiring the division to provide such information to the appropriate supervisor of elections; amending s. 99.021, F.S.; specifying that a person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate must be a registered member of a political party, or registered without any party affiliation, for 365 consecutive days preceding the beginning of the qualifying before an election; authorizing qualified candidates or certain political parties to challenge compliance with specified provisions by filing an action for declaratory and injunctive relief in a specified circuit court; prohibiting a person from being qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and appearing on the ballot under specified circumstances; providing that compliance with specified requirements is mandatory; entitling certain candidates and political parties to specified expedited hearings and consideration; requiring the supervisor of elections to remove certain candidates from the ballot or provide certain notice that votes for certain disqualified candidates will not be counted; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising the forms of identification required to be provided at polls; amending ss. 101.048, 101.151, 101.5606, 101.5608, and 101.5612, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.56075, F.S.; requiring voting be completed on an official ballot using a pen or marker; amending s. 101.591, F.S.; removing provisions relating to the performance of a manual audit; requiring the county canvassing board or other local board responsible for certifying an election to conduct an automated, independent audit of voting systems used in all precincts; providing the process for conducting such automated, independent audit; requiring the canvassing board to publish a specified notice on the county's website, the supervisor's website, or in certain newspapers; requiring that the audit be completed and made public before the certification of the election; providing reporting requirements for county canvassing boards; requiring the results of the audit be included in a specified report submitted to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date each year; amending s. 101.5911, F.S.; requiring the

Department of State to adopt certain rules; amending s. 101.595, F.S.; revising certain reporting requirements for the Department of State; amending ss. 101.68 and 101.6923, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 102.111, F.S.; revising the meeting time for the Elections Canvassing Commission; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; 102.141, F.S.; revising requirements for canvassing of ballots; revising provisions relating to reporting election results; requiring counties to conduct an automated independent audit for a specified purpose within a specified timeframe; requiring the specified parties take certain actions if the audit and vote tabulation produce difference results; requiring a manual ballot review under specified circumstances; providing procedures for such manual ballot reviews; removing provisions relating to automatic recounts and county canvassing board recount procedures; requiring the county canvassing board to publish certain notice containing manual review information through specified means; requiring manual review of ballots be open to the public; authorizing political parties to designate a certain expert to be allowed in the central counting room while reviews are being performed; prohibiting such person from interfering with the normal operation of the canvassing board; revising information required to be in a report to the Division of Elections; removing the requirement for the supervisor to file with the Department of State certain results and statistical information; amending s. 102.166, F.S.; revising requirements for recounts of overvotes and undervotes; authorizing political parties to designate a certain expert to be allowed in the central counting room while reviews are being performed; prohibiting such person from interfering with the normal operation of the canvassing board; revising requirements for rules prescribing voter intent; creating s. 104.042, F.S.; providing a statute of limitations period for election fraud; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; revising the contributions or expenditures that a foreign national is prohibited from making or offering to make; prohibiting certain persons from accepting specified contributions; prohibiting certain persons from making specified contributions or expenditures; providing an exception to such prohibition; providing penalties; creating s. 322.034, F.S.; requiring that Florida driver licenses and identification cards include certain information by a specified date; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to issue certain replacement or renewal cards at no charge; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "racketeering activity"; amending ss. 98.065, 98.0755, 101.5614, 101.67, and 104.16,

Rep. Persons-Mulicka moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

Representative Driskell offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 921151)

Amendment 5 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 386-391 and insert:

~~digits of the social security~~ number or provide one of the documents acceptable as evidence of United States citizenship set forth s. 98.075(6)(c), whichever is applicable. An applicant may submit required documentation to the supervisor of elections in person, by mail, or through a secure digital method established by the supervisor. Each supervisor shall provide applicants with a secure electronic option for the submission of such documentation. All documentation received pursuant to this subsection shall be reviewed solely by authorized and trained elections personnel. Supervisors will keep a record of all personnel trained and authorized to verify citizenship. Documentation submitted for purposes of verifying citizenship shall be retained only as follows: copies of citizenship or identification documents shall be retained only for the period necessary to verify and the application and no more than 10 days after the supervisor has made a final determination on the applicant's eligibility, unless a challenge, appeal, or investigation relating to the applicant's eligibility is pending, in which case the documents may be retained until final resolution of the matter. In no event shall such documents be retained longer than 22 months after the date of submission. Upon expiration of the applicable retention period, all physical copies shall be destroyed by secure shredding, and all electronic copies shall be permanently deleted in a manner that renders the information unrecoverable.

Once the application is verified, the supervisor must document that the applicant provided satisfactory evidence for proof of citizenship. The Division of Elections shall develop and implement standardized training for all state and local elections personnel responsible for verifying evidence of citizenship status as well as document retention and destruction under this subsection. An applicant whose application does not meet the requirements of this subsection is deemed an unverified voter until the requirements have been met.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 31 and insert:

registration application to be valid; providing methods by which an applicant may submit required documentation; requiring a secure electronic option for submission of documentation; requiring documentation to be reviewed by authorized and trained personnel; requiring supervisors of elections to keep records on such personnel; providing for how long certain documentation must be retained; requiring documentation to be destroyed or deleted after the applicable time period; requiring the Division of Elections to implement certain standardized training; providing that

Rep. Driskell moved the adoption of the amendment.

THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on the adoption of **Amendment 5 (921151)**, which failed of adoption.

Representative Cross offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 228467)

Amendment 6—Remove line 563 and insert:
any other information from government sources regarding citizenship is credible and

Rep. Cross moved the adoption of the amendment.

REPRESENTATIVE TOMKOW IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on the adoption of **Amendment 6 (228467)**, which failed of adoption.

Representative Eskamani offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 587003)

Amendment 7 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 920-1398 and insert:

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.151 Specifications for ballots.—

(1)(a) ~~Marksense~~ Ballots must shall be printed on paper of such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back and must shall meet the specifications of the voting system that will be used to tabulate the ballots.

(b) Polling places and early voting sites may employ a ballot-on-demand production system to print individual ~~marksense~~ ballots, including provisional ballots, for eligible voters ~~electors~~. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used to produce ~~marksense~~ vote-by-mail, early voting, and election-day ballots.

Section 15. Subsection (4) of section 101.5606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems.—No electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be approved by the Department of State unless it is so constructed that:

(4) ~~For systems using marksense ballots~~, It accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to subsection (3) if a voter chooses to cast the ballot, but records no vote for any office that has been overvoted or undervoted.

Section 16. Section 101.56075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.56075 Voting methods.—For the purpose of designating ballot selections, all voting must be by official marksense ballot, using a pen compatible with or recommended for use with the voting system. Persons with disabilities may vote using marking device or a voter interface device that produces a voter-verifiable paper output and meets the voter accessibility requirements for individuals with disabilities under s. 301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and s. 101.56062.

Section 17. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 101.5608, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.5608 Voting at the polls by electronic or electromechanical method; procedures.—

(1) Each voter ~~elector~~ desiring to vote shall be identified to the clerk or inspector of the election as a duly qualified voter elector of such election and shall sign his or her name on the precinct register or other form or device provided by the supervisor. The inspector shall compare the signature with the signature on the identification provided by the voter elector. If the inspector is reasonably sure that the person is entitled to vote, the inspector shall provide the person with a ballot.

(2) When an electronic or electromechanical voting system utilizes a ballot ~~card or marksense ballot~~, the following procedures must shall be followed to vote:

(a) After receiving a ballot from an inspector, the voter elector shall, without leaving the polling place, retire to a booth or compartment and mark the ballot. After marking his or her ballot, the voter elector shall place the ballot in a secrecy envelope so that the ballot will be deposited in the tabulator without exposing the voter's choices.

(b) Any voter who spoils his or her ballot or makes an error may return the ballot to the election official and secure another ballot, except that in no case shall a voter be furnished more than three ballots. If the vote tabulation device has rejected a ballot, the ballot must shall be considered spoiled and a new ballot must shall be provided to the voter unless the voter chooses to cast the rejected ballot. The election official, without examining the original ballot, shall state the possible reasons for the rejection and shall provide instruction to the voter pursuant to s. 101.5611. A spoiled ballot must shall be preserved, without examination, in an envelope provided for that purpose. The stub must shall be removed from the ballot and placed in an envelope.

(c) The supervisor of elections shall prepare for each polling place at least one ballot box to contain the ballots of a particular precinct, and each ballot box must shall be plainly marked with the name of the precinct for which it is intended.

(3) The Department of State shall promulgate rules regarding voting procedures to be used when an electronic or electromechanical voting system is of a type which does not utilize a ballot ~~card or marksense ballot~~.

Section 18. Subsection (5) of section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.—

(5) Any tests involving ~~marksense~~ ballots pursuant to this section shall employ test ballots created by the supervisor of elections using actual ballots that have been printed for the election. If ballot-on-demand ballots will be used in the election, the supervisor shall also create test ballots using the ballot-on-demand technology that will be used to produce ballots in the election, using the same paper stock as will be used for ballots in the election.

Section 19. Section 101.591, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.591 Voting system automated independent vote validation process; system approval; procedures audit.—

(1) Before immediately following the certification of each election, the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election shall conduct a manual audit or an automated, independent vote validation audit of the voting systems used in all randomly selected precincts.

~~(2)(a) A manual audit shall consist of a public manual tally of the votes cast in one randomly selected race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include election day, vote by mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots, in at least 1 percent but no more than 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. If 1 percent of the precincts is less than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted using at least one precinct chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board~~

responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.

(2)(a)(b) An automated independent vote validation process must ~~audit~~ ~~shall~~ consist of ~~an a public~~ automated verification of the tally of the votes cast across every race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet must ~~shall~~ include all valid election day, vote-by-mail, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots received by the start of the vote validation process in all at least 20 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.

(b)(e) The division shall adopt rules for approval of an automated independent vote validation process ~~audit system~~ which provide that the process system, at a minimum, must be:

1. Completely independent of the primary voting system.
2. Fast enough to produce final vote validation ~~audit~~ results within the timeframe prescribed in subsection (4).
3. Capable of demonstrating that the ballots of record have been accurately adjudicated by the automated independent vote validation process in agreement with the vote tabulation system and is capable of allowing the canvassing board to manually adjudicate ballots needing review. A canvassing board is not precluded from reviewing a digital image of a ballot corresponding to a physical paper ballot in conducting its review ~~audit system~~.

(3) The canvassing board shall publish ~~post a~~ notice of the automated independent vote validation process ~~audit~~, including the date, time, and place such process will occur, on the county website as provided in s. 50.0311, on the supervisor of election's website, or once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the process will occur. Such process must be open to the public, in four conspicuous places in the county and on the home page of the county supervisor of elections website.

(4) The automated independent vote validation process ~~audit~~ must be completed and the results made public before the certification of the election by each county canvassing board and in accordance with s. 102.141 ~~no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day following certification of the election by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election.~~

(5) By December 15 of each general election year, the county canvassing board or the board responsible for certifying the election shall provide a report with the results of the automated independent vote validation process ~~audit~~ to the Department of State in a standard format as prescribed by the department under s. 101.5911. Each county's ~~The~~ report must be consolidated into one report and included with the overvote and undervote report required under s. 101.595(1). The report must, at a minimum, ~~shall~~ contain all of, ~~but is not limited to,~~ the following items:

- (a) The overall agreement ~~accuracy~~ of the automated independent vote validation process ~~audit~~.
- (b) A description of any problems or differences ~~discrepancies~~ encountered during the automated independent vote validation process.
- (c) The likely cause of such problems or differences ~~discrepancies~~.
- (d) Any recommended corrective action with respect to avoiding or mitigating such circumstances in future elections.

(6) The department shall consolidate the county automated independent vote validation results and include the results as part of the post-general election report submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under ss. 101.595(3) and 102.141(11) ~~If a manual recount is undertaken pursuant to s. 102.166, the canvassing board is not required to perform the audit provided for in this section.~~

Section 20. Section 101.5911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5911 Rulemaking authority for automated independent vote validation process approval; voting system ~~audit~~ procedures.—Effective upon this act becoming a law, The department of State shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of s. 101.591, as amended by s. 8, chapter 2007-30, Laws of Florida, which provides for the testing and approval of an automated independent vote validation process, and prescribes ~~prescribe~~ detailed automated independent vote validation ~~audit~~ procedures for each voting

system, which ~~must shall~~ be uniform to the extent practicable, along with the standard form for automated independent vote validation process ~~audit~~ reports.

Section 21. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 101.595, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.595 Analysis of overvotes and undervotes ~~reports of voting problems.~~—

(1) No later than December 15 of each general election year, the supervisor of elections in each county shall report to the Department of State the total number of overvotes and undervotes in the "President and Vice President" or "Governor and Lieutenant Governor" race that appears first on the ballot or, if neither appears, the first race appearing on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.151(2), along with the likely reasons for such overvotes and undervotes and other information as may be useful in evaluating the performance of the voting system and identifying problems with ballot design and instructions which may have contributed to voter confusion. This report must be consolidated into one report with the automated independent vote validation ~~audit~~ report required under s. 101.591(6) ~~s. 101.591(5)~~.

(3) The Department of State shall submit the overvote and undervote analysis required under subsection (2) as part of the post-general election report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15 of each year following a general election as required under ss. 101.591(6) and 102.141(11).

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 98-125 and insert:

counted; amending ss. 101.151, 101.5606, 101.5608, and 101.5612, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.56075, F.S.; requiring voting be completed on an official ballot using a pen or marker; amending s. 101.591, F.S.; removing provisions relating to the performance of a manual audit; requiring the county canvassing board or other local board responsible for certifying an election to conduct an automated, independent vote validation of voting systems used in all precincts; providing the process for conducting such automated, independent vote validation; requiring the canvassing board to publish a specified notice on the county's website, the supervisor's website, or in certain newspapers; requiring that the vote validation be completed and made public before the certification of the election; providing reporting requirements for county canvassing boards; requiring the results of the vote validation be included in a specified report submitted to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date each year; amending s. 101.5911, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to adopt certain rules; amending s. 101.595, F.S.; revising certain reporting requirements for the Department of State; amending s. 102.111, F.S.;

Rep. Eskamani moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Hunschofsky offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 025499)

Amendment 8 (with title amendment)—Between lines 1923 and 1924, insert:

Section 32. Section 790.0135, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
790.0135 Carrying weapon or firearm; prohibited locations.—

(1) Unless otherwise authorized by law, a person may not carry a weapon or firearm into a polling place, or at a secure ballot intake station, including the no solicitation zone established in s. 102.031(4).

(2) This section does not:

(a) Prohibit a person from carrying or storing a firearm in a vehicle for lawful purposes.

(b) Modify the terms or conditions of s. 790.251(7).

(3) A person who knowingly and willfully violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 171 and insert:
charge; amending s. 790.0135, F.S.; prohibiting a person from carrying a weapon or firearm into or at certain locations; providing construction; providing a criminal penalty; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the

Rep. Hunschofsky moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Woodson offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 192155)

Amendment 9 (with title amendment)—Between lines 1934 and 1935, insert:

Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 101.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.62 Request for vote-by-mail ballots.—

(1) REQUEST.—

(a) The supervisor ~~must~~ shall accept ~~any~~ a request for a vote-by-mail ballot only from a voter or, if directly instructed by the voter, a member of the voter's immediate family or the voter's legal guardian. A request may be made in person, in writing, by telephone, or through the supervisor's website. The department shall prescribe by rule by October 1, 2023, a uniform statewide application to make a written request for a vote-by-mail ballot which includes fields for all information required in this subsection. One request is deemed sufficient to receive a vote-by-mail ballot for all elections through the end of the calendar year of the next regularly scheduled general election, unless the voter or the voter's designee indicates at the time the request is made the elections within such period for which the voter desires to receive a vote-by-mail ballot. The supervisor must cancel a request for a vote-by-mail ballot when any first-class mail or nonforwardable mail sent by the supervisor to the voter is returned as undeliverable. If the voter requests a vote-by-mail ballot thereafter, the voter must provide or confirm his or her current residential address.

Section 34. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 101.657, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.657 Early voting.—

(1)(a) As a convenience to the voter, the supervisor of elections shall allow an elector to vote early in the main or branch office of the supervisor. The supervisor shall mark, code, indicate on, or otherwise track the voter's precinct for each early voted ballot. In order for a branch office to be used for early voting, it shall be a permanent facility of the supervisor and shall have been designated and used as such for at least 1 year prior to the election. The supervisor may also designate any city hall, permanent public library facility, fairground, civic center, courthouse, county commission building, stadium, convention center, government-owned senior center, ~~or~~ government-owned community center, or other appropriate facility as determined by the supervisor as an early voting site; however, if so designated, the sites must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in the county an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is practicable, and must provide sufficient nonpermitted parking to accommodate the anticipated amount of voters. In addition, a supervisor may designate other one early voting sites for each site per election in an area of the county that does not have any of the eligible early voting locations. Such additional early voting site must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in that area with an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is practicable, and must provide sufficient nonpermitted parking to accommodate the anticipated amount of voters. Each county shall, at a minimum, operate the same total number of early voting sites for a general election which the county operated for the 2012 general election. The results or tabulation of votes cast during early voting may not be made before the close of the polls on election day. Results shall be reported by precinct.

(d) Early voting ~~must~~ shall begin on the ~~15th~~ 14th day before an election that contains state or federal races and end on the ~~2nd~~ 3rd day before the election, and shall be provided for no less than 8 hours and no more than 12 hours per day at each site during the applicable period. ~~In addition, early voting may be offered at the discretion of the supervisor of elections on the~~

~~15th, 14th, 13th, 12th, 11th, or 2nd day before an election that contains state or federal races for at least 8 hours per day, but not more than 12 hours per day.~~
The supervisor of elections may provide early voting for elections that are not held in conjunction with a state or federal election. However, the supervisor has the discretion to determine the hours of operation of early voting sites in those elections.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Between lines 172 and 173, insert:
amending s. 101.62, F.S.; requiring the supervisor of elections to accept any request for a vote-by-mail ballot; amending s. 101.657, F.S.; revising days, times, and locations for early voting sites;

Rep. Woodson moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Young offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 746217)

Amendment 10—Remove line 1994 and insert:
becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1, 2029.

Rep. Young moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

On motion by Rep. Persons-Mulicka, the rules were waived and **CS/CS/HB 991** was read the third time by title.

THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on passage of **CS/CS/HB 991**. The vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 602

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—83

Abbott	Cassel	Johnson	Porras
Albert	Chamberlin	Kincart Jonsson	Rondono
Alvarez, D.	Chaney	Koster	Rizo
Anderson	Cobb	LaMarca	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Conerly	Maggard	Salzman
Baker	Daniels	Maney	Sapp
Bankson	Duggan	McClure	Shoaf
Basabe	Esposito	McFarland	Sirois
Benarroch	Fabricio	Melo	Smith
Berfield	Garrison	Michael	Snyder
Black	Gentry	Miller	Stark
Blanco	Gerwig	Mooney	Steele
Booth	Giallombardo	Nix	Tomkow
Borrero	Gonzalez Pittman	Oliver	Trabulsky
Botana	Gossett-Seidman	Overdorf	Tramont
Boyles	Greco	Owen	Tuck
Brackett	Griffitts	Partington	Valdés
Brannan	Grow	Perez	Weinberger
Buchanan	Hodgers	Persons-Mulicka	Yarkosky
Busatta	Holcomb	Plakon	Yeager
Canady	Jacques	Plasencia	

Nays—31

Alvarez, J.	Driskell	Hart-Lowman	Rosenwald
Antone	Dunkley	Hinson	Skidmore
Aristide	Edmonds	Hunschofsky	Spencer
Bartleman	Eskamani	Long	Tant
Campbell	Franklin	López, J.	Tendrich
Chambliss	Gantt	Nixon	Woodson
Cross	Gottlieb	Rayner	Young
Daley	Harris	Robinson, F.	

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

Nays—Kendall

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 602

This bill rewrites requirements for Florida's canvassing boards, designing them to fail. It requires canvassing boards to judge a far larger universe of provisional ballots, now mandatory whenever citizenship, identity, or verification cannot be immediately resolved, even when final results are known. That increases volume. But it's not all. The bill compresses cure timelines, expands categories of documentation boards must evaluate, and requires boards to resolve complex eligibility questions—including citizenship verification—on draconian timelines. We are increasing workloads, shrinking timelines and tightening liability. That is not how you strengthen a process dependent on care, consistency, and public confidence. Canvassing boards operate in real time, with real voters behind those ballots. When the Legislature keeps rewriting verification standards, changing cure rules, and layering new mandates onto certification, contagious confusion follows. Voters don't lose faith because local officials are slow or careful. They lose faith when rules keep changing and nobody can explain why this election is being run differently than the last one. Election integrity means stable rules applied consistently by professionals allowed to do their jobs. This bill does the opposite. It turns canvassing boards into pressure points, injecting distrust into the process, and blames them after inevitable failures.

*Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99*

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 602

Once more, despite Florida being known for our secure elections, lawmakers across the aisle have decided to change the process of how a citizen in our state registers to vote, and how they'll be able to access the ballot box. I have numerous concerns with this bill but want to emphasize one main point here: the restriction of students at public universities and colleges being unable to use their student ID to vote. Once a student registers with either their DL or SSN, they should be able to vote with a valid ID from their public institution. This is the current policy, and it has worked very well. The bill maintains all forms of public IDs -- including a concealed weapons permit -- except for public educational institutions. That makes no sense, has Constitutional concerns, and seems like just another way to restrict a certain demographic from being able to vote.

*Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42*

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate after engrossment.

CS/HB 91—A bill to be entitled An act relating to candidate qualification; amending s. 99.021, F.S.; specifying that a person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate must be a registered member of a political party, or registered without any party affiliation, for 365 consecutive days preceding the beginning of qualifying for an election; providing that compliance with specified requirements is mandatory; providing construction; authorizing qualified candidates or certain political parties to challenge compliance with specified provisions by filing suit in a specified circuit court; prohibiting a person from being qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and appearing on the ballot under specified circumstances; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Tant offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 384943)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Between lines 19 and 20, insert:

Section 1. Subsections (5) through (8) of section 99.012, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) through (9), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to that section to read:

99.012 Restrictions on individuals qualifying for public office.—

(5) A person may not qualify as a candidate for public office, whether federal, state, district, county, or municipal, if he or she has legally changed his or her name through a petition pursuant to s. 68.07 during the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying. This subsection does not apply to any change of name in proceedings for dissolution of marriage or adoption of children or based on a change of name conducted with a marriage certificate.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Between lines 2 and 3, insert:

s. 99.012, F.S.; prohibiting a person from qualifying for specified public office if he or she has changed his or her name within a specified timeframe; providing applicability; amending

Rep. Tant moved the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Tant offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 383023)

Substitute Amendment 1 (with directory and title amendments) for Amendment 1 (384943) (with title amendment)—Remove lines 38-51 and insert:

4. That the person has not legally changed his or her name through a petition pursuant to s. 68.07 during the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying. This subparagraph does not apply to any change of name in proceedings for dissolution of marriage or adoption of children or based on a change of name conducted with a marriage certificate.

(c) In addition, any person seeking to qualify for office as a candidate with no party affiliation shall, at the time of subscribing to the oath or affirmation, state in writing that he or she is registered without any party affiliation and that he or she has not:

1. Been a registered member of any political party for at least 365 consecutive days preceding before the beginning of qualifying before preceding the general election for which the person seeks to qualify.

2. Legally changed his or her name through a petition pursuant to s. 68.07 during the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying. This subparagraph does not apply to any change of name in proceedings for dissolution of marriage or adoption of children or based on a change of name conducted with a marriage certificate.

(f) The statements in subparagraph (b)4. and subparagraph (c)2. constitute substantive requirements for the person completing the statement, and compliance with those requirements is mandatory. The sole method to enforce compliance with such requirements is contained in this paragraph. Compliance with subparagraph (b)4. and subparagraph (c)2. may be challenged by a qualified candidate or a political party with qualified candidates in the same race by filing an action in the circuit court for the county in which the qualifying officer is headquartered. A person may not be qualified as a candidate for nomination or election and his or her name may not appear on the ballot if in an order that has become final, the court determines that the person seeking to qualify has legally changed his or her name through a petition pursuant to s. 68.07 during the 365-day period preceding the beginning of qualifying, unless such change of name occurred in proceedings for dissolution of marriage or adoption of children or was based on a change of name conducted with a marriage certificate.

(g) The statements in subparagraph (b)2. and subparagraph (c)1. constitute substantive requirements for the person completing the statement, and compliance with those requirements is mandatory. The sole method to enforce compliance with such requirements is contained in this paragraph. Compliance with subparagraph (b)2. and subparagraph (c)1. may be challenged by a

DIRECTORY AMENDMENT

Remove lines 21-22 and insert:

section 99.021, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (f) and (g) are added to that subsection, to read:

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 7 and insert:

the beginning of qualifying for an election; specifying that such person may not have legally changed his or her name through a specified petition during such 365-day period; providing applicability; providing

Rep. Tant moved the adoption of the substitute amendment, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Tant, the rules were waived and **CS/HB 91** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 603

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chaney	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Albert	Cobb	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Kendall	Rosenwald
Anderson	Daley	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Andrade	Daniels	Koster	Sapp
Antone	Driskell	LaMarca	Shoaf
Aristide	Duggan	Long	Sirois
Baker	Dunkley	López, J.	Skidmore
Bankson	Edmonds	Maggard	Smith
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maney	Snyder
Basabe	Esposito	McClure	Spencer
Benarroch	Fabricio	McFarland	Stark
Berfield	Franklin	Melo	Steele
Black	Gantt	Michael	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Miller	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Mooney	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Nix	Trabulsy
Botana	Giallombardo	Nixon	Tramont
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Oliver	Tuck
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Overdorf	Valdés
Brannan	Gottlieb	Owen	Weinberger
Buchanan	Greco	Partington	Woodson
Busatta	Griffitts	Perez	Yarkosky
Campbell	Grow	Plakon	Yeager
Canady	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	Young
Cassel	Hinson	Porras	
Chamberlin	Hodgers	Rayner	
Chambliss	Holcomb	Redondo	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed, as amended, and was immediately certified to the Senate after engrossment.

HR 761—A resolution condemning the persecution of Christians in Nigeria and supporting Nigeria's redesignation as a Country of Particular Concern.

WHEREAS, Nigeria is experiencing the highest levels of violence against Christians in the world since Boko Haram's insurgency began in 2009, and

WHEREAS, according to the International Society for Civil Liberties and Rule of Law, since 2009 approximately 52,250 Christians have been brutally murdered in Nigeria, more than anywhere else in the world, and more than 19,000 churches have been attacked or destroyed, and

WHEREAS, estimates indicate that between 50,000 and 100,000 Christians have been martyred for their faith since 2009, with more than 7,000 Christians killed in 2025, an average of 35 per day, and

WHEREAS, Boko Haram, the Islamic State West Africa Province, and Fulani militants have systematically targeted Christian communities through

massacres, church burnings, kidnappings, and sexual violence, leaving villages destroyed and millions displaced, and

WHEREAS, more than 5 million Christians have been displaced and forced into Internally Displaced Person or refugee camps in Nigeria, and

WHEREAS, some reports describe the violence as amounting to a targeted persecution of Christians, with higher risk for Christian civilians relative to other religious groups, and

WHEREAS, the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom has recommended Nigeria's redesignation as a Country of Particular Concern every year since 2009, citing ongoing, egregious, and systematic violations of religious freedom, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That the Florida House of Representatives condemns the persecution of Christians in Nigeria and supports Nigeria's redesignation as a Country of Particular Concern.

—was read the second time by title. Rep. Daniels moved the adoption of the resolution.

REPRESENTATIVE BUSATTA IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on the adoption of **HR 761**, which was adopted.

CS/HB 961—A bill to be entitled An act relating to salvage certificates of title and certificates of destruction; amending s. 319.30, F.S.; requiring insurance companies or their authorized agents to implement control processes and procedures to ensure adequate identity verification of electronic signatures; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Albert, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 604

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Redondo
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Rosenwald
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Sapp
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Skidmore
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Smith
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Snyder
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Spencer
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Stark
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Steele
Black	Gantt	Melo	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Trabulsy
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tramont
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tuck
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Valdés
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Weinberger
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Woodson
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Yarkosky
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Yeager
Canady	Harris	Plakon	Young
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	
Chamberlin	Hinson	Porras	
Chambliss	Hodgers	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 1219—A bill to be entitled An act relating to waterbody designations; creating s. 258.603, F.S.; designating the Andrew "Red" Harris Spoil Island; directing the Department of Environmental Protection to erect suitable markers; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Snyder, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 605

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—114

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Redondo
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Rosenwald
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Sapp
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Sirois
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Skidmore
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Smith
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Snyder
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Spencer
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Stark
Black	Gantt	Melo	Steele
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tant
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tendrich
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Tomkow
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Trabulsky
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tramont
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tuck
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Valdés
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Weinberger
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Woodson
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Canady	Harris	Plakon	Yeager
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	Young
Chamberlin	Hinson	Porras	
Chambliss	Hodgers	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 1019—A bill to be entitled An act relating to perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances; providing a short title; creating s. 376.911, F.S.; defining the terms "aqueous film-forming foam" and "department"; prohibiting, beginning on a specified date, certain use and the sale, purchase, or distribution of aqueous film-forming foam; requiring, beginning on a specified date, certain entities to submit aqueous film-forming foam inventories and disposal plans to the Department of Environmental Protection; prohibiting, beginning on a specified date, the possession and use of aqueous film-forming foam; providing applicability; providing duties of the department; authorizing the department to administer certain grants or cost share programs; providing penalties and injunctive relief; amending s. 403.086, F.S.; requiring certain public entities disposing of domestic wastewater biosolids and treated effluent to quarterly conduct specified samplings and submit the results to the Department of Environmental Protection; limiting the purpose of such samplings and results until specified standards are established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and adopted by the department; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Conerly, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 606

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Redondo
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Rosenwald
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Sapp
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Sirois
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Skidmore
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Smith
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Spencer
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Stark
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Steele
Black	Gantt	Melo	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Trabulsky
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tramont
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tuck
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Valdés
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Weinberger
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Woodson
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Yarkosky
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Yeager
Canady	Harris	Plakon	Young
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	
Chamberlin	Hinson	Porras	
Chambliss	Hodgers	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 606

Proud to co-sponsor and support this bill, especially in honor of the late Representative Joe Cassello, who was the original sponsor of this bill.

Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani

District 42

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

Rep. Driskell moved to open the board for cosponsorship, which was agreed to [Session Vote Sequence: 607] and the following members were recorded as cosponsors of **CS/CS/HB 1019**, along with Reps. Conerly, Blanco, Cross, Eskamani, Hunschofsky, Long: Reps. Abbott, Albert, Alvarez, D., Alvarez, J., Anderson, Andrade, Antone, Aristide, Baker, Bankson, Bartleman, Basabe, Benarroch, Berfield, Black, Booth, Borrero, Botana, Boyles, Brackett, Brannan, Buchanan, Busatta, Campbell, Canady, Cassel, Chamberlin, Chambliss, Chaney, Cobb, Daley, Daniels, Driskell, Duggan, Dunkley, Edmonds, Esposito, Fabricio, Franklin, Gantt, Garrison, Gentry, Gerwig, Giallombardo, Gonzalez Pittman, Gossett-Seidman, Gottlieb, Greco, Griffitts, Grow, Harris, Hart-Lowman, Hinson, Hodggers, Holcomb, Jacques, Johnson, Kendall, Kincart Jonsson, Koster, LaMarca, López, J., Maggard, Maney, McClure, McFarland, Melo, Michael, Miller, Mooney, Nix, Nixon, Oliver, Overdorf, Owen, Partington, Perez, Plakon, Plasencia, Porras, Rayner, Redondo, Rizo, Robinson, F., Robinson, W., Rosenwald, Salzman, Sapp, Shoaf, Sirois, Skidmore, Smith, Snyder, Spencer, Stark, Steele, Tant, Tendrich, Tomkow, Trabulsky, Tramont, Tuck, Valdés, Weinberger, Woodson, Yarkosky, Yeager, Young.

CS/HB 755—A bill to be entitled An act relating to areas of critical state concern; amending s. 255.05, F.S.; providing an exemption from specified payment and performance bond requirements for specified entities; amending s. 259.105, F.S.; extending specific Florida Forever appropriations to be used

for the purchase of lands in the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Mooney, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 608

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chaney	Holcomb	Redondo
Albert	Cobb	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Daley	Kendall	Rosenwald
Andrade	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Antone	Driskell	Koster	Sapp
Aristide	Duggan	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Dunkley	Long	Sirois
Bankson	Edmonds	López, J.	Skidmore
Bartleman	Eskamani	Maggard	Smith
Basabe	Esposito	Maney	Snyder
Benarroch	Fabricio	McClure	Spencer
Berfield	Franklin	McFarland	Stark
Black	Gantt	Melo	Tant
Blanco	Garrison	Michael	Tendrich
Booth	Gentry	Miller	Tomkow
Borrero	Gerwig	Mooney	Trabulsy
Botana	Giallombardo	Nix	Tramont
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tuck
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Valdés
Brannan	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Weinberger
Buchanan	Greco	Owen	Woodson
Busatta	Griffitts	Partington	Yarkosky
Campbell	Grow	Perez	Yeager
Canady	Harris	Plakon	Young
Cassel	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	
Chamberlin	Hinson	Porras	
Chambliss	Hodgers	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/CS/HB 589—A bill to be entitled An act relating to onsite sewage treatment and disposal system permits; amending s. 381.0065, F.S.; prohibiting a municipality or political subdivision of the state from requiring owners and builders of certain residences to receive construction permits from the Department of Environmental Protection as a condition of issuing building or plumbing permits; requiring such owners and builders to provide certain proof to the municipality or political subdivision; providing applicability for new rules adopted by the department beginning on a specified date; amending ss. 380.0552 and 381.00651, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing effective dates.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Nix, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 609

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Aristide	Black	Brannan
Albert	Baker	Blanco	Buchanan
Alvarez, D.	Bankson	Booth	Busatta
Alvarez, J.	Bartleman	Borrero	Campbell
Anderson	Basabe	Botana	Canady
Andrade	Benarroch	Boyles	Cassel
Antone	Berfield	Brackett	Chamberlin

Chambliss	Gottlieb	Melo	Shoaf
Chaney	Greco	Michael	Sirois
Cobb	Griffitts	Miller	Skidmore
Conerly	Grow	Mooney	Smith
Cross	Harris	Nix	Snyder
Daley	Hart-Lowman	Nixon	Spencer
Daniels	Hinson	Oliver	Stark
Driskell	Hodgers	Overdorf	Steele
Duggan	Holcomb	Owen	Tant
Dunkley	Hunschofsky	Partington	Tendrich
Edmonds	Jacques	Perez	Tomkow
Eskamani	Johnson	Plakon	Trabulsy
Esposito	Kendall	Plasencia	Tramont
Fabricio	Kincart Jonsson	Porras	Valdés
Franklin	Koster	Rayner	Weinberger
Gantt	LaMarca	Redondo	Woodson
Garrison	Long	Rizo	Yarkosky
Gentry	López, J.	Robinson, F.	Yeager
Gerwig	Maggard	Robinson, W.	Young
Giallombardo	Maney	Rosenwald	
Gonzalez Pittman	McClure	Salzman	
Gossett-Seidman	McFarland	Sapp	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

Consideration of **CS/HB 6531** was temporarily postponed.

HB 6527—A bill to be entitled An act for the relief of Patricia Ermini by the Lee County Sheriff's Office; providing for an appropriation to compensate her for injuries sustained as a result of the negligence of the Lee County Sheriff's Office; providing a limitation on the payment of attorney fees; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Hart-Lowman, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 610

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—113

Abbott	Chaney	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Albert	Cobb	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, D.	Cross	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Alvarez, J.	Daley	Kendall	Rosenwald
Anderson	Daniels	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Andrade	Driskell	Koster	Sapp
Antone	Duggan	LaMarca	Shoaf
Aristide	Dunkley	Long	Sirois
Baker	Edmonds	López, J.	Skidmore
Bankson	Eskamani	Maggard	Smith
Bartleman	Esposito	Maney	Snyder
Basabe	Fabricio	McClure	Spencer
Benarroch	Franklin	McFarland	Stark
Berfield	Gantt	Melo	Steele
Black	Garrison	Michael	Tant
Blanco	Gentry	Miller	Tendrich
Booth	Gerwig	Mooney	Tomkow
Borrero	Giallombardo	Nix	Trabulsy
Botana	Gonzalez Pittman	Nixon	Tramont
Boyles	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tuck
Brackett	Gottlieb	Overdorf	Valdés
Brannan	Greco	Owen	Weinberger
Buchanan	Griffitts	Partington	Woodson
Busatta	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Campbell	Harris	Plakon	Yeager
Canady	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	Young
Cassel	Hinson	Porras	
Chamberlin	Hodgers	Rayner	
Chambliss	Holcomb	Redondo	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby, Conerly

So the bill passed and, under Rule 11.7(i), was immediately certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/CS/HB 1071—A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; creating s. 1001.325, F.S.; prohibiting specified educational institutions from expending funds for certain purposes; providing exceptions; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules; amending 1001.42, F.S.; revising the requirements for certain district school board procedures to include information about specified virtual instruction rather than the Florida Virtual School; removing certain schools from specified contract restrictions; revising the conditions considered an educational emergency; requiring school districts to provide access to certain virtual instruction programs; amending s. 1001.452, F.S.; deleting certain requirements for the composition of district and school advisory councils; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; authorizing parents to opt students out of instruction in human embryologic and fetal development; revising provisions relating to the use of epinephrine in K-12 public schools to require the use of a United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved devices; amending s. 1002.32, F.S.; revising admission requirements for lab schools; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; providing that students may not be dismissed from certain charter schools based on academic performance; amending s. 1002.42, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the use of epinephrine in K-12 private schools to require the use of a FDA-approved devices; amending s. 1002.421, F.S.; revising which private schools must maintain a physical location in the state; amending s. 1002.55, 1002.61, and 1002.63, F.S.; revising the period of time a prekindergarten provider loses eligibility for participation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program; amending s. 1002.68, F.S.; removing obsolete language; removing a requirement that the Department of Education confer with a certain council before adopting a specified methodology; revising the period of time a prekindergarten provider loses eligibility for participation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program; amending s. 1002.82, F.S.; revising the period of time specified providers are excluded from certain state contracts; amending s. 1002.88, F.S.; revising the period of a time school readiness program provider loses eligibility for participation in the school readiness program; amending s. 1002.91, F.S.; revising the period of time early learning coalitions must refrain from working with specified program providers; amending s. 1002.945, F.S.; revising the period of time an accrediting association loses eligibility to participate in the Gold Seal Quality Program; revising the Gold Seal Quality Care provider criteria relating to class I violations; deleting an exception; amending s. 1003.25, F.S.; requiring schools to notify school resource officers of specified information upon the enrollment of certain students; authorizing such officers to have access to specified records upon request; amending s. 1003.26, F.S.; authorizing school districts to enforce school attendance strategies earlier than prescribed in law; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; requiring instruction in human embryologic and fetal development; providing requirements for such instruction; authorizing parents to opt students out of such instruction; amending s. 1003.4201, F.S.; revising the components of specified reading instruction plans; creating s. 1003.4202, F.S.; requiring school districts and charter schools to implement a system of comprehensive mathematics instruction and develop a mathematics instruction plan; authorizing charter schools to use a school district's plan; providing requirements for such plan; requiring such plan to be approved by school districts and charter schools; defining the term "evidence-based"; amending s. 1003.46, F.S.; authorizing parents to opt students out of specified instruction related to health education; amending s. 1006.07, F.S.; removing a provision authorizing certain school classrooms and instructional spaces to use temporary door locks; amending s. 1006.12, F.S.; providing construction relating to the assignment of safe-school officers at public schools; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; revising the composition of the Florida High School Athletic Association public liaison advisory committee; amending s. 1006.38, F.S.; requiring the department to provide written notice of specified violations to publishers and manufacturers of specified instructional materials; providing requirements such publisher must meet to

rectify such violations; authorizing the State Board of Education to take specified actions if such publisher fails to rectify such violations; providing that a decision of the state board constitutes a final agency action; providing that specified appeal procedures apply to such decisions; providing construction; amending s. 1008.2125, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; revising the timeframe for developing an individualized progress monitoring plan for certain students; requiring certain resources to specified students to include information for the New Worlds Reading Initiative; requiring each district school board to annually publish on its website the district's rate of chronic absenteeism for specified grade levels; defining the term "chronic absenteeism"; amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; requiring the department to identify school districts in need of improvement; providing criteria for the determination of a school district in need of improvement; requiring such school district to submit a certain district improvement plan to the department; requiring such school district to submit specified documents; authorizing the State Board of Education to take certain actions relating to a school district in need of improvement; amending s. 1011.69, F.S.; revising the educational services for which a school district is authorized to withhold specified funding; providing criteria for school districts to withhold such funding; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; revising acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of professional preparation and education competence for educator certification; revising requirements for professional education competency programs; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules to determine continued approval of such programs; amending s. 1013.03, F.S.; requiring the department to review and revise specified provisions of the State Requirements for Educational Facilities by a certain date; amending s. 1014.05, F.S.; providing that parents have a right to opt children out of receiving specified instruction related to health education; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Robinson, F. offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 190461)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 134-174

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 2-6 and insert:

An act relating to education; amending 1001.42, F.S.; revising the

Rep. F. Robinson moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Gantt offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 473897)

Amendment 2 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 201-212 and insert:

schools as described in s. 1002.333. Each school designated as persistently low-performing under this section shall be provided supplemental funding from the Schools of Hope Program under s. 1002.333.

(a) The supplemental funding shall be provided to the school district in the form of a grant for each eligible school based on the prior year's FTE and shall be equal to 10 percent of the current year's base student allocation. The funds must be released to the school district by September 1 of each year and are to be used to provide increased learning opportunities for students, including, but not limited to, supplemental staffing, professional development, an extended school day or school year, tutoring, and materials for the students and staff in the school.

(b) A school shall continue to receive supplemental funding for 2 years after it is no longer considered a persistently low-performing school.

(c) Each school district receiving funds pursuant to this subsection shall submit to the Department of Education a detailed report of the use of the

~~supplemental funds for each year the school receives such funds. The report must include the strategies implemented by each school and the results in student achievement broken down by grade level and subject. The department shall annually publish such reports on its website and provide the reports to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. "F." Notwithstanding chapter 447, relating to collective bargaining, a district school board may:~~

~~(a) Provide salary incentives that differentiate based on a teacher's certification, subject area taught, or grade level taught. Such incentives are not subject to collective bargaining requirements.~~

~~(b) Notwithstanding s. 1012.2315, relating to assignment of teachers, adopt strategies to assign high quality teachers more equitably across schools in the district to low performing schools as a management right. Such strategies are not subject to collective bargaining requirements.~~

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 12 and insert:

considered an educational emergency; providing specified supplemental funding to persistently low-performing schools; providing requirements for the provision and use of such funding; providing school district reporting requirements relating to such funding; requiring the Department of Education to publish such reports on its website and provide such reports to the Legislature; deleting provisions authorizing school districts to take specified actions for low-performing schools; requiring school

Rep. Gantt moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Harris offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 514487)

Amendment 3 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 287-1866 and insert:

health or any disease, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with s. 1003.42(5). However, a student must have his or her parent complete a written release form to be included in instruction in human embryologic and fetal development under s. 1003.42(2)(o)6.

1. Each school district ~~must~~ shall, on the district's website homepage, notify parents of this right and the process to request an exemption. The homepage must include a link for a student's parent to access and review the instructional materials, as defined in s. 1006.29(2), used to teach the curriculum.

2. Each school district shall annually review and confirm that the information provided on the district's website homepage under subparagraph 1. is accurate and up to date and shall notify parents by physical or electronic means any time revisions are made to such information.

(i) Epinephrine use and supply.—

1. A student who has experienced or is at risk for life-threatening allergic reactions may carry a United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved ~~an~~ epinephrine delivery device ~~auto-injector~~ and self-administer epinephrine by use of the device ~~auto-injector~~ while in school, participating in school-sponsored activities, or in transit to or from school or school-sponsored activities if the school has been provided with parental and physician authorization. The State Board of Education, in cooperation with the Department of Health, shall adopt rules for such use of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices ~~auto-injectors~~ that shall include provisions to protect the safety of all students from the misuse or abuse of FDA-approved delivery devices ~~auto-injectors~~. A school district, county health department, public-private partner, and their employees and volunteers shall be indemnified by the parent of a student authorized to carry an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device ~~auto-injector~~ for any and all liability with respect to the student's use of an FDA-approve epinephrine delivery device ~~auto-injector~~ pursuant to this paragraph.

2. A public school may purchase a supply of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices ~~auto-injectors~~ from a wholesale distributor as defined in s.

499.003 or may enter into an arrangement with a wholesale distributor or manufacturer as defined in s. 499.003 for the FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices ~~auto-injectors~~ at fair-market, free, or reduced prices for use in the event a student has an anaphylactic reaction. The FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices ~~auto-injectors~~ must be maintained in a secure location on the public school's premises. The participating school district shall adopt a protocol developed by a licensed physician for the administration by school personnel who are trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction and to administer an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device ~~auto-injection~~. The supply of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices ~~auto-injectors~~ may be provided to and used by a student authorized to self-administer epinephrine by such device ~~auto-injector~~ under subparagraph 1. or trained school personnel.

3. The school district and its employees, agents, and the physician who provides the standing protocol for school FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices ~~auto-injectors~~ are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device ~~auto-injector~~ administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:

a. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;

b. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and

c. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or guardians or by the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.

Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 1002.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.32 Developmental research (laboratory) schools.—

(4) STUDENT ADMISSIONS.—Each lab school may establish a primary research objective related to fundamental issues and problems that occur in the public elementary and secondary schools of the state. Admissions criteria should reflect an emphasis on student merit and achievement with no regard to race, sex, creed, color, or national origin. Lab schools may not use racial or sex set-asides, preferences, or quotas in their admissions process. A student population reflective of the student population of the public school environment in which the issues and problems are most prevalent shall be promoted and encouraged through the establishment and implementation of an admission process that is designed to result in a representative sample of public school enrollment based on gender, race, socioeconomic status, and academic ability, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1000.05.

Section 6. Paragraph (e) of subsection (10) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.—

(10) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.—

(e) A charter school may limit the enrollment process only to target the following student populations:

1. Students within specific age groups or grade levels.

2. Students considered at risk of dropping out of school or academic failure. Such students shall include exceptional education students.

3. Students enrolling in a charter school-in-the-workplace or charter school-in-a-municipality established pursuant to subsection (15).

4. Students residing within a reasonable distance of the charter school, as described in paragraph (20)(c). Such students shall be subject to a random lottery and to the racial/ethnic balance provisions described in subparagraph (7)(a)8. or any federal provisions that require a school to achieve a racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or within the racial/ethnic range of other nearby public schools.

5. Students who meet reasonable academic, artistic, or other eligibility standards established by the charter school and included in the charter school application and charter or, in the case of existing charter schools, standards that are consistent with the school's mission and purpose. Such standards shall be in accordance with current state law and practice in public schools and may not discriminate against otherwise qualified individuals. A school that limits enrollment for such purposes must place a student on a progress monitoring plan for at least one semester before dismissing such student from

the school. A student may not be dismissed based on academic performance while a school is implementing a school improvement plan pursuant to paragraph (9)(n) or corrective action plan pursuant to s. 1002.345.

6. Students articulating from one charter school to another pursuant to an articulation agreement between the charter schools that has been approved by the sponsor.

7. Students living in a development, or students whose parent or legal guardian maintains a physical or permanent employment presence within the development, in which a developer, including any affiliated business entity or charitable foundation, contributes to the formation, acquisition, construction, or operation of one or more charter schools or charter school facilities and related property in an amount equal to or having a total appraised value of at least \$5 million to be used as charter schools to mitigate the educational impact created by the development of new residential dwelling units. Students living in the development are entitled to 50 percent of the student stations in the charter schools. The students who are eligible for enrollment are subject to a random lottery, the racial/ethnic balance provisions, or any federal provisions, as described in subparagraph 4. The remainder of the student stations must be filled in accordance with subparagraph 4.

8. Students whose parent or legal guardian is employed within a reasonable distance of the charter school, as described in paragraph (20)(c). The students who are eligible for enrollment are subject to a random lottery.

Section 7. Subsection (17) of section 1002.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.42 Private schools.—

(17) EPINEPHRINE SUPPLY.—

(a) A private school may purchase a supply of United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors from a wholesale distributor as defined in s. 499.003 or may enter into an arrangement with a wholesale distributor or manufacturer as defined in s. 499.003 for the FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors at fair-market, free, or reduced prices for use in the event a student has an anaphylactic reaction. The FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors must be maintained in a secure location on the private school's premises. The participating private school shall adopt a protocol developed by a licensed physician for the administration by private school personnel who are trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction and to administer an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injection. The supply of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors may be provided to and used by a student authorized to self-administer epinephrine by an FDA-approved delivery device auto-injector under s. 1002.20(3)(i) or trained school personnel.

(b) The private school and its employees, agents, and the physician who provides the standing protocol for school FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device auto-injector administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:

1. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;
2. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and
3. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or guardians or by the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.

Section 8. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 1002.421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.421 State school choice scholarship program accountability and oversight.—

(1) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—A private school participating in an educational scholarship program established pursuant to this chapter must be a private school as defined in s. 1002.01 in this state, be registered, and be in compliance with all requirements of this section in addition to private school requirements outlined in s. 1002.42, specific requirements identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other provisions of Florida law that apply to private schools, and must:

- (i) Maintain a physical location in the state at which each student has regular and direct contact with teachers. Regular and direct contact with teachers may be satisfied for students enrolled in a personalized education program or for students eligible for a scholarship under s. 1002.394(3)(b) if students have regular and direct contact with teachers at the physical location at least 2 school days per week and the student learning plan addresses the remaining instructional time.

The department shall suspend the payment of funds to a private school that knowingly fails to comply with this subsection, and shall prohibit the school from enrolling new scholarship students, for 1 fiscal year and until the school complies. If a private school fails to meet the requirements of this subsection or has consecutive years of material exceptions listed in the report required under paragraph (q), the commissioner may determine that the private school is ineligible to participate in a scholarship program.

Section 9. Subsection (6) of section 1002.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.55 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by private prekindergarten providers.—

(6) Each early learning coalition must verify that each private prekindergarten provider delivering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program within the coalition's county or multicounty region complies with this part. If a private prekindergarten provider fails or refuses to comply with this part or engages in misconduct, the department shall require the early learning coalition to remove the provider from eligibility to deliver the program and receive state funds under this part for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 1002.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.61 Summer prekindergarten program delivered by public schools and private prekindergarten providers.—

(10)

(b) If a private prekindergarten provider or public school fails or refuses to comply with this part or engages in misconduct, the department shall require the early learning coalition to remove the provider and require the school district to remove the school from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds under this part for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 1002.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.63 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by public schools.—

(9)

(b) If a public school fails or refuses to comply with this part or engages in misconduct, the department shall require the school district to remove the school from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds under this part for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

Section 12. Subsections (4) through (7) of section 1002.68, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (6), respectively, and subsection (3), paragraph (e) of present subsection (4), present subsection (5), and paragraph (e) of present subsection (6) are amended, to read:

1002.68 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program accountability.—

~~(3)(a) For the 2020-2021 program year, the department shall calculate a kindergarten readiness rate for each private prekindergarten provider and public school participating in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program based upon learning gains and the percentage of students assessed as ready for kindergarten. The department shall require that each school district administer the statewide kindergarten screening in use before the 2021-2022 school year to each kindergarten student in the school district within the first 30 school days of the 2021-2022 school year. Private schools may administer the statewide kindergarten screening to each kindergarten student in a private school who was enrolled in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. Learning gains shall be determined using a value added measure based on growth demonstrated by the results of the preassessment and postassessment in use before the 2021-2022 program year. However, a provider may not be newly placed on probationary status~~

~~under this paragraph. A provider currently on probationary status may only be removed from such status if the provider earns the minimum rate, determined pursuant to subsection (5). The methodology for calculating a provider's readiness rate may not include students who are not administered the statewide kindergarten screening.~~

~~(b) For the 2021-2022 program year, kindergarten screening results may not be used in the calculation of readiness rates. Any private prekindergarten provider or public school participating in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program which fails to meet the minimum kindergarten readiness rate for the 2021-2022 program year is subject to the probation requirements of subsection (5).~~

~~(3)(4)~~

~~(e) Subject to an appropriation, the department shall provide for a differential payment to a private prekindergarten provider and public school based on the provider's designation. The maximum differential payment may not exceed a total of 15 percent of the base student allocation per full-time equivalent student under s. 1002.71 attending in the consecutive program year for that program. A private prekindergarten provider or public school may not receive a differential payment if it receives a designation of "proficient" or lower. Before the adoption of the methodology, the department shall confer with the Council for Early Grade Success under s. 1008.2125 before receiving approval from the State Board of Education for the final recommendations on the designation system and differential payments.~~

~~(4)(a)(5)(a) If a public school's or private prekindergarten provider's program assessment composite score for its prekindergarten classrooms fails to meet the minimum program assessment composite score for contracting adopted in rule by the department, the private prekindergarten provider or public school may not participate in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program beginning in the consecutive program year for a period of 2 program years and thereafter until the public school or private prekindergarten provider meets the minimum composite score for contracting. A public school or private prekindergarten provider may request one program assessment per program year in order to requalify for participation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, provided that the public school or private prekindergarten provider is not excluded from participation under ss. 1002.55(6), 1002.61(10)(b), 1002.63(9)(b), or paragraph (b) (5)(b) of this section. If a public school or private prekindergarten provider would like an additional program assessment completed within the same program year, the public school or private prekindergarten provider shall be responsible for the cost of the program assessment.~~

~~(b) If a private prekindergarten provider's or public school's performance metric or designation falls below the minimum performance metric or designation, the early learning coalition shall:~~

- ~~1. Require the provider or school to submit for approval to the early learning coalition an improvement plan and implement the plan.~~
- ~~2. Place the provider or school on probation.~~
- ~~3. Require the provider or school to take certain corrective actions, including the use of a curriculum approved by the department under s. 1002.67(2)(c) and a staff development plan approved by the department to strengthen instructional practices in emotional support, classroom organization, instructional support, language development, phonological awareness, alphabet knowledge, and mathematical thinking.~~

~~(c) A private prekindergarten provider or public school that is placed on probation must continue the corrective actions required under paragraph (b) until the provider or school meets the minimum performance metric or designation adopted by the department. Failure to meet the requirements of subparagraphs (b)1. and 3. shall result in the termination of the provider's or school's contract to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.~~

~~(d) If a private prekindergarten provider or public school remains on probation for 2 consecutive years and fails to meet the minimum performance metric or designation, or is not granted a good cause exemption by the department, the department shall require the early learning coalition to revoke the provider's eligibility and the school district to revoke the school's eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and~~

~~receive state funds for the program for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.~~

~~(5)(6)~~

~~(e) A private prekindergarten provider or public school granted a good cause exemption shall continue to implement its improvement plan and continue the corrective actions required under paragraph (4)(b) (5)(b) until the provider or school meets the minimum performance metric.~~

Section 13. Paragraph (m) of subsection (2) of section 1002.82, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.82 Department of Education; powers and duties.—

(2) The department shall:

(m) Provide technical support to an early learning coalition to facilitate the use of a standard statewide provider contract adopted by the department to be used with each school readiness program provider, with standardized attachments by provider type. The department shall publish a copy of the standard statewide provider contract on its website. The standard statewide contract shall include, at a minimum, contracted slots, if applicable, in accordance with the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 2014, 45 C.F.R. parts 98 and 99; quality improvement strategies, if applicable; program assessment requirements; and provisions for provider probation, termination for cause, and emergency termination for those actions or inactions of a provider that pose an immediate and serious danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the children. The standard statewide provider contract shall also include appropriate due process procedures. During the pendency of an appeal of a termination, the provider may not continue to offer its services. Any provision imposed upon a provider that is inconsistent with, or prohibited by, law is void and unenforceable. Provisions for termination for cause must also include failure to meet the minimum quality measures established under paragraph (n) for a period of 2 up to 5 years, unless the coalition determines that the provider is essential to meeting capacity needs based on the assessment under s. 1002.85(2)(i) and the provider has an active improvement plan pursuant to paragraph (n).

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1002.88, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.88 School readiness program provider standards; eligibility to deliver the school readiness program.—

(2)(a) If a school readiness program provider fails or refuses to comply with this part or any contractual obligation of the statewide provider contract under s. 1002.82(2)(m), the coalition may revoke the provider's eligibility to deliver the school readiness program or receive state or federal funds under this chapter for a period of 2 5 years.

Section 15. Subsection (5) of section 1002.91, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.91 Investigations of fraud or overpayment; penalties.—

(5) If a school readiness program provider or a Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider, or an owner, officer, or director thereof, is convicted of, found guilty of, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, public assistance fraud pursuant to s. 414.39, or is acting as the beneficial owner for someone who has been convicted of, found guilty of, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, public assistance fraud pursuant to s. 414.39, the early learning coalition shall refrain from contracting with, or using the services of, that provider for a period of 2 fiscal 5 years. In addition, the coalition shall refrain from contracting with, or using the services of, any provider that shares an officer or director with a provider that is convicted of, found guilty of, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, public assistance fraud pursuant to s. 414.39 for a period of 2 5 years.

Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (4) of section 1002.945, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.945 Gold Seal Quality Care Program.—

(3)

(b) The Department of Education shall establish a process that verifies that the accrediting association meets the provisions of paragraph (a), which must include an auditing program and any other procedures that may reasonably determine an accrediting association's compliance with this section. If an accrediting association is not in compliance and fails to cure its deficiencies within 30 days, the department shall recommend to the state board termination

of the accrediting association's participation as an accrediting association in the program for a period of ~~at least 2 years but no more than 5 years~~. If an accrediting association is removed from being an approved accrediting association, each child care provider accredited by that association shall have up to 1 year to obtain a new accreditation from a department-approved accreditation association.

(4) In order to obtain and maintain a designation as a Gold Seal Quality Care provider, a child care facility, large family child care home, or family day care home must meet the following additional criteria:

(a) The child care provider must not have had any class I violations, as defined by rule of the Department of Children and Families, for which the Department of Children and Families determines that the child care provider is the primary cause of the violation within the 2 years preceding its application for designation as a Gold Seal Quality Care provider. Commission of a class I violation for which the Department of Children and Families determines that the child care provider is the primary cause of the violation shall be grounds for termination of the designation as a Gold Seal Quality Care provider until the provider has no class I violations for a period of 2 years.

~~(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the Department of Education determines through a formal process that a provider has been in business for at least 5 years and has no other class I violations recorded, the department may recommend to the state board that the provider maintain its Gold Seal Quality Care status. The state board's determination regarding such provider's status is final.~~

Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 1003.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.25 Procedures for maintenance and transfer of student records.—

(2) The procedure for transferring and maintaining records of students who transfer from school to school is prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education. The transfer of records must occur within 5 school days. The records must include, if applicable:

(a) Verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns, including any threat assessment report, all corresponding documentation, and any other information required by the Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument pursuant to s. 1001.212(11) which contains the evaluation, intervention, and management of the threat assessment evaluations and intervention services. Upon enrollment of the student, the school resource officer shall be notified and provided access to such records upon request.

(b) Psychological evaluations, including therapeutic treatment plans and therapy or progress notes created or maintained by school district or charter school staff, as appropriate.

Section 18. Subsection (6) is added to section 1003.26, Florida Statutes, to read:

1003.26 Enforcement of school attendance.—The Legislature finds that poor academic performance is associated with nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving student performance. It is the policy of the state that each district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to the district school board that require public schools to respond in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the schools. District school board policies shall require the parent of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The policies must provide that public schools track excused and unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved student learning and achievement. Each public school is required to implement the following steps to promote and enforce regular school attendance:

(6) Nothing in this subsection prohibits a school district from addressing patterns of nonattendance earlier than prescribed in this section.

Section 19. Paragraph (o) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.42 Required instruction.—

(2) Members of the instructional staff of the public schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school board, shall teach efficiently and faithfully, using the books and materials required that meet the highest standards for professionalism and historical accuracy, following the prescribed courses of study, and employing approved methods of instruction, the following:

(o) Comprehensive age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate K-12 instruction on:

1. Health education that addresses concepts of community health, consumer health, environmental health, and family life, including:

- a. Injury prevention and safety.
- b. Internet safety.
- c. Nutrition.
- d. Personal health.
- e. Prevention and control of disease.
- f. Substance use and abuse.
- g. Prevention of child sexual abuse, exploitation, and human trafficking.

2. For students in grades 7 through 12, teen dating violence and abuse. This component must include, but not be limited to, the definition of dating violence and abuse, the warning signs of dating violence and abusive behavior, the characteristics of healthy relationships, measures to prevent and stop dating violence and abuse, and community resources available to victims of dating violence and abuse.

3. For students in grades 6 through 12, awareness of the benefits of sexual abstinence as the expected standard and the consequences of teenage pregnancy.

4. Life skills that build confidence, support mental and emotional health, and enable students to overcome challenges, including:

- a. Self-awareness and self-management.
- b. Responsible decisionmaking.
- c. Resiliency.
- d. Relationship skills and conflict resolution.
- e. Understanding and respecting other viewpoints and backgrounds.
- f. For grades 9 through 12, developing leadership skills, interpersonal skills, organization skills, and research skills; creating a résumé, including a digital résumé; exploring career pathways; using state career planning resources; developing and practicing the skills necessary for employment interviews; workplace ethics and workplace law; managing stress and expectations; and self-motivation.

5.a. For students in grades 6 through 12, the social, emotional, and physical effects of social media. This component must include, but need not be limited to, the negative effects of social media on mental health, including addiction; the distribution of misinformation on social media; how social media manipulates behavior; the permanency of sharing materials online; how to maintain personal security and identify cyberbullying, predatory behavior, and human trafficking on the Internet; and how to report suspicious behavior encountered on the Internet.

b. The Department of Education shall make available online the instructional material being used pursuant to this subparagraph, and each district school board shall notify parents of its availability.

6.a. For students in grades 6 through 12, health education may address human embryologic and fetal development and include all of the following:

(I) A high-definition, medically accurate ultrasound video, at least 1 minute in duration, showing the development of the heart and other organs and movement of the limbs and head.

(II) A high-quality, medically accurate, computer-generated rendering, animation, video, or other multimedia, at least 3 minutes in duration, showing and describing the process of fertilization and various stages of human development inside the uterus, noting significant markers in cell growth and organ development by week from conception until birth.

b. The instruction under sub-subparagraph a. shall only be made available to a student whose parent signs a written release form to opt his or her student

into participating in such instruction. The form must be made available to parents at least 2 weeks before such instruction's start date. A student who does not submit a signed written release form may not participate in any instruction addressing human embryologic and fetal development pursuant to this subparagraph.

c. The State Board of Education may adopt rules to implement this subparagraph.

Health education and life skills instruction and materials may not contradict the principles enumerated in subsection (3).

The State Board of Education is encouraged to adopt standards and pursue assessment of the requirements of this subsection. Instructional programming that incorporates the values of the recipients of the Congressional Medal of Honor and that is offered as part of a social studies, English Language Arts, or other schoolwide character building and veteran awareness initiative meets the requirements of paragraph (u).

(5) Each school shall provide a notification to parents relating to a parent's right to make a ~~Any student whose parent makes~~ written request to the school principal for his or her student to ~~shall~~ be exempted from the teaching of reproductive health or any disease, including HIV/AIDS, its symptoms, development, and treatment. A student so exempted may not be penalized by reason of that exemption. Course descriptions for comprehensive health education ~~may shall~~ not interfere with the local determination of appropriate curriculum which reflects local values and concerns. Each school district shall, on the district's website homepage, notify parents of this right and the process to request an exemption. The home page must include a link for a student's parent to access and review the instructional materials, as defined in s. 1006.29(2), used to teach the curriculum.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1003.4201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4201 Comprehensive system of reading instruction.—Each school district must implement a system of comprehensive reading instruction for students enrolled in prekindergarten through grade 12 and certain students who exhibit a substantial deficiency in early literacy.

(2)(a) Components of the reading instruction plan may include the following:

1. Additional time per day of evidence-based intensive reading instruction for kindergarten through grade 12 students, which may be delivered during or outside of the regular school day.

2. A description of how highly qualified reading coaches, who must be endorsed in reading, will be deployed to specifically support classroom teachers in making instructional decisions based on progress monitoring data collected pursuant to s. 1008.25(9) and improve classroom teacher delivery of effective reading instruction, reading intervention, and reading in the content areas based on student need.

3. Professional learning to help instructional personnel and certified prekindergarten teachers funded in the Florida Education Finance Program earn a certification, a credential, an endorsement, or an advanced degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction.

4. Summer reading camps, using only classroom teachers or other district personnel who possess a micro-credential as specified in s. 1003.485 or are certified or endorsed in reading consistent with s. 1008.25(8)(b)3., for all students in kindergarten through grade 5 exhibiting a reading deficiency as determined by district and state assessments.

5. Intensive reading interventions, which must be delivered by instructional personnel who possess a micro-credential as defined in s. 1003.485(1) or are certified or endorsed in reading as provided in s. 1012.586 and must incorporate evidence-based strategies identified by the Just Read, Florida! office pursuant to s. 1001.215(7). Instructional personnel who possess a micro-credential as defined in s. 1003.485(1) and are delivering intensive reading interventions must be supervised by an individual certified or endorsed in reading. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "supervised" means that instructional personnel with a micro-credential are able, through telecommunication or in person, to communicate and consult with, and receive direction from, certified or endorsed personnel. Incentives for instructional personnel and certified prekindergarten teachers funded in

the Florida Education Finance Program who possess a reading certification or endorsement as specified in s. 1012.586 or micro-credential as specified in s. 1003.485 and provide educational support to improve student literacy.

6. Tutoring in reading.

7. A description of how the district prioritizes the assignment of highly effective teachers, as identified in s. 1012.34(2)(e), from kindergarten to grade 2.

8. Providing resources that support informed parent involvement in decisionmaking processes for students who have difficulty in reading and for parents of students who are reading below grade level, information about the students' eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485.

Section 21. Section 1003.4202, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.4202 Comprehensive system of mathematics instruction.—Each school district must implement a system of comprehensive mathematics instruction for students enrolled in prekindergarten through grade 12 and certain students who exhibit a substantial deficiency in early mathematics skills under s. 1008.25(6).

(1) Each school district must develop, and submit to the district school board for approval, a detailed mathematics instruction plan that outlines the components of the district's comprehensive system of mathematics instruction. The plan must include all district schools, including charter schools, unless a charter school elects to submit a plan independently from the school district. A charter school plan must comply with all of the provisions of this section and must be approved by the charter school's governing body and provided to the charter school's sponsor.

(2) Components of the mathematics instruction plan may include the following:

(a) Additional time per day of evidence-based intensive mathematics instruction for kindergarten through grade 12 students, which may be delivered during or outside of the regular school day.

(b) Employing highly qualified mathematics coaches to specifically support classroom teachers in making instructional decisions based on progress monitoring data collected pursuant to s. 1008.25(9) and improve classroom teacher delivery of effective mathematics instruction and mathematics intervention. The coaches must:

1. Hold either a grades 5 through 9 mathematics certification or a grades 6 through 12 mathematics certification that aligns with the certification requirements for the courses of the teachers they support.

2. Have earned a highly effective rating on the 3 prior years' performance evaluation under s. 1012.34.

(c) Tutoring in mathematics.

(3) Each school district shall submit its approved mathematics instruction plan, including approved mathematics instruction plans for each charter school in the district, to the school board and, if applicable, any charter school governing board by August 1 of each fiscal year.

(4) For purposes of this section, the term "evidence-based" means demonstrating a statistically significant effect on improving student outcomes or other relevant outcomes as provided in 20 U.S.C. s. 8101(21)(A)(i).

Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 1003.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.46 Health education; instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome.—

(1) Each district school board may provide instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome education as a specific area of health education. Such instruction may include, but is not limited to, the known modes of transmission, signs and symptoms, risk factors associated with acquired immune deficiency syndrome, and means used to control the spread of acquired immune deficiency syndrome. The instruction shall be appropriate for the grade and age of the student and shall reflect current theory, knowledge, and practice regarding acquired immune deficiency syndrome and its prevention. The parent of a student may make a written request for his or her student to be exempted from such instruction.

Section 23. Paragraph (f) of subsection (6) of section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.07 District school board duties relating to student discipline and school safety.—The district school board shall provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the attendance and control of students at

school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students, including:

(6) **SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICES.**—Each district school superintendent shall establish policies and procedures for the prevention of violence on school grounds, including the assessment of and intervention with individuals whose behavior poses a threat to the safety of the school community.

(f) **School safety requirements.**—Each school district and charter school governing board shall comply with the following school safety requirements, which apply from 30 minutes before the school start time until 30 minutes after the end of the school day:

1. All gates or other access points that restrict ingress to or egress from the exclusive zone of a school campus shall remain closed and locked when students are on campus. For the purposes of this section, the term "exclusive zone" means the area within a gate or door allowing access to the interior perimeter of a school campus beyond a single point of entry. A gate or access point to the exclusive zone may only be open or unlocked if one of the following conditions is met:

- a. It is attended or actively staffed when students are on campus;
- b. The use complies with a shared use agreement pursuant to s. 1013.101;
- c. Another closed and locked gate or access point separates the open or unlocked gate from areas occupied by students; or
- d. The school safety specialist, or his or her designee, has documented in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools that the gate or other access point is not subject to this requirement based upon other safety measures at the school. The office may conduct a compliance visit pursuant to s. 1001.212(13) to review if such determination is appropriate.

This subparagraph does not apply to the nonexclusive zone of a school campus. The term "nonexclusive zone" means the area outside of the exclusive zone but contained on school property. Nonexclusive zones may include, but are not limited to, such spaces as parking lots, athletic fields and stadiums, mechanical buildings, playgrounds, bus ramps, agricultural spaces, and other areas that do not give direct, unimpeded access to the exclusive zone.

2.a. All school classrooms and other instructional spaces must be locked to prevent ingress when occupied by students, except between class periods when students are moving between classrooms or other instructional spaces. If a classroom or other instructional space door must be left unlocked or open for any reason other than between class periods when students are moving between classrooms or other instructional spaces, the door must be actively staffed by a person standing or seated at the door. ~~All school classrooms and other instructional spaces with a permanently installed door lock may also use temporary door locks during an active assailant incident. The temporary door lock must be able to be engaged or removed without opening the door; must be easily removed in a single operation from the egress side of the door without the use of a key and from the ingress side of the door with the use of a key or other credential; may be installed at any height; must otherwise be in compliance with the Florida Fire Prevention Code; and must be integrated into the active assailant response plan.~~

b. Instructional spaces for career and technical education which are designed as open areas for which compliance with the requirements of sub-subparagraph a. affects the health and safety of students may be exempted from compliance with that sub-subparagraph by the school safety specialist. To be exempt, the school safety specialist, or his or her designee, must document in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools that the instructional space is exempt from these requirements due to negative impacts to student health and safety and the presence of other safety measures at the school that prevent egress from the instructional space to hallways or other classrooms or instructional spaces.

c. Common areas on a school campus, including, but not limited to, cafeterias, auditoriums, and media centers, which are used for instructional time or student testing must meet the requirements of sub-subparagraph a. only when such areas are being used for instructional time or student testing.

3. For schools that do not have a secure exclusive zone, all campus access doors, gates, and other access points that allow ingress to or egress from a

school building shall remain closed and locked at all times to prevent ingress, unless:

- a. A person is actively entering or exiting the door, gate, or other access point;
- b. The door, gate, or access point is actively staffed by school personnel to prevent unauthorized entry; or
- c. The school safety specialist, or his or her designee, has documented in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools that the open and unlocked door, gate, or other access point is not subject to this requirement based upon other safety measures at the school. There must be at least one locked barrier between classrooms and instructional spaces and open school campus.

The office may conduct a compliance visit pursuant to s. 1001.212(13) to review if such determination is appropriate. All campus access doors, gates, and other access points may be electronically or manually controlled by school personnel to allow access by authorized visitors, students, and school personnel.

4. All school classrooms and other instructional spaces must clearly and conspicuously mark the safest areas in each classroom or other instructional space where students must shelter in place during an emergency. Students must be notified of these safe areas within the first 10 days of the school year. If it is not feasible to clearly and conspicuously mark the safest areas in a classroom or other instructional space, the school safety specialist, or his or her designee, must document such determination in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools, identifying where affected students must shelter in place. The office shall assist the school safety specialist with compliance during the inspection required under s. 1001.212(13).

Persons who are aware of a violation of this paragraph must report the violation to the school principal. The school principal must report the violation to the school safety specialist no later than the next business day after receiving such report. If the person who violated this paragraph is the school principal or charter school administrator, the report must be made directly to the district school superintendent or charter school governing board, as applicable.

Section 24. Section 1006.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.12 **Safe-school officers at each public school.**—For the protection and safety of school personnel, property, students, and visitors, each district school board and school district superintendent shall partner with law enforcement agencies or security agencies to establish or assign one or more safe-school officers at each school facility within the district, including charter schools. A district school board must collaborate with charter school governing boards to facilitate charter school access to all safe-school officer options available under this section. Notwithstanding any local ordinance or development order, the school district or charter school may implement any combination of the options in subsections (1)-(4) to best meet the needs of the school district and charter schools.

(1) **SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER.**—A school district may establish school resource officer programs through a cooperative agreement with law enforcement agencies.

(a) School resource officers shall undergo criminal background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation and be certified law enforcement officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), who are employed by a law enforcement agency as defined in s. 943.10(4). The powers and duties of a law enforcement officer shall continue throughout the employee's tenure as a school resource officer.

(b) School resource officers shall abide by district school board policies and shall consult with and coordinate activities through the school principal, but shall be responsible to the law enforcement agency in all matters relating to employment, subject to agreements between a district school board and a law enforcement agency. The agreements shall identify the entity responsible for maintaining records relating to training. Activities conducted by the school resource officer which are part of the regular instructional program of the school shall be under the direction of the school principal.

(2) **SCHOOL SAFETY OFFICER.**—A school district may commission one or more school safety officers for the protection and safety of school personnel, property, and students within the school district. The district school superintendent may recommend, and the district school board may appoint, one or more school safety officers.

(a) School safety officers shall undergo criminal background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation and be law enforcement officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), certified under chapter 943 and employed by either a law enforcement agency or by the district school board. If the officer is employed by the district school board, the district school board is the employing agency for purposes of chapter 943, and must comply with that chapter.

(b) A school safety officer has and shall exercise the power to make arrests for violations of law on district school board property or on property owned or leased by a charter school under a charter contract, as applicable, and to arrest persons, whether on or off such property, who violate any law on such property under the same conditions that deputy sheriffs are authorized to make arrests. A school safety officer has the authority to carry weapons when performing his or her official duties.

(c) School safety officers must complete mental health crisis intervention training using a curriculum developed by a national organization with expertise in mental health crisis intervention. The training shall improve officers' knowledge and skills as first responders to incidents involving students with emotional disturbance or mental illness, including de-escalation skills to ensure student and officer safety.

(d) A district school board may enter into mutual aid agreements with one or more law enforcement agencies as provided in chapter 23. A school safety officer's salary may be paid jointly by the district school board and the law enforcement agency, as mutually agreed to.

(3) **SCHOOL GUARDIAN.**—

(a) At the school district's or the charter school governing board's discretion, as applicable, pursuant to s. 30.15, a school district or charter school governing board may participate in the Chris Hixon, Coach Aaron Feis, and Coach Scott Beigel Guardian Program to meet the requirement of establishing a safe-school officer. The following individuals may serve as a school guardian, in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, upon satisfactory completion of the requirements under s. 30.15(1)(k) and certification by a sheriff:

1. A school district employee or personnel, as defined under s. 1012.01, or a charter school employee, as provided under s. 1002.33(12)(a), who volunteers to serve as a school guardian in addition to his or her official job duties; or

2. An employee of a school district or a charter school who is hired for the specific purpose of serving as a school guardian.

(b) Before appointing an individual as a school guardian, the school district or charter school shall contact the Department of Law Enforcement and review all information maintained under s. 30.15(1)(k)3.c. related to the individual.

(c) The department shall provide to the Department of Law Enforcement any information relating to a school guardian received pursuant to subsection (5).

(4) **SCHOOL SECURITY GUARD.**—A school district or charter school governing board may contract with a security agency as defined in s. 493.6101(18) to employ as a school security guard an individual who holds a Class "D" and Class "G" license pursuant to chapter 493, provided the following training and contractual conditions are met:

(a) An individual who serves as a school security guard, for purposes of satisfying the requirements of this section, must:

1. Demonstrate completion of 144 hours of required training conducted by a sheriff pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k)2.

2. Pass a psychological evaluation administered by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 and designated by the Department of Law Enforcement and submit the results of the evaluation to the sheriff's office and school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable. The Department of Law Enforcement is authorized to provide the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security

agency with mental health and substance abuse data for compliance with this paragraph.

3. Submit to and pass an initial drug test and subsequent random drug tests in accordance with the requirements of s. 112.0455 and the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable.

4. Be approved to work as a school security guard by the sheriff of each county in which the school security guard will be assigned to a school before commencing work at any school in that county. The sheriff's approval authorizes the security agency to assign the school security guard to any school in the county, and the sheriff's approval is not limited to any particular school.

5. Successfully complete ongoing training, weapon inspection, and firearm qualification conducted by a sheriff pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k)2.e. on at least an annual basis and provide documentation to the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable.

(b) The contract between a security agency and a school district or a charter school governing board regarding requirements applicable to school security guards serving in the capacity of a safe-school officer for purposes of satisfying the requirements of this section shall define the entity or entities responsible for maintaining records relating to training, inspection, and firearm qualification.

(c) School security guards serving in the capacity of a safe-school officer pursuant to this subsection are in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, and must aid in the prevention or abatement of active assailant incidents on school premises.

(d) The Office of Safe Schools shall provide the Department of Law Enforcement any information related to a school security guard that the office receives pursuant to subsection (5).

(5) **NOTIFICATION.**—The district school superintendent or charter school administrator, or a respective designee shall notify the county sheriff and the Office of Safe Schools immediately after, but no later than 72 hours after:

(a) A safe-school officer is dismissed for misconduct or is otherwise disciplined.

(b) A safe-school officer discharges his or her firearm in the exercise of the safe-school officer's duties, other than for training purposes.

(6) **CRISIS INTERVENTION TRAINING.**—Each safe-school officer who is also a sworn law enforcement officer shall complete mental health crisis intervention training using a curriculum developed by a national organization with expertise in mental health crisis intervention. The training must improve the officer's knowledge and skills as a first responder to incidents involving students with emotional disturbance or mental illness, including de-escalation skills to ensure student and officer safety.

(7) **LIMITATIONS.**—An individual must satisfy the background screening, psychological evaluation, and drug test requirements and be approved by the sheriff before participating in any training required by s. 30.15(1)(k), which may be conducted only by a sheriff.

(8) **EXEMPTION.**—Any information that would identify whether a particular individual has been appointed as a safe-school officer pursuant to this section held by a law enforcement agency, school district, or charter school is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

If a district school board, through its adopted policies, procedures, or actions, denies a charter school access to any safe-school officer options pursuant to this section, the school district must assign a school resource officer or school safety officer to the charter school. Under such circumstances, the charter school's share of the costs of the school resource officer or school safety officer may not exceed the safe school allocation funds provided to the charter school pursuant to s. 1011.62(12) and shall be retained by the school district.

Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.—

(6) **PUBLIC LIAISON ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**—

(a) The FHSAA shall establish, sustain, fund, and provide staff support to a public liaison advisory committee composed of the following:

1. The commissioner or his or her designee.
2. A member public school principal.
3. A member private school principal.
4. A member school principal who is a former high school athlete or high school coach member of a racial minority.
5. An active athletic director.
6. An active coach, who is employed full time by a member school.
7. A student athlete.
8. A district school superintendent.
9. A district school board member.
10. A member of the Florida House of Representatives.
11. A member of the Florida Senate.
12. A parent of a high school student.
13. A member of a home education association.
14. A representative of the business community.
15. A representative of the news media.

Section 26. Subsection (17) of section 1006.38, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (18), and a new subsection (17) is added to that section, to read:

1006.38 Duties, responsibilities, and requirements of instructional materials publishers and manufacturers.—This section applies to both the state and district approval processes. Publishers and manufacturers of instructional materials, or their representatives, shall:

(17) If, after state adoption, the commissioner determines that a publisher or manufacturer has violated any provision of general law relating to the content, marketing, sale, distribution, or furnishing of instructional materials, or any requirement of this part, the department shall provide written notice identifying the alleged violation.

(a) The publisher of noncompliant materials shall have at least 30 calendar days to submit a written response and any proposed corrective action, which may include providing revised or replacement materials at no cost to the state or school districts.

(b) If the publisher has not rectified the violation within the timeframe established in this subsection, the commissioner shall report the violation to the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall have the authority to:

1. Remove all of the noncompliant materials from the state-adopted list.
2. Require the publisher to reimburse the total cost of all purchased materials with the identified noncompliance to each school district that purchased the materials from the publisher.
3. Prohibit the publisher from bidding on instructional materials for the subject area in which the violation occurred for state adoption for a period not to exceed 5 years.

(c) The decision of the State Board of Education constitutes final agency action subject to judicial review as provided by law. A publisher or manufacturer aggrieved by a final action of the State Board of Education may appeal the decision pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act within 30 days after issuance of the final action.

(d) Action taken under this subsection is in addition to, and does not limit, any other remedies available under this part, including removal of materials under s. 1006.35(3) and penalties under subsection (18).

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1008.2125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.2125 The Council for Early Grade Success.—

(1) The Council for Early Grade Success, a council as defined in s. 20.03(7), is created within the Department of Education to oversee the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program under s. 1008.25(9) for students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 3 and, except as otherwise provided in this section, shall operate consistent with s. 20.052.

(a) The council shall be responsible for reviewing the implementation of, training for, and outcomes from the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program to provide recommendations to the department that support grade 3 students reading at or above grade level. The council, at a minimum, shall:

1. Provide recommendations on the implementation of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program, including reviewing any procurement solicitation documents and criteria before being published.

2. Develop training plans and timelines for such training.

3. Identify appropriate personnel, processes, and procedures required for the administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program.

4. Provide input on the methodology for calculating a provider's or school's performance metric and designations under s. 1002.68(3) ~~to~~ 1002.68(4).

5. Work with the department to review the methodology for determining a child's kindergarten readiness.

6. Review data on age-appropriate learning gains by grade level that a student would need to attain in order to demonstrate proficiency in reading by grade 3.

7. Continually review anonymized data from the results of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program for students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 3 to help inform recommendations to the department that support practices that will enable grade 3 students to read at or above grade level.

Section 28. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4), paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (5), paragraph (a) of subsection (9), and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; student support; coordinated screening and progress monitoring; reporting requirements.—

(4) ASSESSMENT AND SUPPORT.—

(c) A student who has a substantial reading deficiency as determined in paragraph (5)(a) or a substantial mathematics deficiency as determined in paragraph (6)(a) must be covered by a federally required student plan, such as an individual education plan or an individualized progress monitoring plan, or both, as necessary. The individualized progress monitoring plan must be developed within 30 ~~45~~ days after the results of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system become available. The plan must, at a minimum, include:

1. The student's specific, identified reading or mathematics skill deficiency.
2. Goals and benchmarks for student growth in reading or mathematics.
3. A description of the specific measures that will be used to evaluate and monitor the student's reading or mathematics progress.
4. For a substantial reading deficiency, the specific evidence-based literacy instruction grounded in the science of reading which the student will receive.
5. Strategies, resources, and materials that will be provided to the student's parent to support the student to make reading or mathematics progress. Resources must include information about the student's eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485.

6. Any additional services the student's teacher deems available and appropriate to accelerate the student's reading or mathematics skill development.

(5) READING DEFICIENCY AND PARENTAL NOTIFICATION.—

(b) A Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills based upon the results of the administration of the midyear or final coordinated screening and progress monitoring under subsection (9) shall be referred to the local school district and may be eligible to receive instruction in early literacy skills before participating in kindergarten. A Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program student who scores below the 25th ~~40th~~ percentile on the final administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring under subsection (9) shall be referred to the local school district and is eligible to receive early literacy skill instructional support through a summer bridge program the summer before participating in kindergarten. The summer bridge program must meet requirements adopted by the department and shall consist of 4 hours of instruction per day for a minimum of 100 total hours. A student with an individual education plan who has been retained pursuant to paragraph (2)(g) and has demonstrated a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills must receive instruction in early literacy skills.

(d) The parent of any student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in reading, as described in paragraph (a), must be immediately notified in writing of the following:

1. That his or her child has been identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading, including a description and explanation, in terms understandable to the parent, of the exact nature of the student's difficulty in learning and lack of achievement in reading.

2. A description of the current services that are provided to the child.

3. A description of the proposed intensive interventions and supports that will be provided to the child that are designed to remediate the identified area of reading deficiency.

4. The student progression requirements under paragraph (2)(h) and that if the child's reading deficiency is not remediated by the end of grade 3, the child must be retained unless he or she is exempt from mandatory retention for good cause.

5. Strategies, including multisensory strategies and programming, through a read-at-home plan the parent can use in helping his or her child succeed in reading. The read-at-home plan must provide access to the resources identified in paragraph (e).

6. That the statewide, standardized English Language Arts assessment is not the sole determiner of promotion and that additional evaluations, portfolio reviews, and assessments are available to the child to assist parents and the school district in knowing when a child is reading at or above grade level and ready for grade promotion.

7. The district's specific criteria and policies for a portfolio as provided in subparagraph (7)(b)4. and the evidence required for a student to demonstrate mastery of Florida's academic standards for English Language Arts. A school must immediately begin collecting evidence for a portfolio when a student in grade 3 is identified as being at risk of retention or upon the request of the parent, whichever occurs first.

8. The district's specific criteria and policies for midyear promotion. Midyear promotion means promotion of a retained student at any time during the year of retention once the student has demonstrated ability to read at grade level.

9. Information about the student's eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485 and the New Worlds Scholarship Accounts under s. 1002.411 and information on parent training modules and other reading engagement resources available through the initiative.

After initial notification, the school shall apprise the parent at least monthly of the student's progress in response to the intensive interventions and supports and information about the student's eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485. Such communications must be in writing and must explain any additional interventions or supports that will be implemented to accelerate the student's progress if the interventions and supports already being implemented have not resulted in improvement. Upon the request of the parent, the teacher or school administrator shall meet to discuss the student's progress. The parent may request more frequent notification of the student's progress, more frequent interventions or supports, and earlier implementation of the additional interventions or supports described in the initial notification.

(9) COORDINATED SCREENING AND PROGRESS MONITORING SYSTEM.—

(a) The Department of Education, in collaboration with the Office of Early Learning, shall procure and require the use of a statewide, standardized coordinated screening and progress monitoring system for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and public schools. The system must:

1. Measure student progress in meeting the appropriate expectations in early literacy and mathematics skills and in English Language Arts and mathematics standards as required by ss. 1002.67(1)(a) and 1003.41 and identify the educational strengths and needs of students.

2. For students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 3, measure student performance in oral language development, phonological and phonemic awareness, knowledge of print and letters, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, as applicable by grade level, and, at a minimum, provide interval level and norm-referenced data that measures equivalent levels of growth.

3. Be a valid, reliable, and developmentally appropriate computer-based direct instrument that provides screening and diagnostic capabilities for monitoring student progress; identifies students who have a substantial

deficiency in reading or mathematics, including identifying students with characteristics of dyslexia, dyscalculia, and other learning disorders; and informs instruction. Any student identified by the system as having characteristics of dyslexia or dyscalculia shall undergo further screening. Beginning with the 2023-2024 school year, the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be computer-adaptive.

4. Provide data for Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program accountability as required under s. 1002.68.

5. Provide Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers, school districts, schools, teachers, and parents with data and resources that enhance differentiated instruction and parent communication.

6. Provide baseline data to the department of each student's readiness for kindergarten. The determination of kindergarten readiness must be based on the results of each student's initial progress monitoring assessment in kindergarten. The methodology for determining a student's readiness for kindergarten must be developed by the department and aligned to the methodology adopted pursuant to s. 1002.68(3) s. 1002.68(4).

7. Assess how well educational goals and curricular standards are met at the provider, school, district, and state levels and provide information to the department to aid in the development of educational programs, policies, and supports for providers, districts, and schools.

(10) ANNUAL REPORT.—

(b) Each district school board must annually publish on the district website the following information on the prior school year:

1. The provisions of this section relating to public school student progression and the district school board's policies and procedures on student retention and promotion.

2. By grade, the number and percentage of all students in grades 3 through 10 performing at Levels 1 and 2 on the statewide, standardized English Language Arts assessment.

3. By grade, the number and percentage of all students retained in kindergarten through grade 10.

4. Information on the total number of students who were promoted for good cause, by each category of good cause as specified in paragraph (7)(b).

5. Any revisions to the district school board's policies and procedures on student retention and promotion from the prior year.

6. The rate of chronic absenteeism by grade level for students in kindergarten through grade 5. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "chronic absenteeism" means a student who has been absent for at least 10 percent of school days, or the same classes required for grade promotion, when enrolled for more than 45 days.

Section 29. Subsection (5) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.—

(5) The Department of Education must annually identify each school district in need of intervention and support to improve student academic performance.

(a) A school district is in need of improvement if it has 10 percent or more district-operated schools that earn a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

(b)1. Each school district in need of improvement must annually submit a district improvement plan in a format prescribed by the department. The plan must include provisions to improve and monitor, at a minimum, all of the following:

a. Instructional staff.

b. Professional learning.

c. Fiscal and staffing resources dedicated to school improvement.

d. Student scheduling, attendance, and behavior.

e. The use of continuous improvement and monitoring plans and processes.

2. The plan must be approved by the district school board and may be reviewed by the State Board of Education for approval or denial. District school superintendents may be called before the state board to provide implementation updates.

(c) A school district must submit, at a minimum, all of the following documents to the department as part its district improvement plan:

1. Monthly vacancy reports for instructional personnel in schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

2. Monthly teacher absenteeism rates at schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

3. Monthly student absenteeism rates at schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

4. Monthly professional learning, activities, and expenditures for instructional staff in schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

5. Monthly professional learning, activities, and expenditures for school administrators in schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

6. Local progress monitoring results that are not part of the statewide progress monitoring system.

(d) The state board may require modifications or revoke a school district's district improvement plan if the school district does not:

1. Provide evidence of plan implementation or significant districtwide improvement.

2. Submit deliverables in a format prescribed by the department or by a timeframe established by the department.

Section 30. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1011.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.69 Equity in School-Level Funding Act.—

(4) After providing Title I, Part A, Basic funds to schools above the 75 percent poverty threshold, which may include high schools above the 50 percent threshold as permitted by federal law, school districts shall provide any remaining Title I, Part A, Basic funds directly to all eligible schools as provided in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, an eligible school is a school that is eligible to receive Title I funds, including a charter school. The threshold for identifying eligible schools may not exceed the threshold established by a school district for the 2016-2017 school year or the statewide percentage of economically disadvantaged students, as determined annually.

(a) Prior to the allocation of Title I funds to eligible schools, a school district may withhold funds only as follows:

1. One percent for parent involvement, in addition to the one percent the district must reserve under federal law for allocations to eligible schools for parent involvement;

2. A necessary and reasonable amount for administration which includes the district's indirect cost rate, not to exceed a total of 10 percent;

3. A reasonable and necessary amount to provide:

a. Homeless programs;

b. Delinquent and neglected programs;

c. Prekindergarten programs and activities;

d. Private school equitable services; and

e. Transportation for foster care children to their school of origin or choice programs; and

4. A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 1 percent, for eligible schools to provide educational services in accordance with the approved Title I plan. Such educational services may include the provision of STEM curricula, instructional materials, and related learning technologies that support academic achievement in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics in Title I schools, including, but not limited to, technologies related to drones, coding, animation, artificial intelligence, cybersecurity, data science, the engineering design process, mobile development, and robotics. Funds may be reserved under this subparagraph only to the extent that all required reservations under federal law have been met and that such reservation does not reduce school-level allocations below the levels required under federal law.

Section 31. Paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (6) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (f) and (g), respectively, and paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (f) of subsection (6), and subsection (9) of that section are amended, to read:

1012.56 Educator certification requirements.—

(1) APPLICATION.—Each person seeking certification pursuant to this chapter shall submit a completed application containing the applicant's social security number to the Department of Education and remit the fee required pursuant to s. 1012.59 and rules of the State Board of Education. Pursuant to the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act

of 1996, each party is required to provide his or her social security number in accordance with this section. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement is limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program of the Social Security Act for child support enforcement.

(b) The department shall issue a temporary certificate to a qualifying applicant within 14 calendar days after receipt of a request from an employer with a professional education competence demonstration program pursuant to ~~paragraph (6)(f) and~~ subsection (9). The temporary certificate must cover the classification, level, and area for which the applicant is deemed qualified. The department shall electronically notify the applicant's employer that the temporary certificate has been issued and provide the applicant an official statement of status of eligibility at the time the certificate is issued.

The statement of status of eligibility must be provided electronically and must advise the applicant of any qualifications that must be completed to qualify for certification. Each method by which an applicant can complete the qualifications for a professional certificate must be included in the statement of status of eligibility. Each statement of status of eligibility is valid for 5 years after its date of issuance, except as provided in paragraph (2)(d).

(6) MASTERY OF PROFESSIONAL PREPARATION AND EDUCATION COMPETENCE.—Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of professional preparation and education competence are:

~~(f) Successful completion of professional preparation courses as specified in state board rule, successful completion of a professional education competence program pursuant to subsection (9), and documentation of 3 years of being rated effective or highly effective under s. 1012.34 while holding a temporary certificate;~~

The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to implement this subsection, including rules to approve specific teacher preparation programs that are not identified in this subsection which may be used to meet requirements for mastery of professional preparation and education competence.

(9) PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION COMPETENCY PROGRAM.—

(a) Each school district must and a private school or state-supported public school, including a charter school, may develop and maintain a system by which members of the instructional staff may demonstrate mastery of professional preparation and education competence as required by law. Each program must:

1. Be based on classroom application of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices and instructional performance and, for public schools, must be aligned with the district's or state-supported public school's evaluation system established under s. 1012.34, as applicable.

2. Include individualized plan tailored to each candidate to determine the appropriate professional learning plan.

3. Monitor candidate performance to ensure candidates are meeting program expectations and implement a remediation process for candidates not meeting program performance expectations.

4. Assign a mentor that meets the requirements of paragraph (7)(e) to each candidate participating in the program.

(b) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to ~~Commissioner of Education shall~~ determine the continued approval of programs implemented under this paragraph, ~~based upon the department's review of performance data. The department shall review the performance data as a part of the periodic review of each school district's professional learning system required under s. 1012.98.~~

Section 32. Subsection (8) of section 1013.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.03 Functions of the department and the Board of Governors.—The functions of the Department of Education as it pertains to educational facilities of school districts and Florida College System institutions and of the Board of Governors as it pertains to educational facilities of state universities shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(8) Provide minimum criteria, procedures, and training to boards to conduct educational plant surveys and document the determination of future needs. No later than December 1, 2026, the department shall review and revise the Size of Space and Occupant Design Criteria section of the State Requirements for Educational Facilities based on input from stakeholders.

Section 33. Paragraphs (d) and (f) of subsection (1) of section 1014.05, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1014.05 School district notifications on parental rights.—

(1) Each district school board shall, in consultation with parents, teachers, and administrators, develop and adopt a policy to promote parental involvement in the public school system. Such policy must include:

(d) 1. Procedures, pursuant to s. 1002.20(3)(d), for a parent to withdraw his or her minor child from any portion of the school district's comprehensive health education required under s. 1003.42(2)(o) that relates to sex education or instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome education or any instruction regarding sexuality if the parent provides a written objection to his or her minor child's participation. Such procedures must provide for a parent to be notified in advance of such course content so that he or she may withdraw his or her minor child from those portions of the course.

2. Procedures, pursuant to s. 1003.42(2)(o)6., for a parent to complete a written release form for his or her minor child to be receive instruction in human embryologic and fetal development.

(f) Procedures for a parent to learn about parental rights and responsibilities under general law, including all of the following:

1.a. Pursuant to s. 1002.20(3)(d), the right to be notified in advance and to opt his or her minor child out of any portion of the school district's comprehensive health education required under s. 1003.42(2)(o) that relates to sex education instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome education or any instruction regarding sexuality.

b. Pursuant to s. 1003.42(2)(o)6., the right to complete a written release form for his or her minor child to be receive instruction in human embryologic and fetal development.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 17-129 and insert:

1002.20, F.S.; requiring parents to complete a written release form for students to receive instruction in human embryologic and fetal development; revising provisions relating to the use of epinephrine in K-12 public schools to require the use of a United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved devices; amending s. 1002.32, F.S.; revising admission requirements for lab schools; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; providing that students may not be dismissed from certain charter schools based on academic performance; amending s. 1002.42, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the use of epinephrine in K-12 private schools to require the use of a FDA-approved devices; amending s. 1002.421, F.S.; revising which private schools must maintain a physical location in the state; amending s. 1002.55, 1002.61, and 1002.63, F.S.; revising the period of time a prekindergarten provider loses eligibility for participation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program; amending s. 1002.68, F.S.; removing obsolete language; removing a requirement that the Department of Education confer with a certain council before adopting a specified methodology; revising the period of time a prekindergarten provider loses eligibility for participation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program; amending s. 1002.82, F.S.; revising the period of time specified providers are excluded from certain state contracts; amending s. 1002.88, F.S.; revising the period of a time school readiness program provider loses eligibility for participation in the school readiness program; amending s. 1002.91, F.S.; revising the period of time early learning coalitions must refrain from working with specified program providers; amending s. 1002.945, F.S.; revising the period of time an accrediting association loses eligibility to participate in the Gold Seal Quality Program; revising the Gold Seal Quality Care provider criteria relating to class I violations; deleting an exception; amending s. 1003.25, F.S.; requiring schools to notify school resource officers of specified information upon the enrollment of certain students; authorizing such officers to have access to specified records upon request; amending s. 1003.26, F.S.; authorizing school districts to enforce school attendance strategies earlier than prescribed in law; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; authorizing instruction in human embryologic and fetal development for certain students; providing requirements for such instruction; requiring parents to complete a written release form authorizing students to receive instruction in human embryologic and fetal development; amending s. 1003.4201, F.S.; revising the components of specified reading

instruction plans; creating s. 1003.4202, F.S.; requiring school districts and charter schools to implement a system of comprehensive mathematics instruction and develop a mathematics instruction plan; authorizing charter schools to use a school district's plan; providing requirements for such plan; requiring such plan to be approved by school districts and charter schools; defining the term "evidence-based"; amending s. 1003.46, F.S.; authorizing parents to opt students out of specified instruction related to health education; amending s. 1006.07, F.S.; removing a provision authorizing certain school classrooms and instructional spaces to use temporary door locks; amending s. 1006.12, F.S.; providing construction relating to the assignment of safe-school officers at public schools; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; revising the composition of the Florida High School Athletic Association public liaison advisory committee; amending s. 1006.38, F.S.; requiring the department to provide written notice of specified violations to publishers and manufacturers of specified instructional materials; providing requirements such publisher must meet to rectify such violations; authorizing the State Board of Education to take specified actions if such publisher fails to rectify such violations; providing that a decision of the state board constitutes a final agency action; providing that specified appeal procedures apply to such decisions; providing construction; amending s. 1008.2125, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; revising the timeframe for developing an individualized progress monitoring plan for certain students; requiring certain resources to specified students to include information for the New Worlds Reading Initiative; requiring each district school board to annually publish on its website the district's rate of chronic absenteeism for specified grade levels; defining the term "chronic absenteeism"; amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; requiring the department to identify school districts in need of improvement; providing criteria for the determination of a school district in need of improvement; requiring such school district to submit a certain district improvement plan to the department; requiring such school district to submit specified documents; authorizing the State Board of Education to take certain actions relating to a school district in need of improvement; amending s. 1011.69, F.S.; revising the educational services for which a school district is authorized to withhold specified funding; providing criteria for school districts to withhold such funding; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; revising acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of professional preparation and education competence for educator certification; revising requirements for professional education competency programs; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules to determine continued approval of such programs; amending s. 1013.03, F.S.; requiring the department to review and revise specified provisions of the State Requirements for Educational Facilities by a certain date; amending s. 1014.05, F.S.; providing that parents have a right to provide written consent for children to receive specified instruction related to human embryologic and fetal development; providing an effective

Rep. Harris moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Bartleman offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 340635)

Amendment 4 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 288-1862 and insert:

development under s. 1003.42(2)(o)1.h., or any disease, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with s. 1003.42(5).

1. Each school district must ~~shall~~, on the district's website homepage, notify parents of this right and the process to request an exemption. The homepage must include a link for a student's parent to access and review the instructional materials, as defined in s. 1006.29(2), used to teach the curriculum.

2. Each school district shall annually review and confirm that the information provided on the district's website homepage under subparagraph 1. is accurate and up to date and shall notify parents by physical or electronic means any time revisions are made to such information.

(i) Epinephrine use and supply.—

1. A student who has experienced or is at risk for life-threatening allergic reactions may carry a United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved an epinephrine delivery device auto-injector and self-administer epinephrine by use of the device auto-injector while in school, participating in school-sponsored activities, or in transit to or from school or school-sponsored activities if the school has been provided with parental and physician authorization. The State Board of Education, in cooperation with the Department of Health, shall adopt rules for such use of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors that shall include provisions to protect the safety of all students from the misuse or abuse of FDA-approved delivery devices auto-injectors. A school district, county health department, public-private partner, and their employees and volunteers shall be indemnified by the parent of a student authorized to carry an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device auto-injector for any and all liability with respect to the student's use of an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device auto-injector pursuant to this paragraph.

2. A public school may purchase a supply of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors from a wholesale distributor as defined in s. 499.003 or may enter into an arrangement with a wholesale distributor or manufacturer as defined in s. 499.003 for the FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors at fair-market, free, or reduced prices for use in the event a student has an anaphylactic reaction. The FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors must be maintained in a secure location on the public school's premises. The participating school district shall adopt a protocol developed by a licensed physician for the administration by school personnel who are trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction and to administer an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device auto-injection. The supply of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors may be provided to and used by a student authorized to self-administer epinephrine by such device auto-injector under subparagraph 1. or trained school personnel.

3. The school district and its employees, agents, and the physician who provides the standing protocol for school FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device auto-injector administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:

- a. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;
- b. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and
- c. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or guardians or by the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.

Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 1002.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.32 Developmental research (laboratory) schools.—

(4) STUDENT ADMISSIONS.—Each lab school may establish a primary research objective related to fundamental issues and problems that occur in the public elementary and secondary schools of the state. Admissions criteria should reflect an emphasis on student merit and achievement with no regard to race, sex, creed, color, or national origin. Lab schools may not use racial or sex set-asides, preferences, or quotas in their admissions process. A student population reflective of the student population of the public school environment in which the issues and problems are most prevalent shall be promoted and encouraged through the establishment and implementation of an admission process that is designed to result in a representative sample of public school enrollment based on gender, race, socioeconomic status, and academic ability, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1000.05.

Section 6. Paragraph (e) of subsection (10) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.—

(10) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.—

(e) A charter school may limit the enrollment process only to target the following student populations:

1. Students within specific age groups or grade levels.

2. Students considered at risk of dropping out of school or academic failure. Such students shall include exceptional education students.

3. Students enrolling in a charter school-in-the-workplace or charter school-in-a-municipality established pursuant to subsection (15).

4. Students residing within a reasonable distance of the charter school, as described in paragraph (20)(c). Such students shall be subject to a random lottery and to the racial/ethnic balance provisions described in subparagraph (7)(a)8. or any federal provisions that require a school to achieve a racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or within the racial/ethnic range of other nearby public schools.

5. Students who meet reasonable academic, artistic, or other eligibility standards established by the charter school and included in the charter school application and charter or, in the case of existing charter schools, standards that are consistent with the school's mission and purpose. Such standards shall be in accordance with current state law and practice in public schools and may not discriminate against otherwise qualified individuals. A school that limits enrollment for such purposes must place a student on a progress monitoring plan for at least one semester before dismissing such student from the school. A student may not be dismissed based on academic performance while a school is implementing a school improvement plan pursuant to paragraph (9)(n) or corrective action plan pursuant to s. 1002.345.

6. Students articulating from one charter school to another pursuant to an articulation agreement between the charter schools that has been approved by the sponsor.

7. Students living in a development, or students whose parent or legal guardian maintains a physical or permanent employment presence within the development, in which a developer, including any affiliated business entity or charitable foundation, contributes to the formation, acquisition, construction, or operation of one or more charter schools or charter school facilities and related property in an amount equal to or having a total appraised value of at least \$5 million to be used as charter schools to mitigate the educational impact created by the development of new residential dwelling units. Students living in the development are entitled to 50 percent of the student stations in the charter schools. The students who are eligible for enrollment are subject to a random lottery, the racial/ethnic balance provisions, or any federal provisions, as described in subparagraph 4. The remainder of the student stations must be filled in accordance with subparagraph 4.

8. Students whose parent or legal guardian is employed within a reasonable distance of the charter school, as described in paragraph (20)(c). The students who are eligible for enrollment are subject to a random lottery.

Section 7. Subsection (17) of section 1002.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.42 Private schools.—

(17) EPINEPHRINE SUPPLY.—

(a) A private school may purchase a supply of United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors from a wholesale distributor as defined in s. 499.003 or may enter into an arrangement with a wholesale distributor or manufacturer as defined in s. 499.003 for the FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors at fair-market, free, or reduced prices for use in the event a student has an anaphylactic reaction. The FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors must be maintained in a secure location on the private school's premises. The participating private school shall adopt a protocol developed by a licensed physician for the administration by private school personnel who are trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction and to administer an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injection. The supply of FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors may be provided to and used by a student authorized to self-administer epinephrine by an FDA-approved delivery device auto-injector under s. 1002.20(3)(i) or trained school personnel.

(b) The private school and its employees, agents, and the physician who provides the standing protocol for school FDA-approved epinephrine delivery devices auto-injectors are not liable for any injury arising from the use of an FDA-approved epinephrine delivery device auto-injector administered by trained school personnel who follow the adopted protocol and whose professional opinion is that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction:

1. Unless the trained school personnel's action is willful and wanton;

2. Notwithstanding that the parents or guardians of the student to whom the epinephrine is administered have not been provided notice or have not signed a statement acknowledging that the school district is not liable; and

3. Regardless of whether authorization has been given by the student's parents or guardians or by the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.

Section 8. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 1002.421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.421 State school choice scholarship program accountability and oversight.—

(1) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—A private school participating in an educational scholarship program established pursuant to this chapter must be a private school as defined in s. 1002.01 in this state, be registered, and be in compliance with all requirements of this section in addition to private school requirements outlined in s. 1002.42, specific requirements identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other provisions of Florida law that apply to private schools, and must:

(i) Maintain a physical location in the state at which each student has regular and direct contact with teachers. Regular and direct contact with teachers may be satisfied for students enrolled in a personalized education program or for students eligible for a scholarship under s. 1002.394(3)(b) if students have regular and direct contact with teachers at the physical location at least 2 school days per week and the student learning plan addresses the remaining instructional time.

The department shall suspend the payment of funds to a private school that knowingly fails to comply with this subsection, and shall prohibit the school from enrolling new scholarship students, for 1 fiscal year and until the school complies. If a private school fails to meet the requirements of this subsection or has consecutive years of material exceptions listed in the report required under paragraph (q), the commissioner may determine that the private school is ineligible to participate in a scholarship program.

Section 9. Subsection (6) of section 1002.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.55 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by private prekindergarten providers.—

(6) Each early learning coalition must verify that each private prekindergarten provider delivering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program within the coalition's county or multicounty region complies with this part. If a private prekindergarten provider fails or refuses to comply with this part or engages in misconduct, the department shall require the early learning coalition to remove the provider from eligibility to deliver the program and receive state funds under this part for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 1002.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.61 Summer prekindergarten program delivered by public schools and private prekindergarten providers.—

(10)

(b) If a private prekindergarten provider or public school fails or refuses to comply with this part or engages in misconduct, the department shall require the early learning coalition to remove the provider and require the school district to remove the school from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds under this part for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 1002.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.63 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by public schools.—

(9)

(b) If a public school fails or refuses to comply with this part or engages in misconduct, the department shall require the school district to remove the school from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds under this part for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

Section 12. Subsections (4) through (7) of section 1002.68, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (6), respectively, and subsection (3), paragraph (e) of present subsection (4), present subsection (5), and paragraph (e) of present subsection (6) are amended, to read:

1002.68 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program accountability.—

~~(3)(a) For the 2020-2021 program year, the department shall calculate a kindergarten readiness rate for each private prekindergarten provider and public school participating in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program based upon learning gains and the percentage of students assessed as ready for kindergarten. The department shall require that each school district administer the statewide kindergarten screening in use before the 2021-2022 school year to each kindergarten student in the school district within the first 30 school days of the 2021-2022 school year. Private schools may administer the statewide kindergarten screening to each kindergarten student in a private school who was enrolled in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. Learning gains shall be determined using a value added measure based on growth demonstrated by the results of the preassessment and postassessment in use before the 2021-2022 program year. However, a provider may not be newly placed on probationary status under this paragraph. A provider currently on probationary status may only be removed from such status if the provider earns the minimum rate, determined pursuant to subsection (5). The methodology for calculating a provider's readiness rate may not include students who are not administered the statewide kindergarten screening.~~

~~(b) For the 2021-2022 program year, kindergarten screening results may not be used in the calculation of readiness rates. Any private prekindergarten provider or public school participating in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program which fails to meet the minimum kindergarten readiness rate for the 2021-2022 program year is subject to the probation requirements of subsection (5).~~

~~(3)(4)~~

~~(e) Subject to an appropriation, the department shall provide for a differential payment to a private prekindergarten provider and public school based on the provider's designation. The maximum differential payment may not exceed a total of 15 percent of the base student allocation per full-time equivalent student under s. 1002.71 attending in the consecutive program year for that program. A private prekindergarten provider or public school may not receive a differential payment if it receives a designation of "proficient" or lower. Before the adoption of the methodology, the department shall confer with the Council for Early Grade Success under s. 1008.2125 before receiving approval from the State Board of Education for the final recommendations on the designation system and differential payments.~~

~~(4)(a)(5)(a) If a public school's or private prekindergarten provider's program assessment composite score for its prekindergarten classrooms fails to meet the minimum program assessment composite score for contracting adopted in rule by the department, the private prekindergarten provider or public school may not participate in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program beginning in the consecutive program year for a period of 2 program years and thereafter until the public school or private prekindergarten provider meets the minimum composite score for contracting. A public school or private prekindergarten provider may request one program assessment per program year in order to requalify for participation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, provided that the public school or private prekindergarten provider is not excluded from participation under ss. 1002.55(6), 1002.61(10)(b), 1002.63(9)(b), or paragraph (b) (5)(b) of this section. If a public school or private prekindergarten provider would like an additional program assessment completed within the same program year, the public school or private prekindergarten provider shall be responsible for the cost of the program assessment.~~

~~(b) If a private prekindergarten provider's or public school's performance metric or designation falls below the minimum performance metric or designation, the early learning coalition shall:~~

~~1. Require the provider or school to submit for approval to the early learning coalition an improvement plan and implement the plan.~~

~~2. Place the provider or school on probation.~~

3. Require the provider or school to take certain corrective actions, including the use of a curriculum approved by the department under s. 1002.67(2)(c) and a staff development plan approved by the department to strengthen instructional practices in emotional support, classroom organization, instructional support, language development, phonological awareness, alphabet knowledge, and mathematical thinking.

(c) A private prekindergarten provider or public school that is placed on probation must continue the corrective actions required under paragraph (b) until the provider or school meets the minimum performance metric or designation adopted by the department. Failure to meet the requirements of subparagraphs (b)1. and 3. shall result in the termination of the provider's or school's contract to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

(d) If a private prekindergarten provider or public school remains on probation for 2 consecutive years and fails to meet the minimum performance metric or designation, or is not granted a good cause exemption by the department, the department shall require the early learning coalition to revoke the provider's eligibility and the school district to revoke the school's eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds for the program for a period of at least 2 program years but no more than 5 years.

~~(5)(6)~~

(e) A private prekindergarten provider or public school granted a good cause exemption shall continue to implement its improvement plan and continue the corrective actions required under paragraph ~~(4)(b)~~ ~~(5)(b)~~ until the provider or school meets the minimum performance metric.

Section 13. Paragraph (m) of subsection (2) of section 1002.82, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.82 Department of Education; powers and duties.—

(2) The department shall:

(m) Provide technical support to an early learning coalition to facilitate the use of a standard statewide provider contract adopted by the department to be used with each school readiness program provider, with standardized attachments by provider type. The department shall publish a copy of the standard statewide provider contract on its website. The standard statewide contract shall include, at a minimum, contracted slots, if applicable, in accordance with the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 2014, 45 C.F.R. parts 98 and 99; quality improvement strategies, if applicable; program assessment requirements; and provisions for provider probation, termination for cause, and emergency termination for those actions or inactions of a provider that pose an immediate and serious danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the children. The standard statewide provider contract shall also include appropriate due process procedures. During the pendency of an appeal of a termination, the provider may not continue to offer its services. Any provision imposed upon a provider that is inconsistent with, or prohibited by, law is void and unenforceable. Provisions for termination for cause must also include failure to meet the minimum quality measures established under paragraph (n) for a period of 2 up to 5 years, unless the coalition determines that the provider is essential to meeting capacity needs based on the assessment under s. 1002.85(2)(i) and the provider has an active improvement plan pursuant to paragraph (n).

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1002.88, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.88 School readiness program provider standards; eligibility to deliver the school readiness program.—

(2)(a) If a school readiness program provider fails or refuses to comply with this part or any contractual obligation of the statewide provider contract under s. 1002.82(2)(m), the coalition may revoke the provider's eligibility to deliver the school readiness program or receive state or federal funds under this chapter for a period of 2 ½ years.

Section 15. Subsection (5) of section 1002.91, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.91 Investigations of fraud or overpayment; penalties.—

(5) If a school readiness program provider or a Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider, or an owner, officer, or director thereof, is convicted of, found guilty of, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, public assistance fraud pursuant to s. 414.39, or is

acting as the beneficial owner for someone who has been convicted of, found guilty of, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, public assistance fraud pursuant to s. 414.39, the early learning coalition shall refrain from contracting with, or using the services of, that provider for a period of 2 fiscal ½ years. In addition, the coalition shall refrain from contracting with, or using the services of, any provider that shares an officer or director with a provider that is convicted of, found guilty of, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, public assistance fraud pursuant to s. 414.39 for a period of 2 ½ years.

Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (4) of section 1002.945, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.945 Gold Seal Quality Care Program.—

(3)

(b) The Department of Education shall establish a process that verifies that the accrediting association meets the provisions of paragraph (a), which must include an auditing program and any other procedures that may reasonably determine an accrediting association's compliance with this section. If an accrediting association is not in compliance and fails to cure its deficiencies within 30 days, the department shall recommend to the state board termination of the accrediting association's participation as an accrediting association in the program for a period of at least 2 years but no more than 5 years. If an accrediting association is removed from being an approved accrediting association, each child care provider accredited by that association shall have up to 1 year to obtain a new accreditation from a department-approved accreditation association.

(4) In order to obtain and maintain a designation as a Gold Seal Quality Care provider, a child care facility, large family child care home, or family day care home must meet the following additional criteria:

(a) The child care provider must not have had any class I violations, as defined by rule of the Department of Children and Families, for which the Department of Children and Families determines that the child care provider is the primary cause of the violation within the 2 years preceding its application for designation as a Gold Seal Quality Care provider. Commission of a class I violation for which the Department of Children and Families determines that the child care provider is the primary cause of the violation shall be grounds for termination of the designation as a Gold Seal Quality Care provider until the provider has no class I violations for a period of 2 years.

~~(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the Department of Education determines through a formal process that a provider has been in business for at least 5 years and has no other class I violations recorded, the department may recommend to the state board that the provider maintain its Gold Seal Quality Care status. The state board's determination regarding such provider's status is final.~~

Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 1003.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.25 Procedures for maintenance and transfer of student records.—

(2) The procedure for transferring and maintaining records of students who transfer from school to school is prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education. The transfer of records must occur within 5 school days. The records must include, if applicable:

(a) Verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns, including any threat assessment report, all corresponding documentation, and any other information required by the Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument pursuant to s. 1001.212(11) which contains the evaluation, intervention, and management of the threat assessment evaluations and intervention services. Upon enrollment of the student, the school resource officer shall be notified and provided access to such records upon request.

(b) Psychological evaluations, including therapeutic treatment plans and therapy or progress notes created or maintained by school district or charter school staff, as appropriate.

Section 18. Subsection (6) is added to section 1003.26, Florida Statutes, to read:

1003.26 Enforcement of school attendance.—The Legislature finds that poor academic performance is associated with nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving student performance. It is the policy of the state that each

district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to the district school board that require public schools to respond in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the schools. District school board policies shall require the parent of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The policies must provide that public schools track excused and unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved student learning and achievement. Each public school is required to implement the following steps to promote and enforce regular school attendance:

(6) Nothing in this subsection prohibits a school district from addressing patterns of nonattendance earlier than prescribed in this section.

Section 19. Paragraph (o) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.42 Required instruction.—

(2) Members of the instructional staff of the public schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school board, shall teach efficiently and faithfully, using the books and materials required that meet the highest standards for professionalism and historical accuracy, following the prescribed courses of study, and employing approved methods of instruction, the following:

(o) Comprehensive age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate K-12 instruction on:

1. Health education that addresses concepts of community health, consumer health, environmental health, and family life, including:

- a. Injury prevention and safety.
- b. Internet safety.
- c. Nutrition.
- d. Personal health.
- e. Prevention and control of disease.
- f. Substance use and abuse.
- g. Prevention of child sexual abuse, exploitation, and human trafficking.
- h. Human embryologic and fetal development.

2. For students in grades 7 through 12, teen dating violence and abuse. This component must include, but not be limited to, the definition of dating violence and abuse, the warning signs of dating violence and abusive behavior, the characteristics of healthy relationships, measures to prevent and stop dating violence and abuse, and community resources available to victims of dating violence and abuse.

3. For students in grades 6 through 12, awareness of the benefits of sexual abstinence as the expected standard and the consequences of teenage pregnancy.

4. Life skills that build confidence, support mental and emotional health, and enable students to overcome challenges, including:

- a. Self-awareness and self-management.
- b. Responsible decisionmaking.
- c. Resiliency.
- d. Relationship skills and conflict resolution.
- e. Understanding and respecting other viewpoints and backgrounds.
- f. For grades 9 through 12, developing leadership skills, interpersonal skills, organization skills, and research skills; creating a résumé, including a digital résumé; exploring career pathways; using state career planning resources; developing and practicing the skills necessary for employment interviews; workplace ethics and workplace law; managing stress and expectations; and self-motivation.

5.a. For students in grades 6 through 12, the social, emotional, and physical effects of social media. This component must include, but need not be limited to, the negative effects of social media on mental health, including addiction; the distribution of misinformation on social media; how social

media manipulates behavior; the permanency of sharing materials online; how to maintain personal security and identify cyberbullying, predatory behavior, and human trafficking on the Internet; and how to report suspicious behavior encountered on the Internet.

b. The Department of Education shall make available online the instructional material being used pursuant to this subparagraph, and each district school board shall notify parents of its availability.

Health education and life skills instruction and materials may not contradict the principles enumerated in subsection (3).

The State Board of Education is encouraged to adopt standards and pursue assessment of the requirements of this subsection. Instructional programming that incorporates the values of the recipients of the Congressional Medal of Honor and that is offered as part of a social studies, English Language Arts, or other schoolwide character building and veteran awareness initiative meets the requirements of paragraph (u).

(5) Each school shall provide a notification to parents relating to a parent's right to make a ~~Any student whose parent makes~~ written request to the school principal for his or her student to ~~shall~~ be exempted from the teaching of reproductive health or any disease, including HIV/AIDS, its symptoms, development, and treatment or the teaching of human embryologic and fetal development under sub-subparagraph (o)1.h. A student so exempted may not be penalized by reason of that exemption. Course descriptions for comprehensive health education ~~may~~ ~~shall~~ not interfere with the local determination of appropriate curriculum which reflects local values and concerns. Each school district shall, on the district's website homepage, notify parents of this right and the process to request an exemption. The home page must include a link for a student's parent to access and review the instructional materials, as defined in s. 1006.29(2), used to teach the curriculum.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1003.4201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4201 Comprehensive system of reading instruction.—Each school district must implement a system of comprehensive reading instruction for students enrolled in prekindergarten through grade 12 and certain students who exhibit a substantial deficiency in early literacy.

(2)(a) Components of the reading instruction plan may include the following:

1. Additional time per day of evidence-based intensive reading instruction for kindergarten through grade 12 students, which may be delivered during or outside of the regular school day.

2. A description of how highly qualified reading coaches, who must be endorsed in reading, will be deployed to specifically support classroom teachers in making instructional decisions based on progress monitoring data collected pursuant to s. 1008.25(9) and improve classroom teacher delivery of effective reading instruction, reading intervention, and reading in the content areas based on student need.

3. Professional learning to help instructional personnel and certified prekindergarten teachers funded in the Florida Education Finance Program earn a certification, a credential, an endorsement, or an advanced degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction.

4. Summer reading camps, using only classroom teachers or other district personnel who possess a micro-credential as specified in s. 1003.485 or are certified or endorsed in reading consistent with s. 1008.25(8)(b)3., for all students in kindergarten through grade 5 exhibiting a reading deficiency as determined by district and state assessments.

5. Intensive reading interventions, which must be delivered by instructional personnel who possess a micro-credential as defined in s. 1003.485(1) or are certified or endorsed in reading as provided in s. 1012.586 and must incorporate evidence-based strategies identified by the Just Read, Florida! office pursuant to s. 1001.215(7). Instructional personnel who possess a micro-credential as defined in s. 1003.485(1) and are delivering intensive reading interventions must be supervised by an individual certified or endorsed in reading. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "supervised" means that instructional personnel with a micro-credential are able, through telecommunication or in person, to communicate and consult

with, and receive direction from, certified or endorsed personnel. Incentives for instructional personnel and certified prekindergarten teachers funded in the Florida Education Finance Program who possess a reading certification or endorsement as specified in s. 1012.586 or micro-credential as specified in s. 1003.485 and provide educational support to improve student literacy.

6. Tutoring in reading.

7. A description of how the district prioritizes the assignment of highly effective teachers, as identified in s. 1012.34(2)(e), from kindergarten to grade 2.

8. Providing resources that support informed parent involvement in decisionmaking processes for students who have difficulty in reading and for parents of students who are reading below grade level, information about the students' eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485.

Section 21. Section 1003.4202, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.4202 Comprehensive system of mathematics instruction.—Each school district must implement a system of comprehensive mathematics instruction for students enrolled in prekindergarten through grade 12 and certain students who exhibit a substantial deficiency in early mathematics skills under s. 1008.25(6).

(1) Each school district must develop, and submit to the district school board for approval, a detailed mathematics instruction plan that outlines the components of the district's comprehensive system of mathematics instruction. The plan must include all district schools, including charter schools, unless a charter school elects to submit a plan independently from the school district. A charter school plan must comply with all of the provisions of this section and must be approved by the charter school's governing body and provided to the charter school's sponsor.

(2) Components of the mathematics instruction plan may include the following:

(a) Additional time per day of evidence-based intensive mathematics instruction for kindergarten through grade 12 students, which may be delivered during or outside of the regular school day.

(b) Employing highly qualified mathematics coaches to specifically support classroom teachers in making instructional decisions based on progress monitoring data collected pursuant to s. 1008.25(9) and improve classroom teacher delivery of effective mathematics instruction and mathematics intervention. The coaches must:

1. Hold either a grades 5 through 9 mathematics certification or a grades 6 through 12 mathematics certification that aligns with the certification requirements for the courses of the teachers they support.

2. Have earned a highly effective rating on the 3 prior years' performance evaluation under s. 1012.34.

(c) Tutoring in mathematics.

(3) Each school district shall submit its approved mathematics instruction plan, including approved mathematics instruction plans for each charter school in the district, to the school board and, if applicable, any charter school governing board by August 1 of each fiscal year.

(4) For purposes of this section, the term "evidence-based" means demonstrating a statistically significant effect on improving student outcomes or other relevant outcomes as provided in 20 U.S.C. s. 8101(21)(A)(i).

Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 1003.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.46 Health education; instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome.—

(1) Each district school board may provide instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome education as a specific area of health education. Such instruction may include, but is not limited to, the known modes of transmission, signs and symptoms, risk factors associated with acquired immune deficiency syndrome, and means used to control the spread of acquired immune deficiency syndrome. The instruction shall be appropriate for the grade and age of the student and shall reflect current theory, knowledge, and practice regarding acquired immune deficiency syndrome and its prevention. The parent of a student may make a written request for his or her student to be exempted from such instruction.

Section 23. Paragraph (f) of subsection (6) of section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.07 District school board duties relating to student discipline and school safety.—The district school board shall provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students, including:

(6) SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICES.—Each district school superintendent shall establish policies and procedures for the prevention of violence on school grounds, including the assessment of and intervention with individuals whose behavior poses a threat to the safety of the school community.

(f) School safety requirements.—Each school district and charter school governing board shall comply with the following school safety requirements, which apply from 30 minutes before the school start time until 30 minutes after the end of the school day:

1. All gates or other access points that restrict ingress to or egress from the exclusive zone of a school campus shall remain closed and locked when students are on campus. For the purposes of this section, the term "exclusive zone" means the area within a gate or door allowing access to the interior perimeter of a school campus beyond a single point of entry. A gate or access point to the exclusive zone may only be open or unlocked if one of the following conditions is met:

a. It is attended or actively staffed when students are on campus;

b. The use complies with a shared use agreement pursuant to s. 1013.101;

c. Another closed and locked gate or access point separates the open or unlocked gate from areas occupied by students; or

d. The school safety specialist, or his or her designee, has documented in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools that the gate or other access point is not subject to this requirement based upon other safety measures at the school. The office may conduct a compliance visit pursuant to s. 1001.212(13) to review if such determination is appropriate.

This subparagraph does not apply to the nonexclusive zone of a school campus. The term "nonexclusive zone" means the area outside of the exclusive zone but contained on school property. Nonexclusive zones may include, but are not limited to, such spaces as parking lots, athletic fields and stadiums, mechanical buildings, playgrounds, bus ramps, agricultural spaces, and other areas that do not give direct, unimpeded access to the exclusive zone.

2.a. All school classrooms and other instructional spaces must be locked to prevent ingress when occupied by students, except between class periods when students are moving between classrooms or other instructional spaces. If a classroom or other instructional space door must be left unlocked or open for any reason other than between class periods when students are moving between classrooms or other instructional spaces, the door must be actively staffed by a person standing or seated at the door. ~~All school classrooms and other instructional spaces with a permanently installed door lock may also use temporary door locks during an active assailant incident. The temporary door lock must be able to be engaged or removed without opening the door; must be easily removed in a single operation from the egress side of the door without the use of a key and from the ingress side of the door with the use of a key or other credential; may be installed at any height; must otherwise be in compliance with the Florida Fire Prevention Code; and must be integrated into the active assailant response plan.~~

b. Instructional spaces for career and technical education which are designed as open areas for which compliance with the requirements of sub-subparagraph a. affects the health and safety of students may be exempted from compliance with that sub-subparagraph by the school safety specialist. To be exempt, the school safety specialist, or his or her designee, must document in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools that the instructional space is exempt from these requirements due to negative impacts to student health and safety and the presence of other safety measures at the school that prevent egress from the instructional space to hallways or other classrooms or instructional spaces.

c. Common areas on a school campus, including, but not limited to, cafeterias, auditoriums, and media centers, which are used for instructional

time or student testing must meet the requirements of sub-subparagraph a. only when such areas are being used for instructional time or student testing.

3. For schools that do not have a secure exclusive zone, all campus access doors, gates, and other access points that allow ingress to or egress from a school building shall remain closed and locked at all times to prevent ingress, unless:

- a. A person is actively entering or exiting the door, gate, or other access point;
- b. The door, gate, or access point is actively staffed by school personnel to prevent unauthorized entry; or
- c. The school safety specialist, or his or her designee, has documented in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools that the open and unlocked door, gate, or other access point is not subject to this requirement based upon other safety measures at the school. There must be at least one locked barrier between classrooms and instructional spaces and open school campus.

The office may conduct a compliance visit pursuant to s. 1001.212(13) to review if such determination is appropriate. All campus access doors, gates, and other access points may be electronically or manually controlled by school personnel to allow access by authorized visitors, students, and school personnel.

4. All school classrooms and other instructional spaces must clearly and conspicuously mark the safest areas in each classroom or other instructional space where students must shelter in place during an emergency. Students must be notified of these safe areas within the first 10 days of the school year. If it is not feasible to clearly and conspicuously mark the safest areas in a classroom or other instructional space, the school safety specialist, or his or her designee, must document such determination in the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool portal maintained by the Office of Safe Schools, identifying where affected students must shelter in place. The office shall assist the school safety specialist with compliance during the inspection required under s. 1001.212(13).

Persons who are aware of a violation of this paragraph must report the violation to the school principal. The school principal must report the violation to the school safety specialist no later than the next business day after receiving such report. If the person who violated this paragraph is the school principal or charter school administrator, the report must be made directly to the district school superintendent or charter school governing board, as applicable.

Section 24. Section 1006.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.12 Safe-school officers at each public school.—For the protection and safety of school personnel, property, students, and visitors, each district school board and school district superintendent shall partner with law enforcement agencies or security agencies to establish or assign one or more safe-school officers at each school facility within the district, including charter schools. A district school board must collaborate with charter school governing boards to facilitate charter school access to all safe-school officer options available under this section. Notwithstanding any local ordinance or development order, the school district or charter school may implement any combination of the options in subsections (1)–(4) to best meet the needs of the school district and charter schools.

(1) SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER.—A school district may establish school resource officer programs through a cooperative agreement with law enforcement agencies.

(a) School resource officers shall undergo criminal background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation and be certified law enforcement officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), who are employed by a law enforcement agency as defined in s. 943.10(4). The powers and duties of a law enforcement officer shall continue throughout the employee's tenure as a school resource officer.

(b) School resource officers shall abide by district school board policies and shall consult with and coordinate activities through the school principal, but shall be responsible to the law enforcement agency in all matters relating to employment, subject to agreements between a district school board and a law enforcement agency. The agreements shall identify the entity responsible for

maintaining records relating to training. Activities conducted by the school resource officer which are part of the regular instructional program of the school shall be under the direction of the school principal.

(2) SCHOOL SAFETY OFFICER.—A school district may commission one or more school safety officers for the protection and safety of school personnel, property, and students within the school district. The district school superintendent may recommend, and the district school board may appoint, one or more school safety officers.

(a) School safety officers shall undergo criminal background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation and be law enforcement officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), certified under chapter 943 and employed by either a law enforcement agency or by the district school board. If the officer is employed by the district school board, the district school board is the employing agency for purposes of chapter 943, and must comply with that chapter.

(b) A school safety officer has and shall exercise the power to make arrests for violations of law on district school board property or on property owned or leased by a charter school under a charter contract, as applicable, and to arrest persons, whether on or off such property, who violate any law on such property under the same conditions that deputy sheriffs are authorized to make arrests. A school safety officer has the authority to carry weapons when performing his or her official duties.

(c) School safety officers must complete mental health crisis intervention training using a curriculum developed by a national organization with expertise in mental health crisis intervention. The training shall improve officers' knowledge and skills as first responders to incidents involving students with emotional disturbance or mental illness, including de-escalation skills to ensure student and officer safety.

(d) A district school board may enter into mutual aid agreements with one or more law enforcement agencies as provided in chapter 23. A school safety officer's salary may be paid jointly by the district school board and the law enforcement agency, as mutually agreed to.

(3) SCHOOL GUARDIAN.—

(a) At the school district's or the charter school governing board's discretion, as applicable, pursuant to s. 30.15, a school district or charter school governing board may participate in the Chris Hixon, Coach Aaron Feis, and Coach Scott Beigel Guardian Program to meet the requirement of establishing a safe-school officer. The following individuals may serve as a school guardian, in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, upon satisfactory completion of the requirements under s. 30.15(1)(k) and certification by a sheriff:

1. A school district employee or personnel, as defined under s. 1012.01, or a charter school employee, as provided under s. 1002.33(12)(a), who volunteers to serve as a school guardian in addition to his or her official job duties; or

2. An employee of a school district or a charter school who is hired for the specific purpose of serving as a school guardian.

(b) Before appointing an individual as a school guardian, the school district or charter school shall contact the Department of Law Enforcement and review all information maintained under s. 30.15(1)(k)3.c. related to the individual.

(c) The department shall provide to the Department of Law Enforcement any information relating to a school guardian received pursuant to subsection (5).

(4) SCHOOL SECURITY GUARD.—A school district or charter school governing board may contract with a security agency as defined in s. 493.6101(18) to employ as a school security guard an individual who holds a Class "D" and Class "G" license pursuant to chapter 493, provided the following training and contractual conditions are met:

(a) An individual who serves as a school security guard, for purposes of satisfying the requirements of this section, must:

1. Demonstrate completion of 144 hours of required training conducted by a sheriff pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k)2.

2. Pass a psychological evaluation administered by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 and designated by the Department of Law Enforcement and submit the results of the evaluation to the sheriff's office and school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable.

The Department of Law Enforcement is authorized to provide the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency with mental health and substance abuse data for compliance with this paragraph.

3. Submit to and pass an initial drug test and subsequent random drug tests in accordance with the requirements of s. 112.0455 and the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable.

4. Be approved to work as a school security guard by the sheriff of each county in which the school security guard will be assigned to a school before commencing work at any school in that county. The sheriff's approval authorizes the security agency to assign the school security guard to any school in the county, and the sheriff's approval is not limited to any particular school.

5. Successfully complete ongoing training, weapon inspection, and firearm qualification conducted by a sheriff pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k)2.e. on at least an annual basis and provide documentation to the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable.

(b) The contract between a security agency and a school district or a charter school governing board regarding requirements applicable to school security guards serving in the capacity of a safe-school officer for purposes of satisfying the requirements of this section shall define the entity or entities responsible for maintaining records relating to training, inspection, and firearm qualification.

(c) School security guards serving in the capacity of a safe-school officer pursuant to this subsection are in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, and must aid in the prevention or abatement of active assailant incidents on school premises.

(d) The Office of Safe Schools shall provide the Department of Law Enforcement any information related to a school security guard that the office receives pursuant to subsection (5).

(5) NOTIFICATION.—The district school superintendent or charter school administrator, or a respective designee shall notify the county sheriff and the Office of Safe Schools immediately after, but no later than 72 hours after:

(a) A safe-school officer is dismissed for misconduct or is otherwise disciplined.

(b) A safe-school officer discharges his or her firearm in the exercise of the safe-school officer's duties, other than for training purposes.

(6) CRISIS INTERVENTION TRAINING.—Each safe-school officer who is also a sworn law enforcement officer shall complete mental health crisis intervention training using a curriculum developed by a national organization with expertise in mental health crisis intervention. The training must improve the officer's knowledge and skills as a first responder to incidents involving students with emotional disturbance or mental illness, including de-escalation skills to ensure student and officer safety.

(7) LIMITATIONS.—An individual must satisfy the background screening, psychological evaluation, and drug test requirements and be approved by the sheriff before participating in any training required by s. 30.15(1)(k), which may be conducted only by a sheriff.

(8) EXEMPTION.—Any information that would identify whether a particular individual has been appointed as a safe-school officer pursuant to this section held by a law enforcement agency, school district, or charter school is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

If a district school board, through its adopted policies, procedures, or actions, denies a charter school access to any safe-school officer options pursuant to this section, the school district must assign a school resource officer or school safety officer to the charter school. Under such circumstances, the charter school's share of the costs of the school resource officer or school safety officer may not exceed the safe school allocation funds provided to the charter school pursuant to s. 1011.62(12) and shall be retained by the school district.

Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.—

(6) PUBLIC LIAISON ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—

(a) The FHSA shall establish, sustain, fund, and provide staff support to a public liaison advisory committee composed of the following:

1. The commissioner or his or her designee.
2. A member public school principal.
3. A member private school principal.
4. A member school principal who is a former high school athlete or high school coach member of a racial minority.
5. An active athletic director.
6. An active coach, who is employed full time by a member school.
7. A student athlete.
8. A district school superintendent.
9. A district school board member.
10. A member of the Florida House of Representatives.
11. A member of the Florida Senate.
12. A parent of a high school student.
13. A member of a home education association.
14. A representative of the business community.
15. A representative of the news media.

Section 26. Subsection (17) of section 1006.38, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (18), and a new subsection (17) is added to that section, to read:

1006.38 Duties, responsibilities, and requirements of instructional materials publishers and manufacturers.—This section applies to both the state and district approval processes. Publishers and manufacturers of instructional materials, or their representatives, shall:

(17) If, after state adoption, the commissioner determines that a publisher or manufacturer has violated any provision of general law relating to the content, marketing, sale, distribution, or furnishing of instructional materials, or any requirement of this part, the department shall provide written notice identifying the alleged violation.

(a) The publisher of noncompliant materials shall have at least 30 calendar days to submit a written response and any proposed corrective action, which may include providing revised or replacement materials at no cost to the state or school districts.

(b) If the publisher has not rectified the violation within the timeframe established in this subsection, the commissioner shall report the violation to the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall have the authority to:

1. Remove all of the noncompliant materials from the state-adopted list.
2. Require the publisher to reimburse the total cost of all purchased materials with the identified noncompliance to each school district that purchased the materials from the publisher.
3. Prohibit the publisher from bidding on instructional materials for the subject area in which the violation occurred for state adoption for a period not to exceed 5 years.

(c) The decision of the State Board of Education constitutes final agency action subject to judicial review as provided by law. A publisher or manufacturer aggrieved by a final action of the State Board of Education may appeal the decision pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act within 30 days after issuance of the final action.

(d) Action taken under this subsection is in addition to, and does not limit, any other remedies available under this part, including removal of materials under s. 1006.35(3) and penalties under subsection (18).

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1008.2125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.2125 The Council for Early Grade Success.—

(1) The Council for Early Grade Success, a council as defined in s. 20.03(7), is created within the Department of Education to oversee the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program under s. 1008.25(9) for students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 3 and, except as otherwise provided in this section, shall operate consistent with s. 20.052.

(a) The council shall be responsible for reviewing the implementation of, training for, and outcomes from the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program to provide recommendations to the department that

support grade 3 students reading at or above grade level. The council, at a minimum, shall:

1. Provide recommendations on the implementation of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program, including reviewing any procurement solicitation documents and criteria before being published.
2. Develop training plans and timelines for such training.
3. Identify appropriate personnel, processes, and procedures required for the administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program.
4. Provide input on the methodology for calculating a provider's or school's performance metric and designations under s. 1002.68(3) ~~§ 1002.68(4)~~.
5. Work with the department to review the methodology for determining a child's kindergarten readiness.
6. Review data on age-appropriate learning gains by grade level that a student would need to attain in order to demonstrate proficiency in reading by grade 3.
7. Continually review anonymized data from the results of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring program for students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 3 to help inform recommendations to the department that support practices that will enable grade 3 students to read at or above grade level.

Section 28. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4), paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (5), paragraph (a) of subsection (9), and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; student support; coordinated screening and progress monitoring; reporting requirements.—

(4) ASSESSMENT AND SUPPORT.—

(c) A student who has a substantial reading deficiency as determined in paragraph (5)(a) or a substantial mathematics deficiency as determined in paragraph (6)(a) must be covered by a federally required student plan, such as an individual education plan or an individualized progress monitoring plan, or both, as necessary. The individualized progress monitoring plan must be developed within 30 ~~45~~ days after the results of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system become available. The plan must, at a minimum, include:

1. The student's specific, identified reading or mathematics skill deficiency.
2. Goals and benchmarks for student growth in reading or mathematics.
3. A description of the specific measures that will be used to evaluate and monitor the student's reading or mathematics progress.
4. For a substantial reading deficiency, the specific evidence-based literacy instruction grounded in the science of reading which the student will receive.
5. Strategies, resources, and materials that will be provided to the student's parent to support the student to make reading or mathematics progress. Resources must include information about the student's eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485.

6. Any additional services the student's teacher deems available and appropriate to accelerate the student's reading or mathematics skill development.

(5) READING DEFICIENCY AND PARENTAL NOTIFICATION.—

(b) A Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills based upon the results of the administration of the midyear or final coordinated screening and progress monitoring under subsection (9) shall be referred to the local school district and may be eligible to receive instruction in early literacy skills before participating in kindergarten. A Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program student who scores below the 25th ~~40th~~ percentile on the final administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring under subsection (9) shall be referred to the local school district and is eligible to receive early literacy skill instructional support through a summer bridge program the summer before participating in kindergarten. The summer bridge program must meet requirements adopted by the department and shall consist of 4 hours of instruction per day for a minimum of 100 total hours. A student with an individual education plan who has been retained pursuant to paragraph (2)(g) and has demonstrated a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills must receive instruction in early literacy skills.

(d) The parent of any student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in reading, as described in paragraph (a), must be immediately notified in writing of the following:

1. That his or her child has been identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading, including a description and explanation, in terms understandable to the parent, of the exact nature of the student's difficulty in learning and lack of achievement in reading.
2. A description of the current services that are provided to the child.
3. A description of the proposed intensive interventions and supports that will be provided to the child that are designed to remediate the identified area of reading deficiency.
4. The student progression requirements under paragraph (2)(h) and that if the child's reading deficiency is not remediated by the end of grade 3, the child must be retained unless he or she is exempt from mandatory retention for good cause.

5. Strategies, including multisensory strategies and programming, through a read-at-home plan the parent can use in helping his or her child succeed in reading. The read-at-home plan must provide access to the resources identified in paragraph (e).

6. That the statewide, standardized English Language Arts assessment is not the sole determiner of promotion and that additional evaluations, portfolio reviews, and assessments are available to the child to assist parents and the school district in knowing when a child is reading at or above grade level and ready for grade promotion.

7. The district's specific criteria and policies for a portfolio as provided in subparagraph (7)(b)4. and the evidence required for a student to demonstrate mastery of Florida's academic standards for English Language Arts. A school must immediately begin collecting evidence for a portfolio when a student in grade 3 is identified as being at risk of retention or upon the request of the parent, whichever occurs first.

8. The district's specific criteria and policies for midyear promotion. Midyear promotion means promotion of a retained student at any time during the year of retention once the student has demonstrated ability to read at grade level.

9. Information about the student's eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485 and the New Worlds Scholarship Accounts under s. 1002.411 and information on parent training modules and other reading engagement resources available through the initiative.

After initial notification, the school shall apprise the parent at least monthly of the student's progress in response to the intensive interventions and supports and information about the student's eligibility for the New Worlds Reading Initiative under s. 1003.485. Such communications must be in writing and must explain any additional interventions or supports that will be implemented to accelerate the student's progress if the interventions and supports already being implemented have not resulted in improvement. Upon the request of the parent, the teacher or school administrator shall meet to discuss the student's progress. The parent may request more frequent notification of the student's progress, more frequent interventions or supports, and earlier implementation of the additional interventions or supports described in the initial notification.

(9) COORDINATED SCREENING AND PROGRESS MONITORING SYSTEM.—

(a) The Department of Education, in collaboration with the Office of Early Learning, shall procure and require the use of a statewide, standardized coordinated screening and progress monitoring system for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and public schools. The system must:

1. Measure student progress in meeting the appropriate expectations in early literacy and mathematics skills and in English Language Arts and mathematics standards as required by ss. 1002.67(1)(a) and 1003.41 and identify the educational strengths and needs of students.

2. For students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 3, measure student performance in oral language development, phonological and phonemic awareness, knowledge of print and letters, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, as applicable by grade level, and, at a minimum, provide interval level and norm-referenced data that measures equivalent levels of growth.

3. Be a valid, reliable, and developmentally appropriate computer-based direct instrument that provides screening and diagnostic capabilities for monitoring student progress; identifies students who have a substantial deficiency in reading or mathematics, including identifying students with characteristics of dyslexia, dyscalculia, and other learning disorders; and informs instruction. Any student identified by the system as having characteristics of dyslexia or dyscalculia shall undergo further screening. Beginning with the 2023-2024 school year, the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be computer-adaptive.

4. Provide data for Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program accountability as required under s. 1002.68.

5. Provide Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers, school districts, schools, teachers, and parents with data and resources that enhance differentiated instruction and parent communication.

6. Provide baseline data to the department of each student's readiness for kindergarten. The determination of kindergarten readiness must be based on the results of each student's initial progress monitoring assessment in kindergarten. The methodology for determining a student's readiness for kindergarten must be developed by the department and aligned to the methodology adopted pursuant to s. 1002.68(3) s. 1002.68(4).

7. Assess how well educational goals and curricular standards are met at the provider, school, district, and state levels and provide information to the department to aid in the development of educational programs, policies, and supports for providers, districts, and schools.

(10) ANNUAL REPORT.—

(b) Each district school board must annually publish on the district website the following information on the prior school year:

1. The provisions of this section relating to public school student progression and the district school board's policies and procedures on student retention and promotion.

2. By grade, the number and percentage of all students in grades 3 through 10 performing at Levels 1 and 2 on the statewide, standardized English Language Arts assessment.

3. By grade, the number and percentage of all students retained in kindergarten through grade 10.

4. Information on the total number of students who were promoted for good cause, by each category of good cause as specified in paragraph (7)(b).

5. Any revisions to the district school board's policies and procedures on student retention and promotion from the prior year.

6. The rate of chronic absenteeism by grade level for students in kindergarten through grade 5. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "chronic absenteeism" means a student who has been absent for at least 10 percent of school days, or the same classes required for grade promotion, when enrolled for more than 45 days.

Section 29. Subsection (5) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.—

(5) The Department of Education must annually identify each school district in need of intervention and support to improve student academic performance.

(a) A school district is in need of improvement if it has 10 percent or more district-operated schools that earn a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

(b)1. Each school district in need of improvement must annually submit a district improvement plan in a format prescribed by the department. The plan must include provisions to improve and monitor, at a minimum, all of the following:

a. Instructional staff.

b. Professional learning.

c. Fiscal and staffing resources dedicated to school improvement.

d. Student scheduling, attendance, and behavior.

e. The use of continuous improvement and monitoring plans and processes.

2. The plan must be approved by the district school board and may be reviewed by the State Board of Education for approval or denial. District school superintendents may be called before the state board to provide implementation updates.

(c) A school district must submit, at a minimum, all of the following documents to the department as part its district improvement plan:

1. Monthly vacancy reports for instructional personnel in schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

2. Monthly teacher absenteeism rates at schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

3. Monthly student absenteeism rates at schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

4. Monthly professional learning, activities, and expenditures for instructional staff in schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

5. Monthly professional learning, activities, and expenditures for school administrators in schools receiving a grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34.

6. Local progress monitoring results that are not part of the statewide progress monitoring system.

(d) The state board may require modifications or revoke a school district's district improvement plan if the school district does not:

1. Provide evidence of plan implementation or significant districtwide improvement.

2. Submit deliverables in a format prescribed by the department or by a timeframe established by the department.

Section 30. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1011.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.69 Equity in School-Level Funding Act.—

(4) After providing Title I, Part A, Basic funds to schools above the 75 percent poverty threshold, which may include high schools above the 50 percent threshold as permitted by federal law, school districts shall provide any remaining Title I, Part A, Basic funds directly to all eligible schools as provided in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, an eligible school is a school that is eligible to receive Title I funds, including a charter school. The threshold for identifying eligible schools may not exceed the threshold established by a school district for the 2016-2017 school year or the statewide percentage of economically disadvantaged students, as determined annually.

(a) Prior to the allocation of Title I funds to eligible schools, a school district may withhold funds only as follows:

1. One percent for parent involvement, in addition to the one percent the district must reserve under federal law for allocations to eligible schools for parent involvement;

2. A necessary and reasonable amount for administration which includes the district's indirect cost rate, not to exceed a total of 10 percent;

3. A reasonable and necessary amount to provide:

a. Homeless programs;

b. Delinquent and neglected programs;

c. Prekindergarten programs and activities;

d. Private school equitable services; and

e. Transportation for foster care children to their school of origin or choice programs; and

4. A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 1 percent, for eligible schools to provide educational services in accordance with the approved Title I plan. Such educational services may include the provision of STEM curricula, instructional materials, and related learning technologies that support academic achievement in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics in Title I schools, including, but not limited to, technologies related to drones, coding, animation, artificial intelligence, cybersecurity, data science, the engineering design process, mobile development, and robotics. Funds may be reserved under this subparagraph only to the extent that all required reservations under federal law have been met and that such reservation does not reduce school-level allocations below the levels required under federal law.

Section 31. Paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (6) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (f) and (g), respectively, and paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (f) of subsection (6), and subsection (9) of that section are amended, to read:

1012.56 Educator certification requirements.—

(1) APPLICATION.—Each person seeking certification pursuant to this chapter shall submit a completed application containing the applicant's social security number to the Department of Education and remit the fee required

pursuant to s. 1012.59 and rules of the State Board of Education. Pursuant to the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, each party is required to provide his or her social security number in accordance with this section. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement is limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program of the Social Security Act for child support enforcement.

(b) The department shall issue a temporary certificate to a qualifying applicant within 14 calendar days after receipt of a request from an employer with a professional education competence demonstration program pursuant to ~~paragraph (6)(f) and~~ subsection (9). The temporary certificate must cover the classification, level, and area for which the applicant is deemed qualified. The department shall electronically notify the applicant's employer that the temporary certificate has been issued and provide the applicant an official statement of status of eligibility at the time the certificate is issued.

The statement of status of eligibility must be provided electronically and must advise the applicant of any qualifications that must be completed to qualify for certification. Each method by which an applicant can complete the qualifications for a professional certificate must be included in the statement of status of eligibility. Each statement of status of eligibility is valid for 5 years after its date of issuance, except as provided in paragraph (2)(d).

(6) MASTERY OF PROFESSIONAL PREPARATION AND EDUCATION COMPETENCE.—Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of professional preparation and education competence are:

~~(f) Successful completion of professional preparation courses as specified in state board rule, successful completion of a professional education competence program pursuant to subsection (9), and documentation of 3 years of being rated effective or highly effective under s. 1012.34 while holding a temporary certificate;~~

The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to implement this subsection, including rules to approve specific teacher preparation programs that are not identified in this subsection which may be used to meet requirements for mastery of professional preparation and education competence.

(9) PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION COMPETENCY PROGRAM.—

(a) Each school district must and a private school or state-supported public school, including a charter school, may develop and maintain a system by which members of the instructional staff may demonstrate mastery of professional preparation and education competence as required by law. Each program must:

1. Be based on classroom application of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices and instructional performance and, for public schools, must be aligned with the district's or state-supported public school's evaluation system established under s. 1012.34, as applicable.

2. Include individualized plan tailored to each candidate to determine the appropriate professional learning plan.

3. Monitor candidate performance to ensure candidates are meeting program expectations and implement a remediation process for candidates not meeting program performance expectations.

4. Assign a mentor that meets the requirements of paragraph (7)(e) to each candidate participating in the program.

(b) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to ~~Commissioner of Education shall determine the continued approval of programs implemented under this paragraph, based upon the department's review of performance data. The department shall review the performance data as a part of the periodic review of each school district's professional learning system required under s. 1012.98.~~

Section 32. Subsection (8) of section 1013.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.03 Functions of the department and the Board of Governors.—The functions of the Department of Education as it pertains to educational facilities of school districts and Florida College System institutions and of the Board of Governors as it pertains to educational facilities of state universities shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(8) Provide minimum criteria, procedures, and training to boards to conduct educational plant surveys and document the determination of future needs. No later than December 1, 2026, the department shall review and revise

the Size of Space and Occupant Design Criteria section of the State Requirements for Educational Facilities based on input from stakeholders.

Section 33. Paragraphs (d) and (f) of subsection (1) of section 1014.05, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1014.05 School district notifications on parental rights.—

(1) Each district school board shall, in consultation with parents, teachers, and administrators, develop and adopt a policy to promote parental involvement in the public school system. Such policy must include:

(d) Procedures, pursuant to s. 1002.20(3)(d), for a parent to withdraw his or her minor child from any portion of the school district's instruction on reproductive health, including human embryologic and fetal development under s. 1003.42(2)(o)1.h., or any disease, including HIV/AIDS ~~comprehensive health education required under s. 1003.42(2)(o) that relates to sex education or instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome education or any instruction regarding sexuality if the parent provides a written objection to his or her minor child's participation.~~ Such procedures must provide for a parent to be notified in advance of such course content so that he or she may withdraw his or her minor child from those portions of the course.

(f) Procedures for a parent to learn about parental rights and responsibilities under general law, including all of the following:

1. Pursuant to s. 1002.20(3)(d), the right to be notified in advance and to opt his or her minor child out of any portion of the school district's instruction on reproductive health, including human embryologic and fetal development under s. 1003.42(2)(o)1.h., or any disease, including HIV/AIDS

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 62-63 and insert:

human embryologic and fetal development; authorizing parents

Rep. Bartleman moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Gantt offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 656553)

Amendment 5—Remove lines 362-373 and insert: schools of the state. Admissions criteria should reflect an emphasis on student merit and achievement and a student population reflective of the student population of the public school environment in which the issues and problems are most prevalent shall be promoted and encouraged through the establishment and implementation of an admission process that is designed to result in a representative sample of public school enrollment ~~based on gender, race, socioeconomic status, and academic ability, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1000.05.~~

Rep. Gantt moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Trabulsky offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 243621)

Amendment 6 (with directory and title amendments)—Between lines 472 and 473, insert:

(19) FACILITIES AND LAND USE.—

(a) A private school may use facilities on property owned or leased by a library, community service organization, museum, performing arts venue, theater, cinema, or church facility under s. 170.201, which is or was actively used as such within 5 years of any executed agreement with a private school to use the facilities; any facility or land owned by a Florida College System institution or university; any similar public institutional facilities; and any facility recently used to house a school or child care facility licensed under s. 402.305, under any such facility's preexisting zoning and land use designations without rezoning or obtaining a special exception or a land use change, and without complying with any mitigation requirements or

conditions. The facility must be located on property used solely for purposes described in this paragraph, and must meet applicable state and local health, safety, and welfare laws, codes, and rules, including firesafety and building safety.

(b) A private school may use facilities on property purchased from a library, community service organization, museum, performing arts venue, theater, cinema, or church facility under s. 170.201, which is actively or was actively used as such within 5 years of any executed agreement with a private school to purchase the facilities; any facility or land owned by a Florida College System institution or university; any similar public institutional facilities; and any facility recently used to house a school or child care facility licensed under s. 402.305, under any such facility's preexisting zoning and land use designations without obtaining a special exception, rezoning, or a land use change, and without complying with any mitigation requirements or conditions. The facility must be located on property used solely for purposes described in this paragraph, and must meet applicable state and local health, safety, and welfare laws, codes, and rules, including firesafety and building safety.

(c) A private school located in a county with four incorporated municipalities may construct new facilities, which may be temporary or permanent, on property purchased from or owned or leased by a library, community service organization, museum, performing arts venue, theater, cinema, or church under s. 170.201, which is or was actively used as such within 5 years of any executed agreement with a private school; any land owned by a Florida College System institution or state university; and any land recently used to house a school or child care facility licensed under s. 402.305, under its preexisting zoning and land use designations without rezoning or obtaining a special exception or a land use change, and without complying with any mitigation requirements or conditions. Any new facility must be located on property used solely for purposes described in this paragraph, and must meet applicable state and local health, safety, and welfare laws, codes, and rules, including firesafety and building safety.

(d) A private school enrolling 150 or fewer students shall be considered a permitted use in a commercial or mixed-use zoning district within a county or municipality without rezoning or obtaining a special exception or a land use change, and without complying with any mitigation requirements, conditions, performance standards, ordinances, rules, codes, or policies.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a private school enrolling 150 or fewer students may operate in a facility that is an existing assembly, day care, mercantile, or business occupancy, as defined in the Florida Fire Prevention Code. A private school operating in such a facility must meet the standards for existing educational occupancy requirements under the Florida Fire Prevention Code, adopted by the State Fire Marshal. Completion of the fire safety evaluation system for educational occupancies in NFPA 101A: Guide on Alternative Approaches to Life Safety, adopted by the State Fire Marshal, by a registered design professional licensed under chapter 471 or chapter 481, with a determination of achieving at a minimum an "at least equivalent" conclusion, shall be considered evidence of compliance with the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The State Fire Marshal may adopt rules to implement this paragraph.

DIRECTORY AMENDMENT

Remove lines 432-433 and insert:

Section 7. Subsections (17) and (19) of section 1002.42, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 29 and insert:

approved devices; providing that certain private schools are considered a permitted use in certain zoning districts; authorizing certain private schools to operate in facilities that meet specified requirements; requiring certain private schools operating in such facilities to meet specified Florida Fire Prevention Code standards; providing that completion of a specified evaluation system with certain ratings by specified persons constitutes evidence of compliance with the Florida Fire Prevention Code for such

private schools; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to adopt rules; amending s. 1002.421, F.S.; revising

Rep. Trabulsy moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

Representative Robinson, F. offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 369401)

Amendment 7 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 811-813 and insert:

Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (o) of subsection (2), and subsection (5) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.42 Required instruction.—

(1)

(b) All materials used to teach reproductive health or any disease, including HIV/AIDS, its symptoms, development, and treatment, as part of the courses referenced in subsection (5), must be annually approved by the district school board in an open, noticed meeting ~~department~~.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 61 and insert:

amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; requiring district school boards, rather than the Department of Education, to annually approve specified instructional materials; requiring instruction in

Rep. F. Robinson moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Eskamani offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 759139)

Amendment 8—Remove lines 878-887 and insert:

(I) A high-definition, nonpartisan, medically accurate ultrasound video, at least 1 minute in duration, showing the development of the heart and other organs and movement of the limbs and head.

(II) A high-quality, nonpartisan, medically accurate, computer-generated rendering, animation, video, or other multimedia, at least 3 minutes in duration, showing and describing the process of fertilization and various stages of human development inside the uterus, noting significant markers in cell growth and organ development by week from conception until birth.

b. The instruction under sub-subparagraph a. may not be produced by a tax-exempt nonprofit organization under s. 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and must be approved in consultation with an accredited organization, such as the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, the American Academy of Pediatrics, the American Medical Association, or the American Public Health Association.

c. The State Board of Education may adopt rules to

Rep. Eskamani moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Harris offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 298571)

Amendment 9 (with title amendment)—Remove line 887 and insert:

b. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "medically accurate" means verified or supported by the weight of research conducted in compliance with accepted scientific methods and:

(I) Published in peer-reviewed journals, where applicable; or

(II) Comprising information that leading professional organizations and agencies with relevant expertise in the field recognize as accurate, objective, and complete.

c. The State Board of Education may adopt rules to

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 63 and insert:
requirements for such instruction; defining the term "medically accurate";
authorizing parents

Rep. Harris moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Overdorf offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 406043)

Amendment 10 (with directory and title amendments)—Between lines 891 and 892, insert:

(w)1. For students in grades 2 through 5, the study of cursive writing and the development of the skills necessary for legible cursive writing, including:

a. Letter formation.

b. Proper spacing and alignment.

c. Practice in writing complete words and sentences in cursive.

2. By the end of grade 5, each student must demonstrate proficiency in cursive writing through an evaluation of written work. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "proficiency in cursive writing" means all of the following:

a. The ability to write uppercase and lowercase letters of the alphabet in cursive writing.

b. Writing words and sentences in cursive legibly and maintaining proper spacing and alignment.

c. The ability to read and apply cursive writing in a manner that supports literacy development, including writing essays and assignments in cursive writing in accordance with state academic standards.

DIRECTORY AMENDMENT

Remove line 812 and insert:

(5) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (w) is added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 63-64 and insert:

requirements for such instruction; requiring students in specified grades to receive instruction in cursive writing; providing requirements for such instruction; requiring students to demonstrate proficiency in cursive writing by the end of a specified grade; defining the term "proficiency in cursive writing"; authorizing parents to opt students out of the instruction in human embryologic and fetal development; amending s.

Rep. Overdorf moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

Representative Trabulsy offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 497431)

Amendment 11 (with title amendment)—Between lines 1021 and 1022, insert:

Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 1003.4203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4203 Digital materials, CAPE Digital Tool certificates, CAPE industry certifications, and technical assistance.—

(2) CAPE DIGITAL TOOL CERTIFICATES.—The department shall identify, in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under ss. 1003.492 and 1008.44, CAPE Digital Tool certificates that indicate a student's digital skills. The department shall notify each school district when the certificates are available. The certificates shall be made available to all public elementary and middle grades students. Targeted skills to be mastered for the certificate include digital skills that are necessary to the student's academic work and skills the student may need in future employment. CAPE Digital Tool

certificates earned by students are eligible for additional funding pursuant to s. 1011.62(17). Middle grade students may not earn more than two CAPE Digital Tools certificates per school year.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 74 and insert:

based"; amending s. 1003.4203, F.S.; requiring certain CAPE Digital Tool certificates to be available to middle grades students; providing a limit on the number of such certificates middle grade students may earn per school year; amending s. 1003.46, F.S.; authorizing parents

Rep. Trabulsy moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

Representative Trabulsy offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 126073)

Amendment 12 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 1038-1166

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 76-79 and insert:

to health education; amending s. 1006.12, F.S.; providing

Rep. Trabulsy moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

On motion by Rep. Trabulsy, the rules were waived and **CS/CS/CS/HB 1071** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 611

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—82

Abbott	Cassel	Johnson	Redondo
Albert	Chamberlin	Kendall	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Chaney	Kincart Jonsson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Cobb	LaMarca	Salzman
Andrade	Conerly	Maggard	Sapp
Baker	Daniels	Maney	Shoaf
Bankson	Duggan	McClure	Sirois
Basabe	Esposito	McFarland	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	Melo	Snyder
Berfield	Garrison	Michael	Stark
Black	Gentry	Miller	Steele
Blanco	Gerwig	Mooney	Tomkow
Booth	Giallombardo	Nix	Trabulsy
Borrero	Gonzalez Pittman	Oliver	Tramont
Botana	Gossett-Seidman	Overdorf	Tuck
Boyles	Greco	Owen	Valdés
Brackett	Griffitts	Partington	Weinberger
Brannan	Grow	Perez	Yarkosky
Buchanan	Hodgers	Plakon	Yeager
Busatta	Holcomb	Plasencia	
Canady	Jacques	Porras	

Nays—31

Alvarez, J.	Driskell	Hart-Lowman	Rosenwald
Antone	Dunkley	Hinson	Skidmore
Aristide	Edmonds	Hunschofsky	Spencer
Bartleman	Eskamani	Long	Tant
Campbell	Franklin	López, J.	Tendrich
Chambliss	Gantt	Nixon	Woodson
Cross	Gottlieb	Rayner	Young
Daley	Harris	Robinson, F.	

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 611

Because of how broadly DEI is defined here, this bill takes a wrecking ball to student life. Under this bill, funding could be cut from Black Student Unions, Latinos in Action, Jewish student groups, Catholic campus

ministries, and gay-straight alliances that exist so students don't feel isolated or unsafe. These are support networks, not social purity zones. They are leadership pipelines, places where first-generation students find mentors, where students of faith find community, where LGBTQ kids find out they're not alone. You don't bring people together by erasing spaces where they found belonging. You don't reduce division by telling students that their lived experience is now too controversial to acknowledge with public support. This bill doesn't eliminate labels. But it does decide which ones are acceptable. What makes this especially dangerous is how vague and expansive it is. Administrators must guess which student groups might trigger penalties. Defund first and ask questions later. Students from the same marginalized communities we keep hating on will pay the price. This bill tells students that the safest path is silence and invisibility. That is conformity enforced by the heavy hand of big government. This bill doesn't bring us together. It pushes people out.

*Rep. Daryl Campbell
District 99*

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 611

There are several components of this bill that I support and see as good education policy. Unfortunately, there are also many components that are concerning, including language that would allow for an anti-abortion video to be shown in our public school -- to our students. This is unacceptable and is ironic since my colleagues across the aisle often like to preach against 'indoctrination in our schools' and yet this is one of the most obvious examples of indoctrination. I am hopeful that language will not be in the final version of this bill.

*Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42*

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate after engrossment.

CS/HB 1201—A bill to be entitled An act relating to student health and safety; amending s. 385.207, F.S.; revising Department of Health responsibilities for educational programs concerning epilepsy; amending s. 1006.0626, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "school"; revising requirements for a student's individualized seizure action plan; revising the list of which employees must complete training in the care of students with epilepsy and seizure disorders; providing that the training is valid for 5 years; requiring schools to display a specified poster; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Mooney, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 612

Representative Busatta in the Chair.

Yeas—112

Abbott	Borrero	Daniels	Greco
Albert	Botana	Driskell	Griffitts
Alvarez, D.	Boyles	Duggan	Grow
Alvarez, J.	Brackett	Dunkley	Harris
Anderson	Brannan	Edmonds	Hart-Lowman
Andrade	Buchanan	Eskamani	Hinson
Antone	Busatta	Esposito	Hodgers
Aristide	Campbell	Fabricio	Holcomb
Baker	Canady	Franklin	Hunschofsky
Bankson	Cassel	Gantt	Jacques
Bartleman	Chamberlin	Garrison	Johnson
Basabe	Chambliss	Gentry	Kendall
Benarroch	Chaney	Gerwig	Kincart Jonsson
Berfield	Cobb	Giallombardo	LaMarca
Black	Conerly	Gonzalez Pittman	Long
Blanco	Cross	Gossett-Seidman	López, J.
Booth	Daley	Gottlieb	Maggard

McClure	Partington	Salzman	Tendrich
McFarland	Perez	Sapp	Tomkow
Melo	Plakon	Shoaf	Trabulsy
Michael	Plasencia	Sirois	Tramont
Miller	Porras	Skidmore	Tuck
Mooney	Rayner	Smith	Valdés
Nix	Redondo	Snyder	Weinberger
Nixon	Rizo	Spencer	Woodson
Oliver	Robinson, F.	Stark	Yarkosky
Overdorf	Robinson, W.	Steele	Yeager
Owen	Rosenwald	Tant	Young

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby, Maney

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 757—A bill to be entitled An act relating to school safety; amending s. 30.15, F.S.; requiring sheriffs to assist public postsecondary educational institutions in implementing guardian programs under certain provisions; authorizing a law enforcement agency to provide training; defining the term "law enforcement agency"; authorizing public postsecondary educational institutions to participate in the school guardian program; requiring public postsecondary educational institutions to provide a specified notice to the sheriff; amending s. 790.115, F.S.; creating the offense of discharging a weapon or firearm within 1,000 feet of a school; providing an exception; providing that a person arrested for certain offenses must be held in custody until brought before the court for admittance to bail; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; ranking an offense created by the act on the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code; amending s. 943.082, F.S.; requiring that postsecondary institutions be made aware of the mobile suspicious activity reporting tool in a specified manner; requiring public postsecondary educational institutions to promote the use of such tool; amending s. 1001.2921, F.S.; authorizing funds for Catholic schools for specified security purposes; prioritizing the use of such funds; amending s. 1003.25, F.S.; requiring specified educational records for certain students to be transferred to a Florida College System institution or state university under certain circumstances; requiring the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors to adopt rules and regulations, respectively; amending s. 1006.07, F.S.; requiring certain trainings to include specified information relating to school safety; reenacting and amending s. 1006.12, F.S.; removing the requirement that only sheriffs may provide required school guardian training; creating s. 1006.601, F.S.; defining the term "public postsecondary educational institution"; authorizing such institutions to participate in certain programs; authorizing such institutions to appoint certified school guardians; authorizing specified persons to serve as school guardians; requiring such institutions to adopt specified emergency response plans; requiring such institutions to provide specified training, post specified information, and adopt threat management processes; requiring such institutions to develop policies for specified student, faculty, and staff supports; authorizing the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors to adopt rules and regulations, respectively; reenacting ss. 402.305(19)(a), 843.08, 943.03(16), and 1001.212(1), (4), F.S., relating to licensing standards, child care facilities, false personation, Department of Law Enforcement, and Office of Safe Schools, respectively; providing effective dates.

—was read the second time by title.

Representative Salzman offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 055721)

Amendment 1 (with title amendment)—Remove lines 85-310 and insert: security guards, pursuant to subparagraph 2., to meet the demand for the training of school district, charter school, public postsecondary educational institution, private school, child care facility, or security agency employees, either directly or through a contract with other another sheriff's offices office that have has established a guardian program. The security agency employing

a school security guard is responsible for all training and screening-related costs for a school security guard, but such charges may not exceed the actual cost incurred by the sheriff to provide the training.

b. Upon the request of a private school, child care facility, public postsecondary educational institution, or a charter school governing board in a school district that has not implemented voted, or has declined, to implement a guardian program, may request the sheriff in the county must to establish a guardian training program or contract with other sheriff's offices that have established a guardian training program to meet demand for the purpose of training of the private school, child care facility, public postsecondary educational institution, or charter school employees or school security guards consistent with the requirements of subparagraph 2. If the county sheriff denies the request, the charter school governing board may contract with a sheriff that has established a guardian program to provide such training. The charter school governing board must notify the superintendent and the sheriff in the charter school's county of the contract prior to its execution. The security agency employing a school security guard is responsible for all training and screening-related costs for a school security guard, but such charges may not exceed the actual cost incurred by the sheriff to provide the training.

e. ~~A private school or child care facility in a school district that has not voted, or has declined, to implement a guardian program may request that the sheriff in the county of the private school or child care facility establish a guardian program for the purpose of training private school employees, child care facility employees, or school security guards. If the county sheriff denies the request, the private school or child care facility may contract with a sheriff from another county who has established a guardian program under subparagraph 2. to provide such training. The private school or child care facility must notify the sheriff in the private school's or child care facility's county of the contract with a sheriff from another county before its execution.~~ The private school, child care facility, or security agency is responsible for all training and screening-related costs for a school guardian program. The sheriff providing such training must ensure that any moneys paid by a private school, child care facility, or security agency are not commingled with any funds provided by the state to the sheriff as reimbursement for screening-related and training-related costs of any school district or charter school employee.

c.d. The training program required in sub-subparagraph 2.b. is a standardized statewide curriculum, and each sheriff providing such training shall adhere to the course of instruction specified in that sub-subparagraph. The costs for the training program shall be consistent with guidelines established by the Florida Sheriffs Association. This subparagraph does not prohibit a sheriff from providing additional training. Any additional training shall be provided at no cost to a private school, child care facility, or security agency. A school guardian or school security guard who has completed the training program required in sub-subparagraph 2.b. may not be required to attend another sheriff's training program pursuant to that sub-subparagraph unless there has been at least a 1-year break in his or her appointment as a guardian or employment by a security agency as a school security guard in a school.

d.e. The sheriff conducting the training pursuant to subparagraph 2. for school district, ~~and~~ charter school, or public postsecondary educational institution employees will be reimbursed for screening-related and training-related costs and for providing a one-time stipend of \$500 to each school guardian who participates in the school guardian program.

e.f. The sheriff may waive the training and screening-related costs for a private school or child care facility for a school guardian training program. Funds provided pursuant to sub-subparagraph e. may not be used to subsidize any costs that have been waived by the sheriff. The sheriff may not waive the training and screening-related costs required to be paid by a security agency for initial training or ongoing training of a school security guard.

f.g. A person who is certified and in good standing under the Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission, who meets the qualifications established in s. 943.13, and who is otherwise qualified for the position of a school guardian or school security guard may be certified as a school guardian or school security guard by the sheriff without completing the training requirements of sub-subparagraph 2.b. However, a person certified as a school guardian or school security guard under this sub-subparagraph must meet the requirements of sub-subparagraphs 2.c.-e.

2. A sheriff who establishes a program shall consult with the Department of Law Enforcement on programmatic guiding principles, practices, and resources, and shall certify as school guardians, without the power of arrest, school employees, as specified in s. 1006.12(3), or shall certify as school security guards those persons employed by a security agency who meet the criteria specified in s. 1006.12(4), and who:

a. Hold a valid license issued under s. 790.06 or are otherwise eligible to possess or carry a concealed firearm under chapter 790.

b. After satisfying the requirements of s. 1006.12(7), complete a 144-hour training program, consisting of 12 hours of training to improve the school guardian's knowledge and skills necessary to respond to and de-escalate incidents on school premises and 132 total hours of comprehensive firearm safety and proficiency training conducted by Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission-certified instructors, which must include:

(I) Eighty hours of firearms instruction based on the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission's Law Enforcement Academy training model, which must include at least 10 percent but no more than 20 percent more rounds fired than associated with academy training. Program participants must achieve an 85 percent pass rate on the firearms training.

(II) Sixteen hours of instruction in precision pistol.

(III) Eight hours of discretionary shooting instruction using state-of-the-art simulator exercises.

(IV) Sixteen hours of instruction in active shooter or assailant scenarios.

(V) Eight hours of instruction in defensive tactics.

(VI) Four hours of instruction in legal issues.

c. Pass a psychological evaluation administered by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 and designated by the Department of Law Enforcement and submit the results of the evaluation to the sheriff's office. The Department of Law Enforcement is authorized to provide the sheriff's office with mental health and substance abuse data for compliance with this paragraph.

d. Submit to and pass an initial drug test and subsequent random drug tests in accordance with the requirements of s. 112.0455 and the sheriff's office.

e. Successfully complete ongoing training, weapon inspection, and firearm qualification on at least an annual basis.

The sheriff who conducts the guardian training or waives the training requirements for a person under sub-subparagraph 1.g. shall issue a school guardian certificate to persons who meet the requirements of this section to the satisfaction of the sheriff, and shall maintain documentation of weapon and equipment inspections, as well as the training, certification, inspection, and qualification records of each school guardian certified by the sheriff. A person who is certified under this paragraph may serve as a school guardian under s. 1006.12(3) only if he or she is appointed by the applicable school district superintendent, charter school principal, public postsecondary educational institution president, private school head of school, or child care facility owner. A sheriff who conducts the training for a school security guard or waives the training requirements for a person under sub-subparagraph 1.g. and determines that the school security guard has met all the requirements of s. 1006.12(4) shall issue a school security guard certificate to persons who meet the requirements of this section to the satisfaction of the sheriff and shall maintain documentation of weapon and equipment inspections, training, certification, and qualification records for each school security guard certified by the sheriff.

3.a. Within 30 days after issuing a school guardian or school security guard certificate, the sheriff who issued the certificate must report to the Department of Law Enforcement the name, date of birth, and certification date of the school guardian or school security guard.

b. By February 1 and September 1 of each school year, each school district, charter school, employing security agency, public postsecondary educational institution, private school, and child care facility must report in the manner prescribed to the Department of Law Enforcement the name, date of birth, and appointment date of each person appointed as a school guardian or employed as a school security guard. The school district, charter school, employing security agency, public postsecondary educational institution, private school, and child care facility must also report in the manner prescribed to the Department of Law Enforcement the date each school

guardian or school security guard separates from his or her appointment as a school guardian or employment as a school security guard in a school.

c. The Department of Law Enforcement shall maintain a list of each person appointed as a school guardian or certified as a school security guard in the state. The list must include the name and certification date of each school guardian and school security guard and the date the person was appointed as a school guardian or certified as a school security guard, including the name of the school district, charter school, public postsecondary educational institution, private school, or child care facility in which the school guardian is appointed, or the employing security agency of a school security guard, any information provided pursuant to s. 1006.12(5), and, if applicable, the date such person separated from his or her appointment as a school guardian or the last date a school security guard served in a school as of the last reporting date. The Department of Law Enforcement shall remove from the list any person whose training has expired pursuant to sub-subparagraph 1.d.

d. Each sheriff shall report on a quarterly basis to the Department of Law Enforcement the schedule for upcoming school guardian trainings, to include guardian trainings for school security guards, including the dates of the training, the training locations, a contact person to register for the training, and the class capacity. If no trainings are scheduled, the sheriff is not required to report to the Department of Law Enforcement. The Department of Law Enforcement shall publish on its website a list of the upcoming school guardian trainings. The Department of Law Enforcement shall update such list quarterly.

e. A sheriff who fails to report the information required by this subparagraph may not receive reimbursement from the Department of Education for school guardian trainings. Upon the submission of the required information, a sheriff is deemed eligible for such funding and is authorized to continue to receive reimbursement for school guardian training.

f. A school district, charter school, public postsecondary educational institution, private school, child care facility, or employing security agency that fails to report the information required by this subparagraph is prohibited from operating a school guardian program or employing school security guards in the following school year unless the missing information is provided.

g. By March 1 and October 1 of each school year, the Department of Law Enforcement shall notify the Department of Education of any sheriff, school

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 6-12 and insert:

authorizing public postsecondary educational institutions to participate in the school guardian program; requiring a sheriff to establish a guardian training program or contract with certain other sheriff's offices to do so in certain circumstances; removing provisions relating to certain private school and child care facility guardian programs; amending s. 790.115, F.S.; creating the

Rep. Salzman moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

Representative Salzman offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 429727)

Amendment 2 (with title amendment)—Remove line 430 and insert: defined in s. 1000.04(3), that does not have an existing public safety reporting application as of July 1, 2026, shall promote the use of the mobile

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 23 and insert:

manner; requiring certain public postsecondary educational

Rep. Salzman moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

Representative Salzman offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 714819)

Amendment 3 (with directory and title amendments)—Remove lines 578-853 and insert:

(7) **THREAT MANAGEMENT TEAMS.**—Each district school board and charter school governing board shall establish a threat management team at each school whose duties include the coordination of resources and assessment and intervention with students whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of the school, school staff, or students.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all state and local agencies and programs that provide services to students experiencing or at risk of an emotional disturbance or a mental illness, including the school districts, charter schools, school personnel, state universities, Florida College System institutions, state and local law enforcement agencies, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Health, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Department of Education, the Statewide Guardian ad Litem Office, and any service or support provider contracting with such agencies, may share with each other records or information that are confidential or exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 if the records or information are reasonably necessary to ensure access to appropriate services for the student or to ensure the safety of the student or others. All such state and local agencies and programs shall communicate, collaborate, and coordinate efforts to serve such students.

Section 8. Section 1006.601, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1006.601 Active Response and Mitigation of On-Campus Risks (ARMOR) Act.—

(1) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the "Active Response and Mitigation of On-Campus Risks (ARMOR) Act."

(2) **DEFINITION.**—As used in this section, the term "public postsecondary educational institution" has the same meaning as in s. 1000.04(3).

(3) **SCHOOL GUARDIANS.**—

(a) Public postsecondary educational institutions are authorized to participate in the Chris Hixon, Coach Aaron Feis, and Coach Scott Beigel Guardian Program and may appoint certified school guardians pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k).

(b) An employee or faculty member, who is not a student, of a public postsecondary educational institution may serve as a school guardian, in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, upon satisfactory completion of the requirements under s. 30.15(1)(k) and certification by a sheriff.

(4) **SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICES.**—

(a) Response plans.—Each public postsecondary educational institution shall:

1. Adopt an active assailant response plan, which shall include methods for issuing emergency notifications pursuant to 20 U.S.C. s. 1092(f), and annually certify that all faculty, staff, and students have completed active assailant preparedness training. The plan must clearly identify all personnel who may issue such emergency notifications.

2. Adopt, in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies and local government, a family reunification plan to reunite students and employees with their families in the event that an institution is closed or unexpectedly evacuated due to a natural or manmade disaster. This reunification plan must be reviewed annually and updated as necessary.

(b) Student mental health.—Each public postsecondary educational institution shall:

1. Train faculty to detect and respond to mental health issues as well as connect students who may experience behavioral health issues with appropriate services, both on campus and in the community, including crisis intervention.

2. Post on its website and in conspicuous locations at each institution a mental health awareness and suicide prevention sign that identifies ways a person can access help and services. Physical signs must be at least 11 inches by 15 inches in size and must be printed in an easily legible font and in at least 32-point type.

3. Establish threat management teams whose duties include the coordination of resources and assessment and intervention with students whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of the institution, institution

staff, or students. The threat management team must use the statewide behavioral threat management operational process and Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument developed by the Office of Safe Schools pursuant to s. 1001.212(11) or another comparable tool deemed appropriate for postsecondary institutions by the State Board of Education and Board of Governors.

The Commissioner of Education and the Chancellor of the State University System shall provide guidance on when and how administrators, mental health providers, and other appropriate personnel are legally entitled to share and receive information about individuals who may be a threat to themselves or others, including, but not limited to, the transmission of education records pursuant to s. 1003.25(4).

(c) Security risk assessment.—Each public postsecondary educational institution, in collaboration with appropriate public safety agencies, as defined in s. 365.171(3)(d), shall annually conduct a security risk assessment at each campus using the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool developed by the Office of Safe Schools pursuant to s. 1006.1493 or another comparable tool deemed appropriate for postsecondary institutions by the State Board of Education and Board of Governors. Subject to an appropriation, the institution may apply for grant funds for security improvements to its campus based on findings in the security risk assessment.

(d) Student, faculty, and staff supports.—Each public postsecondary educational institution must adopt policies and procedures to support students, faculty, and staff who are the victims of an incident constituting an act of violence or an attempted act of violence or who are subjected to a credible threat as defined in s. 784.048(1)(c). The policies shall:

1. Outline the supports available to affected persons, which may include work or class relocation, security escorts, and restricting access to certain areas by individuals who created the incident.

2. Provide for timely updates to an affected person regarding any action taken by the institution in response to the incident.

(5) RULES AND REGULATIONS.—The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors may adopt rules and regulations, respectively, to implement this section.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 30.15, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (19) of section 402.305, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

402.305 Licensing standards; child care facilities.—

(19) SAFE-SCHOOL OFFICERS.—

(a) A child care facility may partner with a law enforcement agency or a security agency to establish or assign one or more safe-school officers established in s. 1006.12(1)-(4). The child care facility is responsible for the full cost of implementing any such option, which includes all training costs under the Chris Hixon, Coach Aaron Feis, and Coach Scott Beigel Guardian Program under s. 30.15(1)(k).

Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 30.15, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 843.08, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

843.08 False personation.—A person who falsely assumes or pretends to be a firefighter, a sheriff, an officer of the Florida Highway Patrol, an officer of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, an officer of the Department of Environmental Protection, an officer of the Department of Financial Services, any personnel or representative of the Division of Criminal Investigations, an officer of the Department of Corrections, a correctional probation officer, a deputy sheriff, a state attorney or an assistant state attorney, a statewide prosecutor or an assistant statewide prosecutor, a state attorney investigator, a coroner, a police officer, a lottery special agent or lottery investigator, a beverage enforcement agent, a school guardian as described in s. 30.15(1)(k), a security officer licensed under chapter 493, any member of the Florida Commission on Offender Review or any administrative aide or supervisor employed by the commission, any personnel or representative of the Department of Law Enforcement, or a federal law enforcement officer as defined in s. 901.1505, and takes upon himself or herself to act as such, or to require any other person to aid or assist him or her in a matter pertaining to the duty of any such officer, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

However, a person who falsely personates any such officer during the course of the commission of a felony commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the commission of the felony results in the death or personal injury of another human being, the person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. In determining whether a defendant has violated this section, the court or jury may consider any relevant evidence, including, but not limited to, whether the defendant used lights in violation of s. 316.2397 or s. 843.081.

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 30.15, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (16) of section 943.03, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.03 Department of Law Enforcement.—

(16) Upon request, the department shall consult with sheriffs to provide input regarding programmatic guiding principles, practices, and resources in order to assist in the development and implementation of the Chris Hixon, Coach Aaron Feis, and Coach Scott Beigel Guardian Program established pursuant to s. 30.15. Such input and guidance may include, but need not be limited to, standards, curriculum, instructional strategies, evaluation, certification, records retention, equipment, and other resource needs.

Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 943.082 and 1006.07, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (1), (4), and (10) of section 1001.212, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

1001.212 Office of Safe Schools.—There is created in the Department of Education the Office of Safe Schools. The office is fully accountable to the Commissioner of Education. The office shall serve as a central repository for best practices, training standards, and compliance oversight in all matters regarding school safety and security, including prevention efforts, intervention efforts, and emergency preparedness planning. The office shall:

(1) Establish and update as necessary a school security risk assessment tool for use by school districts pursuant to s. 1006.07(6). The office shall make the security risk assessment tool available for use by charter schools. The office shall provide annual training to appropriate school district and charter school personnel on the proper assessment of physical site security and completion of the school security risk assessment tool.

(4) Develop and implement a School Safety Specialist Training Program for school safety specialists appointed pursuant to s. 1006.07(6). The office shall develop the training program which shall be based on national and state best practices on school safety and security and must include active shooter training. The office shall develop training modules in traditional or online formats. A school safety specialist certificate of completion shall be awarded to a school safety specialist who satisfactorily completes the training required by rules of the office.

(10) Disseminate, in consultation with the Department of Law Enforcement, to participating schools awareness and education materials on the proper use of the School Safety Awareness Program developed pursuant to s. 943.082, including the consequences of knowingly submitting false information.

Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 30.15, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (3), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), and subsection (7) of section 1006.12, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

1006.12 Safe-school officers at each public school.—For the protection and safety of school personnel, property, students, and visitors, each district school board and school district superintendent shall partner with law enforcement agencies or security agencies to establish or assign one or more safe-school officers at each school facility within the district, including charter schools. A district school board must collaborate with charter school governing boards to facilitate charter school access to all safe-school officer options available under this section. The school district may implement any combination of the options in subsections (1)-(4) to best meet the needs of the school district and charter schools.

(3) SCHOOL GUARDIAN.—

(a) At the school district's or the charter school governing board's discretion, as applicable, pursuant to s. 30.15, a school district or charter school governing board may participate in the Chris Hixon, Coach Aaron

Feis, and Coach Scott Beigel Guardian Program to meet the requirement of establishing a safe-school officer. The following individuals may serve as a school guardian, in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, upon satisfactory completion of the requirements under s. 30.15(1)(k) and certification by a sheriff:

1. A school district employee or personnel, as defined under s. 1012.01, or a charter school employee, as provided under s. 1002.33(12)(a), who volunteers to serve as a school guardian in addition to his or her official job duties; or

2. An employee of a school district or a charter school who is hired for the specific purpose of serving as a school guardian.

(4) **SCHOOL SECURITY GUARD.**—A school district or charter school governing board may contract with a security agency as defined in s. 493.6101(18) to employ as a school security guard an individual who holds a Class "D" and Class "G" license pursuant to chapter 493, provided the following training and contractual conditions are met:

(a) An individual who serves as a school security guard, for purposes of satisfying the requirements of this section, must:

1. Demonstrate completion of 144 hours of required training conducted by a sheriff pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k)2.

2. Pass a psychological evaluation administered by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 and designated by the Department of Law Enforcement and submit the results of the evaluation to the sheriff's office and school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable. The Department of Law Enforcement is authorized to provide the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency with mental health and substance abuse data for compliance with this paragraph.

3. Submit to and pass an initial drug test and subsequent random drug tests in accordance with the requirements of s. 112.0455 and the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable.

4. Be approved to work as a school security guard by the sheriff of each county in which the school security guard will be assigned to a school before commencing work at any school in that county. The sheriff's approval authorizes the security agency to assign the school security guard to any school in the county, and the sheriff's approval is not limited to any particular school.

5. Successfully complete ongoing training, weapon inspection, and firearm qualification conducted by a sheriff pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k)2.e. on at least an annual basis and provide documentation to the sheriff's office, school district, charter school governing board, or employing security agency, as applicable.

(7) **LIMITATIONS.**—An individual must satisfy the background screening, psychological evaluation, and drug test requirements and be approved by the sheriff before participating in any training required by s. 30.15(1)(k), which may be conducted only by a sheriff.

If a district school board, through its adopted policies, procedures, or actions, denies a charter school access to any safe-school officer options pursuant to this section, the school district must assign a school resource officer or school safety officer to the charter school. Under such circumstances, the charter school's share of the costs of the school resource officer or school safety officer may not exceed the safe school allocation funds provided to the charter school pursuant to s. 1011.62(12) and shall be retained by the school district.

DIRECTORY AMENDMENT

Remove lines 495-496 and insert:

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and paragraph (g) of subsection (7) of section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 35-56 and insert:

information relating to school safety; authorizing, in certain circumstances, state universities and Florida College System institutions to share specified

records or information that are confidential or exempt from disclosure with specified agencies; creating s. 1006.601, F.S.; providing a short title; defining the term "public postsecondary educational institution"; authorizing such institutions to participate in certain programs; authorizing such institutions to appoint certified school guardians; authorizing specified persons to serve as school guardians; requiring such institutions to adopt specified emergency response plans; requiring such institutions to provide specified training, post specified information, and adopt threat management processes; requiring such institutions to develop policies for specified student, faculty, and staff supports; authorizing the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors to adopt rules and regulations, respectively; reenacting ss. 402.305(19)(a), 843.08, 943.03(16), 1001.212(1) and (4), and 1006.12(3)(a), (4)(a), and (7), F.S., relating to licensing standards for child care facilities, false personation, the Department of Law Enforcement, the Office of Safe Schools, and safe-school officers at each public school, respectively; providing effective

Rep. Salzman moved the adoption of the amendment, which was adopted.

Representative Hunschofsky offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 872267)

Amendment 4 (with title amendment)—Remove line 676 and insert: certified school guardians pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k). A public postsecondary educational institution that participates in such program shall do all of the following:

1. Notify enrolled students and faculty that such institution has chosen to participate in the program.

2. Explain to enrolled students and faculty what the program is.

3. Explain to enrolled students what they should expect in their classrooms as a result of participation in the program.

4. Publish on such institution's website, in an easily accessible location, a notification that such institution has chosen to participate in the program.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Between lines 42 and 43, insert:

requiring such an institution that participates in such program to provide notification of participation in a specified manner;

Rep. Hunschofsky moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Hunschofsky offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 330695)

Amendment 5—Remove line 678 and insert: and who does not perform classroom duties as a professor or teaching assistant of a public postsecondary educational institution may serve as a

Rep. Hunschofsky moved the adoption of the amendment.

THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE IN THE CHAIR

The question recurred on the adoption of **Amendment 5 (330695)**, which failed of adoption.

Representative Hunschofsky offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 347527)

Amendment 6 (with title amendment)—Between lines 682 and 683, insert:

(c) While serving as a school guardian under paragraph (b), a person shall carry his or her firearm concealed, holstered, and secured on his or her person and shall engage any safety feature on the firearm which is designed to prevent accidental discharge if such feature is incorporated into the design of the

firearm. A person who stores such firearm within ready reach or in a place that is quickly accessible, including a bag, drawer, or cabinet, is not in compliance with this paragraph.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 44 and insert:
guardians; requiring such a school guardian to carry a firearm in a specified manner while serving as a school guardian; providing construction; requiring such institutions to adopt

Rep. Hunschofsky moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

Representative Hunschofsky offered the following:

(Amendment Bar Code: 020155)

Amendment 7 (with title amendment)—Remove line 751 and insert:
(4) SCHOOL GUARDIAN DISCIPLINE RECORDS.—Any records relating to the discipline of a school guardian are subject to disclosure pursuant to s. 119.07(1) and shall be made available upon request.
(5) RULES AND REGULATIONS.—The State Board of Education

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line 50 and insert:
supports; providing that records relating to the discipline of a school guardian are subject to public disclosure; authorizing the State Board of Education and

Rep. Hunschofsky moved the adoption of the amendment, which failed of adoption.

On motion by Rep. Salzman, the rules were waived and **CS/CS/HB 757** was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 613

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—83

Abbott	Chamberlin	Johnson	Redondo
Albert	Chaney	Kendall	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Cobb	Kincart Jonsson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Conerly	Koster	Salzman
Andrade	Daley	LaMarca	Sapp
Baker	Daniels	Maggard	Shoaf
Bankson	Duggan	Maney	Sirois
Basabe	Esposito	McClure	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	McFarland	Snyder
Berfield	Garrison	Melo	Stark
Black	Gentry	Michael	Steele
Blanco	Gerwig	Miller	Tendrich
Booth	Giallombardo	Mooney	Tomkow
Borrero	Gonzalez Pittman	Nix	Trabulsy
Botana	Gossett-Seidman	Oliver	Tramont
Boyles	Greco	Overdorf	Tuck
Brackett	Griffitts	Owen	Valdés
Brannan	Grow	Partington	Weinberger
Buchanan	Hodgers	Perez	Yarkosky
Busatta	Holcomb	Plasencia	Yeager
Canady	Jacques	Porras	

Nays—25

Alvarez, J.	Dunkley	Hunschofsky	Spencer
Antone	Eskamani	López, J.	Tant
Aristide	Gantt	Nixon	Woodson
Bartleman	Gottlieb	Rayner	Young
Campbell	Harris	Robinson, F.	
Cross	Hart-Lowman	Rosenwald	
Driskell	Hinson	Skidmore	

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

Explanation of Vote for Sequence Number 613

There is a lot of good and pro-active school safety policies in this bill. But the expansion of the Guardian Program -- allowing faculty and professors to be armed on our college campuses -- along with the lack of funding for all universities and colleges to fund formal security systems, gives me major pause and resulted in my no vote.

*Rep. Dr. Anna V. Eskamani
District 42*

So the bill passed, as amended, and was certified to the Senate after engrossment.

CS/CS/HB 325—A bill to be entitled An act relating to education and workforce development for inmates; amending s. 334.044, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Transportation to expend certain funds for all workforce development programs, rather than only construction workforce development programs; authorizing the department to provide grants to private educational providers to use for certain certification and training opportunities; amending s. 334.62, F.S.; requiring certification and training opportunities to include training for specified commercial driver licenses to certain inmates; providing eligibility; authorizing the department to use workforce development funds for certain certification and training opportunities; amending s. 944.801, F.S.; requiring the Correctional Education Program under the Department of Corrections to annually submit a report to the Secretary of Corrections with specified information; authorizing the Correctional Education Program to implement a career and technical education program in which certain inmates can earn specified commercial driver licenses; providing eligibility; amending s. 945.091, F.S.; authorizing an inmate to be transported in or to operate a state-owned vehicle under certain circumstances; requiring a certified correctional officer to be present during such transport or operation; amending s. 945.0913, F.S.; authorizing inmates to drive a state-owned vehicle under certain circumstances; requiring a certified correctional officer to be present during such transport or operation; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Kendall, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 614

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—112

Abbott	Chaney	Hodgers	Rayner
Albert	Cobb	Holcomb	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Anderson	Cross	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Andrade	Daley	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Antone	Daniels	Kendall	Rosenwald
Aristide	Driskell	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Baker	Duggan	Koster	Sapp
Bankson	Dunkley	LaMarca	Shoaf
Bartleman	Edmonds	Long	Sirois
Basabe	Eskamani	López, J.	Skidmore
Benarroch	Esposito	Maggard	Smith
Berfield	Fabricio	Maney	Snyder
Black	Franklin	McClure	Spencer
Blanco	Gantt	McFarland	Stark
Booth	Garrison	Melo	Steele
Borrero	Gentry	Michael	Tant
Botana	Gerwig	Miller	Tendrich
Boyles	Giallombardo	Mooney	Tomkow
Brackett	Gonzalez Pittman	Nix	Trabulsy
Brannan	Gossett-Seidman	Nixon	Tramont
Buchanan	Gottlieb	Oliver	Tuck
Busatta	Greco	Overdorf	Valdés
Campbell	Griffitts	Owen	Weinberger
Canady	Grow	Partington	Woodson
Chamberlin	Harris	Perez	Yarkosky
Chambliss	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	Yeager
	Hinson	Porras	Young

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 859—A bill to be entitled An act relating to exceptional students and video cameras in public schools; amending s. 1003.574, F.S.; deleting references to the Video Cameras in Public School Classrooms Pilot Program; deleting an obsolete definition; requiring a district school board to establish a policy to provide video cameras in self-contained classrooms upon the request of a parent; prohibiting a school or school district from concealing the identity of an employee in a video recording; providing that a video recording made available after a request must include accompanying audio; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Chambliss, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 615

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—111

Abbott	Cobb	Holcomb	Redondo
Albert	Conerly	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, D.	Cross	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Alvarez, J.	Daley	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Anderson	Daniels	Kendall	Rosenwald
Andrade	Driskell	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Antone	Duggan	Koster	Sapp
Aristide	Dunkley	LaMarca	Shoaf
Baker	Edmonds	Long	Sirois
Bankson	Eskamani	López, J.	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maggard	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	Maney	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McClure	Spencer
Black	Gantt	McFarland	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Melo	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Michael	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Miller	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Mooney	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nix	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Nixon	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Oliver	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Overdorf	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Owen	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Partington	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Perez	Yarkosky
Chamberlin	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	Yeager
Chambliss	Hinson	Porras	Young
Chaney	Hodgers	Rayner	

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/HB 561—A bill to be entitled An act relating to educator preparation and certification; amending s. 1004.85, F.S.; authorizing an educator preparation institute to allow certain program participants to enroll in introductory coursework; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; revising the criteria for the award of a temporary educator certification to include certain persons with expired professional certificates; amending s. 1012.585, F.S.; requiring that subject area coverages and endorsements for a certificateholder be reinstated with the certificateholder's professional certificate; revising requirements for reinstatement of a professional certificate; providing that certain requirements for reinstatement of a professional certificate may not be satisfied using specific inservice points; amending s. 1012.981, F.S.; requiring the Florida Center for Teaching Excellence to collaborate with the David C. Anchin

Center for the Advancement of Teaching for specified purposes; requiring, rather than authorizing, the center to submit a specified professional learning system for approval by the department; requiring the center to allow certain certified educators to use such professional learning system for specified purposes at no cost to the educator; requiring the center to submit inservice points for such educators to the department; requiring the center to provide information on certain school district professional learning systems to certain certified educators; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Gerwig, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 616

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—112

Abbott	Chaney	Hodgers	Rayner
Albert	Cobb	Holcomb	Redondo
Alvarez, D.	Conerly	Hunschofsky	Rizo
Alvarez, J.	Cross	Jacques	Robinson, F.
Anderson	Daley	Johnson	Robinson, W.
Andrade	Daniels	Kendall	Rosenwald
Antone	Driskell	Kincart Jonsson	Salzman
Aristide	Duggan	Koster	Sapp
Baker	Dunkley	LaMarca	Shoaf
Bankson	Edmonds	Long	Sirois
Bartleman	Eskamani	López, J.	Skidmore
Basabe	Esposito	Maggard	Smith
Benarroch	Fabricio	Maney	Snyder
Berfield	Franklin	McClure	Spencer
Black	Gantt	McFarland	Stark
Blanco	Garrison	Melo	Steele
Booth	Gentry	Michael	Tant
Borrero	Gerwig	Miller	Tendrich
Botana	Giallombardo	Mooney	Tomkow
Boyles	Gonzalez Pittman	Nix	Trabulsy
Brackett	Gossett-Seidman	Nixon	Tramont
Brannan	Gottlieb	Oliver	Tuck
Buchanan	Greco	Overdorf	Valdés
Busatta	Griffitts	Owen	Weinberger
Campbell	Grow	Partington	Woodson
Canady	Harris	Perez	Yarkosky
Chamberlin	Hart-Lowman	Plasencia	Yeager
Chambliss	Hinson	Porras	Young

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/HB 1503—A bill to be entitled An act relating to computer science education and certification; amending s. 1007.25, F.S.; providing requirements for general education core courses with a technology component; amending s. 1007.2616, F.S.; requiring high school computer science courses to include instruction on artificial intelligence; requiring the State Board of Education to establish separate computer science subject area coverages for specified grades and to continue the comprehensive K–12 coverage; requiring the Department of Education to present recommended competencies for certain subject area coverages to the state board by a specified date; requiring the department to coordinate examinations for such subject area coverages by a specified date; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Giallombardo, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 617

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—112

Abbott Chaney
 Albert Cobb
 Alvarez, D. Conerly
 Alvarez, J. Cross
 Anderson Daley
 Andrade Daniels
 Antone Driskell
 Aristide Duggan
 Baker Dunkley
 Bankson Edmonds
 Bartleman Eskamani
 Basabe Esposito
 Benarroch Fabricio
 Berfield Franklin
 Black Gantt
 Blanco Garrison
 Booth Gentry
 Borrero Gerwig
 Botana Giallombardo
 Boyles Gonzalez Pittman
 Brackett Gossett-Seidman
 Brannan Gottlieb
 Buchanan Greco
 Busatta Griffiths
 Campbell Grow
 Canady Harris
 Chamberlin Hart-Lowman
 Chambliss Hinson

Hodgers
 Holcomb
 Hunschofsky
 Jacques
 Johnson
 Kendall
 Kincart Jonsson
 Koster
 LaMarca
 Long
 López, J.
 Maggard
 Maney
 McClure
 McFarland
 Melo
 Michael
 Miller
 Mooney
 Nix
 Nixon
 Oliver
 Overdorf
 Owen
 Partington
 Perez
 Plascencia
 Porras

Rayner
 Redondo
 Rizo
 Robinson, F.
 Robinson, W.
 Rosenwald
 Salzman
 Sapp
 Shoaf
 Sirois
 Skidmore
 Smith
 Snyder
 Spencer
 Stark
 Steele
 Tant
 Tendrich
 Tomkow
 Trabulsy
 Tramont
 Tuck
 Valdés
 Weinberger
 Woodson
 Yarkosky
 Yeager
 Young

Snyder
 Spencer
 Stark
 Steele

Tant
 Tendrich
 Tomkow
 Trabulsy

Tramont
 Tuck
 Valdés
 Weinberger

Woodson
 Yarkosky
 Yeager
 Young

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

THE SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR

Motion to Adjourn

Rep. Garrison moved that the House, after receiving reports, adjourn for the purpose of holding committee and subcommittee meetings and conducting other House business, to reconvene at 10:00 a.m., Tuesday, March 3, 2026, or upon call of the Chair. The motion was agreed to.

Messages from the Senate**Senate Conference Appointments***The Honorable Daniel Perez, Speaker*

I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate President has appointed the following conferees on HB 5001, HB 5003, HB 5201, and HB 5205 on the part of the Senate: Appropriations Conference Committee/Budget: Senator Hooper, Chair; Senators Berman, Boyd, Brodeur, Gruters, Passidomo, and Rouson, At Large; Appropriations Conference Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government/Agriculture and Natural Resources: Senator Brodeur, Chair; Senators Arrington, Berman, DiCeglie, Grall, Massullo, McClain, Pizzo, Rodriguez, Sharief, and Truenow; Appropriations Conference Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government/State Administration: Senator Brodeur, Chair; Senators Arrington, Berman, DiCeglie, Grall, Massullo, McClain, Pizzo, Rodriguez, Sharief, and Truenow; Appropriations Conference Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice/Justice: Senator Garcia, Chair; Senators Martin, Osgood, Polsky, Simon, Smith, Wright, and Yarborough; Appropriations Conference Committee on Health and Human Services/Health Care: Senator Trumbull, Chair; Senators Brodeur, Burton, Davis, Garcia, Harrell, Rodriguez, Rouson, and Sharief; Appropriations Conference Committee on Higher Education/Higher Education: Senator Harrell, Chair; Senators Bracy Davis, Bradley, Burgess, Calatayud, Davis, and Leek; Appropriations Conference Committee on Pre-K – 12 Education/Pre-K – 12: Senator Burgess, Chair; Senators Bradley, Calatayud, Gaetz, Jones, Massullo, Osgood, Pizzo, Simon, and Yarborough; Appropriations Conference Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development/Transportation and Economic Development: Senator DiCeglie, Chair; Senators Arrington, Avila, Bernard, Bracy Davis, Grall, Leek, Martin, Mayfield, McClain, Polsky, Smith, Truenow, and Wright.

*Tracy C. Cantella, Secretary***Budget Conference***The Honorable Daniel Perez, Speaker*

I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed HB 5001, with 1 amendment.

Having refused to pass HB 5001 as passed by the House, the Senate accedes to the request for conference.

Tracy C. Cantella, Secretary

Nays—None

Votes after roll call:

Yeas—Barnaby

So the bill passed and was certified to the Senate.

CS/CS/CS/HB 1081—A bill to be entitled An act relating to cybersecurity experiential learning; amending s. 1004.444, F.S.; requiring, subject to legislative appropriation, the Florida Center for Cybersecurity (Cyber Florida) to develop the Cybersecurity Experiential Learning Program; providing requirements for the program; providing reporting requirements for Cyber Florida related to participation in and improvement of the program; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Rep. Sirois, the rules were waived and the bill was read the third time by title. On passage, the vote was:

Session Vote Sequence: 618

Representative Duggan in the Chair.

Yeas—112

Abbott Campbell
 Albert Canady
 Alvarez, D. Chamberlin
 Alvarez, J. Chambliss
 Anderson Chaney
 Andrade Cobb
 Antone Conerly
 Aristide Cross
 Baker Daley
 Bankson Daniels
 Bartleman Driskell
 Basabe Duggan
 Benarroch Dunkley
 Berfield Edmonds
 Black Eskamani
 Blanco Esposito
 Booth Fabricio
 Borrero Franklin
 Botana Gantt
 Boyles Garrison
 Brackett Gentry
 Brannan Gerwig
 Buchanan Giallombardo
 Busatta Gonzalez Pittman

Gossett-Seidman
 Gottlieb
 Greco
 Griffiths
 Grow
 Harris
 Hart-Lowman
 Hinson
 Hodggers
 Holcomb
 Hunschofsky
 Jacques
 Johnson
 Kendall
 Kincart Jonsson
 Koster
 LaMarca
 Long
 López, J.
 Maggard
 Maney
 McClure
 McFarland
 Melo

Michael
 Miller
 Mooney
 Nix
 Nixon
 Oliver
 Overdorf
 Owen
 Partington
 Perez
 Plascencia
 Porras
 Rayner
 Redondo
 Rizo
 Robinson, F.
 Robinson, W.
 Rosenwald
 Salzman
 Sapp
 Shoaf
 Sirois
 Skidmore
 Smith

The Honorable Daniel Perez, Speaker

I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed HB 5003, with 1 amendment.

Having refused to pass HB 5003 as passed by the House, the Senate accedes to the request for conference.

Tracy C. Cantella, Secretary

The Honorable Daniel Perez, Speaker

I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed HB 5201, with 1 amendment.

Having refused to pass HB 5201 as passed by the House, the Senate accedes to the request for conference.

Tracy C. Cantella, Secretary

The Honorable Daniel Perez, Speaker

I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed HB 5205, with 1 amendment.

Having refused to pass HB 5205 as passed by the House, the Senate accedes to the request for conference.

Tracy C. Cantella, Secretary

Votes After Roll Call

[Date(s) of Vote(s) and Sequence Number(s)]

Rep. Barnaby:

Yeas—February 19: 528, 529

Rep. Gantt:

Yeas—February 19: 538

First-named Sponsor

CS/HB 767—Basabe

Cosponsors

CS/HB 33—Nix, Overdorf

CS/HB 125—Andrade, Bankson, Chaney, Shoaf, Snyder, Valdés, Yarkosky

CS/HB 269—Bankson, Bartleman, Benarroch, Chambliss, Cross, Eskamani, Gerwig, Gonzalez Pittman, Hart-Lowman, Hunschofsky, Kendall, Salzman, Tendrich

CS/HB 277—Benarroch, Plakon, Salzman

CS/HB 289—Overdorf

CS/CS/HB 309—J. López

HB 319—Tant

CS/CS/HB 325—Cobb

CS/HB 365—Franklin, Hart-Lowman, Mooney

CS/CS/HB 405—Barnaby

HB 419—Chambliss, Eskamani

CS/CS/HB 445—Chaney, Cobb

CS/HB 503—Bartleman

CS/HB 513—Bartleman

CS/HB 517—Daniels, Harris, Hunschofsky, J. López, Mooney, Nixon, Valdés

CS/HB 559—Basabe, Cross, Mooney, Valdés

CS/HB 561—Valdés

CS/CS/CS/HB 589—Valdés

HB 593—Basabe, Plasencia

CS/HB 675—Joseph, Tant

HB 687—Joseph, Tant

CS/CS/HB 743—Abbott, Plakon

CS/HB 755—Chaney, Conerly, Eskamani, Salzman

HR 761—Bankson, Plasencia

CS/HB 767—Barnaby

CS/CS/HB 783—Rosenwald

CS/HB 813—Grow, Yarkosky

CS/HB 859—Plasencia, Valdés, Woodson

HB 887—Bartleman

CS/CS/CS/HB 905—Miller

HB 933—Bartleman

HB 1031—Bartleman, Daniels, Driskell, Harris, Nix

CS/HB 1091—Salzman

CS/HB 1201—Rizo

CS/CS/HB 1253—Daniels

HB 1271—F. Robinson

CS/HB 1343—Barnaby, Chaney

CS/CS/CS/HB 1443—Hunschofsky, Mooney, F. Robinson, Valdés

CS/HB 1445—Mooney

CS/CS/CS/HB 1481—Daniels

CS/CS/HB 1503—Valdés

HB 4039—Rosenwald

HB 6011—Valdés

HB 6523—Tramont

First Reading of Committee and Subcommittee Substitutes by Publication

By the Health & Human Services Committee; Representatives Smith and Boyles—

CS/HB 223—A bill to be entitled An act relating to naturopathic medicine; renaming ch. 462, F.S., as "Naturopathic Medicine"; creating s. 462.001, F.S.; providing legislative findings and purpose; creating s. 462.002, F.S.; providing applicability and construction; renumbering and amending s. 462.01, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; creating s. 462.004, F.S.; creating the Board of Naturopathic Medicine within the Department of Health; providing for membership of the board; renumbering and amending s. 462.023, F.S.; authorizing the board to adopt rules; deleting obsolete language; creating s. 462.006, F.S.; prohibiting an unlicensed person from practicing naturopathic medicine or using specified titles or abbreviations; providing construction; providing penalties; creating s. 462.007, F.S.; providing for licensure by examination of naturopathic doctors; requiring the department and the board to use an investigative process that meets certain criteria; authorizing the State Surgeon General or her or his designee to issue a 90-day licensure delay under certain circumstances; providing construction; prohibiting the board from certifying for licensure certain applicants until a certain investigation is completed; providing applicability; authorizing the board to enter an order imposing certain sanctions against or conditions on an applicant under certain circumstances; creating s. 462.008, F.S.; providing for licensure by endorsement of naturopathic doctors; renumbering and amending s. 462.08, F.S.; revising requirements for licensure renewal for naturopathic doctors; requiring the department to adopt rules; renumbering and amending s. 462.18, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for naturopathic doctors; requiring naturopathic doctors to use the department's electronic continuing education tracking system to demonstrate compliance with continuing education requirements; renumbering and amending s. 462.19, F.S.; revising provisions related to reactivation of inactive naturopathic doctor licenses; requiring the board to adopt certain rules; renumbering and amending s. 462.14, F.S.; revising grounds for disciplinary action; repealing s. 462.17, F.S.; relating to penalty for offenses relating to naturopathy; amending ss. 20.43, 381.0031, 468.301, 476.044, 477.0135, 485.003, 486.161, 627.351, 893.02, and 921.0022, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; Housing, Agriculture & Tourism Subcommittee; and Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee; Representative Borrero—

CS/CS/CS/HB 399—A bill to be entitled An act relating to land use and development regulations; amending ss. 125.022 and 166.033, F.S.; requiring the amount of application fees associated with development permits or orders to reasonably relate to certain costs; requiring such fees to be published on the county's or municipality's fee schedule, respectively; prohibiting such fees from being based on certain costs or valuations; amending s. 163.31777, F.S.; requiring public schools interlocal agreements to address reasonable access to certain public easements and public rights-of-way; creating s. 163.31803, F.S.; providing legislative intent; defining the term "large destination resort"; requiring local governments to administratively approve applications for minor special exceptions or variances submitted by large destination resorts that meet certain requirements; defining the term "minor special exception or variance"; amending s. 163.3184, F.S.; requiring the transmittal and adoption of an amendment to the future land use element of a comprehensive plan to be by a majority vote of the members of the governing body; amending s. 163.3194, F.S.; requiring local government comprehensive plans and land development regulations to include factors for assessing the compatibility of certain residential uses; requiring land development regulations to incorporate measures for mitigating or minimizing potential incompatibility; requiring local government staff to meet certain requirements before recommending

denial of certain applications on compatibility grounds; prohibiting a local government from denying certain applications on compatibility grounds if the applicant has proposed certain measures; providing an exception; requiring the denial of an application to specify with particularity certain information; authorizing a local government's approval of an application to include certain requirements or conditions; providing applicability; providing construction; amending s. 553.382, F.S.; authorizing the placement of certain residential manufactured buildings on lots in recreational vehicle parks; revising construction; prohibiting the placement of housing units subject to certain provisions on such lots without written approval; creating s. 553.385, F.S.; defining the terms "local government" and "off-site constructed residential dwelling"; requiring off-site constructed residential dwellings to be permitted as of right in certain zoning districts; prohibiting local governments from adopting or enforcing regulations that treat off-site constructed residential dwellings in a specified manner; providing construction; providing requirements for compatibility and design standards; prohibiting a local government from regulating or restricting off-site constructed residential dwellings based on certain information; prohibiting a local government from adopting or enforcing certain ordinances, regulations, and policies; requiring local government regulations to be reasonable and uniformly enforced; requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct a specified study; providing study requirements; requiring the office to submit the results of the study to the Legislature by a specified date; providing effective dates.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Health & Human Services Committee; and Human Services Subcommittee; Representatives Tant, Weinberger, Campbell, and Maggard—

CS/CS/HB 565—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities; amending s. 393.063, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "developmental disability"; defining the term "Tatton-Brown-Rahman syndrome"; amending s. 393.0655, F.S.; requiring level 2 employment screening for all employees of residential facilities and adult day training programs; requiring the agency to contract with a state university to develop and administer certain surveys; providing requirements for such surveys; requiring the state university to submit a certain report to the agency by a specified date; requiring the agency to conduct public hearings on specified information; conduct or contract for a gap analysis for specified purposes; identify core competencies and performance metrics and make recommendations for standardizing assessments; and submit a certain report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; providing effective dates.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Health & Human Services Committee; Representatives Redondo, Salzman, and Shoaf—

CS/HB 693—A bill to be entitled An act relating to health and human services; providing a short title; amending s. 395.1055, F.S.; removing obsolete provisions; amending s. 401.411, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Health to deny, suspend, or revoke a license, certificate, or permit or reprimand, fine, or take adverse action against an emergency medical technician or paramedic under certain circumstances; amending s. 401.25, F.S.; providing exemption from licensure for emergency medical technicians or paramedics under certain circumstances; requiring the Department of Health to appoint a state delegate for the Interstate Compact Commission for EMS Personnel Practice; creating s. 401.466, F.S.; enacting the Emergency Medical Services Personnel Licensure Interstate Compact; providing purpose; providing definitions; providing requirements for home state licensure and practice of EMS personnel; requiring compact states meet certain criteria to participate in the compact; authorizing EMS personnel to practice in other member states under certain circumstances; providing that authority over EMS personnel licenses remains with the home state;

providing guidelines and requirements for EMS personnel to practice in a remote state; providing that certain terms and provisions of the Emergency Management Assistance Compact apply in specified circumstances; requiring member states to take specified actions related to veterans, active duty servicemembers, and their spouses; providing requirements for adverse actions against EMS personnel; providing requirements and limitations on EMS personnel who have an adverse action; requiring member states report adverse actions and specified occurrences to the Interstate Commission for EMS Personnel Practice; providing additional powers invested in a member state's EMS authority; establishing the Interstate Commission for EMS Personnel Practice; providing for the jurisdiction and venue for court proceedings; providing membership, duties, and powers of the commission; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; providing immunity to specified individuals; providing requirements relating to delegates; requiring compact states to participate in a coordinated data and reporting system; providing for the development of a database, reporting procedures, and the exchange of certain information between compact states; providing rulemaking procedures; providing for state enforcement of the compact; providing for the termination of compact membership; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing for the implementation of the compact; providing requirements to withdraw from the compact; providing compact amendment procedures; providing construction and severability; amending s. 409.814, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for the Florida Kidcare program; amending s. 409.818, F.S.; revising administrative duties of the agency; amending s. 409.902, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for certain medical assistance payments; amending s. 409.90201, F.S.; revising recipient information required for Medicaid eligibility; amending s. 409.904, F.S.; revising the time period in which the agency will retroactively make payments to Medicaid-covered services for certain persons; amending s. 409.905, F.S.; prohibiting the agency from making a payment to a prohibited entity; creating s. 414.321, F.S.; providing eligibility requirements for food assistance; creating s. 414.332, F.S.; requiring the Department of Children and Families develop and implement a food assistance payment accuracy improvement plan; providing requirements for the plan; requiring the department to submit the plan to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department, by a specified date, to submit certain quarterly progress reports to the Governor and the Legislature; providing for future repeal; amending s. 414.455, F.S.; revising requirements for participation in an employment and training program to receive food assistance from the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; requiring the Department of Children and Families to apply for and comply with certain work requirements in accordance with federal law for food assistance; amending s. 456.0575, F.S.; requiring a health care practitioner to provide a patient with a certain notification in writing upon referring the patient to certain providers; authorizing a practitioner to confirm network status; requiring disciplinary action against a health care practitioner under certain conditions; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; revising the significant investigation information the Department of Health is required to report relating to certain physician assistants, emergency medical technicians or paramedics, and clinical social workers; amending s. 456.076, F.S.; requiring the terms of the monitoring contracts for certain physician assistants, emergency medical technicians or paramedics, and clinical social workers to include withdrawal from all practice under certain circumstances; creating s. 456.66, F.S.; enacting the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact; providing purpose; providing definitions; providing requirements for compact states to participate in the compact; providing criteria that a physician assistant must satisfy to practice under the compact; maintaining that authority over a physician assistant's license remains with the home state but authorizing remote states to define the scope of and act on a physician assistant's authority to practice in the compact state under the compact; prohibiting a physician assistant from practicing under the compact if his or her authority to do so has been acted on by any compact state; requiring compact states to report to the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact Commission adverse actions taken against a physician assistant; establishing the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact Commission; providing jurisdiction and venue for court proceedings; providing membership, duties, and powers; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; providing immunity to specified individuals; requiring compact

states to participate in a coordinated data and reporting system; providing for the development of a data system, reporting procedures, and exchange of certain information between compact states; providing rulemaking procedures; providing for state enforcement of the compact; providing for the termination of compact membership; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing compact amendment procedures; authorizing nonparty states to participate in commission activities before adoption of the compact; providing construction and severability; amending s. 458.307, F.S.; requiring the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to jointly appoint an individual to serve as the state's delegate on the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact Commission; amending ss. 458.347 and 459.022, F.S.; revising the number of physician assistants a physician may supervise; authorizing the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to take adverse action against a physician assistant's privilege to practice under the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact and to deny, suspend, or revoke the licensure of a physician assistant who violates the compact; providing an exemption from licensure for certain physician assistants; amending s. 464.0123, F.S.; revising practice requirements for an autonomous advanced practice registered nurse; authorizing an autonomous advanced practice registered nurse to perform certain acts; amending s. 466.017, F.S.; authorizing a dental hygienist to prescribe, administer, and dispense certain agents and administer local anesthesia under certain circumstances; amending s. 466.024, F.S.; revising the remediable and delegable duties of a dentist; creating s. 491.022, F.S.; creating the Social Work Licensure Interstate Compact; providing purposes, objectives, and definitions; specifying requirements for state participation in the compact and duties of member states; specifying that the compact does not affect an individual's ability to apply for, and a member state's ability to grant, a single state license pursuant to the laws of that state; providing for recognition of compact privilege in member states; specifying criteria a licensee must meet for compact privilege; providing for the expiration and renewal of compact privilege; specifying that a licensee with compact privilege in a remote state must adhere to the laws and rules of that state; authorizing member states to act on a licensee's compact privilege under certain circumstances; specifying the consequences and parameters of practice for a licensee whose compact privilege has been acted upon or whose home state license is encumbered; specifying that a licensee may hold a home state license in only one member state at a time; specifying requirements and procedures for changing a home state license designation; authorizing active duty military personnel or their spouses to keep their home state designation during active duty; authorizing member states to take adverse actions against licensees and issue subpoenas for hearings and investigations under certain circumstances; providing requirements and procedures for such adverse action; authorizing member states to engage in joint investigations under certain circumstances; providing that a licensee's compact privilege must be deactivated in all member states for the duration of an encumbrance imposed by the licensee's home state; providing for notice to the data system and the licensee's home state of any adverse action taken against a licensee; establishing the Social Work Licensure Compact Commission; providing for jurisdiction and venue for court proceedings; providing for membership and powers of the commission; specifying powers and duties of the commission's executive committee; authorizing the commission to convene in closed, nonpublic meetings under certain circumstances; providing for the financing of the commission; providing specified individuals immunity from civil liability under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; requiring the commission to defend the specified individuals in civil actions under certain circumstances; requiring the commission to indemnify and hold harmless specified individuals for any settlement or judgment obtained in such actions under certain circumstances; providing for the development of the data system, reporting procedures, and the exchange of specified information between member states; requiring the commission to notify member states of any adverse action taken against a licensee or applicant for licensure; authorizing member states to designate as confidential information provided to the data system; requiring the commission to remove information from the data system under certain circumstances; providing rulemaking procedures for the commission; providing for member state enforcement of the compact; authorizing the commission to receive notice of process, and have standing to intervene, in

certain proceedings; rendering certain judgments and orders void as to the commission, the compact, or commission rules under certain circumstances; providing for defaults and termination of compact membership; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing for commission enforcement of the compact; providing for remedies; providing for implementation of, withdrawal from, and amendment to the compact; specifying that licensees practicing in a remote state under the compact must adhere to the laws and rules of that state; specifying that the compact, commission rules, and commission actions are binding on member states; providing construction; providing for severability; amending s. 491.004, F.S.; requiring the Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling to appoint an individual to serve as the state's delegate on the commission; amending ss. 491.005 and 491.006, F.S.; exempting certain persons from licensure requirements; amending s. 491.009, F.S.; authorizing certain disciplinary action under the compact for specified prohibited acts; amending s. 627.6471, F.S.; requiring certain health insurers to apply payments for services provided by nonpreferred providers toward insureds' deductibles and out-of-pocket maximums if specified conditions are met; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; designating state delegates of the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact Commission and the Interstate Commission for EMS Personnel Practice and other members or employees of the commissions as state agents for the purpose of applying sovereign immunity and waivers of sovereign immunity; requiring the commissions to pay certain judgments or claims; authorizing the commissions to maintain insurance coverage to pay such judgments or claims; designating the state's delegate and other members or employees of the Social Work Licensure Compact Commission as state agents for the purpose of applying waivers of sovereign immunity; requiring the commission to pay certain claims or judgments; authorizing the commission to maintain insurance coverage to pay such claims or judgments; providing effective dates.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Health & Human Services Committee; Representative Redondo—

CS/HB 695—A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records and meetings; creating ss. 401.4661, 456.661, and 491.023, F.S.; providing exemptions from public meetings requirements for certain portions of meetings of the Interstate Commission for EMS Personnel Practice, the Physician Assistant Licensure Compact Commission, and the Social Work Licensure Compact Commission, respectively; providing an exemption from public records requirements for recordings, minutes, and records generated during exempt portions of such meetings; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemptions; providing a statement of public necessity; providing a contingent effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Health & Human Services Committee; Budget Committee; Student Academic Success Subcommittee; and Human Services Subcommittee; Representatives McFarland, Basabe, Eskamani, J. López, Rizo, and Valdés—

CS/CS/CS/CS/HB 765—A bill to be entitled An act relating to child care and early learning services; amending s. 402.302, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s. 402.305, F.S.; revising the minimum standards for child care facility licensing; amending s. 402.313, F.S.; changing the term "family day care" to "family child care"; removing provisions requiring family day care homes to provide specified information to parents; amending s. 402.3131, F.S.; removing provisions requiring large family child care homes to provide specified information to parents; amending s. 627.70161, F.S.; changing the term "family day care" to "family child care"; providing legislative intent relating to large family child care homes; defining the term "large family child care home"; prohibiting residential property insurance policies from providing coverage for liability for claims arising out of, or in connection with, the operations of large family child care homes; providing that insurers are under no obligation to defend against lawsuits covering such

claims; providing exceptions; prohibiting insurers from denying, cancelling, and refusing to renew a policy for residential property insurance on the basis that the policyholders or applicants operate large family child care homes; providing exceptions; reenacting and amending s. 1001.24, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "Department of Education direct-support organization"; amending s. 1002.67, F.S.; revising the requirements for certain prekindergarten curricula; establishing a review and approval process for such curricula; creating s. 1002.821, F.S.; creating the Florida Child Care Fund; requiring a Department of Education direct-support organization to administer the fund; requiring funds to be deposited into the Early Learning Fund; requiring that funds from state sources and interest earnings be accounted separately; providing for the use of funds; requiring an annual report; providing requirements for such report; amending s. 1002.95, F.S.; providing for the establishment and administration of the Center for Early Childhood Professional Recognition under a specified circumstance; amending s. 39.101, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 39.202, 125.0109, 166.0445, 212.08, 402.306, 402.309, 402.310, 402.3115, 402.312, 402.315, 402.316, 402.318, 402.319, 409.988, 411.203, 1002.55, 1002.82, 1002.83, 1002.84, 1002.88, 1002.895, 1002.92, 1002.93, and 1002.945, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Commerce Committee; and Insurance & Banking Subcommittee; Representative Fabricio—

CS/CS/HB 883—A bill to be entitled An act relating to protected cell captive insurance companies; amending s. 628.901, F.S.; revising the definitions of the terms "captive insurance company" and "special purpose captive insurance company"; defining terms; amending s. 628.905, F.S.; specifying that a protected cell captive insurance company may only insure certain risks; amending s. 628.907, F.S.; revising the unimpaired paid-in capital requirements for captive insurance companies; revising the unrestricted net asset requirements for captive insurance companies incorporated as nonprofit corporations; amending s. 628.908, F.S.; revising the unimpaired surplus requirements for captive insurance companies; amending s. 628.909, F.S.; revising applicability; creating s. 628.921, F.S.; authorizing one or more sponsors to form a protected cell captive insurance company; requiring protected cell captive insurance companies to be incorporated in a specified manner; requiring applicant protected cell captive insurance companies to file certain information with the Office of Insurance Regulation; authorizing protected cell captive insurance companies to establish and maintain certain protected cells, subject to certain approvals granted by the office; specifying conditions on protected cell establishment and maintenance; providing construction; specifying requirements regarding protected cells' assets and liabilities and their attribution; requiring protected cell captive insurance companies to file annual reports, as required by the office, and to notify the office when any protected cell is insolvent or unable to meet its obligations; requiring the office's approval before a participant contract may take effect; specifying requirements for any insurance business written by a protected cell captive insurance company and the security arrangements that must be established; authorizing the office to take certain actions in the event of an insolvency of a protected cell captive insurance company; requiring certain affidavits for owners of incorporated protected cells; authorizing the assets of two or more protected cells to be combined for a specified purpose; specifying that such combination may not be construed in a certain manner; authorizing the office to approve the use of certain methods for valuation of certain assets and liabilities and rating the risk attributable to a protected cell; requiring a receiver to manage the assets and liabilities of protected cell captive insurance companies under certain circumstances; prohibiting assets of protected cells from being used to pay certain expenses and claims; requiring that protected cell captive insurance companies' capital and surplus be available to pay certain expenses or claims; specifying requirements in actions brought by or against protected cell captive insurance companies; specifying that certain legal actions are deemed to be brought

against the general account only; specifying that protected cells not named in an action are not deemed to be a party to the action and are entitled to dismissal under certain circumstances; prohibiting the assets of protected cells from being encumbered or seized under certain circumstances; specifying that protected cells do not have a duty to defend the rights and obligations of other protected cells; requiring protected cell captive insurance companies and protected cells to be afforded a certain status during discovery; specifying that nonparty protected cells have standing under certain circumstances; authorizing protected cells to be converted to any authorized form of captive insurance company; authorizing the office to issue a specified certificate of authority; requiring converting protected cells to file certain organizational documents; specifying requirements for such documents; specifying the formation date upon conversion; requiring converted protected cells to possess certain assets and liabilities; requiring the converting protected cell to submit amended organizational documents under certain circumstances; authorizing captive insurance companies to apply to the office for conversion to protected cell captive insurance companies; requiring captive insurance companies to be issued a revised certificate of authority under certain circumstances; specifying the effective date of such certificate; authorizing protected cells of a captive insurance company to disaffiliate and to affiliate with another protected cell captive insurance company under certain circumstances; authorizing the office to require changes to certain documents under certain circumstances; specifying the formation date of protected cells that affiliate with another protected cell captive insurance company; requiring such protected cells to maintain and carry over certain assets and liabilities; authorizing an individual protected cell to merge or otherwise combine assets and liabilities with another individual protected cell, subject to certain requirements; specifying that a hearing is not required for certain mergers; specifying the date of final conversion or disaffiliation of a protected cell for certain purposes; specifying that the prior entity and successor entities are responsible for certain tasks; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; Commerce Committee; and Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee; Representative Sapp—

CS/CS/CS/HB 927—A bill to be entitled An act relating to local land planning and development; amending ss. 125.022 and 166.033, F.S.; requiring certain counties and municipalities, respectively, to create a preapplication consulting services program by a specified date; providing requirements for the program; providing procedures for reviewing applications under the program; providing that applications are deemed approved if certain conditions are met; providing penalties for failure to meet certain deadlines; creating s. 163.3169, F.S.; defining terms; requiring certain local governments to establish a registry of a specified number of qualified contractors or qualified contractor firms to conduct certain reviews; prohibiting qualified contractors or qualified contractor firms from having a conflict of interest; authorizing a local government to enter into an agreement with another local government under certain circumstances; prohibiting a local government from adding its own employees to the registry; requiring an applicant to have the right to use a qualified contractor or qualified contractor firm of his or her choosing to perform reviews under certain circumstances; prohibiting a local government from conditioning, denying, delaying, or otherwise contesting an applicant's selection or use of a qualified contractor; specifying the applicant is responsible for payment to the qualified contractor; providing a local government must provide access to public records and information to qualified contractors and qualified contractor firms under certain conditions; providing construction; amending s. 177.071, F.S.; requiring local governments to use the qualified contractor program for review plats or replats upon request of the applicant; prohibiting local governments from creating, establishing, or applying specified additional regulations for the approval of a final plat; requiring a local government to designate a certain administrative authority to take certain actions relating to the approval of infrastructure assurances; requiring a local government to accept certain forms of surety instruments; providing requirements for local

government review of such surety instruments; amending s. 177.073, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "applicant"; requiring the governing body of certain local governments and counties to include multiphased developments in a program that expedites the process for building permits for planned unit developments or phases of a community or subdivision; specifying automatic actions in the event that the local government fails to adopt, update, or modify a certain program by a specified date; providing construction; requiring a governing body to create a two-step application process for stabilized access to roads that can support emergency vehicles; revising requirements for such application process; authorizing an applicant to use a qualified contractor for land use approvals under certain circumstances; requiring the qualified contractor to be selected using the local government's qualified contractor program; removing a requirement that a local government establish a registry of qualified contractors for the expedited approval of residential building permits; defining the term "approved plans"; providing construction; prohibiting a local government from conditioning, delaying, withholding, or denying the issuance of certain permits under certain circumstances; providing applicability; providing construction; authorizing a local government to waive certain bonding requirements under certain circumstances; revising the circumstances under which an applicant has a vested right in a preliminary plat; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; and Ways & Means Committee; Representative Yarkosky—

CS/CS/HB 937—A bill to be entitled An act relating to transportation; amending s. 207.001, F.S.; revising a short title; amending s. 207.002, F.S.; providing and revising definitions; amending s. 207.004, F.S.; requiring licensing, rather than registration, of motor carriers; requiring fuel tax decals, rather than identifying devices, for motor carriers; requiring a copy of the license to be carried in each qualified motor vehicle or made available electronically; specifying how fuel tax decals are to be displayed on qualified motor vehicles; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or its authorized agent to issue licenses and fuel tax decals; requiring fuel tax decal renewal orders to be submitted electronically beginning on a specified date; revising required contents of temporary fuel-use permits; removing provisions relating to driveway permits; amending s. 207.005, F.S.; revising reporting periods and due dates for motor fuel use tax returns; requiring such tax returns to be submitted electronically beginning on a specified date; amending s. 207.007, F.S.; revising requirements for calculation of interest due for delinquent tax; providing penalties for any person who counterfeits, alters, manufactures, or sells fuel tax licenses, fuel tax decals, or temporary fuel-use permits except under certain circumstances; amending s. 207.019, F.S.; requiring motor carriers to destroy fuel tax decals under certain circumstances and notify the department; amending s. 316.065, F.S.; revising the apparent amount of property damage that requires the driver of a vehicle involved in a crash to notify law enforcement of the crash; amending s. 320.02, F.S.; providing an exemption from certain vehicle registration requirements for certain active duty military members; requiring applicants to provide proof of address; revising requirements for documenting an applicant's address and proof of legal presence; defining the term "REAL ID driver license or identification card"; removing certain requirements for business applicants; amending s. 320.061, F.S.; revising a prohibition on obscuring a license plate; providing an exception; amending s. 320.262, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "license plate obscuring device"; providing that the use of a license plate frame or decorative border device is not prohibited under specified conditions; amending s. 320.95, F.S.; authorizing the department to use e-mail as a method of notification; amending s. 322.01, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "tank vehicle"; amending ss. 322.051 and 322.17, F.S.; requiring an e-mail address to be included on an identification card application and a request for a replacement driver license or instruction permit, respectively; amending s. 322.251, F.S.; authorizing orders of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification to be

provided by e-mail notification; amending ss. 120.80, 207.003, 207.008, 207.011, 207.013, 207.014, 207.023, 207.0281, 212.08, 316.545, 318.15, 319.35, 319.40, 320.03, 322.08, 322.18, 322.21, 322.245, 322.2615, 322.2616, 322.64, 324.091, 324.171, 328.30, 328.73, and 627.7415, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; and Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee; Representative Borrero—

CS/CS/HB 979—A bill to be entitled An act relating to infill redevelopment; creating s. 163.2525, F.S.; providing a short title; providing legislative findings; providing definitions; providing applicability; requiring a local government to permit the development of certain qualifying parcels up to a certain density and intensity; requiring a local government to approve an application for the subdivision of a qualifying parcel under certain circumstances; prohibiting a local government from using the subdivision process to restrict development in a certain manner; requiring developers of qualifying parcels to maintain a specified buffer between new developments and single-family homes and townhouses under certain circumstances; providing requirements for such buffer areas; requiring developers of qualifying parcels to establish that certain recreational facilities and areas reserved for recreational use have not been in operation or use for a certain timeframe, to pay double the parks and recreational facilities impact fees for a certain purpose, and to provide certain written notice to certain property owners; requiring property owners who receive such written notice to exercise an option to purchase certain parcels or portions thereof within a specified timeframe or forfeit the option; limiting the price at which such parcels or portions of parcels may be offered to the property owners for purchase; requiring the administrative approval of certain proposed developments; authorizing local governments to apply certain local regulations under certain circumstances; requiring development on qualifying parcels to meet concurrency requirements; requiring each local government to maintain a certain policy on its website; providing applicability; providing construction; prohibiting a local government from adopting or enforcing certain local laws, ordinances, or regulations; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; Transportation & Economic Development Budget Subcommittee; and Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee; Representatives Albert, Booth, and Nix—

CS/CS/CS/HB 1211—A bill to be entitled An act relating to military affairs; amending s. 115.01, F.S.; revising the authorization to be granted a leave of absence for military service to include the Coast Guard; removing the condition that such service be during war between the United States and a foreign government; amending s. 115.07, F.S.; clarifying a provision relating to leaves of absence for all officers and employees of the state and the counties, municipalities, and political subdivisions of the state for reserve or guard training; authorizing local governments to provide additional paid leave for officers and employees for reserve or guard training; amending s. 115.08, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "active military service"; amending s. 115.09, F.S.; specifying that an authorization for a leave of absence for public officials to perform active military service for a specified timeframe is based on a single order; amending s. 115.14, F.S.; specifying that an authorization for a leave of absence for all employees of the state and the counties, municipalities, and political subdivisions of the state to perform active military service for a specified timeframe is based on a single order; amending s. 121.055, F.S.; revising military positions required to participate in the Senior Management Service Class of the Florida Retirement System; amending s. 250.10, F.S.; removing a requirement that the Adjutant General administer youth About Face Programs and adult Forward March programs; removing provisions governing the programs; amending s. 250.116, F.S.;

revising eligibility for the Soldiers and Airmen Assistance Program to include traditional drilling guardsmen on state active duty or on Title 32 United States Code duty and their eligible beneficiaries demonstrating valid financial need; defining the term "beneficiary"; requiring requests for assistance to be reviewed, processed, and approved by the Florida National Guard Foundation's board of directors; requiring requests for assistance to be reviewed and evaluated based on specified criteria; requiring an annual external audit of the program; requiring the board to annually review the bylaws that govern the program; requiring the board to provide a report to the Department of Military Affairs to be approved by the Adjutant General; reenacting s. 115.06, F.S., relating to reassumption of duties for officers returning from the service of the United States, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 115.01, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Commerce Committee; Representatives Snyder and Jacques—

CS/HB 1217—A bill to be entitled An act relating to prohibited governmental policies regulating greenhouse gas emissions; creating s. 377.816, F.S.; providing legislative findings; providing definitions; prohibiting governmental entities from adopting certain net zero policies; prohibiting governmental entities from using public funds in any manner that supports, implements, or advances certain net zero policies; prohibiting governmental entities from imposing any charge to advance certain net zero policies; requiring each governmental entity to annually submit to the Department of Revenue a certain affidavit; prohibiting governmental entities from implementing, administering, or enforcing certain programs; providing construction; providing applicability; amending ss. 125.01, 166.021, and 166.201, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; and Natural Resources & Disasters Subcommittee; Representative Shoaf—

CS/CS/HB 1245—A bill to be entitled An act relating to biosolids management; amending s. 403.0855, F.S.; prohibiting the land application of bulk Class AA biosolids fertilizer and compost products from exceeding the appropriate agronomic rate; specifying requirements for the management of the land application of bulk Class AA biosolids fertilizer and biosolids compost products at or below the agronomic rate; defining the term "agronomic rate"; prohibiting the bulk land application of biosolids when such bulk application constitutes disposal; defining the term "disposal"; requiring the owner or operator of certain land application sites to maintain application records for a specified timeframe and make such records available to the Department of Environmental Protection upon request; specifying requirements for such records; specifying that the department must require written notification of such recordkeeping requirements be provided to the owner or operator of such land at the time bulk Class AA biosolids are distributed for land application; providing that such recordkeeping requirements do not apply to certain biosolids; specifying requirements for the distribution of such biosolids; requiring the department to initiate rulemaking by a specified date; requiring the University of Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, on a specified basis and beginning on a specified date, to publish and make publicly available recommended agronomic rates for the reuse of bulk Class AA biosolids fertilizer and compost products; specifying requirements for such recommendations; prohibiting Class AA biosolids fertilizer products and certain Class AA biosolids compost products from being marketed or distributed for agricultural land application unless specified requirements are met; prohibiting Class AA biosolids from being used for agricultural land application unless certain requirements are met; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Commerce Committee; and Housing, Agriculture & Tourism Subcommittee; Representative Overdorf—

CS/CS/HB 1387—A bill to be entitled An act relating to state economic development contracts; providing a short title; creating s. 288.0615, F.S.; defining terms; requiring an employer to sign an agreement with the Department of Commerce before becoming eligible for an economic development incentive; specifying the provisions of the agreement; providing applicability; authorizing persons and entities to report a suspected violation to the department within a specified timeframe; requiring the department to determine whether a violation has occurred; requiring the department to deliver written notice to the Attorney General under certain circumstances; requiring the Attorney General to request certain information from the employer alleged to be in violation; requiring the Attorney General to initiate proceedings to recover funds awarded to the employer if the employer is found to have violated the agreement; providing that the department's findings are final; requiring the department to execute a separate written agreement with the recipient of the economic development incentive before the department awards the incentive; specifying the contents of the separate agreement; providing the effective periods of the separate agreement; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Commerce Committee; and Housing, Agriculture & Tourism Subcommittee; Representatives Redondo and Nix—

CS/CS/HB 1389—A bill to be entitled An act relating to affordable housing; amending ss. 125.01055 and 166.04151, F.S.; requiring counties and municipalities, respectively, to authorize multifamily and mixed-use residential uses as allowable uses for specified property; requiring certain proposed developments to be within specified geographic boundaries; requiring certain counties, municipalities, school districts, and religious institutions to be a party to an application for certain proposed developments; prohibiting counties and municipalities, respectively, from restricting the height of certain proposed developments in a certain manner or requiring setbacks or step-backs that are more restrictive than certain zoning regulations as authorized by a specified date; revising the definitions of the terms "commercial use" and "industrial use"; defining the terms "multifamily development" and "mixed-use residential development"; providing exceptions; amending s. 163.31771, F.S.; defining the term "primary dwelling unit"; requiring, rather than authorizing, local governments to adopt certain ordinances relating to accessory dwelling units by a specified date; requiring such ordinances to apply prospectively; prohibiting such ordinances from including certain requirements; providing an exception to certain local governments; removing the requirement that a building permit application include a specified affidavit; prohibiting owners of certain property from being denied a homestead exemption; requiring certain accessory dwelling units to be assessed and taxed separately from the homestead property; authorizing applicants for certain proposed developments to notify, by a specified date, the county or municipality, as applicable, on the applicant's intent to proceed under certain provisions of law; requiring counties and municipalities to allow certain applicants to submit revised applications, written requests, or notices of intent to account for changes made by the act; amending s. 196.1978, F.S.; defining the term "multifamily project"; removing certain provisions relating to taxing authorities; amending s. 333.03, F.S.; providing that specified provisions of law relating to proposed developments do not apply to airport zoning regulations unless the governing body of the airport approves the application; amending s. 420.615, F.S.; authorizing local governments to provide certain incentives to landowners who donate property to provide affordable housing for military families; amending s. 760.22, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "person"; amending s. 760.26, F.S.; prohibiting certain discriminatory practices based on financing of a development, or a proposed development, for affordable housing; amending s. 760.35, F.S.; waiving the state's

sovereign immunity for certain causes of action; providing applicability; requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to evaluate certain methods to stimulate certain construction and the potential of tiny homes for a specified purpose; requiring the office to consult with certain entities; requiring the office to submit a report to the Legislature by a specified date; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Education & Employment Committee; and Education Administration Subcommittee; Representatives Sapp and Rizo—

CS/CS/HB 1437—A bill to be entitled An act relating to conversion charter schools; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; providing that specified mediation requirements apply to disputes between a district school board and conversion charter school regarding mutual management plans; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; authorizing conversion charter schools that meet specified criteria to be eligible for capital outlay funding; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Commerce Committee; and Economic Infrastructure Subcommittee; Representative Busatta—

CS/CS/HB 1451—A bill to be entitled An act relating to utility services; amending s. 180.19, F.S.; requiring certain public meetings as a condition precedent to the effectiveness of a new or an extended agreement under which a municipality will provide specified utility services in other municipalities or unincorporated areas; specifying the matters to be addressed at such public meetings; requiring such agreements to be written; requiring annual public customer meetings; defining the terms "appointed representative" and "governing body"; amending s. 180.191, F.S.; revising provisions relating to permissible rates, fees, and charges imposed by municipal water and sewer utilities on customers located outside the municipal boundaries; creating s. 180.192, F.S.; requiring municipalities that provide specified utility services to report certain information by a specified date, and annually thereafter, to the Florida Public Service Commission; providing penalties; requiring the commission to compile such information and submit a report by a specified date, and annually thereafter, to the Governor and the Legislature; providing construction; providing for state preemption over the subject of certain regional utilities authorities; providing effective dates.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Commerce Committee; Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee; and Housing, Agriculture & Tourism Subcommittee; Representatives Rosenwald, Daley, Daniels, Dunkley, and J. López—

CS/CS/CS/HB 1481—A bill to be entitled An act relating to housing for veterans; creating s. 83.684, F.S.; providing a short title; providing definitions; establishing the Homes for Veterans Property Management Incentive Pilot Program in certain counties, subject to legislative appropriation; requiring the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, in consultation with other entities and persons, to oversee specified aspects of the pilot program; providing the responsibilities of the corporation for the pilot program; requiring contracted program administrators to maintain certain functions of the pilot program; authorizing certain landlords to apply to a contracted program administrator to request funding from the Vacancy Relief and Risk Mitigation Trust Fund under certain circumstances; providing the purpose of such trust fund; providing requirements to request funding from the trust fund; requiring certain case managers to assist the contracted program administrator; requiring the contracted program administrator to maintain and provide certain documentation to the corporation; requiring the entity responsible for certain functions to maintain any supporting documentation; authorizing the corporation to rely on certifications, determinations, and documentation

provided by specified entities; providing that funding for the pilot program is awarded on a first-come, first-served basis; authorizing the corporation to suspend the acceptance of applications under certain circumstances; requiring specified notice; requiring the corporation to adopt rules; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the Commerce Committee; Budget Committee; and Industries & Professional Activities Subcommittee; Representatives Weinberger, Boyles, Gossett-Seidman, Long, and Valdés—

CS/CS/CS/HB 1521—A bill to be entitled An act relating to domestic animals; amending s. 828.12, F.S.; requiring the Department of Law Enforcement to post on its website specified information relating to each individual convicted of specified animal cruelty offenses; requiring the clerk of each court and county detention facility to provide the Department of Law Enforcement with such information; amending s. 828.29, F.S.; extending the timeframe for which a consumer may pursue remedies for the sale of an animal certifiably unfit for purchase; revising such remedies; requiring that all financing terms be disclosed to the consumer by the pet dealer before the sale of the animal; deleting certain provisions relating to a consumer's waiver relinquishing his or her rights to return an animal; requiring a pet dealer to provide copies of specified medical records to a consumer; denying a consumer the right to a refund or an exchange for a pet sale under certain circumstances; extending the timeframe within which a consumer must notify the pet dealer of a veterinarian's determination that the animal is unfit; authorizing the consumer to initiate an action in certain courts for any contestation of veterinary expenses or demands of the pet dealer for a refund or exchange; providing for the award of punitive damages; revising requirements for a required notice to a consumer; revising the text of the required notice; revising the definition of the term "pet dealer"; requiring a pet dealer to retain a copy of a specified notice for a specified period; providing that violations constitute an unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice in violation of specified provisions and subject to penalties; creating s. 828.291, F.S.; providing a legislative purpose; providing construction; requiring the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to develop a list of best management practices for adoption and implementation; specifying requirements for such best management practices; requiring the department to post guidance on its website related to the selection of breeders and the purchase of an animal; requiring the department to post information on its website relating to animal cruelty; providing requirements for such information; providing an effective date.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; and Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee; Representative Brackett—

CS/CS/HB 4095—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Headwaters Water Control District, Indian River County; creating the Headwaters Water Control District as a public corporation; providing the district's charter; providing status and boundaries; providing minimum charter requirements; providing for maintenance and use of certain canals; providing requirements for charter amendments; providing applicability of specified laws to the district; providing severability; providing a contingent effective date.

Proof of Publication of the required notice was attached.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; and Intergovernmental Affairs Subcommittee; Representative Shoaf—

CS/CS/HB 4103—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Apalachicola Water and Sewer District, Franklin County; creating and establishing the

Apalachicola Water and Sewer District; providing a district charter; providing definitions; describing boundaries; providing for a district board; providing powers of the district and district board; prohibiting the City of Apalachicola from incurring certain additional obligations or indebtedness; requiring the city and district to enter into an interlocal agreement to effectuate the transfer of water and sewer service to the district; providing for the district to take certain actions if the city and the district do not enter an interlocal agreement; providing for the transfer of assets, assumption of all lawful debts and other obligations, and continuation of contracts by the district; providing for the status of certain employees; providing effective dates.

Proof of Publication of the required notice was attached.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

By the State Affairs Committee; Representative Shoaf—

CS/HB 4105—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Port St. Joe Port Authority, Franklin, Gadsden, Gulf, and Liberty Counties; amending chapter 2000-488, Laws of Florida; expanding the Port St. Joe Port Authority to include Franklin, Gadsden, and Liberty Counties; revising membership of the governing body of the authority; providing for the selection of a chair of the governing body; providing for transition; providing for staggered terms; providing an effective date.

Proof of Publication of the required notice was attached.

First reading by publication (Art. III, s. 7, Florida Constitution).

Reference

CS/CS/HB 45—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/HB 223—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/CS/HB 399—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 433—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 565—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/HB 693—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/HB 695—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/CS/CS/HB 765—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/HB 813—Referred to the State Affairs Committee.

CS/CS/HB 833—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 883—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 937—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 979—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/HB 1007—Referred to the Commerce Committee.

CS/CS/CS/HB 1211—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/HB 1217—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 1245—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 1253—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 1325—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 1387—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 1389—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 1437—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 1451—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/CS/HB 1481—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/CS/HB 1521—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 4095—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/CS/HB 4103—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

CS/HB 4105—Referred to the Calendar of the House.

Reports of Standing Committees and Subcommittees

Received February 24:

The Education & Employment Committee reported the following favorably:

HB 423

The above bill was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:

CS/HB 513

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:

HB 887

The above bill was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:

HB 933

The above bill was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 937 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 937 was laid on the table.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
HB 939

The above bill was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/HB 1211 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/CS/HB 1211 was laid on the table.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 1245 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 1245 was laid on the table.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:

CS/HB 1327

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Education & Employment Committee reported the following favorably:

CS/HB 1437 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 1437 was laid on the table.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 4093

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 4095 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 4095 was laid on the table.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 4103 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 4103 was laid on the table.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
HB 4105 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, HB 4105 was laid on the table.

Received February 25:

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:

HB 223 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, HB 223 was laid on the table.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 311

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 353

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/HB 399 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/CS/HB 399 was laid on the table.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 447

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 503

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 565 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 565 was laid on the table.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
HB 693 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, HB 693 was laid on the table.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
HB 695 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, HB 695 was laid on the table.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 741

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/CS/HB 765 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/CS/CS/HB 765 was laid on the table.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/HB 783

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 839

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 883 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 883 was laid on the table.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/HB 927 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/CS/HB 927 was laid on the table.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/HB 951

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The State Affairs Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 979 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 979 was laid on the table.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 989

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/CS/HB 1093

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 1207

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
HB 1217 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, HB 1217 was laid on the table.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 1229

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 1295

The above committee substitute was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 1387 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 1387 was laid on the table.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 1389 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 1389 was laid on the table.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/HB 1451 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/HB 1451 was laid on the table.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/HB 1481 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/CS/HB 1481 was laid on the table.

The Health & Human Services Committee reported the following favorably:
HB 1515

The above bill was placed on the Calendar of the House.

The Commerce Committee reported the following favorably:
CS/CS/HB 1521 with committee substitute

The above committee substitute was transmitted to the Office of the Speaker, subject to referral under Rule 7.18(c). Under the rule, CS/CS/HB 1521 was laid on the table.

House Resolutions Adopted by Publication

At the request of Rep. Anderson—

HR 8039—A resolution recognizing June 9, 2026, as "FSGS Awareness Day" in Florida.

WHEREAS, Florida has a high prevalence of chronic kidney disease relative to other states, and 30 percent of Medicare beneficiaries in Florida have chronic kidney disease, which is higher than any other state, and

WHEREAS, the third leading cause of chronic kidney disease is glomerulonephritis, and

WHEREAS, focal segmental glomerulosclerosis (FSGS) is a condition referring to the scarring in the kidneys and often leads to a difficult journey that can result in kidney failure, requiring dialysis, transplant, and often cycles of remissions and relapse, and

WHEREAS, 50 percent of patients with FSGS require dialysis or a kidney transplant within 5 to 10 years after their diagnosis, and

WHEREAS, FSGS is a severe disease because it often progresses rapidly to kidney failure, and even for patients with primary FSGS who receive a kidney transplant, FSGS can recur in the transplanted kidney up to 80 percent of the time, and

WHEREAS, kidney diseases rank among the top 10 causes of death for Floridians in a number of age groups, and

WHEREAS, FSGS can be diagnosed at any age but is most commonly diagnosed in men over 45 years old, and

WHEREAS, according to the United Kingdom's National Registry of Rare Kidney Diseases Database, rare kidney diseases like FSGS make up just five

to ten percent of chronic kidney disease patients but account for approximately 30 percent of kidney failures, and

WHEREAS, millions of dollars have been raised for research on the severe rare kidney disease FSGS at the Tampa Pig Jig, an event started in 2011 when friends wanted to raise money for a friend diagnosed with the rare kidney disease FSGS, which is now attended by approximately 10,000 people annually in pursuit of a cure for this devastating disease, and

WHEREAS, "FSGS Awareness Day" is designated to raise awareness of FSGS, provide support and inspiration to patients and families struggling with the disease, and promote efforts necessary for better diagnosis and access to future treatments that can transform the course of the disease, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That June 9, 2026, is recognized as "FSGS Awareness Day" in Florida.

—was read and adopted by publication pursuant to Rule 10.17.

At the request of Rep. J López—

HR 8043—A resolution designating February 25, 2026, as "Puerto Rico Day in Tallahassee" at the State Capitol and recognizing the significant contributions of Puerto Ricans to Florida's cultural mosaic.

WHEREAS, Florida is home to nearly 1.2 million proud Puerto Rican United States citizens, fostering a sense of unity and shared experiences in the Sunshine State, and

WHEREAS, Florida embraces a diverse population, including a thriving Puerto Rican community that contributes substantially to our state, and

WHEREAS, the storied history of Puerto Rico includes the Spanish American War, when the island became a territory of the United States in 1898, shaping its relationship with the United States Federal Government, and

WHEREAS, Puerto Ricans became United States citizens under the Jones-Shafroth Act in 1917, contributing to the historical ties between Puerto Rico and the United States, and

WHEREAS, Puerto Rico, as a Commonwealth of the United States since 1952, holds a unique status that contributes to its distinctive national identity, and

WHEREAS, the distinguished service of the 65th Infantry Regiment, known as the "Borinqueneers," during various conflicts, earned them the Congressional Gold Medal, making them the first all-Hispanic unit to receive the award, showcasing their valor and dedication to the United States, and

WHEREAS, Puerto Rico has made remarkable achievements in art, with renowned artists like Francisco Oller, a leading figure in the 19th-century art movement, contributing to the cultural landscape, and

WHEREAS, Puerto Rico has made significant contributions to science, with notable figures like Dr. Antonia Novello, who served as the 14th Surgeon General of the United States, leading groundbreaking advancements in public health, and

WHEREAS, Puerto Rico has produced distinguished public servants, including Justice Sonia Sotomayor, the first Hispanic and first Puerto Rican Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, whose tenure represents a historic milestone in the nation's judicial history, and

WHEREAS, the island's rich sports legacy, epitomized by legendary figures like Roberto Clemente Walker, a humanitarian and baseball Hall of Famer, with more than 40 schools and 200 parks named in his honor, has left an enduring impact on the world of athletics, and

WHEREAS, Puerto Ricans have made significant contributions to Florida's political landscape, exemplified by leaders such as Anthony Suarez, a former Member of the Florida House of Representatives, who pioneered the first Puerto Rico Day at the Florida State Capitol in 2000, establishing a tradition of honoring Puerto Rican heritage and political influence, and

WHEREAS, the cultural exchange between Puerto Rico and Florida has strengthened the bonds of friendship and cooperation and has enhanced the overall well-being of our communities, and

WHEREAS, the celebration of Puerto Rico Day in Tallahassee offers an opportunity to recognize and celebrate Puerto Rico's rich cultural history,

traditions, and achievements, fostering unity among all Floridians, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the Florida House of Representatives:

That February 25, 2026, is designated as "Puerto Rico Day in Tallahassee" at the State Capitol, recognizing the significant contributions of Puerto Ricans to Florida's cultural mosaic.

—was read and adopted by publication pursuant to Rule 10.17.

At the request of Rep. Bankson—

HR 8045—A resolution designating May 2026 as "PSP Awareness Month" in Florida and recognizing the commitment of patients, their families, and health care professions to increase awareness and research regarding progressive supranuclear palsy and other neurodegenerative diseases.

WHEREAS, progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP) is one of many neurodegenerative brain disorders affecting the aging population, causing progressive gait and balance difficulties, frequent falls, ocular impairment, slow or stiff movement, slurred speech, mood or behavioral changes, and cognitive decline, and

WHEREAS, PSP is one of the most common forms of atypical parkinsonism, based on more than 20 studies, with an estimated prevalence in Florida of approximately 7 cases per 100,000 residents from 2015 to 2023, and the mean age of onset is typically between 63 and 67 years of age, and

WHEREAS, neurodegenerative diseases include Alzheimer's disease; Parkinson's disease; Huntington's disease; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, commonly known as Lou Gehrig's disease; and other disorders and forms of dementia, and

WHEREAS, in 2024, the Legislature passed chapter 2024-165, Laws of Florida, the "Justo R. Cortes Progressive Supranuclear Palsy Act," and, as required by the act, the State Surgeon General established a policy committee on PSP and other neurodegenerative diseases and the committee submitted a report of its findings to Governor Ron DeSantis and the Legislature, and

WHEREAS, the policy committee's findings included an estimated direct medical cost for PSP in the United States of \$25.4 billion per year, along with estimated indirect and nonmedical costs of \$26.5 billion annually for such things as missed work, lost wages, forced early retirement, and family caregiver time, and

WHEREAS, PSP and Parkinson's disease share similar symptoms, resulting in misdiagnosis and potential delay in critical care and support, and the policy committee concluded that identification and early diagnosis of these disorders is vital, and

WHEREAS, patients with these neurodegenerative diseases have complex needs that require a multidisciplinary approach to care involving physicians, nurses, rehabilitation specialists, allied health providers, and caregivers, and

WHEREAS, the policy committee recommendations included addressing the need to identify risk factors that would aid in detection of the diseases, understanding how the diseases impact residents, developing the standards of care necessary for effective treatment, and crafting policy recommendations to help improve patient and caregiver awareness of PSP and other neurodegenerative diseases, and

WHEREAS, progress in addressing the devastating impact of PSP and related conditions depends upon increasing the public's awareness of the diseases, as well as public health initiatives to educate individuals about early symptoms, promoting more intensive research efforts, and educating health care practitioners on recognizing signs and symptoms related to PSP and similar disorders, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That the House of Representatives designates May 2026 as "PSP Awareness Month" in Florida and recognizes the commitment of patients, their families, and health care professions to increase awareness and research

regarding progressive supranuclear palsy and other neurodegenerative diseases.

—was read and adopted by publication pursuant to Rule 10.17.

At the request of Rep. Anderson—

HR 8057—A resolution designating August 10, 2026, as "Tay-Sachs Disease Awareness Day" in Florida.

WHEREAS, Tay-Sachs disease is a genetic disorder caused by the absence of beta-hexosaminidase A (Hex A), which causes cells to become damaged, resulting in progressive neurological disorders, and

WHEREAS, infants with Tay-Sachs disease often fail to achieve milestones such as rolling over and sitting up, and develop muscle weakness, which gradually leads to paralysis, and

WHEREAS, these infants also lose mental functions and become increasingly unresponsive to their surroundings, in some cases developing blindness, seizures, and difficulty swallowing by 12 months of age, and

WHEREAS, children with Tay-Sachs disease often die by 4 years of age, and

WHEREAS, the carrier rate of Tay-Sachs disease for the general population is 1 in 250 people, and a child has a 25 percent chance of having the disease when both parents are carriers, and

WHEREAS, there is currently no treatment or cure for Tay-Sachs disease, rather only ways to manage symptoms, and

WHEREAS, increasing awareness and education of Tay-Sachs disease may lead to significant progress in the research to determine the cause of the gene mutation that results in the disease, and eventually a cure, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That August 10, 2026, is designated as "Tay-Sachs Disease Awareness Day" in Florida.

—was read and adopted by publication pursuant to Rule 10.17.

At the request of Rep. Anderson—

HR 8059—A resolution recognizing the 175th anniversary of the Young Men's Christian Association.

WHEREAS, for 175 years, the Young Men's Christian Association or the "YMCA" has been the heartbeat of community, dedicated to giving people of all ages, backgrounds, and walks of life the opportunity to reach their full potential with dignity, where strangers become friends and every generation finds a place to belong, and

WHEREAS, in 1851, the YMCA was founded in the United States by Captain Thomas Valentine Sullivan, an American seaman and missionary, who was inspired by the YMCA movement in England, with a mission to put Christian principles into practice through programs that build healthy spirit, mind, and body for all, guided by core values of caring, honesty, respect, and responsibility, and

WHEREAS, from 1851 to today, the YMCA has continually adapted to meet the evolving needs of American communities, strengthening society by nurturing the potential of every child and teen; improving the nation's health and well-being; bringing people together across differences in age, income, and background; fostering relationships; and creating a sense of belonging, and

WHEREAS, today, the YMCA has nearly 2,600 locations nationwide, serving more than 10,000 communities, with more than 350,000 volunteers, delivering various programs to over 17 million people, including almost 11 million adults and 6.5 million children and youth, and

WHEREAS, in Florida, the YMCA operates through multiple associations serving communities across the state, where 1 out of every 18 Florida residents is involved in the YMCA, providing youth enrichment opportunities,

promoting health and wellness, building partnerships, and encouraging volunteerism, and

WHEREAS, the YMCA is a leader in providing childcare and afterschool programs; swim lessons; camping; youth sports; meal programs; and lifestyle health, fitness, and well-being programs, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That the Young Men's Christian Association is recognized for its 175 years of service to the nation and its continued efforts to address social isolation and loneliness by creating places and spaces that promote achievement, well-being, and connection, helping people build relationships and thrive in their communities.

—was read and adopted by publication pursuant to Rule 10.17.

At the request of Reps. Daley and LaMarca—

HR 8071—A resolution commending the Florida Panthers for their victory in the National Hockey League's 2025 Stanley Cup Finals and for their contributions to this state's sports legacy.

WHEREAS, on June 17, 2025, the Florida Panthers secured the title of Stanley Cup Champions, defeating the Western Conference champions, the Edmonton Oilers, thereby claiming their second consecutive Stanley Cup title, and

WHEREAS, this victory solidifies the Florida Panthers' place in National Hockey League history and establishes this state as a premier center for professional hockey, and

WHEREAS, during the 2024–2025 NHL playoffs, the Florida Panthers once again triumphed over their in-state rivals, the Tampa Bay Lightning, and

WHEREAS, the Florida Panthers continued their playoff run by overcoming the Toronto Maple Leafs, followed by a victory over the Carolina Hurricanes in the Eastern Conference Finals, advancing to the Stanley Cup Finals for a third consecutive season, and

WHEREAS, Sam Bennett was awarded the Conn Smythe Trophy as the most valuable player of the 2025 Stanley Cup Playoffs, becoming the first player in the Florida Panthers' franchise history to receive this prestigious honor, in recognition of his leadership, intensity, and game-changing performances throughout the postseason, and

WHEREAS, throughout the regular season and playoffs, the Florida Panthers demonstrated resilience, discipline, and teamwork, and

WHEREAS, beyond their achievements on the ice, the Florida Panthers have a demonstrated commitment to community service, including their impactful work in promoting youth hockey, supporting children and families, honoring veterans, and advocating for the conservation of the endangered Florida panther, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That the Florida Panthers are hereby commended for their victory in the 2025 Stanley Cup Finals and for their contributions to this state's sports legacy.

—was read and adopted by publication pursuant to Rule 10.17.

At the request of Rep. Campbell—

HR 8075—A resolution designating January 21, 2026, as "Kappa Alpha Psi Day" in Florida.

WHEREAS, Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, Inc., is a public service organization founded on January 5, 1911, by 10 great men at Indiana University in Bloomington, Indiana, with an objective to unite college men in a bond of fraternity, and

WHEREAS, the fraternity has vowed to make great achievements in all fields of human endeavor by providing resources and services to the community, and

WHEREAS, Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, Inc., is a brotherhood of college educated men committed to executing the fraternity's ideals through many valuable programs such as Guide Right, a national service program that provides high school and college students with educational and occupational guidance; Diamonds in the Rough, a national campaign designed to increase the number of young men of color being accepted to and attending postsecondary institutions; and the National Kappa League, a program that provides educational, occupational, and social guidance to male students in 6th through 12th grades, and

WHEREAS, for over 115 years, Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, Inc., has provided exemplary service and support to local communities by leading dialogue on public policy issues, supporting quality education, and producing new projects to stimulate current and future economic growth, and

WHEREAS, members of Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, Inc., are visible as corporate and civic leaders, respected public officials, acclaimed academics, and activists in their own right, and

WHEREAS, Florida is home to 20 undergraduate chapters and 26 alumni chapters of Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, Inc., and

WHEREAS, on January 21, 2026, members of Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, Inc., representing Florida converged in Tallahassee for "Kappas at the Capitol Day," NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Florida:

That January 21, 2026, is designated as "Kappa Alpha Psi Day" in Florida in recognition of the many contributions that the members of Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity, Inc., have made to this state.

—was read and adopted by publication pursuant to Rule 10.17.

Absent

Rep. Barnaby after 4:08 p.m.; Rep. Joseph; Rep. Persons-Mulicka after 5:38 p.m.

Adjourned

Pursuant to the motion previously agreed to, the House adjourned at 9:20 p.m., to reconvene at 10:00 a.m., Tuesday, March 3, 2026, or upon call of the Chair.

CHAMBER ACTIONS ON BILLS

Wednesday, February 25, 2026

HB	13 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0	CS/HB	559 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0
HB	15 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	CS/HB	561 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 112, NAYS 0
CS/HB	33 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 82, NAYS 30	CS/CS/CS/HB	589 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 0
CS/HB	35 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 99, NAYS 15	HB	593 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	91 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 383023 adopted; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 113, NAYS 0	CS/CS/HB	625 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 641885 adopted; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	105 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 104, NAYS 5	SB	628 — Substituted for CS/HB 885; Read 2nd time; Amendment 376033 adopted; Read 3rd time; Passed as amended; YEAS 82, NAYS 26
CS/HB	125 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 82, NAYS 31	CS/CS/HB	655 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	177 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0	CS/CS/HB	679 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0
CS/HB	253 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	CS/HB	683 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 112, NAYS 4
CS/HB	287 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	CS/CS/HB	737 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	325 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 112, NAYS 0	CS/HB	755 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 0
CS/HB	359 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 213119 adopted; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 115, NAYS 0	CS/CS/HB	757 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 055721 adopted; Amendment 429727 adopted; Amendment 714819 adopted; Amendment 872267 Failed; Amendment 330695 Failed; Amendment 347527 Failed; Amendment 020155 Failed; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 83, NAYS 25
CS/HB	395 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0		
CS/HB	401 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	CS/HB	759 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	405 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 880861 adopted; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 113, NAYS 2	HR	761 — Read 2nd time; Adopted
HB	431 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 97, NAYS 16	CS/HB	767 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	439 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 110, NAYS 2	CS/CS/HB	797 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	445 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 93, NAYS 20	CS/CS/HB	803 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 725319 adopted; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 114, NAYS 0
CS/HB	477 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	CS/HB	841 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 93, NAYS 17
CS/HB	517 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0		

CS/HB	859 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 111, NAYS 0	HB	1309 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 92, NAYS 22
CS/HB	867 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 112, NAYS 2	CS/HB	1343 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	885 — Substituted SB 628; Laid on Table, refer to SB 628	HB	1347 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	915 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0	CS/CS/CS/HB	1443 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	931 — Temporarily postponed, on 2nd Reading	CS/HB	1445 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	961 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 0	CS/CS/HB	1503 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 112, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	991 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 090077 Failed; Amendment 810467 Failed; Amendment 818439 Failed; Amendment 658561 adopted; Amendment 921151 Failed; Amendment 228467 Failed; Amendment 587003 Failed; Amendment 025499 Failed; Amendment 192155 Failed; Amendment 746217 Failed; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 83, NAYS 31	CS/HB	4013 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 2
		HB	4037 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0
		HB	4039 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0
CS/HB	1013 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0	CS/HB	4047 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/CS/HB	1019 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 0	CS/HB	4051 — Temporarily postponed, on 2nd Reading
		CS/HB	4053 — Temporarily postponed, on 2nd Reading
HB	1031 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0	CS/CS/HB	4057 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 0
CS/HB	1063 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	CS/HB	4061 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 110, NAYS 4
CS/CS/CS/HB	1071 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 190461 Failed; Amendment 473897 Failed; Amendment 514487 Failed; Amendment 340635 Failed; Amendment 656553 Failed; Amendment 243621 adopted; Amendment 369401 Failed; Amendment 759139 Failed; Amendment 298571 Failed; Amendment 406043 adopted; Amendment 497431 adopted; Amendment 126073 adopted; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 82, NAYS 31	HB	4063 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
		HB	4065 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
		HB	4067 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
		CS/HB	4071 — Read 2nd time; Amendment 830687 adopted; Read 3rd time; CS passed as amended; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/CS/CS/HB	1081 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 112, NAYS 0	CS/HB	4075 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0
CS/HB	1121 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 2	CS/HB	4079 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	1137 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	HB	4085 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	1175 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0	CS/HB	4087 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	1201 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 112, NAYS 0	HB	4089 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 116, NAYS 0
CS/HB	1219 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; CS passed; YEAS 114, NAYS 0	HB	6011 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 115, NAYS 0

HB	6527 — Read 2nd time; Read 3rd time; Passed; YEAS 113, NAYS 0	CS/HB	6531 — Temporarily postponed, on 2nd Reading
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